We start with the expression for the susceptibility for the intraband transitions,

$$\chi_{i,\text{abc}}^{s,\ell} = -\frac{e^3}{\Omega \hbar^2 \omega_3} \sum_{mn\mathbf{k}} \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a,\ell}}{\omega_{nm}^S - \omega_3} \left( \frac{f_{mn} r_{nm}^b}{\omega_{nm}^S - \omega_\beta} \right)_{;k^c}, \tag{1}$$

where s denotes surface and S refers to the scissors correction. This expression diverges as  $\omega_3 \to 0$ . To eliminate this divergence we take the partial fraction expansion,

$$I = C \left[ -\frac{1}{2(\omega_{nm}^S)^2} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^S - \omega} + \frac{2}{(\omega_{nm}^S)^2} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^S - 2\omega} + \frac{1}{2(\omega_{nm}^S)^2} \frac{1}{\omega} \right] - D \left[ -\frac{3}{2(\omega_{nm}^S)^2} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^S - \omega} + \frac{4}{(\omega_{nm}^S)^3} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^S - 2\omega} + \frac{1}{2(\omega_{nm}^S)^3} \frac{1}{\omega} - \frac{1}{2(\omega_{nm}^S)^2} \frac{1}{(\omega_{nm}^S - \omega)^2} \right], \quad (2)$$

where  $C = f_{mn} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}(r_{nm}^{\text{LDA,b}})_{;k^c}$ , and  $D = f_{mn} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} r_{nm}^{\text{b}} \Delta_{nm}^c$ .

Time-reversal symmetry leads to the following relationships:

$$\mathbf{r}_{mn}(\mathbf{k})|_{-\mathbf{k}} = \mathbf{r}_{nm}(\mathbf{k})|_{\mathbf{k}},$$

$$(\mathbf{r}_{mn})_{;\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{k})|_{-\mathbf{k}} = (-\mathbf{r}_{nm})_{;\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{k})|_{\mathbf{k}},$$

$$\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}(\mathbf{k})|_{-\mathbf{k}} = -\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma,a}(\mathbf{k})|_{\mathbf{k}},$$

$$(\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a})_{;\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{k})|_{-\mathbf{k}} = (\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma,a})_{;\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{k})|_{\mathbf{k}},$$

$$\omega_{mn}^{S}(\mathbf{k})|_{-\mathbf{k}} = \omega_{mn}^{S}(\mathbf{k})|_{\mathbf{k}},$$

$$\Delta_{nm}^{a}(\mathbf{k})|_{-\mathbf{k}} = -\Delta_{nm}^{a}(\mathbf{k})|_{\mathbf{k}}.$$
(3)

For a clean cold semiconductor,  $f_n = 1$  for an occupied or valence (n = v) band, and  $f_n = 0$  for an empty or conduction (n = c) band independent of  $\mathbf{k}$ , and  $f_{nm} = -f_{mn}$ .

The  $\frac{1}{\omega}$  terms cancel each other out. We notice that the energy denominators are invariant under  $\mathbf{k} \to -\mathbf{k}$ , and then we only look at the numerators, then

$$C \to f_{mn} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + f_{mn} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{-\mathbf{k}}$$

$$= f_{mn} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + \left( -\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} \right) \left( -r_{mn}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} \right]$$

$$= f_{mn} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} + \mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} \left( r_{mn}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]$$

$$= f_{mn} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} + \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right)^{*} \right]$$

$$= 2f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right], \tag{4}$$

and likewise,

$$D \to f_{mn} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} r_{nm}^{\mathbf{b}} \Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + f_{mn} \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} r_{nm}^{\mathbf{b}} \Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}} |_{-\mathbf{k}}$$

$$= f_{mn} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} r_{nm}^{\mathbf{b}} \Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + \left( -\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} \right) r_{mn}^{\mathbf{b}} \left( -\Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}} \right) |_{\mathbf{k}} \right]$$

$$= f_{mn} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} r_{nm}^{\mathbf{b}} + \mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} r_{mn}^{\mathbf{b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}}$$

$$= f_{mn} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} r_{nm}^{\mathbf{b}} + \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} r_{nm}^{\mathbf{b}} \right)^* \right] \Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}}$$

$$= 2 f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} r_{nm}^{\mathbf{b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}}. \tag{5}$$

The last term in the second line of (2) is dealt with as follows,

$$\frac{D}{2(\omega_{nm}^S)^2} \frac{1}{(\omega_{nm}^S - \omega)^2} = \frac{f_{mn}}{2} \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} r_{nm}^b}{(\omega_{nm}^S)^2} \frac{\Delta_{nm}^c}{(\omega_{nm}^S - \omega)^2} = \frac{f_{mn}}{2} \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} r_{nm}^b}{(\omega_{nm}^S)^2} \left(\frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^S - \omega}\right)_{;k^c}$$

$$= -\frac{f_{mn}}{2} \left(\frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} r_{nm}^b}{(\omega_{nm}^S)^2}\right)_{;k^c} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^S - \omega}.$$
(6)

We use the fact that

$$(\omega_{nm}^S)_{;k^c} = (\omega_{nm}^{LDA})_{;k^c} = \frac{p_{nn}^c - p_{mm}^c}{m_e} \equiv \Delta_{nm}^c,$$
 (7)

and for the last line, we performed an integration by parts over the Brillouin zone, where the contribution from the edges vanishes. Using the chain rule, we obtain

$$\left(\frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}r_{nm}^{b}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}}\right)_{:,k^{c}} = \frac{r_{nm}^{b}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \left(\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}\right)_{;k^{c}} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \left(r_{nm}^{b}\right)_{;k^{c}} - \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}r_{nm}^{b}}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{3}} \left(\omega_{nm}^{S}\right)_{;k^{c}}.$$
(8)

We will check each term of (8) over  $\mathbf{k} \to -\mathbf{k}$  using the relations in (3). The first term is reduced to

$$\frac{r_{nm}^{b}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{r_{nm}^{b}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{-\mathbf{k}} = \frac{r_{nm}^{b}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{r_{mn}^{b}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \left( \mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma,a} \right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} \\
= \frac{1}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \left[ r_{nm}^{b} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \right)_{;k^{c}} = \left( r_{nm}^{b} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right)^{*} \right] \\
= \frac{2}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \operatorname{Re} \left[ r_{nm}^{b} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right], \tag{9}$$

the second term is reduced to

$$\frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \left(r_{nm}^{b}\right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \left(r_{nm}^{b}\right)_{;k^{c}} |_{-\mathbf{k}} = \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \left(r_{nm}^{b}\right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma,a}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \left(r_{mn}^{b}\right)_{;k^{c}} |_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \left(r_{nm}^{b}\right)_{;k^{c}} + \left(\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \left(r_{nm}^{b}\right)_{;k^{c}} \right)^{*} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \left(r_{nm}^{b}\right)_{;k^{c}} \right], \tag{10}$$

and by using (7), the third term is reduced to

$$\frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}r_{nm}^{b}}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{3}}\left(\omega_{nm}^{S}\right)_{;k^{c}}|_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}r_{nm}^{b}}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{3}}\left(\omega_{nm}^{S}\right)_{;k^{c}}|_{-\mathbf{k}} = \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}r_{nm}^{b}}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{3}}\Delta_{nm}^{c}|_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}r_{nm}^{b}}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{3}}\Delta_{nm}^{c}|_{-\mathbf{k}}$$

$$= \frac{\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma,a}r_{mn}^{b}}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{3}}\Delta_{nm}^{c}|_{\mathbf{k}} + \frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}r_{nm}^{b}}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{3}}\Delta_{nm}^{c}|_{\mathbf{k}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{3}}\left[\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma,a}r_{mn}^{b} + \left(\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma,a}r_{mn}^{b}\right)^{*}\right]\Delta_{nm}^{c}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{3}}\operatorname{Re}\left[\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma,a}r_{mn}^{b}\right]\Delta_{nm}^{c}.$$
(11)

Combining the results from (9), (10), and (11) into (8),

$$-\frac{f_{mn}}{2}\left[\left(\frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}r_{nm}^{b}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}}\right)_{;k^{c}}|_{\mathbf{k}}+\left(\frac{\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}r_{nm}^{b}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}}\right)_{;k^{c}}|_{-\mathbf{k}}\right]\frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S}-\omega}=$$

$$-f_{mn}\left(2\operatorname{Re}\left[r_{nm}^{b}\left(\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}\right)_{;k^{c}}\right]+2\operatorname{Re}\left[\mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a}\left(r_{nm}^{b}\right)_{;k^{c}}\right]-\frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S}}\operatorname{Re}\left[\mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma,a}r_{mn}^{b}\right]\Delta_{nm}^{c}\right)\frac{1}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}}\frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S}-\omega}.$$

$$(12)$$

We have all the elements to be substituted in (2). We substitute (4), (5), and (12) in (2),

$$I = \left[ -\frac{2f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} \left( r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S} - \omega} + \frac{4f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} \left( r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA, b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S} - 2\omega} \right]$$

$$- \left[ -\frac{6f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} r_{nm}^{\mathbf{b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}}}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S} - \omega} + \frac{8f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} r_{nm}^{\mathbf{b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{3}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S} - 2\omega} \right]$$

$$+ \frac{f_{mn} \left( 2 \operatorname{Re} \left[ r_{nm}^{\mathbf{b}} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right] + 2 \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathbf{b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right] - \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S}} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma, \mathbf{a}} r_{mn}^{\mathbf{b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{\mathbf{c}} \right)}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S} - \omega} \right].$$

If we simplify and homogenize,

$$I = -\frac{2f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \left( r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S} - \omega} + \frac{4f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \left( r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S} - 2\omega} + \frac{6f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} r_{nm}^{b} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{c}}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S} - \omega} - \frac{8f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} r_{nm}^{b} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{c}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{3}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S} - 2\omega} - \frac{2f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ r_{nm}^{b} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S} - \omega} - \frac{2f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \left( r_{nm}^{b} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S} - \omega} + \frac{f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma,a} r_{nm}^{b} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{c}}{2(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{3}} \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S} - \omega},$$

$$(13)$$

we conveniently collect the terms in columns of  $\omega$  and  $2\omega$ . We can now express the susceptibility in terms of  $\omega$  and  $2\omega$ . Separating the  $2\omega$  terms and substituting in (1),

$$I_{2\omega} = -\frac{e^3}{\hbar^2} \sum_{mn\mathbf{k}} \left[ \frac{4f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA,b}} \right)_{;k^{\mathrm{c}}} \right]}{(\omega_{nm}^S)^2} - \frac{8f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} r_{nm}^{\mathrm{b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{\mathrm{c}}}{(\omega_{nm}^S)^3} \right] \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^S - 2\omega}$$

$$= \frac{e^3}{\hbar^2} \sum_{mn\mathbf{k}} \frac{4f_{mn}}{(\omega_{nm}^S)^2} \left[ -\operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA,b}} \right)_{;k^{\mathrm{c}}} \right] + \frac{2 \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} r_{nm}^{\mathrm{b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{\mathrm{c}}}{(\omega_{nm}^S)} \right] \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^S - 2\omega}$$

$$(14)$$

Work in progress: I need to understand more about  $\eta = 0$  and the switch to  $\omega_{cv}$  in order to get equation (90) and (A16).

We do the same for the  $\omega$  terms in (13) and substitute in (1),

$$I_{\omega} = -\frac{e^{3}}{2\hbar^{2}} \sum_{mn\mathbf{k}} \left[ -\frac{2f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \left( r_{nm}^{\operatorname{LDA,b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} + \frac{6f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} r_{nm}^{b} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{c}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \right.$$

$$\left. -\frac{2f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ r_{nm}^{b} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} - \frac{2f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \left( r_{nm}^{b} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{f_{mn} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma,a} r_{mn}^{b} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{c}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{3}} \right] \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S} - \omega}, \tag{15}$$

and we reduce in the same way as (14),

$$I_{\omega} = \frac{e^{3}}{2\hbar^{2}} \sum_{mn\mathbf{k}} \frac{f_{mn}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})^{2}} \left[ 2 \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{LDA,b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right] \right]$$

$$-6 \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} r_{nm}^{\mathrm{b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{\mathrm{c}} + 2 \operatorname{Re} \left[ r_{nm}^{\mathrm{b}} \left( \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right]$$

$$+2 \operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{mn}^{\Sigma,a} \left( r_{nm}^{\mathrm{b}} \right)_{;k^{c}} \right] - \frac{\operatorname{Re} \left[ \mathcal{V}_{nm}^{\Sigma,a} r_{mn}^{\mathrm{b}} \right] \Delta_{nm}^{\mathrm{c}}}{(\omega_{nm}^{S})} \right] \frac{1}{\omega_{nm}^{S} - \omega}$$

$$(16)$$