Chapter 1

Matrix element of V in a plane-waves basis

In a plane-waves basis, Bloch wavefunctions can be expressed as

$$\phi_{n,\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{e^{i\mathbf{k}\mathbf{r}}}{\sqrt{V}} \sum_{G} c_{n,\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{G}) e^{i\mathbf{G}\mathbf{r}}$$
(1.1)

where V is the volume of the unit-cell.

One wants to compute

$$\langle n, \mathbf{k} | \mathbf{q} \mathcal{V} | n', \mathbf{k} \rangle = \langle n, \mathbf{k} | \frac{\mathcal{C}(z) \mathbf{q} \mathbf{v} + \mathbf{q} \mathbf{v} \mathcal{C}(z)}{2} | n', \mathbf{k} \rangle$$
(1.2)

with $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{p} + i[V_{nl}, \mathbf{r}].$

One must computes the contributions $\langle n, \mathbf{k} | \frac{\mathcal{C}(z)\mathbf{q}\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}\mathbf{p}\mathcal{C}(z)}{2} | n', \mathbf{k} \rangle$ and $\langle n, \mathbf{k} | \frac{\mathcal{C}(z)[V_{nl}, i\mathbf{q}\mathbf{r}] + [V_{nl}, i\mathbf{q}\mathbf{r}]\mathcal{C}(z)}{2} | n', \mathbf{k} \rangle$.

Using Eq. 1.1,

$$\langle n, \mathbf{k} | \frac{\mathcal{C}(z)\mathbf{q}\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}\mathbf{p}\mathcal{C}(z)}{2} | n', \mathbf{k} \rangle = \frac{-i}{2V} \sum_{\mathbf{G}, \mathbf{G}'} c_{n, \mathbf{k}}^*(\mathbf{G}) c_{n', \mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{G}')$$

$$\times \int d^3 \mathbf{r} \left[e^{-i(\mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G})\mathbf{r}} \mathcal{C}(z) \nabla_{\mathbf{r}} (e^{i(\mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G})\mathbf{r}}) - \nabla_{\mathbf{r}} (e^{-i(\mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G})\mathbf{r}}) \mathcal{C}(z) e^{i(\mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G})\mathbf{r}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{G}, \mathbf{G}'} c_{n, \mathbf{k}}^*(\mathbf{G}) c_{n', \mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{G}') \left[2\mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G} + \mathbf{G}' \right] \frac{1}{V} \int d^3 \mathbf{r} e^{-i(\mathbf{G} - \mathbf{G}')\mathbf{r}} \mathcal{C}(z)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\mathbf{G}, \mathbf{G}'} c_{n, \mathbf{k}}^*(\mathbf{G}) c_{n', \mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{G}') \left[2\mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G} + \mathbf{G}' \right] \delta_{\mathbf{G}_{|||}\mathbf{G}'_{||}} F(G_z - G_z')$$

$$(1.3)$$

where we have defined $F(G_z) = \frac{1}{2L_z} \int dz e^{-iG_z z} C(z)$.

In order to compute the term containing the commutator, we introduce the unity operator

$$\langle n, \mathbf{k} | \mathcal{C}(z)[V_{nl}, i\mathbf{qr}] | n', \mathbf{k} \rangle = \sum_{\mathbf{G}''} \langle n, \mathbf{k} | \mathcal{C}(z) | \mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G}'' \rangle \langle \mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G}'' | [V_{nl}, i\mathbf{qr}] | n', \mathbf{k} \rangle$$
(1.4)

where $\langle \mathbf{r} | \mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G} \rangle = e^{i(\mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G})\mathbf{r}} / \sqrt{V}$. Using Eq. 1.1,

$$\langle n, \mathbf{k} | \mathcal{C}(z) | \mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G}'' \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{V}} \sum_{G} c_{n,\mathbf{k}}^*(\mathbf{G}) \int d^3 \mathbf{r} e^{-i(\mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G})\mathbf{r}} \mathcal{C}(z) e^{i(\mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G}'')\mathbf{r}}$$
$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{V}} \sum_{G} c_{n,\mathbf{k}}^*(\mathbf{G}) \int d^3 \mathbf{r} e^{-i(\mathbf{G} - \mathbf{G}'')\mathbf{r}} \mathcal{C}(z)$$
(1.5)

$$\langle \mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G}'' | [V_{nl}, i\mathbf{q}\mathbf{r}] | n', \mathbf{k} \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{V}} \sum_{G'} c_{n', \mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{G}') \int d^3 \mathbf{r} e^{i(\mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G}'')\mathbf{r}} [V_{nl}, i\mathbf{q}\mathbf{r}] e^{i(\mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G}')\mathbf{r}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{V}} \sum_{G'} c_{n', \mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{G}') \langle \mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G}'' | [V_{nl}, i\mathbf{q}\mathbf{r}] | \mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G}' \rangle$$
(1.6)

Putting everything together yields

$$\langle n, \mathbf{k} | \mathcal{C}(z)[V_{nl}, i\mathbf{qr}] | n', \mathbf{k} \rangle = \sum_{\mathbf{G}, \mathbf{G}', \mathbf{G}''} c_{n, \mathbf{k}}^*(\mathbf{G}) c_{n', \mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{G}') \langle \mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G}'' | [V_{nl}, i\mathbf{qr}] | \mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G}' \delta_{\mathbf{G}_{||}\mathbf{G}''_{||}} \rangle F(G_z - G_z'')$$
(1.7)

So

$$\langle n, \mathbf{k} | \frac{\mathcal{C}(z)[V_{nl}, i\mathbf{qr}] + [V_{nl}, i\mathbf{qr}]\mathcal{C}(z)}{2} | n', \mathbf{k} \rangle = \sum_{\mathbf{G}, \mathbf{G}', \mathbf{G}''} c_{n, \mathbf{k}}^*(\mathbf{G}) c_{n', \mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{G}')$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left[\langle \mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G}'' | [V_{nl}, i\mathbf{q}\mathbf{r}] | \mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G}' \rangle \delta_{\mathbf{G}_{||}\mathbf{G}''||} F(G_z - G_z'') + \langle \mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G} | [V_{nl}, i\mathbf{q}\mathbf{r}] | \mathbf{k} + \mathbf{G}'' \rangle \delta_{\mathbf{G}'||\mathbf{G}''||} F(G_z'' - G_z') \right]$$
(1.8)

We focus now on the special case of the non-local part of the pseudo-potential.

We have the relation

$$i\langle \mathbf{K}|[V^{nl}, \mathbf{r}]|\mathbf{K}'\rangle = (\nabla_{\mathbf{K}} + \nabla_{\mathbf{K}'})\langle \mathbf{K}|V^{nl}|\mathbf{K}'\rangle$$
 (1.9)

In case of a Kleinman-Bylander separable form pseudo-potential, we have

$$\langle \mathbf{K}|V^{nl}|\mathbf{K}'\rangle = \sum_{s} e^{i(\mathbf{K}-\mathbf{K}')\tau_{s}} \sum_{l=0}^{l} \sum_{m=-l}^{l} E_{l} F_{lm}^{s}(\mathbf{K}) F_{lm}^{s*}(\mathbf{K}')$$
(1.10)

So it comes that

$$\langle n, \mathbf{k} | [V^{nl}, i\mathbf{r}] | n', \mathbf{k} \rangle = \sum_{s} \sum_{l=0}^{l_{s}} \sum_{m=-l}^{l} E_{l} \sum_{\mathbf{G}\mathbf{G}'} c_{n,\mathbf{k}}^{*}(\mathbf{G}) c_{n',\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{G}') e^{i(\mathbf{G}-\mathbf{G}')\tau_{s}}$$

$$(\nabla_{\mathbf{G}} F_{lm}^{s}(\mathbf{G}) F_{lm}^{s*}(\mathbf{G}') + F_{lm}^{s}(\mathbf{G}) \nabla_{\mathbf{G}'} F_{lm}^{s*}(\mathbf{G}'))$$

$$= \sum_{s} \sum_{l=0}^{l_{s}} \sum_{m=-l}^{l} E_{l} \left[\left(\sum_{\mathbf{G}} c_{n,\mathbf{k}}^{*}(\mathbf{G}) e^{i(\mathbf{G})\tau_{s}} \nabla_{\mathbf{G}} F_{lm}^{s}(\mathbf{G}) \right) \left(c_{n',\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{G}') e^{-i\mathbf{G}'} \tau_{s} F_{lm}^{s*}(\mathbf{G}') \right) + \left(\sum_{\mathbf{G}} c_{n,\mathbf{k}}^{*}(\mathbf{G}) e^{i\mathbf{G}\tau_{s}} F_{lm}^{s}(\mathbf{G}) \right) \left(c_{n',\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{G}') e^{-i\mathbf{G}'} \tau_{s} \nabla_{\mathbf{G}'} F_{lm}^{s*}(\mathbf{G}') \right) \right]$$

$$(1.11)$$

$$\langle n, \mathbf{k} | \frac{\mathcal{C}(z)[V_{nl}, i\mathbf{qr}] + [V_{nl}, i\mathbf{qr}]\mathcal{C}(z)}{2} | n', \mathbf{k} \rangle = \sum_{\mathbf{C}, \mathbf{C}', \mathbf{C}''} c_{n, \mathbf{k}}^*(\mathbf{G}) c_{n', \mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{G}')$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left[(\nabla_{\mathbf{K}''} + \nabla_{\mathbf{K}'}) \langle \mathbf{K}'' | V^{nl} | \mathbf{K}' \rangle \delta_{\mathbf{G}_{||}\mathbf{G}''_{||}} F(G_z - G_z'') + (\nabla_{\mathbf{K}} + \nabla_{\mathbf{K}''}) \langle \mathbf{K} | V^{nl} | \mathbf{K}'' \rangle \delta_{\mathbf{G}'_{||}\mathbf{G}''_{||}} F(G_z'' - G_z') \right]$$

$$(1.12)$$

Finally, we get

$$\langle n, \mathbf{k} | \frac{\mathcal{C}(z)[V_{nl}, i\mathbf{q}\mathbf{r}] + [V_{nl}, i\mathbf{q}\mathbf{r}]\mathcal{C}(z)}{2} | n', \mathbf{k} \rangle = \sum_{s} \sum_{l=0}^{l_{s}} \sum_{m=-l}^{l} E_{l}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left[\left(\sum_{\mathbf{G}''} e^{i\mathbf{G}''\tau_{s}} \nabla_{\mathbf{G}''} F_{lm}^{s}(\mathbf{G}'') \sum_{\mathbf{G}} c_{n,\mathbf{k}}^{*}(\mathbf{G}) \delta_{\mathbf{G}_{||}\mathbf{G}''||} F(G_{z} - G_{z}'') \right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{G}'} c_{n',\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{G}') e^{-i\mathbf{G}'\tau_{s}} F_{lm}^{s*}(\mathbf{K}') \right) \right.$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{\mathbf{G}''} e^{i\mathbf{G}''\tau_{s}} F_{lm}^{s}(\mathbf{G}'') \sum_{\mathbf{G}} c_{n,\mathbf{k}}^{*}(\mathbf{G}) \delta_{\mathbf{G}_{||}\mathbf{G}''||} F(G_{z} - G_{z}'') \right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{G}'} c_{n',\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{G}') e^{-i\mathbf{G}'\tau_{s}} \nabla_{\mathbf{K}'} F_{lm}^{s*}(\mathbf{K}') \right)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{\mathbf{G}} c_{n,\mathbf{k}}^{*}(\mathbf{G}) e^{i\mathbf{G}\tau_{s}} \nabla_{\mathbf{G}} F_{lm}^{s}(\mathbf{G}) \right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{G}''} e^{-i\mathbf{G}''\tau_{s}} F_{lm}^{s*}(\mathbf{G}'') \sum_{\mathbf{G}'} c_{n',\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{G}') \delta_{\mathbf{G}'_{||}\mathbf{G}''||} F(G_{z}'' - G_{z}') \right)$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{\mathbf{G}} c_{n,\mathbf{k}}^{*}(\mathbf{G}) e^{i\mathbf{G}\tau_{s}} F_{lm}^{s}(\mathbf{G}) \right) \left(\sum_{\mathbf{G}''} e^{-i\mathbf{G}''\tau_{s}} \nabla_{\mathbf{G}''} F_{lm}^{s*}(\mathbf{G}'') \sum_{\mathbf{G}'} c_{n',\mathbf{k}}(\mathbf{G}') \delta_{\mathbf{G}'_{||}\mathbf{G}''||} F(G_{z}'' - G_{z}') \right) \right]$$

$$(1.13)$$