práctica 4

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1.

recorrido: $R_x = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12\}$ probabilidad puntual:

$$p(X = i) = \frac{1}{36}, i \in \{2, 12\}$$

$$p(X = i) = \frac{1}{18}, i \in \{3, 11\}$$

$$p(X = i) = \frac{1}{12}, i \in \{4, 10\}$$

$$p(X = i) = \frac{1}{9}, i \in \{5, 9\}$$

$$p(X = i) = \frac{5}{36}, i \in \{6, 8\}$$

$$p(X = 7) = \frac{1}{6}$$

probabilidad acumulada:

$$F(t) = \begin{cases} 0 & t < 2\\ \frac{1}{36} & 3 \le t < 4\\ \frac{1}{12} & 4 \le t < 5\\ \frac{1}{6} & 5 \le t < 6\\ \frac{5}{18} & 6 \le t < 7\\ \frac{5}{12} & 7 \le t < 8\\ \frac{13}{18} & 8 \le t < 9\\ \frac{5}{6} & 9 \le t < 10\\ \frac{11}{12} & 10 \le t < 11\\ \frac{35}{36} & 11 \le t < 12\\ 1 & 12 \le t \end{cases}$$

$$E(X) = \sum_{i=2}^{12} i * p(X = i) = 7$$

$$Var(X) = E(X^2) - E(X)^2 = \frac{329}{6} - 49 = \frac{35}{6}$$

 $SD(X) = \sqrt{Var(X)} = 2.4152$

2.

a.

$$p(T=3) = \frac{1}{3}, p(T=4) = \frac{1}{6}, p(T=5) = \frac{1}{6}, p(T=6) = \frac{1}{3}$$

b.

$$P(3 < T \le 5) = P(T = 4) + P(T = 5) = \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

c.

$$E(T) = \sum_{i=3}^{6} i * p(T=i) = 3 * \frac{1}{3} + 4 * \frac{1}{6} + 5 * \frac{1}{6} + 6 * \frac{1}{3} = \frac{9}{2}$$

$$Var(T) = E(T^2) - E(T)^2 = \frac{131}{6} - \frac{81}{4} = \frac{19}{12}$$

$$SD(T) = \sqrt{Var(T)} = 1.2583$$

3.

a.

$$P(X = 1) = \frac{1}{8}, P(X = 2) = \frac{1}{4}, P(X = 3) = \frac{3}{8}, P(X = 4) = \frac{1}{4}$$

b.

$$P(1 \le X \le 3) = \frac{3}{4}, P(X < 3) = \frac{3}{8}, P(X > 1.4) = \frac{7}{8}$$

4.

a.

$$Y \sim Bin(3, 0.05)$$

b.

$$P(Y > 1) = P(Y = 2) + P(Y = 3)$$

$$= {3 \choose 2} * 0.05^{2} * 0.95 + {3 \choose 3} * 0.05^{3}$$

$$= 0.0071 + 0.0001$$

$$= 0.0072$$

5.

a.

$$R_z = \mathbb{N}$$

b.

$$P(Z=5) = q^4 * p = 0.95^4 * 0.05 = 0.0407$$

6.

con reposicion:

$$X \sim Bin(3, \frac{1}{5})$$

$$F(x) = P(X \le x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ 0.512 & x = 0 \\ 0.896 & x = 1 \\ 0.992 & x = 2 \\ 1 & x \ge 3 \end{cases}$$

sin reposicion:

$$P(X=k) = \frac{\binom{4}{k}\binom{16}{3-k}}{1140}, k = 0, 1, 2, 3$$

$$F(x) = P(X \le x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0 \\ 0.4912 & x = 0 \\ 0.9123 & x = 1 \\ 0.9965 & x = 2 \\ 1 & x \ge 3 \end{cases}$$

7.

X: cantidad de piezas defectuosas

$$p = \frac{3}{25}$$

$$P(X = 1) = \frac{\binom{3}{1}\binom{22}{4}}{\binom{25}{5}} = 0.4130$$

$$100 * P(X = 1) = 100 * 0.4130 = 41.3$$

8.

a.

$$P(X = k) = (1 - p)^{(k-1)} * p$$

b.

$$P(X=5) = (1-p)^4 * p$$

c.

$$\frac{\delta}{\delta p}[(1-p)^4 * p] = -(5*p-1)(1-p)^3$$

$$-(5*p-1)(1-p)^3 = 0 \implies$$
$$5*p-1 = 0 \implies$$
$$p = 0.2$$

en p=0.2alcanza el maximo

9.

Y: numero de llantas sacadas hasta que 5 esten bien (pascal)

$$p = 0.8$$

a.

$$P(Y = 8) = {7 \choose 4} * 0.8^5 * 0.2^3 = 0.09175$$

b.

$$E(Y) = \sum_{i=5}^{\infty} i * P(Y = i)$$

$$= \sum_{i=5}^{\infty} i * {i-1 \choose 4} * 0.8^5 * 0.2^{(i-5)}$$

$$= 0.32768 * \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} (i+5) * {i+4 \choose 4} * 0.2^i$$

$$= 6.25$$

10.

a.

$$P(X=0) = \frac{e^{-3} * 3^0}{0!} = 0.0498$$

b.

$$P(X \le 2) = P(X = 0) + P(X = 1) + P(X = 2) = 0.42319$$