

Assignment 1 Hints

CSCI4180

Qin Chuan

Assignment 1

- Due on **Oct. 24**
- Configure VMs & Azure platform
- Write Java program
 - Word length count
 - N-gram count
 - N-gram relative frequency
- Test on the KJV & shakespeare data
- Do some optimizations

Pass Arguments

```
public class MapRedProg {  
    // Define Mapper Class  
    public static class MyMap extends Mapper<KEY_IN, VAL_IN, KEY_OUT, VAL_OUT> {  
        .....  
        protected void map(KEY_IN key, VAL_IN val, Context context) {  
            Configuration conf = context.getConfiguration();  
            gram = Integer.parseInt(conf.get("ngram"));  
        }  
    }  
    // Main Function, Job Configuration and Starting Point  
    public static void main(String [] args) {  
        conf.set("ngram",args[2]);  
        .....  
    }  
}
```

Part 3

- N-gram Initial
 - Eg. $N = 3$, for “who is it” we have (w i i 1)
 - N-gram means N consecutive words
 - Initial means first character of the word
 - **Alphabet** means A-Z and a-z
- N-gram across Rows
 - Eg. “how can I finish this assignment on time without the help of my groupmates?”
 - $N = 3$, “on time without” should count (o t w 1) and “time without the” should count (t w t 1)

Part 4

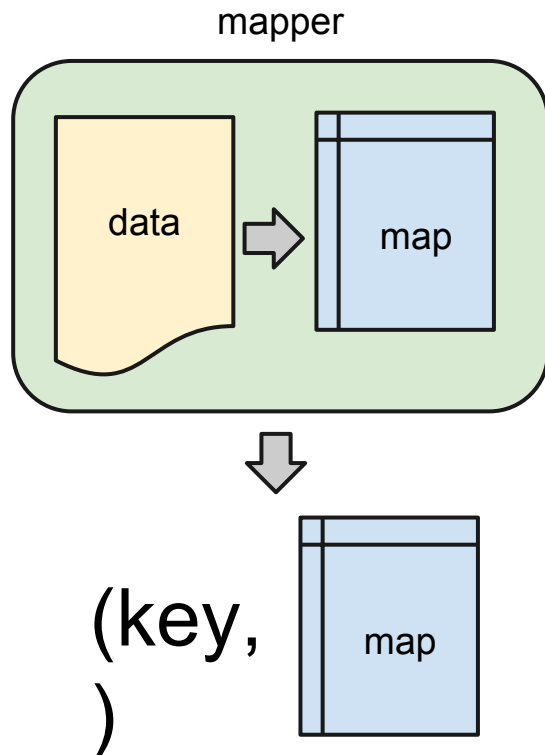
- N-gram Initial Relative Frequency
 - Eg. $N = 3$ “who is it? We want to know”
 - How frequent is initial w followed initial i ?
 - $(w\ i\ i\ 1)(w\ w\ t\ 1)(w\ t\ k\ 1)$
 - $RF(w\ i\ i) = \frac{1}{3} = 0.333$
- Only Alphabet counts
 - Eg. $(w\ >\ i\ 1)(w\ \text{“} a\ 1)$ won't count
 - You need to think about data structure to store intermediate data to compute RF

Problem

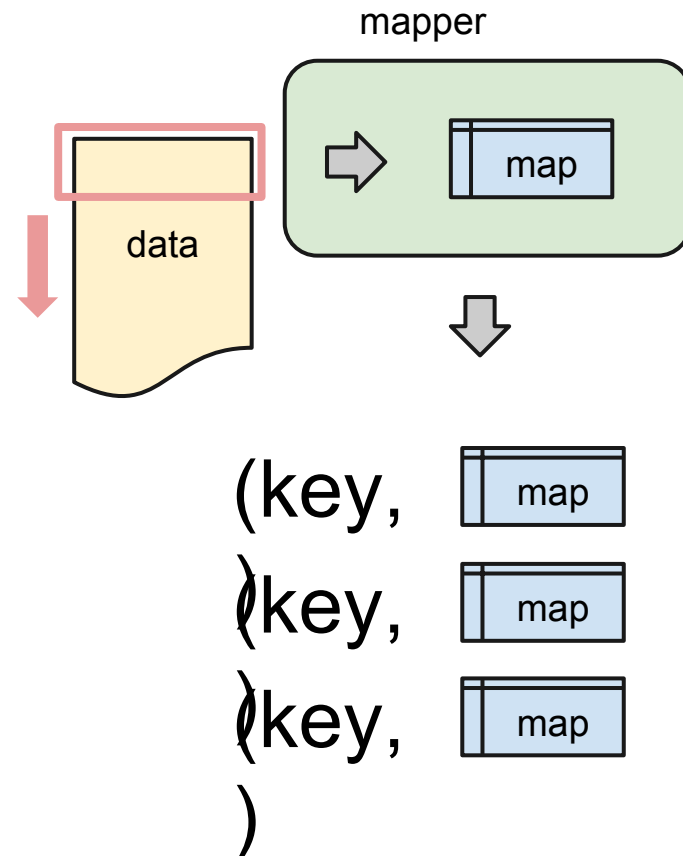
- Hadoop cannot handle too many emit pairs
 - We need to reduce the number of emit times
- Use in-mapper combining technique
 - Map, vector to centralize information
 - Emit combined pairs
- **Memory Limit**
 - We cannot hold everything for large case
 - Set a bound for map size, emit when full

Solution

Original:



Modified:



Part 5

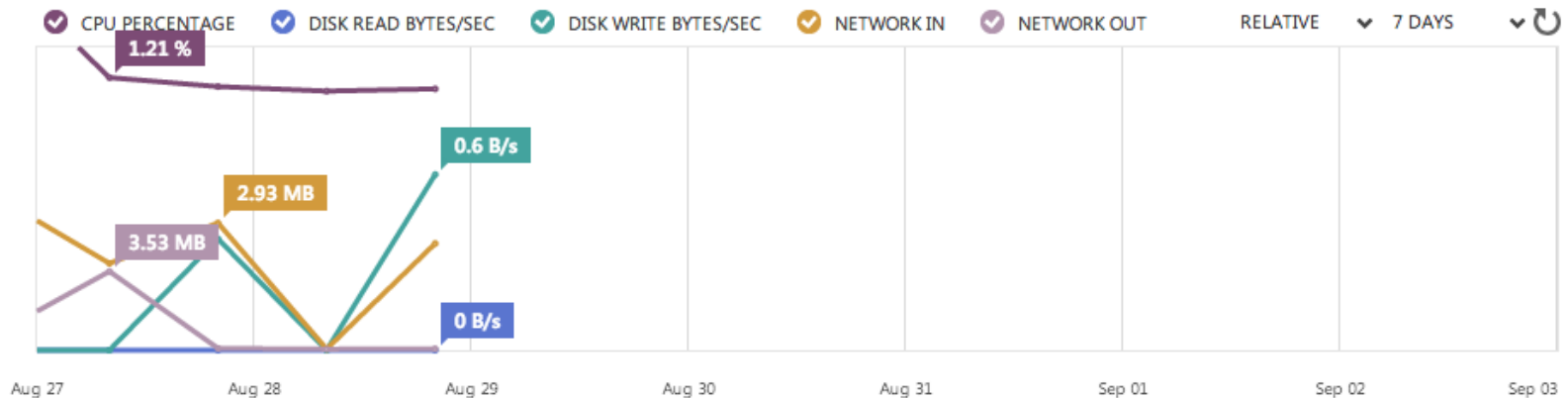
- Redeem the Azure Code
- Create 4 VMs
- Install Hadoop and set the cluster
- Configure the hadoop
- Start the hadoop service
- Compile the sample wordcount.java
- Run wordcount on the given data sets

Port Forwarding

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[DASHBOARD](#) [MONITOR](#) [ENDPOINTS](#) [CONFIGURE](#)

Click “endpoints” to set port forwarding



	NAME	SOURCE	MIN	MAX	AVG	TOTAL	ALERT RULES	
✓	CPU Percentage	csci4180a	1.15 %	1.21 %	1.17 %	---	Not Configured	
✓	Disk Read Bytes/sec	csci4180a	0 B/s	0 B/s	0 B/s	---	Not Configured	
✓	Disk Write Bytes/sec	csci4180a	0 B/s	0.6 B/s	0.21 B/s	---	Not Configured	
✓	Network In	csci4180a	28.02 KB	2.93 MB	14.29 KB	7.41 MB	Not Configured	
✓	Network Out	csci4180a	46.9 KB	3.53 MB	7.18 KB	3.72 MB	Not Configured	

Port Forwarding

- Set port for hadoop core
 - In **hadoop/conf/core-site.xml**

```
• <property>
•   <name>hadoop.tmp.dir</name>
•   <value>/home/hduser/hadoop/tmp</value>
• </property>
• <property>
•   <name>fs.default.name</name>
•   <value>hdfs://192.168.0.1:54310</value>
• </property>
```

Port Forwarding

- Set port for hadoop mapred-site
 - In **hadoop/conf/mapred-site.xml**

```
• <property>
•   <name>mapred.job.tracker</name>
•   <value>192.168.0.1:54311</value>
• </property>
```

Port Forwarding

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 DASHBOARD MONITOR ENDPOINTS CONFIGURE

NAME	↑	PROTOCOL	PUBLIC PORT	PRIVATE PORT
SSH		TCP	22	22



- Originally only port 22 is forwarded
- Click add to continue

Port Forwarding

ADD ENDPOINT

Specify the details of the endpoint

NAME

HADOOP

PROTOCOL

TCP

PUBLIC PORT

54310

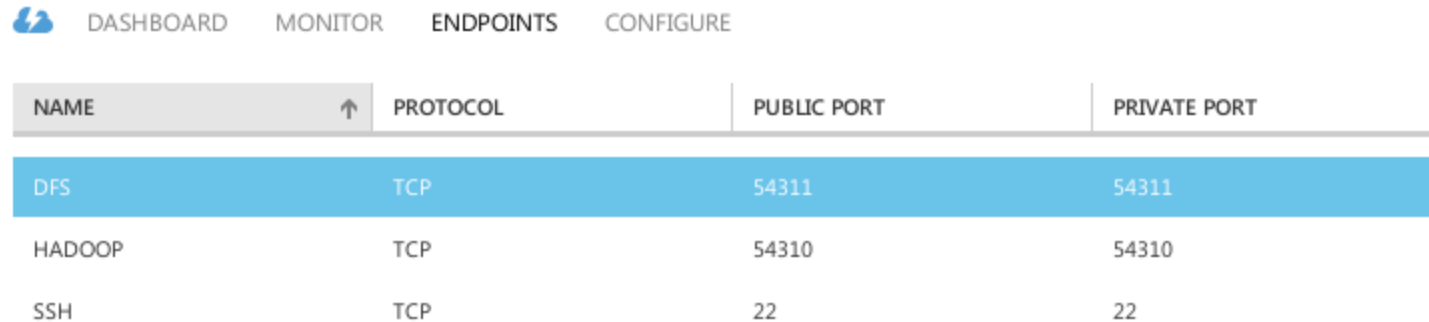
PRIVATE PORT

54310

☐ CREATE A LOAD-BALANCED SET ?

- Add both ports for hadoop service and DFS

Port Forwarding



The screenshot shows a web interface for port forwarding. At the top, there are navigation tabs: a lightning bolt icon, 'DASHBOARD', 'MONITOR', 'ENDPOINTS', and 'CONFIGURE'. Below the tabs is a table with four columns: 'NAME', 'PROTOCOL', 'PUBLIC PORT', and 'PRIVATE PORT'. The 'NAME' column has an upward arrow icon. The table contains three rows: 'DFS' (TCP, 54311 to 54311), 'HADOOP' (TCP, 54310 to 54310), and 'SSH' (TCP, 22 to 22). The 'DFS' row is highlighted in blue.

NAME	PROTOCOL	PUBLIC PORT	PRIVATE PORT
DFS	TCP	54311	54311
HADOOP	TCP	54310	54310
SSH	TCP	22	22

- After both ports are forwarded, we can use public IP to access the hadoop service

Thank you

