



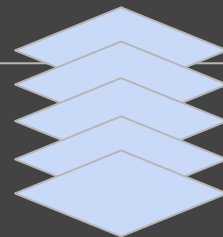
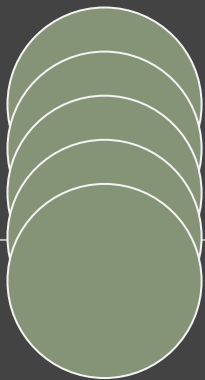
NMF-based Inpainting

Group 6: 楊逸泉(E24096823)、周學浩(E24096815)、顏鈺蓁(E24096857)

01

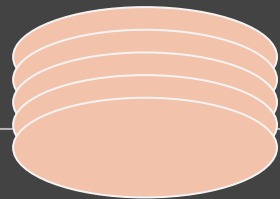
Division of Work

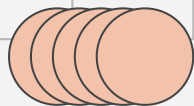
Evenly distributed



02

Performance Report





Performance Report



Computational Time

1.06s

Missing Rate

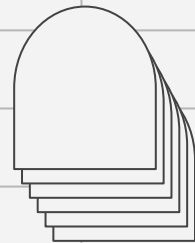
45.90%

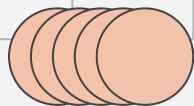
RMSE

0.003708

Frobenius Norm

7.5249

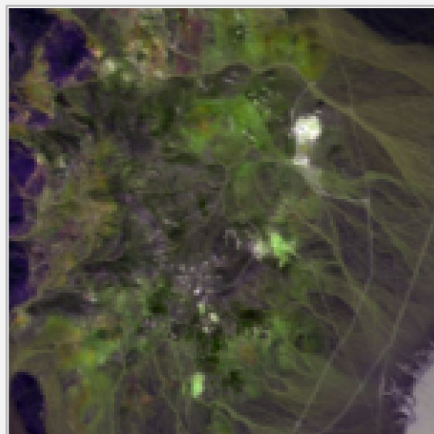




Visual Inspection



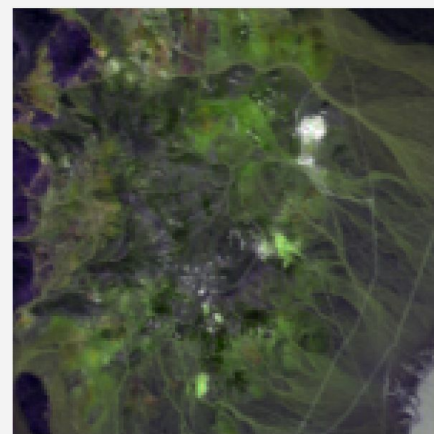
Original



Corrupted



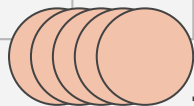
Reconstructed



140 bands, 60% corruption → 46% missing rate

RMSE:
0.0037





Performance Report (case 2)



Computational Time

0.6s

Missing Rate

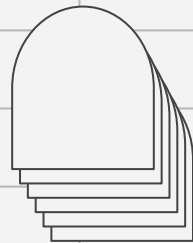
97.87%

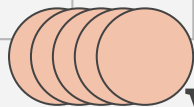
RMSE

0.020278

Frobenius Norm

41.1464

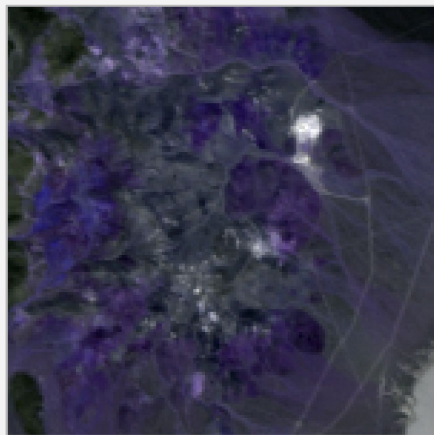




Visual Inspection(case 2)



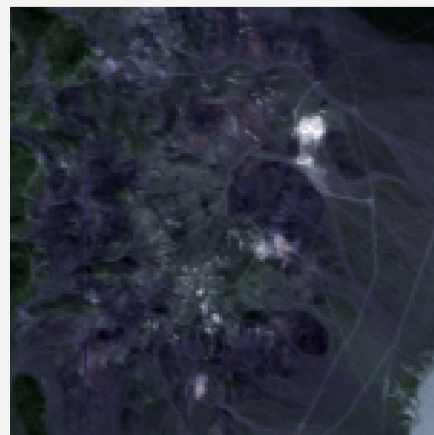
Original



Corrupted



Reconstructed



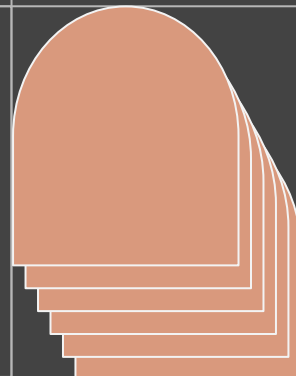
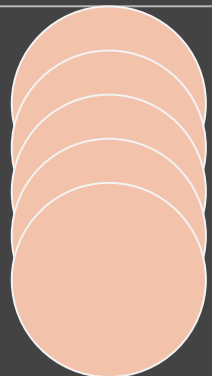
180 bands, 99.5% corruption → 97.87% missing rate

RMSE:
0.0203



03

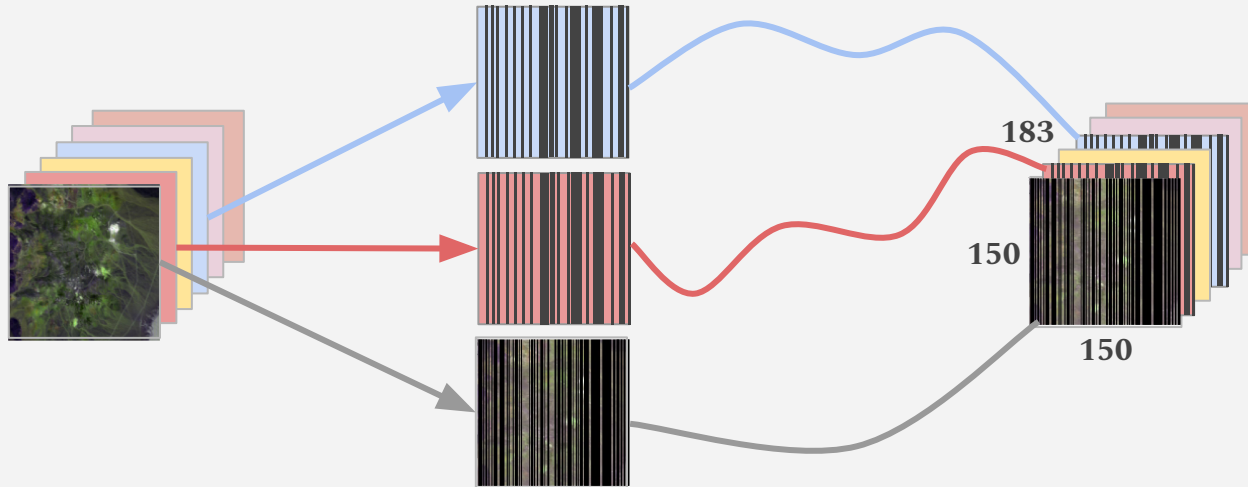
Detailed Discussion



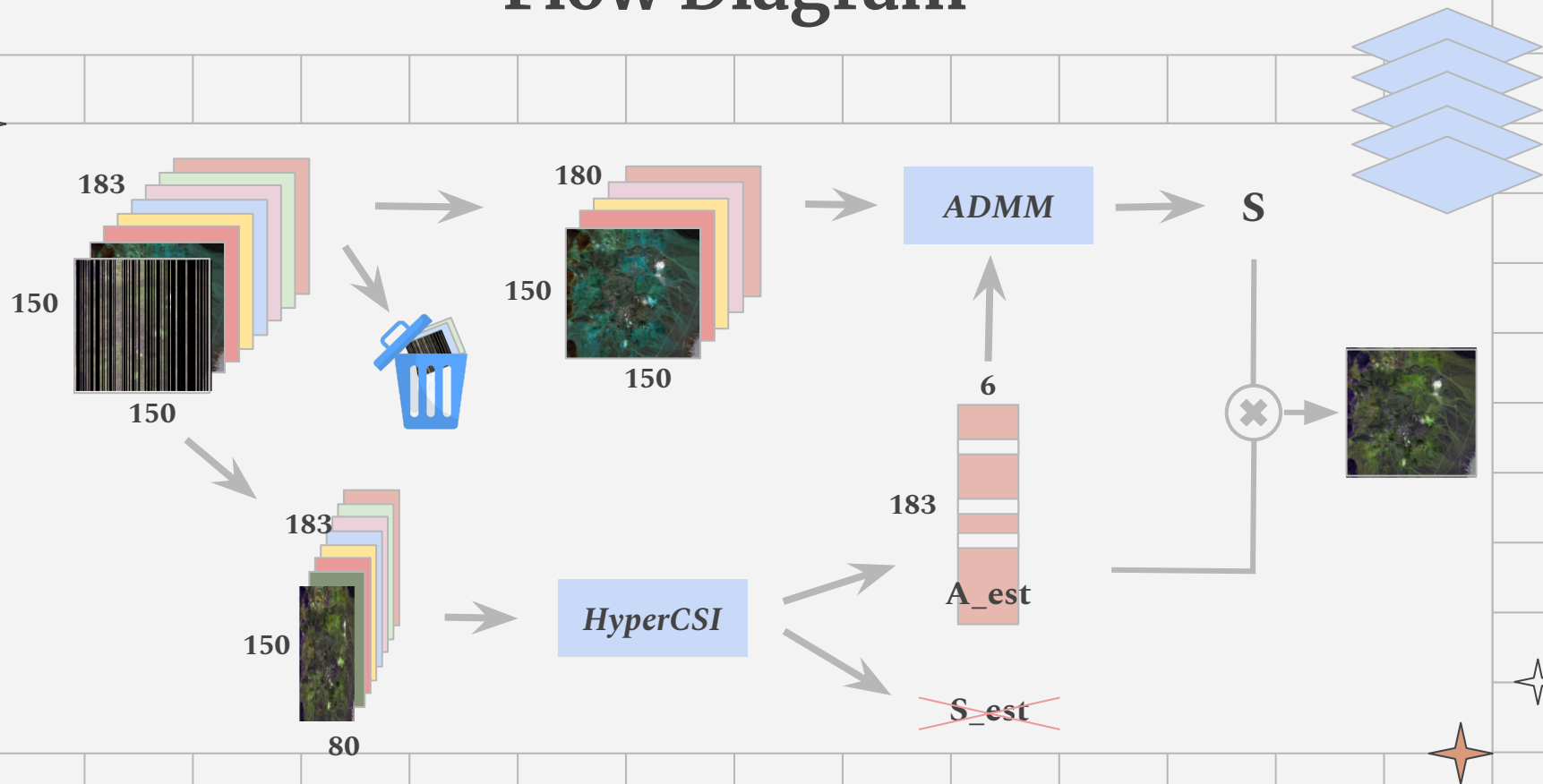
Data Preprocessing

How we create corrupted data

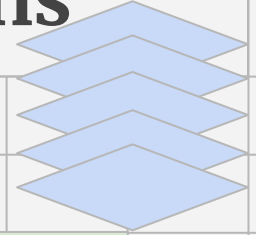
- Randomly select bands, then remove columns from those bands



Flow Diagram



Difficulties Encountered & Solutions



There exists **negative entries** in the calculated S

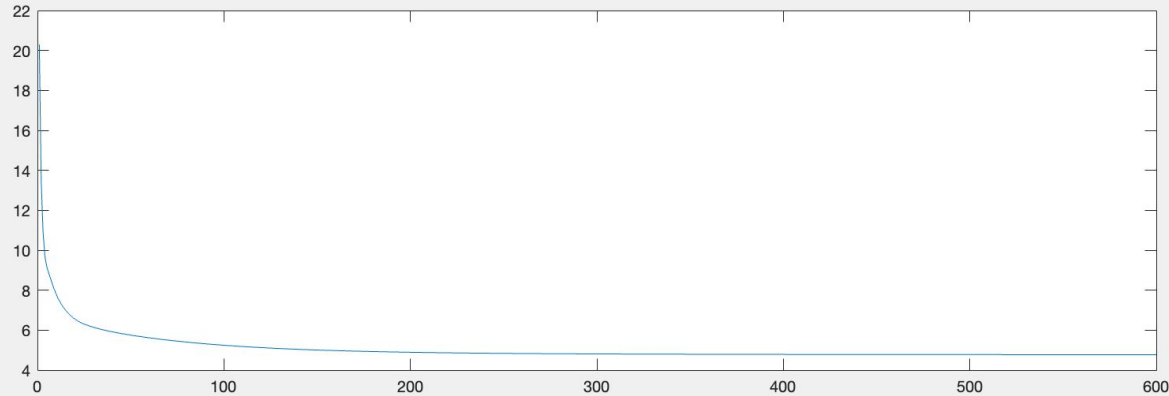


Sol: Set those negative numbers to **0**

```
>> S(S<0) = 0;
```

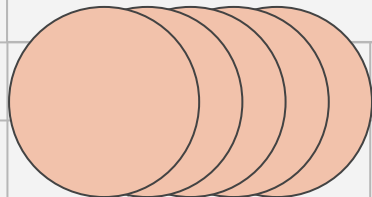
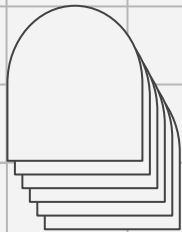
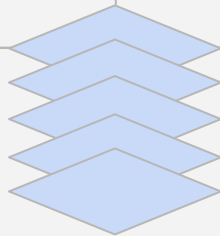
Difficulties Encountered & Solutions

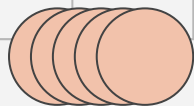
- Finding Optimal iterations for ADMM



- Sol: Set Max iterations to 600 for stability

ADMM



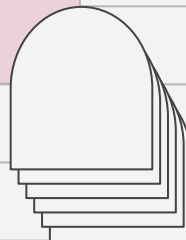


ADMM



Minimize $\| \text{img_complete_2d} - \text{tempA} * S \|^2_F$

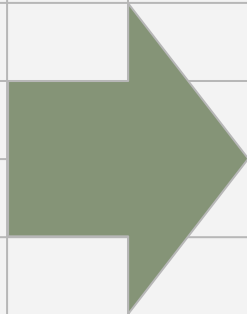
Subject to $S \geq 0$



ADMM

Constrained
optimization
problem

Lagrange multipliers

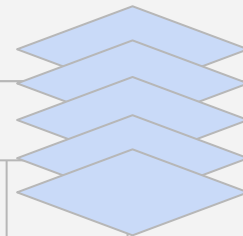


Unconstrained
optimization
problem



ADMM

Expand objective function and take derivative with respect to S :



$$S = (\text{tempA}' * \text{tempA} + \text{rho} * \text{eye}(\text{num_components})) \setminus (\text{tempA}' * \text{img_complete_2d} + \text{rho} * (Z - U))$$



$$(\text{tempA}' * \text{tempA} + \text{rho} * \text{eye}(\text{num_components})) * S = (\text{tempA}' * \text{img_complete_2d} + \text{rho} * (Z - U))$$



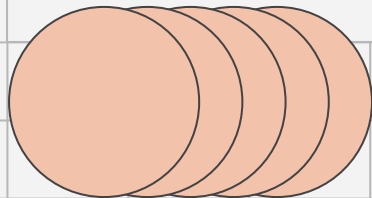
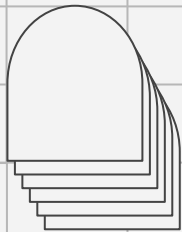
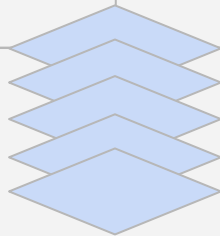
ADMM

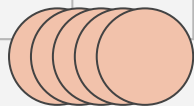


Z
make sure that S remains positive

$U = S - Z$
(Lagrange multiplier is applied)

Other Ideas



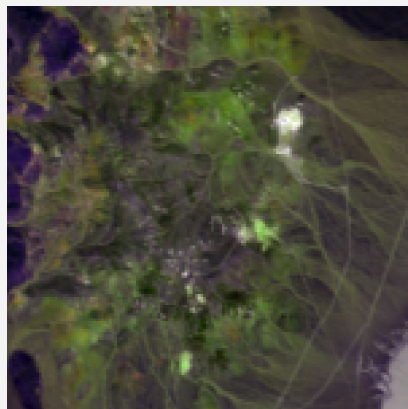


Other Ideas

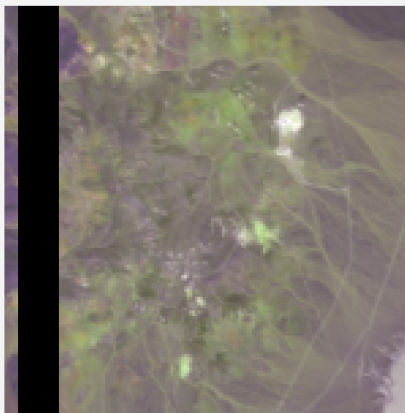
Diffusion based inpainting



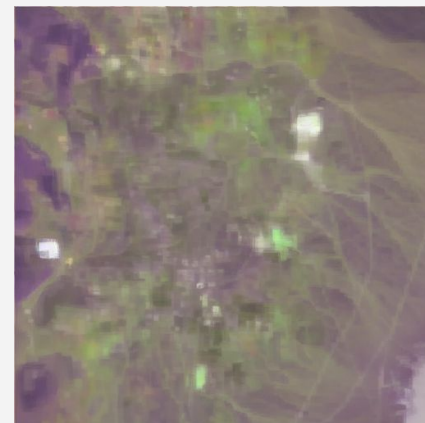
Original



Corrupted



Reconstructed

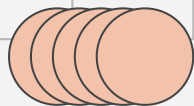


prompt: satellite image, hyperspectral image, nmf based inpainting, landscape, aerial view, mountains



Pros: Image inpainting with only 3 bands, beautiful

Cons: Inaccurate recovery

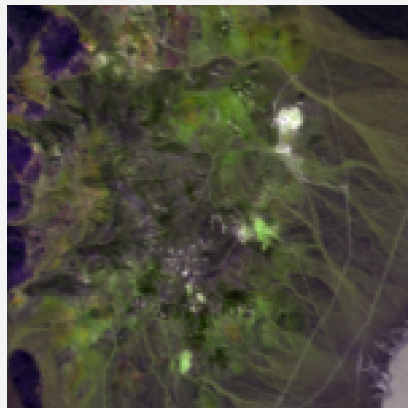


Other Ideas

Diffusion based inpainting



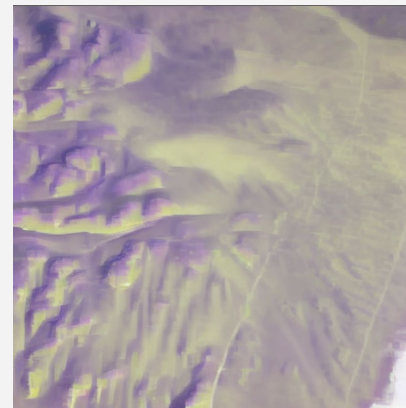
Original



Corrupted

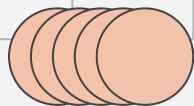


Reconstructed



Pros: Image inpainting with only 3 bands, beautiful

Cons: Inaccurate recovery

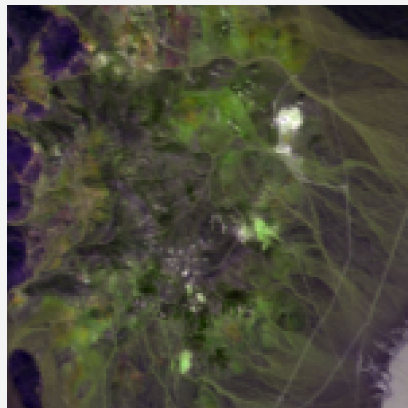


Other Ideas

Diffusion based inpainting



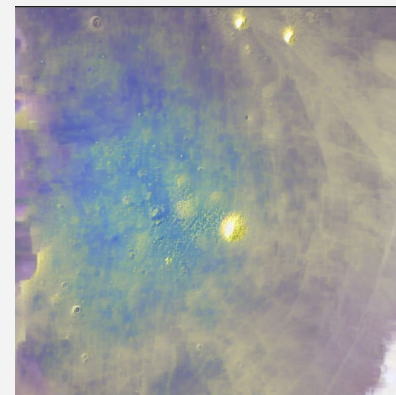
Original



Corrupted



Reconstructed



Prompt: hyperspectral image, moon surface, satellite image



Pros: Image inpainting with only 3 bands, beautiful

Cons: Inaccurate recovery

Resources

Icons & Vectors

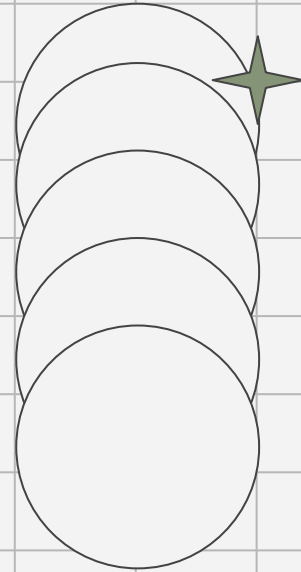
- Flaticon

Google Slide Template:

- Slidesgo

Open-source Tools

- StableDiffusion



Google Slide

