

AP United States History

English Mercantilism and Anglicization of the Colonies

- Growing mistrust
 - Goals + Interests of European leaders diverge from colonists
 - A growing mistrust of each other
 - Settlers not satisfied with territory + defense
- Navigation Acts: 1650-1673
 - Three Goals:
 - Trade to and from colonies could only be carried by English/colonial crews
 - All goods imported to colonies (-some perishables) must go through England
 - Some stuff with tobacco but gives Chesapeake Tobacco an English monopoly
 - Pros:
 - Helps English shipbuilding
 - Chesapeake Tobacco has monopoly
 - Cons:
 - Limits colonial manufacturing
 - When tobacco \$ decrease, Chesapeake farmers accept lower prices
 - If demand is high and good is illegal then black market + smuggling
 - Corruption led to weak enforcement by British crown
- At around 1690, the British institutes salutary neglect for colonies
 - When this is taken away after seven years war, revolution