

AP United States History

New Deal Beginnings

- Franklin D. Roosevelt Wins in a Landslide
 - 1/4 Americans were unemployed, income was 50% of what it was 1929
 - Republicans nominated Hoover with no hope and loses heavily
- Big Ideas of the 1930s
 - During the 1930s, policymakers responded to the mass unemployment and social upheavals of the Great Depression
 - By transforming the U.S. into a limited welfare state, redefining the goals of ideas of modern American Liberalism
- Major Changes
 - Although the New Deal did not end the Depression, it left a legacy of reforms and regulatory agencies
 - Fostered a long-term political realignment in which many ethnic groups + working-class communities identified with the Democratic Party
- FDR Brain Trust
 - FDR's inner circle of advisors, more influential than his cabinet
 - They aren't really a part of the Government System and checks and balances
- Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA)
 - Government seizes the corporation and builds 21 dams to provide electric power
 - One of the first government corporations, example of expansion of government power