

AP United States History

Colonies and Slavery

- Anne Hutchinson + Antinomianism
 - Claimed ministers were not needed to interpret bible
 - This contributes to antinomianism
- Quality of Life in New England
 - Better life than Chesapeake
 - Can expect to live +20 years longer than in Chesapeake
- Economy of New England
 - Climate + soil not suitable for large scale farming
 - As a result, very few slaves
 - Small scale farming, industry, fishing
 - Ship building
 - Boston was a very important seaport
 - Commerce was central to New England economy
- Religious Tolerance
 - Maryland: It had Catholics.
 - George Calvert creates as safe haven for Catholics
 - Act of Religious Toleration, 1649 - grants political rights to all Christians
 - Pennsylvania: It had Quakers.
 - Very pacifist—peaceful relations with the Native Americans
 - Religious toleration
- Southern Colonies
 - Yea there's a lot of slavery.
 - South Carolina founded by Caribbean slaveholders
 - Georgia acted as a buffer state to Spain
- Slavery increases a lot over time (CCOT)
- Bacon's Rebellion

- Falling Tobacco prices signals an imbalanced market
- Indentured Servants start becoming discontent
- Bacon rebels, dies a month later. Excellent job.
 - Gentry wants to avoid more peasant uprisings
 - Indentured servitude ceases in favor of slavery