

## Question:

Build a password accordingly,

First letter is lower case alphabet.

Second letter is upper case alphabet.

Third, fourth letter are both digits.

Fifth letter is @ symbol.

Sixth and Seven are either upper- or lower-case alphabet.

Eight, Nine and Ten choose 3 letters from this pool, { \$, 9, 5, v, w, J }.

Then Tiger Hash the password and compare both entropies.

## Password Entropy of: ("bL18@Az9w\$")

Size (L) = 10

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Entropy} &= 26^1 \times 26^1 \times 10^2 \times 1 \times 52^2 \times 6^3 = 39,482,726,400 \\ &= \log_2(39,482,726,400) \text{ \# Log is not multiplied by length since the password is not changing} \\ &\approx 35.2 \text{ bits} \end{aligned}$$

$\text{Tiger}(\text{"bL18@Az9w\$"}) = 0cd8cdf857bb5deb2438e82d903e76f5$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Entropy} &= 128 \text{ bits} = \frac{128}{8} = 16 \text{ bytes} \\ &= 32 \text{ hexadigits} \\ &= 32 \log_2 16 = 128 \text{ bits} \end{aligned}$$

By hashing, the entropy increased from 35.2 bits to 128 bits. Since, the original password is shorter than the tiger hashed password. The time it takes to crack/hack the tiger hash of the password would be much longer/difficult than the original password. Tiger hashing also does not affect the uncertainty of the original password.