

## COMPREHENSIVE ADULT NURSING ASSESSMENT

**INCLUDING SOC/ROC OASIS ELEMENTS WITH PLAN OF CARE INFORMATION** 

Follow OASIS items in sequence unless otherwise directed.

See the OASIS Guidance Manual for specific item.

Dash is a valid response.

REASON FOR ASSESSMENT: Start of Care Resumption of Care

DATE: 8/9/20 TIME IN: TIME OUT:

This Patient Tracking Information must be filled out at start of care and per organizational policy. It is to be maintained as part of the clinical record. į. · ž. **Administrative Information** M0018, National Provider Identifier (NPI) for the attending physician who has signed the plan of care UK – Unknown or Not Available SEC 1 Physician/NPP N Physician/NPP (First) rMn Physician/NPP (Suffix) Physician/NPP Email: Physician/NDP Address: (Street/Suite No.) State: C/ ZIP Co City er i Merier er i Merier M0014. Branch State M0016. Branch ID Number M0010. CMS Certification Number CA 💌 N M0020. Patient ID Number Medical Record Number if different from Patlent ID Number: M0030. Start of Care Date M0032. Resumption of Care Date #4.34 m ■ NA -- Not M\_ncn/Day/Year Month/Day/Year **Applicable** 34 M0040.Patient Name 20.00 (Suffix) (First) (MI) (Last) M0050. Patient State of Residence **EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS** \* \* \* PRIORITY CODE \* \* \* MEDIÚM M0060: Patient ZIP Code See page 3 for Emergency Contact, Representative and Advance Directives information. M0064. Social Security Number UK – Unknown or Not Available Name Last/First/Middle Initial wholester thing the

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Section A Administrative Information (	Continued)
M0063, Medicare Number	
□ NA – No M	Medicare □Clalm #:
M0069. Gender	M0066. Birth Date
1. Male 2. Female	
Z. Feilide	Money
Answer M0069 based on how the patient self-identifies. If the patient does not self-identify, referral information (including hosp assessment may be used. Based on the resources mentioned above, enter if the patient does self-identify but response given is not Male or Femal Note: M0069 will still need to be coded, based on the assessment sources list	er a response for patient's gender. le, patient self-identifies as: ed above.
A1005. Ethnicity Are you of Hispanic, Latino/a, or Spanish origin?	A1010: Race What is your race.
	↓ Check all that apply     A. White
B. Yes, Mexican, Mexican American, Chicano/a	B. Black or African American
C. Yes, Puerto Rican	C. American Indian or Alaska Native
D. Yes, Cuban	D. Asian Indian
E. Yes, another Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin	E. Chinese
X. Patient unable to respond	F. Filipino
Y. Patient declines to respond	G. Japanese
M0150. Current Payment Source for Home Care	H. Korean
Check all that apply	I. Vietnamese
0. None; no charge for current services	J. Other Asian
Medicare (traditional fee-for-service)	K. Native Hawaiian
2. Medicare (HMO/managed care/Advantage plan)	L. Guamanian or Charmorro
3. Medicald (traditional fee-for-service)	M. Samoan
4. Medicald (HMO/managed care)	N. Other Pacific Islander
4. Medicald (INFO/Managed Cale)	X. Patient unable to respond  Y. Patient declines to respond
6. Title programs (for example, Title III, V, XX)	Y. Patient declines to respond Z. None of the above
7. Other government (for example, TriCare, VA)	2. Note of the above
8. Private insurance	If Current Payment Source is coded 11, specify:
9. Private HMO/managed care	
10. Self-pay	
- 11. Other (specify)	
UK Unknown	
ADDITIONAL	L COMMENTS
	•
End of Patient Tra	cking Information

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# Section A Administrative Information (Continued)

PATIENT CONTAC	TS/CAREGIVERS
Present during this visit: ■Family member(s) ☐Representative ☐Ca	regiver(s) Other:
ROC Assessment: Contact information confirmed with Patient	OChanges documented ONo changes
Does the patient have a representative? •No OYes	Emergency Contact: ORepresentative OCaregiver OOther, if "Other"
If yes, is the person: O Court declared O Patient selected	Emergency
	Contact Name:
Relationship: OFamily OFriend OOther:	Relationship:   Family OFriend OOther:
Address:	Address:
City:State:ZIP Code:	City:State:ZIP Code:
• •	Phone:
Phone:	Email:
Primary caregiver(s) other than patient: N/A None available	
<u> </u>	Canadian Name
Caregiver Name:	Caregiver Name:
Relationship: • Family OFriend OOther:	•
Address:State:ZIP Code:	Address:State:ZIP Code:
•	•
Phone:	Phone:
Email:	Email:
Paid service other than home health staff: ONo OYes If yes,	If the caregiver(s) are not available, is there anyone who could be
Company name:	contacted in a critical situation? O No OYes
Phone number:	Name:
Contact name:	Phone number:
SUPPORTIVE	ASSISTANCE
AM HOURS	vides assistance with ADLs/IADLs wn, explain:
PMHOURS	
NIGHTS	
ADVANCE	DIRECTIVES
Does the patient have a Living Will? ONO OYes	
■ Discussed and literature provided during this visit to the: ■ Patient Does the patient have an order for the following Advance Directives?	No OYes If yes, check all that apply: suscitate (DNR) al Nutrition and Hydration Phone #: Phone #:
Commence	***************************************

...

Patient		1D# <u>22</u>	
Section A Administrative Information	(Continued)	on the second	
A1110. Language 🔞 💮 🖖 🔆 .	*	LANGUAGE BARRIER(	S)
RUSSIAN/ ENGLISH  B. Do you need or want an interpreter to communica 0. No 1. Yes 9. Unable to determine	ite with a doctor or health car	■ No Problem  □ Needs interpreter □ Sign language (type): □ Aphasic: □ Receptive □ Expressive	
M0080. Discipline of Person Completing Assessment	M0090. Date Assessme	int Completed *	74.
Enter Code 1. RN 2. PT 3. SLP/ST 4. OT		date of the day information was last collect	
M0100. This Assessment is Currently Being Completed for EnterCode: Start/Resumption of Care	the Following Reason		F # 7.
1. Start of care – further visits planned 3. Resumption of care (after inpatient stay)	When ROC, review patier	nt tracking information and complete M00	)32.
8 ch 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	date when the patient was refe	rried for home health	
→ Skip to M0110, Episode Timing, if date  Month/Day/Year  NA – No specific SOC/ROC date ordered by physician			
If SOC/ROC was not initiated on ordered SOC/ROC date, explain circu			
M0104. Date of Referral Indicate the date that the written or verbal referral for initiation or res	รับ็mption of care was received	by,the HHA:	
8/7/20 Month/Day/Year			
If SOC/ROC was not initiated within 2 days of the referral date/dischar	rge date, explain circumstance	S:	
M0110: Episode Timing Is the Medicare home health payment episode, for which this assessment sequence of adjacent Medicare	nentwill define a case mix gro è home health payment épisoc	up) an "early" episode or a	
Enter Code 1. Early 2. Later UK Unknown NA Not Applicable: No Medicare case mix group to be	defined by this assessment.		
A1250. Transportation (NACHC®) Has lack of transportation kept you from medical appointments, mee	tings, work, or from getting th	ings needed for daily living?	
↓ Check all that apply     ✓    ✓    ✓    ✓    ✓    ✓    ✓			
A. Yes, it has kept me from medical appointments or  B. Yes, it has kept me from non-medical meetings, a		and the second s	
C. No	bhammann marri	jutung mangs mac r meeu	
X. Patient unable to respond	, married - 1, 1981 - 1, 1		***************************************
Y. Patient declines to respond			
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# Segilon A Administrative Information (Continued)

PATIENT H	IISTORY				
PRIMARY REASON FOR HOME HEALTH ADMISSION: (review Face-to-Fac Patient presents with impaired mobility, self care deficit, activity intolerance decline. Patient is alert, oriented, forgetful and confused at times. Patient den tolerance, SOB with moderate exertion. Knowledge deficit related to disease proper nutrition and hydration. Pain in multiple locations, interfering with functions.	/t altered cardlova nonstrates fatigue process, medicat	/weakness, m ions compliant	alaise, lack of ce and manag	energy, low l ement, pain i	evel of activity
PERTINENT HISTORY AND/OR PREVIOUS OUTCOMES:  ■Hypertension				rine CA	)
■Surgery □Procedure(s) expected in future: •No ○Yes If yes, expected in future: •No	olain:				
VITAL SIGNS:	Blood Pressure:	Left *	○ Right 🍇	Sitting/Lying	Standing
Temperature: 97.3 F Oral Temporal/Forehead	At rest	142/ 83			
ORectal OAxillary OTympanic	With activity				
Pulse: Apical Brachial ORegular Olrregular .	Post activity				
Radiai 72 Carotid		1			
Pulse Oximetry: at rest 97 % after activity%					
(specify activity):					
Respirations: 18			οιτεα		
IMMUNIZATIONS: Within the past 12 months: Iminfluenza (specifically)	this year's flu seas	son)			
According to immunization guidelines:  Pneumonia Tetanus Shingles Hepatitis C	Other				
Needs:					
Last COVID-19 Vaccination: Initial vaccine series	□Booster: ○	lst ○2nd ○	)3rd ()4th (	)5th	
Medical restrictions or personal preferences impac		-		<del>-</del>	
· · ·	<del>*</del>				
	507 J. 1844	( 124,000 T	0 30 % Supples - 10 - 50 -		Process with with a community
M1000. From which of the following Inpatient Facilities was the	patient dischar	ged within th	ne past 14 da	ys?	TOTAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON ADDRESS OF
Check all that apply					
「製口袋」1. Long-term nursing facility (NF)					<u> </u>
2. Skilled nursing facility (SNF/TCU)		·			
3. Short-stay acute hospital (IPPS)					
4. Long-term care hospital (LTCH)					
رَّهُ اللَّهِ 5. Inpatient rehabilitation hospital or unit (IRF)					
6. Psychiatric hospital or unit		····			
7. Other (specify)	<		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		
NA Patient was not discharged from an inpatient facility -	→ Skip to B0200, F	learing at SOC	,		
Skip to B1300, Health Literacy at ROC					
Name of Inpatient facility(les):					
M1005; Inpatient Discharge Date (most recent)	A Second		Mari sak	, w. 1	
UK – Unknown or Not Available  Month/Day/Year					
No inpatient admission. Note: Observation stays are NOT an inpatie	ent stay.				

£ \*4;

Patient					
SegionB Hearing, Speech, and Vision ু	And the second s				
B0200. Hearing (2)	and the second s				
Ability to hear (with hearing aid or hearing appliances if normally used)  0. Adequate – no difficulty in normal conversation, social interaction  1. Minimal difficulty – difficulty in some environments (e.g., when Moderate difficulty – speaker has to increase volume and speak 3. Highly impaired – absence of useful hearing	person speaks softly, or setting is noisy)				
EARS: ■No Problem	sid: R L Vertigo Tinnitus: R L  s If yes, explain:				
B1000. Vision @	www.no.no.				
Ability to see in adequate light (with glasses or other visual appliances)  0. Adequate – sees fine detail, such as regular print in newspapers/ 1. Impaired – sees large print, but not regular print in newspapers/ 2. Moderately impaired – limited vision; not able to see newspape 3. Highly impaired – object identification in question, but eyes app 4. Severely impaired – no vision or sees only light, colors or shapes	books r headlines but can identify objects bear to follow objects				
EYES:  No Problem  PERRLA  Pupils unequal  Glasses  Contacts:  R	ipheral vision: R L Prosthesis: R L Infections:				
NOSE: No Problem					
B1300. Health Literacy (From Creative Commons®)					
How often do you need to have someone help you when you read instructions, pamphlets, or other written material from your doctor or pharmacy?  Enter Code 0. Never 1. Rarely 2. Sometimes 3. Often 4. Always 7. Patient declines to respond 8. Patient unable to respond The Single Item Literacy Screener is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution Noncommercia	LEARNING BARRIER(S):  No Problem  Mental Health Disability Psychosocial Physical Functional Cognition Unable to: Read Write Educational level: See page 4 for Language Barrier(s)  4.0 International License.				
COMMUNICATION					
Understanding of verbal content in patient's own language (with hearing aid or dev OUnderstands: clear comprehension without cues or repetitions  OUsually	ice): Understands: Requires cues at times Never Understands				
OPatient nonresponsive or unable to speak	OHelper must make call for patient				

C0100. Should Brief Interview for Mental Status (C0200-C0500) be Conducted? Attempt to conduct interview with all patients. 1000

Enter Code 1 💌

- No (patient is rarely/never understood) → Skip to C1310, Signs and Symptoms of Delirium (from CAM©)
- Yes → Continue to C0200, Repetition of Three Words

#### Brief Interview for Mental Status (BIMS)

### C0200. Repetition of Three Words 🔘 💮 🛸

Enter Code 3▼

Ask patient: "I am going to say three words for you to remember. Please repeat the words after I have said all three. The words are: sock, blue, and bed. Now tell me the three words."

Number of words repeated after first attempt

- 0. None
- 1. One
- 2. Two
- 3. Three

After the patient's first attempt, repeat the words using cues ("sock, something to wear; blue, a color; bed, a piece of furniture"). You may repeat the words up to two more times.

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## C0300: Temporal Orientation (Orientation to year, month, and day)

Enter Code

Ask patient: "Please tell me what year it is right now."

- A. Able to report correct year
  - 0. Missed by > 5 years or no answer
  - 1. Missed by 2-5 years
  - 2. Missed by 1 year
  - 3. Correct

Enter Code **2** 

Ask patient: "What month are we in right now?"

- Able to report correct month
  - 0. Missed by > 1 month or no answer
    - 1. Missed by 6 days to 1 month
    - 2. Accurate within 5 days

Enter Code

Ask patient: "What day of the week is today?"

- C. Able to report correct day of the week
  - 0. Incorrect or no answer
  - 1. Correct

### C0400. Recall D



Ask patient: "Let's go back to an earlier question. What were those three words that I asked you to repeat?" If unable to remember a word, give cue (something to wear; a color; a piece of furniture) for that word.

Marie Land Congression

- A. Able to recall "sock"
  - 0. No could not recall
  - 1. Yes, after cueing ("something to wear")

2.40年6月17日

2. Yes, no cue required



- Able to recall "blue"
  - 0. No could not recall
  - 1. Yes, after cueing ("a color")
  - Yes, no cue required

Enter Code

Enter Score

1 🔀

- Able to recall "bed"
  - 0. No could not recall
  - Yes, after cueing ("a piece of furniture")
  - Yes, no cue required

### C0500. BIMS Summary Score 🖔 🚱 📑



Add scores for questions C0200-C0400 and fill in total score (00-15) Enter 99 if the patient was unable to complete the interview

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## **Patterns** (Continued)

C1310. Signs and Symptoms of Deli	rium (from C	AM			
Code after completing Brief Interview for	Mental Status a	and r			
A. Acute Onset of Mental Status Chang	e 🕲		The state of the s		
Is there evidence of an acute 0. No 1. Yes	change in me	ntal	status from the patient's baseline?		
•	↓ Ente	r Coc	des in Boxes 🔞		
Coding: 0. Behavior not present		8.	<b>Inattention</b> – Did the patient have difficulty focusing attention, for example, being easily distractible or having difficulty keeping track of what was being said?		
<ol> <li>Behavior continuously present, does not fluctuate</li> </ol>	ously present,  C. Disorganized thinking – Was the patient's thinking disorganized or incohere  (rambling or irrelevant conversation, unclear or illogical flow of ideas or				
<ol><li>Behavior present, fluctuates (comes and goes, changes in severity)</li></ol>			Altered level of consciousness – Did the patient have altered level of consciousness, as indicated by any of the following criteria?  • vigilant – startled easily to any sound or touch  • lethargic – repeatedly dozed off when being asked questions, but responded to voice or touch		

Adapted from: Inouye SK, et al. Ann Intern Med. 1990; 113: 941-948. Confusion Assessment Method. Copyright 2003, Hospital Elder Life Program, LLC. Not to be reproduced without permission.

M1700: Cognitive Functioning
Patient's current (day of assessment) level of alertness, orientation, comprehension, concentration, and immediate memory for simple commands.

Enter Code

- Alert/oriented, able to focus and shift attention, comprehends and recalls task directions independently.
- Requires prompting (cueing, repetition, reminders) only under stressful or unfamiliar conditions.
- Requires assistance and some direction in specific situations (for example, on all tasks involving shifting of attention) or consistently requires low stimulus environment due to distractibility.

comatose - could not be aroused

- Requires considerable assistance in routine situations, is not alert and oriented or is unable to shift attention and recall directions more than half the time.
- Totally dependent due to disturbances such as constant disorientation, coma, persistent vegetative state, or delirium

### M1710. When Confused

(Reported or Observed Within the Last 14 Days): \$5

# Enter Code

- 0.
- In new or complex situations only 1.
- 2, On awakening or at night only
- During the day and evening, but not constantly 3.
- Constantly 4.
- NA Patient nonresponsive

#### M1720. When Anxious

(Reported or Observed Within the Last 14 Days):

## Enter Code

- 0. None of the time
- 1. Less often than daily

stuporous - very difficult to arouse and keep aroused for the interview

- Daily, but not constantly 2.
- All of the time 3.
- NA Patient nonresponsive

	NEUROLOGICAI	LSTATUS	
No Problem  Diagnosed disorder(s) of neurological Depression	ıl system (type):		
☐ History of a traumatic brain injury ☐ History of headaches ☐ History of seizures ☐ Tremors: ☐ At Rest ☐ With volus ☐ Spasms (for example; back, bladde	-	(Type): (Type): (Type):	
Dominant side: ORight OLeft	<u> </u>	Paraplegia Yes If yes, explain:	☐Quadriplegia/Tetraplegia

D0150. Patient Mood Interview (PHQ-2 to 9)	理方面,但是A.斯、智能。w
Say to patient: "Over the last 2 weeks, have you been bothered by any of the following problems	;? <u>"</u>
If symptom is present, enter 1 (yes) in column 1, Symptom Presence.  If yes in column 1, then ask the patient: "About how often have you been bothered by this?"  Read and show the patient a card with the symptom frequency choices. Indicate response in column 2, Sympt	om Frequency.
1. Symptom Presence (2) O. No (enter 0 in column 2) O. Yes (enter 0-3 in column 2) O. Never or 1'day O	Symptom Symptom Presence Frequency  I Enter Scores In I Boxes
A. Little interest or pleasure in doing things	
B. Feeling down, depressed, or hopeless	
If either D0150A2 of D0150B2 is coded 2 of 3, CONTINUE asking the questions below. If not, END the PHQ integral	view.
C. Trouble falling or staying asleep, or sleeping too much	
D. Feeling tired or having little energy	
E. Poor appetite or overeating	
F. Feeling bad about yourself – or that you are a failure or have let yourself or your family down	
G. Trouble concentrating on things, such as reading the newspaper or watching television	
H. Moving or speaking so slowly that other people could have noticed. Or the opposite – being so fidgety or restless that you have been moving around a lot more than usual	
l. Thoughts that you would be better off dead, or of hurting yourself in some way	
Copyright® Pfizer Inc. All rights reserved. Reproduced with permission.	
D0160: Total Severity Score	The state of the s
Add scores for all frequency responses in Column 2, Symptom Frequency. Total score must be unable to complete interview (i.e., Symptom Frequency is blank for 3 or more required items)	between 00 and 27. Enter 99 if
D0700. Social Isolation How often do you feel lonely or isolated from those around you?	
Enter Code 0. Never 1. Rarely 2. Sometimes 3. Often 4. Always 7. Patient declines to respond 8. Patient unable to respond	
Section E Behavior - **	and the state of the state of
M1740 Cognitive, Behavioral, and Psychiatric Symptoms that are demonstrated at least once	week (Reported or Observed):
↓ Check all that apply	
1. Memory deficit: failure to recognize familiar persons/places, inability to recall events of past significant memory loss so that supervision is required	24 hours,
2. Impaired decision-making: failure to perform usual ADLs or IADLs, inability to appropriately jeopardizes safety through actions	stop activities,
3. Verbal disruption: yelling, threatening, excessive profanity, sexual references, etc.	
4. <b>Physical aggression:</b> aggressive or combative to self and others (for example, hits self, throw dangerous maneuvers with wheelchair or other objects)	s objects, punches,
5. Disruptive, infantile, or socially inappropriate behavior (excludes verbal actions)	
Delusional, hallucinatory, or paranoid behavior	

7. None of the above behaviors demonstrated

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Seguon E Demor r (Continu	ed) 🐛		<i>5</i> .		A G
M1745: Frequency of Disruptive Behavior Sy Any physical, verbal, or other disruptive/dangerous s	mptoms (Report ymptoms that are i	ed or Observed): njurious to self or o	others or jeopardize	personal safety:	
Emer Code 0. Never 1. Less than once a month 2. Once a month 3. Several times each month 4. Several times a week 5. At least daily					
	MENTA	L STATUS			
Has there been a sudden/acute change in their menta medication change, a fall, the loss of a loved one or a Patient is well nourished, well developed, alert, pleasar shifting of attention.	change in their livin	ig arrangements et	c. ONo OYes Ify	es, explain:	•
Mental status changes reported by: ☐Patient ☐Car	egiver <b>\_</b> Represen	tative			NH.L.
		OSOCIAL			
Spiritual Cultural implications that impact care	Explain:				
Spiritual resource:	T. U.S 12 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14 - 14		Phone N	Vo	
Marital status: Osingle Married Divorced of Feelings/emotions the patient reports when asked:  Depressed Helpless Content Happy Inability to cope with altered health status as evider  Evidence of: Abuse Neglect Exploitation: MSW referral made: Oyes No Other intervention Are there any psychosocial barriers that may affect or No evidence of abuse, neglect or exploitation noted	N/A - Nothing rep  Hopeful ■Mot inced by: □Lack of □Unreali Potential ○Actual on:	ivated Other: a motivation stic expectations Verbal Emo	nxious/ confused at Inability to rec Denial of prob otional Physical	times ognize problems lems	
Section F Preferences for Cu	istomary Ro	outine Activ	vities :	g g y	
See page 3 for hours/days a caregiver is available to p		here is no set sche	dule for availability)	and types of assis	tance provided.
M1100. Patient Living Situation Which of the following best describes the patient's re	sidential circumsta				
		Ava	ilability of Assista		
Living Arrangement	Around the Clock	Regular Daytime	Regular Nighttime	Occasional/ Short-Term Assistance	No Assistance Available
			Check only one box	<del>(                                    </del>	
A. Patient lives alone	019 4 4	02.	<u>™</u> □ 03		05
B. Patient lives with other person(s) in the home	<b>■</b> .06.	07°°'	☐ 08:3 <sub>06</sub>	09***	
Patient lives in congregate situation (for example, assisted living, residential care home)	11 2 AS	12	□ vis ······	<sup>1</sup> 4 □ 14 □	<u> </u>
M2102. Types and Sources of Assistance Determine the ability and willingness of non-agency provide assistance for the following activities, if assist	ance is needed. Exc	ludes all care by yo	lends, or privately pour agency staff.	ald caregivers) to	
Enter Code f. Supervision and safety (due to cog 0. No assistance needed – patie 1. Non-agency caregiver(s) curr 2. Non-agency caregiver(s) need 3. Non-agency caregiver(s) are i 4. Assistance needed, but no no	nt is independent ently provide assi d training/suppor not likely to provi	or does not have stance tive services to pr de assistance OR i	ovide assistance	will provide assis	tance

# 

CARE PREFERENCES/PATIENT'S PERSONAL GOALS
Did the Patient Representative Other: PCG communicate care preferences that involve the home health services provided? For example, preferred visit times or days, etc. ONo OYes If yes, list preferences:  Care preferences will be coordinated between patient/PCG and involved disciplines.
Did the Patient Representative Other: PCG communicate any specific personal goal(s) the patient would like to achieve from this home health admission? For example, in the future they would like to shop at the mall, shop for their own food or
go to a family wedding etc. ONO OYes  If yes, the Patient Representative Other: PCG discussed/communicated about the goal(s) with the assessing clinician and:
<ul> <li>Agreed their personal goal(s) was realistic based on the patient's health status.</li> <li>Agreed their personal goal(s) needed to be modified based on the patient's health status.</li> </ul>
Agreed to and identified actions/interventions the patient is willing to safely implement, so the patient will be able to meet their goal(s) by the anticipated discharge date.
■The ■Patient ☐Representative ■Other: PCG helped write a measurable goal(s), understandable to all stakeholders.  ■The ■Patient ☐Representative ■Other: PCG was informed, appeared to understand and agreed the personal goal(s) would be added to the patient's individualized plan of care and submitted to the physician responsible for reviewing and signing the plan of care.  ☐Other:
Resumption of Care: ONo change(s) OGoal(s) changed List all the patient's goal(s) and indicate if E-Existing, N-New, M-Modified existing or D-Discontinued
Note: The IMPACT Act requires HHAs to take into account patient goal(s) and preferences in discharge and transfer planning. This process starts upon admission/resumption of care.
STRENGTHS/LIMITATIONS
Identify the patient's strengths and weaknesses based upon the patient's comprehensive assessment (psychosocial, cognitive, mental status and functional status).  Patient's daily pain in multiple locations, poor balance, poor safety awareness poor concentration, forgetfulness, muscle weakness limit patient's ability to return to independent level of care.
Patient/PCG is motivated to be involved in care planning process, demonstrated eagerness to learn regarding disease process and its management to achieve optimal stabilization of health status.
•
· ·
Note: CMS is looking for potential issues that may complicate or interfere with the delivery of the HHA services and the patient's ability to participate in his or her own plan of care.

# Section F Preferences for Customary Routine Activities (Continued)

STRENGTHS/LIMITATIONS (Continued)						
Does the patient's limitation(s) affect their safety and/or progress? ONo OYes If yes, explain:  Pain in multiple locations, affecting level of functioning, risk for falls, weakness, Impaired balance/gait, fatigue						
,						
Indications for Home Health Aides:   No OYes ORefused Order obtained:   No OYes						
Reason for need:						
LIVING ARRANGEMENTS/SUPPORTIVE ASSISTANCE						
Safety Measures:						
■Bleeding precautions □O₂ precautions □Selzure precautions □Fall precautions □Aspiration precautions □Selzure precautions □Fall precautions □Lock w/c with transfers						
☐ Infection control measures ☐ Walker/cane ☐ Other: 911 ER protocol, standart precautions						
Is there a need for a Fall Risk Plan? ONO @Yes Safety plan(s) indicated? ONO @Yes						
Patient identified to be at high risk for falls. SN to provide skilled assessment, identify and mitigate risk factors, provide instruction and reinforcement of teaching to prevent falls/injury. SN to instruct patient/care						
Comments:						
In advantation of Advance - I. Provide of Charles I and the lateral and the la						
Instructions/Materials Provided (Check all applicable items)  ■Rights and Responsibilities ■State hotline number □Advance directives □Do not resuscitate (DNR)						
■HIPAA Notice of Privacy Practices ■OASIS Privacy Notice ■Emergency planning in the event service is disrupted						
Agency phone number/after-hours number    When to contact physician and/or agency   Standard precautions/handwashing						
■ Medication regimen/administration ■ Administrator's contact information						
©Copy of Rights & Responsibilities and transfer/discharge policies to Representative (HHA has 4 business days)						
Other:						
EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS CARE PLANNING						
Complete this section per agency policy for applicable activities completed during this visit (check all that apply).						
functional, medical condition, psychosocial situation, cognitive, mental status and any significant care needs.  (Note: Record the code on the front of this form and other places per agency policy)						
Dobtained the patlent's emergency contact number(s) for the medical record						
Discussed the HHA's plans for supporting their patients during a natural or man-made disaster						
■Discussed patient specific emergency planning options						
Discussed the development of the patient's individualized emergency preparedness plan of care, including self-care readiness and the procedure to follow up with the HHA in the event services are interrupted						
Educational materials provided to suggest/assist with emergency management/decision making priorities						
EList of local and state approved evacuation routes and community shelters relevant to the patient's specific geographic location						
■ Written materials to restate/reinforce the emergency preparedness procedures given to the  ■ Patient Representative (if any) Caregiver Other: PCG						
Comments:						

## পুৰোত্য ৰি 🤍 Functional Status

M1800. Grooming

Current ability to tend safely to personal hygiene needs (specifically: washing face and hands) hair care, shaving or make up, teeth. or denture care, or fingernall care): 



- Able to groom self unaided, with or without the use of assistive devices or adapted methods.
- Grooming utensils must be placed within reach before able to complete grooming activities. 1.
- 2. Someone must assist the patient to groom self.
- Patient depends entirely upon someone else for grooming needs. 3.

M18 10. Current Ability to Dress Upper Body safely (with or without dressing aids) including undergarments, pullovers, frontopening shirts and blouses, managing zippers, buttons, and snaps. A. St.



- Able to get clothes out of closets and drawers, put them on and remove them from the upper body without assistance.
- Able to dress upper body without assistance if clothing is laid out or handed to the patient.
- 2. Someone must help the patient put on upper body clothing.
- Patient depends entirely upon another person to dress the upper body.

M1820. Current Ability to Dress Lower Body safely (with or without dressing aids) including undergarments; slacks; socks or nylons, shoes. 🚉 



- Able to obtain, put on, and remove clothing and shoes without assistance. 0.
- Able to dress lower body without assistance if clothing and shoes are laid out or handed to the patient. 1.
- Someone must help the patient put on undergarments, slacks, socks or nylons, and shoes. 2,
- Patient depends entirely upon another person to dress lower body.

## M1830: Bathing

Current ability to wash entire body safely. Excludes grooming (washing face, washing hands, and shampooing hair).



- Able to bathe self in shower or tub independently, including getting in and out of tub/shower.
- With the use of devices, is able to bathe self in shower or tub independently, including getting in and out of the tub/shower.
- Able to bathe in shower or tub with the intermittent assistance of another person:
  - for intermittent supervision or encouragement or reminders, OR
  - to get in and out of the shower or tub, OR
  - for washing difficult to reach areas.
- Able to participate in bathing self in shower or tub, but requires presence of another person throughout the bath for assistance or supervision.
- Unable to use the shower or tub, but able to bathe self independently with or without the use of devices at the sink, in chair, or on commode.
- Unable to use the shower or tub, but able to participate in bathing self in bed, at the sink, in bedside chair, or on commode, with the assistance or supervision of another person.
- Unable to participate effectively in bathing and is bathed totally by another person.

#### M1840. Toilet Transferring

Current ability to get to and from the tollet or bedside commode safely and transfer on and off tollet/commode.



- Able to get to and from the toilet and transfer independently with or without a device.
- 1. When reminded, assisted, or supervised by another person, able to get to and from the toilet and transfer.
- Unable to get to and from the toilet but is able to use a bedside commode (with or without assistance). 2.
- Unable to get to and from the toilet or bedside commode but is able to use a bedpan/urinal independently. 3,
- Is totally dependent in toileting.

M1845. Toileting Hygiene Gurrent ability to maintain perineal hygiene safely, adjust clothes and/or incontinence pads before and after using tollet. commode, bedpan, urinal, if managing ostolny, includes cleaning area around stoma, but not managing equipment.



- Able to manage toileting hygiene and clothing management without assistance. 0.
- Able to manage toileting hygiene and clothing management without assistance if supplies/implements are laid out for 1. the patient.
- Someone must help the patient to maintain tolleting hygiene and/or adjust clothing.
- Patient depends entirely upon another person to maintain toileting hygiene.

aproperty of the second

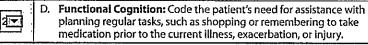
## <u> Section GC</u> Functional Abilities and Goals

GG0100. Prior Functioning: Everyday Activities Indicate the patient's usual ability with everyday activities prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury. 1 Enter Codes in Boxes Coding: A. Self-Care: Code the patient's need for assistance with bathing, dressing, Independent - Patient completed all the activities by themself, with or without an assistive device, with no assistance from a

- Needed Some Help Patient needed partial assistance from another person to complete any activities,
- Dependent A helper completed all the activities for the patient.
- 8. Unknown
- Not Applicable

	using the toilet, and eating prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury.
 В.	Indoor Mobility (Ambulation): Code the patient's need for assistance

- with walking from room to room (with or without a device such as cane. crutch, or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury.
- Stairs: Code the patient's need for assistance with internal or external stairs (with or without a device such as cane, crutch, or walker) prior to the current illness, exacerbation, or injury.



# Functional Abilities and Goals (Continued)

GG0110. Indicate de	Price:	or Device Use	おいま
↓ Chec	k all	I that apply	
,	A.	Manual wheelchair	
	₿.	Motorized wheelchair and/or scooter	
	C.	Mechanical lift	
	D.	Walker	_
	E.	Orthotics/Prosthetics	
	Z.	None of the above	

### GG0130. Self-Care @ 1

GG0130: Self-Care (9) (Code the Patient's usual Performance at SOC/ROC for each activity using the 6-point scale. If activity was not attempted at SOC/ROC, code the reason. Code the patient's discharge goal(s) using the 6-point scale. Use of codes 07, 09, 10 or 88 is permissible to code discharge goal(s).

Safety and Quality of Performance - If helper assistance is required because patient's performance is unsafe or of poor quality, score according to amount of assistance provided.

Activities may be completed with or without assistive devices.

- 06. Independent Patient completes the activity by themself with no assistance from a helper.
- 05. Setup or clean-up assistance Helper sets up or cleans up; patient completes activity. Helper assists only prior to or following the activity.
- 04. Supervision or touching assistance Helper provides verbal cues and/or touching/steadying and/or contact guard assistance as patient completes activity. Assistance may be provided throughout the activity or intermittently.
- 03. Partial/moderate assistance Helper does LESS THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts, holds or supports trunk or limbs, but provides less than half the effort.
- 02. Substantial/maximal assistance Helper does MORETHAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts or holds trunk or limbs and provides more than half the effort.
- 01. Dependent Helper does ALL of the effort. Patient does none of the effort to complete the activity. Or, the assistance of 2 or more helpers is required for the patient to complete the activity.

### If activity was not attempted, code reason:

- 07. Patient refused
- 09. Not applicable Not attempted and the patient did not perform this activity prior to the current illness, exacerbation or injury.
- 10. Not attempted due to environmental limitations (e.g., lack of equipment, weather constraints)
- 88. Not attempted due to medical condition or safety concerns

1. 2. 2. Discharge Performance Goal	
↓ Enter Codes in Boxes ↓	·
04	A. Eating: The ability to use suitable utensils to bring food and/or liquid to the mouth and swallow food and/or liquid once the meal is placed before the patient.
	B. Oral Hygiene: The ability to use suitable items to clean teeth. Dentures (if applicable): The ability to insert and remove dentures into and from mouth, and manage denture soaking and rinsing with use of equipment.
	C. <b>Toileting Hygiene:</b> The ability to maintain perineal hygiene, adjust clothes before and after voiding or having a bowel movement. If managing an ostomy, include wiping the opening but not managing equipment.
	E. Shower/bathe self: The ability to bathe self, including washing, rinsing, and drying self (excludes washing of back and hair). Does not include transferring in/out of tub/shower.
	F. Upper body dressing: The ability to dress and undress above the waist; including fasteners, if applicable.
	G. Lower body dressing: The ability to dress and undress below the waist; including fasteners; does not include footwear.
	H. Putting on/taking off footwear: The ability to put on and take off socks and shoes or other footwear that is appropriate for safe mobility; including fasteners, if applicable.

# Section GG Functional Abilities and Goals (Continued)

## GG0170. Mobility 🔞 🦈 🐣

Code the patient's usual performance at SOC/ROC for each activity using the 6-point scale. If activity was not attempted at SOC/ROC, code the reason. Code the patient's discharge goal(s) using the 6-point scale. Use of codes 07, 09, 10 or 88 is permissible to code discharge goal(s)

#### Coding:

Safety and Quality of Performance - If helper assistance is required because patient's performance is unsafe or of poor quality, score according to amount of assistance provided.

Activities may be completed with or without assistive devices.

- 06. Independent Patient completes the activity by themself with no assistance from a helper.
- 05. Setup or clean-up assistance Helper sets up or cleans up; patient completes activity. Helper assists only prior to or following the activity.
- 04. **Supervision or touching assistance** ~ Helper provides verbal cues and/or touching/steadying and/or contact guard assistance as patient completes activity. Assistance may be provided throughout the activity or intermittently.
- 03. Partial/moderate assistance Helper does LESS THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts, holds or supports trunk or limbs, but provides less than half the effort.
- 02. **Substantial/maximal assistance** Helper does MORE THAN HALF the effort. Helper lifts or holds trunk or limbs and provides more than half the effort.
- 01. **Dependent** Helper does ALL of the effort. Patient does none of the effort to complete the activity. Or, the assistance of 2 or more helpers is required for the patient to complete the activity.

#### If activity was not attempted, code reason:

- 07. Patient refused
- 09. Not applicable Not attempted and the patient did not perform this activity prior to the current Illness, exacerbation or injury.
- 10. Not attempted due to environmental limitations (e.g., lack of equipment, weather constraints)
- 88. Not attempted due to medical condition or safety concerns

1. SOC/ROC Performance	2. Discharge Goal	
↓ Enter Code	es in Boxes \downarrow	
		A. Roll left and right: The ability to roll from lying on back to left and right side, and return to lying on back on the bed.
, 04 <b>T</b>	* OET	B. Sit to lying: The ability to move from sitting on side of bed to lying flat on the bed.
03	Of	C. Lying to sitting on side of bed: The ability to move from lying on the back to sitting on the side of the bed with no back support.
03	OE	D. <b>Sit to stand:</b> The ability to come to a standing position from sitting in a chair, wheelchair, or on the side of the bed.
		E. Chair/bed-to-chair transfer: The ability to transfer to and from a bed to a chair (or wheelchair).
04🖃		F. <b>Tollet transfer:</b> The ability to get on and off a tollet or commode.
		G. Car transfer: The ability to transfer in and out of a car or van on the passenger side. Does not include the ability to open/close door or fasten seat belt.
<b>0</b> 4 <b>⊠</b>		<ol> <li>Walk 10 feet: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 10 feet in a room, corridor, or similar space.         If SOC/ROC performance is coded 07, 09, 10, or 88, → Skip to GG0170M, 1 step (curb)</li> </ol>
		J. Walk 50 feet with two turns: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 50 feet and make two turns.
		K. Walk 150 feet: Once standing, the ability to walk at least 150 feet in a corridor or similar space.
		<ul> <li>Walking 10 feet on uneven surfaces: The ability to walk 10 feet on uneven or sloping surfaces (indoor or outdoor), such as turf or gravel.</li> </ul>
		M. 1 step (curb): The ability to go up and down a curb or up and down one step. If SOC/ROC performance is coded 07, 09, 10, or 88, → Skip to GG0170P, Picking up object.
0:🔄	. O 💌	N. 4 steps: The ability to go up and down four steps with or without a rail.  If SOC/ROC performance is coded 07, 09, 10, or 88, → Skip to GG0170P, Picking up object.
<b>01</b>		O. 12 steps: The ability to go up and down 12 steps with or without a rail.

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Patient Name	and the same of th		IE		
Section GC   Functional Ab	oilities and Goals	(Continued)	i san ni		; * *
GG0170. Mobility – Continued 0	W. Ta Ac	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1. 2. SOC/ROC Discharge Performance Goal:	·				
P. Picking	up object: The ability to be on, from the floor.	nd/stoop from a standing p	osition to pick	up a small	object, such
Q.	Does the patient use who 0. No $\rightarrow$ Skip to M1600, Ui 1. Yes $\rightarrow$ Continue to GGO	rinary Tract Infection 0170R, Wheel 50 feet with t			
	<b>50 feet with two turns:</b> Onc ke two turns.	e seated in wheelchair/scoc	oter, the ability	to wheel at	least 50 feet
RR1	. Indicate the type of whee 1. Manual 2. Motorized	elchair or scooter used.			
	<b>150 feet:</b> Once seated in whe	eelchair/scooter, the ability	to wheel at lea	st 150 feet	n a
SS1.	Indicate the type of when 1. Manual 2. Motorized	elchair or scooter used.			
S	FUNCTIONAL	LIMITATIONS			•
☐Amputation ☐Bowel/Bladder (Incontinence) ☐Contracture ☐Hearing Prior transfer ability:	Paralysis ■Endurance ■Ambulation Speech	Legally blind Dyspnea with minimal Other (specify): SOB w/ Other (specify): weakner Prior social activity level:	moderate exer		
	MUSCULO	SVELETAL			
☐No Problem	MOJCOLO	Has the patient had an an	noutation?	No OYes	If ves
Check all that apply:		☐below knee: ☐right	t 🔲 left 🔲 al		
Has patient had any past problems or injuries    bones? ONo OYes (note a problem cou		☐upper extremity: ☐  Other:	right □left		
for example: osteoporosis, tetanus or cancer) Hx of Osteoarthritis, Muscle weakness		When standing does the  Exaggerated forward  Rounded upper back	d curve of lumb	bar region	
Treatment received:		☐N/A patient can't sta Does the patient's postur		tivities? C	No OYes
Did the patient have any after effects/residua problem or injury reported? ONO •Yes If		If the patient has any of the affects their functional ab	hese condition	ns, specify w	_
Patient has pain associated with (check all the ■joints ■muscles □bones	at apply):				
Patient has (check all that apply):tinglingswellingcontracture(s) weakness ofatrophydecreased ROM					
Motor changes: ○No ○Yes If yes: ☐fine	□gross				
Hand grips: ●equal Ounequal  ☐strong: ☐R ☐L ■weak: ■R ■L					

Patient Name		_ II.	<u> </u>	THE STREET OF TH
Section GG   Functional Abilitie	es and Goals (Continued)	*** \( \frac{1}{2} \)	24	

FALL RISK ASSESSMENT	
MAHC 10 - FALL RISK ASSESSMENT TOOL	
REQUIRED CORE ELEMENTS – Assess one point for each core element "yes".  Information may be gathered from medical record, assessment and if applicable, the patient/caregiver,  Beyond protocols listed below, scoring should be based on your clinical judgment.	POINTS
Age 65+	
Diagnosis (3 or more co-existing) Includes only documented medical diagnosis.	▣
Prior history of falls within 3 months  An unintentional change in position resulting in coming to rest on the ground or at a lower level.	
Incontinence Inability to make it to the bathroom or commode in timely manner. Includes frequency, urgency, and/or nocturia.	
Visual impairment Includes but not limited to, macular degeneration, diabetic retinopathies, visual field loss, age related changes, decline in visual acuity, accommodation, glare tolerance, depth perception, and night vision or not wearing prescribed glasses or having the correct prescription.	■
Impaired functional mobility  May include patients who need help with IADLs or ADLs or have gait or transfer problems, arthritis, pain, fear of falling, foot problems, impaired sensation, impaired coordination or improper use of assistive devices.	■
Environmental hazards  May Include but not limited to, poor Illumination, equipment tubing, inappropriate footwear, pets, hard to reach items, floor surfaces that are uneven or cluttered, or outdoor entry and exits.	
Poly Pharmacy (4 or more prescriptions – any type)  All PRESCRIPTIONS including prescriptions for OTC meds. Drugs highly associated with fall risk include but not limited to, sedatives, anti-depressants, tranquilizers, narcotics, antihypertensives, cardiac meds, corticosteroids, anti-anxiety drugs, anticholinergic drugs, and hypoglycemic drugs.	
Pain affecting level of function Pain often affects an individual's desire or ability to move or pain can be a factor in depression or compliance with safety recommendations.	
Cognitive impairment  Could include patients with dementia, Alzheimer's or stroke patients or patients who are confused, use poor judgment, have decreased comprehension, impulsivity, memory deficits. Consider patient's ability to adhere to the plan of care.	
A score of 4 or more is considered at risk for falling	7 🔀
MAHC 10 reprinted with permission from Missouri Alliance for HOME CARE	

	· — · · · ·		
Section	`DI I - I	nd Bowel	
Section :	KIRAAAFR	ina Kawai	
	DIUUUCI U	IIIU DOWCI	

URINARY ELIMINATION						
No Problem	URINARY CATHETER: ■N/A					
Diagnosed disorder(s) of urinary system (type):	Type: Date last changed:					
OCCASIONAL STRESS INCONTINENCE	Indwelling catheter <u>changed</u> this visit. Size French					
	Indwelling catheter <u>inserted</u> this visit. SizeFrench					
(Check all applicable items) Observed Reported	OSingle balloon ODouble balloon					
☐Urgency ☐Frequency ☐Burning ☐Pain	Single/anchor balloon inflated withmL					
☐Hesitancy ☐Increased urination at night ☐Decreased urination	Second/tip balloon inflated with mL					
Color: •Yellow/straw OAmber OBrown/gray OPink/red tinged	OWithout difficulty OWith difficulty (explain):					
O0ther:						
Clarity: ■Clear □Cloudy □Sediment □Mucous						
Odor: ONo OYes	Irrigation solution: Type (specify):					
If the patient has incontinence, when does urinary incontinence occur?	AmountmL Frequency Returns					
ODuring the day only OTimed-voiding defers incontinence	Patient tolerated procedure well ONo OYes					
ODuring the day and night Occasional stress incontinence	Patient has suprapuble					
ODuring the night only	✓ Urostomy site (describe skin around stoma):					
■incontinence products/other: Diapers	The state of the s					
	Ostomy care managed by: Patient Caregiver Family Nurse					

W. All

Patient Nam							
Section B Bladder and Bowel (Continued)							
M1600. Has this patient been treated for a Urinary Tract Inf	fection in the past 14 days?						
Enter Code 0. No  1. Yes  NA Patient on prophylactic treatment  UK Unknown							
M1610: Urinary Incontinence or Urinary Catheter Presen							
EnterCode 0. No incontinence or catheter (includes anuria or or 1. Patient is incontinent Patient requires a urinary catheter (specifically:							
BOWE	L ELIMINATION						
□No Problem	Frequency of stools: every other day						
Diagnosed disorder(s) of GI system (type):	Bowel regimen/program: Regular						
	Laxative Enema use/frequency:						
■Constipation Diarrhea Hemorrhoids ■Last BM: 08/08/2023	☐Other:						
Bowel sounds: active 4 Quadrants absent RU LU hypoactive RL LL hyperactive Problem Tenderness Pain Distention: OHard OSoft Abdominal girth cm	☐Incontinence products/other: ☐Ileostomy ☐Colostomy site (describe skin around stoma): ☐Ostomy care managed by: ☐Patient ☐Caregiver ☐Family ☐Nurse						
Other:	Other:						
M1620 Bowel Incontinence Frequency	GENITALIA						
Enter Code  O. Very rarely or never has bowel incontinence  Less than once weekly  One to three times weekly  Four to six times weekly  On a daily basis  More often than once daily  NA Patient has ostomy for bowel elimination  UK Unknown	No Problem Not Assessed   □Discharge/Drainage: (describe): □Lesions   □Lesions □Blisters   □Masses □Cysts   □Inflammation   □Surgical alteration: ○Female to Male to Female   □Other: □Prostate problem:   □Prostate problem: □BPH   □TURP Date:   □Self-testicular exam Frequency   □Menopause □Hysterectomy   □Ate last PAP: Results:   □Breast self-exam Frequency   □ Date last exam:   □Nipple discharge: □R Date:      L Date:						
M1630. Ostomy for Bowel Elimination  Does this patient have an ostomy for bowel elimination that (within the last 14 days): a) was related to an impatient facility stay;  or b) necessitated a change in medical or treatment regimen?							
Enter Code: 0. Patient does <u>not</u> have an ostomy for bowel elimination. 1. Patient's ostomy was <u>not</u> related to an inpatient stay and did <u>not</u> necessitate change in medical or treatment regimen. 2. The ostomy <u>was</u> related to an inpatient stay or <u>did</u> necessitate change in medical or treatment regimen.							
Does the elimination bowel and/or bladder disorder(s) interfer if yes, explain:	ere/impact the patient's functional ability and/or safety? ONo OYes						
	:						

					,	,
Patient Na				IC		
Section   Active Diagnoses	Se .3. 43	ř.	\$	21.7	. %	, ,
M1021. Primary Diagnosis & M1023. Other Diagnoses.	Ñ.	1241	nation in		-x -g -9 Se - x	
Column 1  Diagnoses (Sequencing of diagnoses should reflect the seriousness of each condition and support the disciplines and services provided)				Column 2 ol rating for each conditi y not match the seguence		
Coding Instructions		sequenting	or triese ratings ma	y not mater the sequent	ing or the diagr	noses
<ul> <li>Column 1, Diagnoses:         <ul> <li>Enter the description of each diagnosis</li> <li>List each diagnosis for which the patient is receiving home</li> <li>Diagnoses are listed in the order that best reflects the serior</li> <li>Complete Column 1 from top to bottom, leaving any blank</li> <li>Order other diagnoses (M1023) according to the degree the degree of symptom control.</li></ul></li></ul>	usness entries, entries, ey impare for Tyenall that the high nultiple W, X, or Y and erlyin d Report	at the botto ct the patie pe 2 Diabet it is being tr ghest level of coding is in () may not b g condition	om.  nt's health and n  es that is "contro  eated, even if the  of specificity  dicated for any d  oe reported in M  can often be ent	eed for home health lled with difficulty" the fungal infection is "p lagnoses. 1021 (Primary Diagno ered in Column 2, as	care, rather the sis diagnosis woodly control siss) but may long as it is an	han the would be illed." be
M1021. Primary Diagnosis			, ,		. 4 3, *	- 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		[	V, W, >	(, Y codes NOT allow	ed	
a		a		0 1 2	□3 □4	
M1023. Other Diagnoses			D-10-CM codes	allowed  □0 □1 □2		
c	·······	- с.		□0 □1 □2	□3 □4	***************************************
d		d		□0 □1 □2	□3 □4	
e		·e.		□0 □1 □2	□3 □4	
f		f		<b>□</b> 0 <b>□</b> 1 <b>□</b> 2	□3 □4	

Complete g through y per agency policy for all pertinent secondary diagnose	s identified
g	g.
h	h
	f
j	j. [
k	k
I	I

m-y continued on next page

Patient n	A Z S A I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Innual
Section   Active Diagnoses (Continued)	**************************************	is a state of
M1023: Other Diagnoses (Continued)	All ICD-10-CM codes allowed	
m.	m.	
n.	n.	
O	o,	`
p	р.	
q	q	
r	r.	
S	s	
t	t	
u.	u.	
V	v	
w	w	
X	х.	
y	у.	
PERTINENT SURGICAL	PROCEDURE(S) N/A	
	and the state of t	Date: Date:
water and the state of the stat		Date:
The condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of		
M1028: Active Diagnoses: Comorbidities and Co-existing Co	nations (W )	
1. Peripheral Vascular Disease (PVD) or Peripheral Arte	rial Disease (PAD)	
2. Diabetes Mellitus (DM)		
3. None of the above		
ENDOCRINE/	HEMATOLOGY	
☐ No Problem   ☐ Diabetes: ○ Type 1 ○ Type 2   Other diabetes	Date of opents	■Diabatic diet
Oral medication Injectable medication When did	the nation first start using diabetic medication	n: Date:
Administered by: Patient Caregiver Nurse Fam		
Reports symptoms of: OHyperglycemia: Increased urination		
OHypoglycemia: ☐Sweats ☐Increased ht		
A1C% Patient reported Lab slip Date:	BS mg/dL Date: 1	ıme:
Blood sugar ranges: Reported by: Pati	ent Caregiver CFamily	
Monitored by: Patient OCaregiver Family Nurse OOther	•	
Frequency of monitoring:	Competency with use of Glucometer:	
□Disease Management Problems (explain):		
Other Endocrine or Hematology Issues: Hx of Hypothyroldism		

Section J	Health C	ondition	S 👫 🦫	* ** ***		~ } <sup>*</sup>	
	ing signs or symp	្រ toms characteri	įze this patient as at ris	šķ for hospitaliz	cation?		
↓ Check all tha							
			r any fall with an inju	<u> </u>		·	
·			al of 10 pounds or me		: 12 months		
<u> </u>			ore) in the past 6 mon			-	
			visits (2 or more) in th			<b></b>	
, E Don			ehavioral status in th				
o. Rep	ported or observ t, exercise) in the	ed nistory of a e past 3 month	lifficulty complying w	vitn any medic	al instructions (ro	r example, medicatio	ns,
	rrently taking 5 o						
	rrently reports ex					***************************************	
,	ner risk(s) not list	ted in 1-8					
10. Nor	ne of the above			VIII.	1,000		
See page 33 for sum	mary of risk facto	rs.	***************************************		PHAIL (471)		
			PAII	M			
Is patient experienc	ing pain? ONo	Vec Olinal	,	.4	l		
-				7Crvina □Gu	arding Firritabilit	ty □Anger □Tense [	Restlessness
		nge in vital sign				, Limiger Livenia .	
Self-assessment [			verbalize pain location,	level and chara	acter.		
			level of discomfort/pai	in did the patie	ent report is tolerab	le?	
Score:	Assessment	used:					
Check box to indica	ate which pain as	sessment was	used: ⊙Wong-Bak	ker OPAINA	D		
Pain Assessment	ा Site ।	Site 2	iii.	Intensity: (us	ing scales below)		
	LB	Multiple joints			Wong-Baker FACE	S* Pain Rating Scale**	
Location				(66)	(35) (35)	V (See) (See)	· CAS
Onset	4 💌	5 🔀		( <i>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>	$(\mathfrak{Z})$	<i></i> ノ(ギノ(ギ)	) (深)
Present lovel (0, 10)	3 🔀		<del></del>	NO HURT	HURTS HURTS	HURTS HURTS	HURTS
Present level (0-10)		4 🖾		<u> </u>	LITTLE BIT LITTLE MOF	RE EVEN MORE WHOLE LOT	
Worst pain gets (0-10)	5 🗺	6 💌		0	2 4	6 8	10
Best pain gets (0-10)	1 💌	2		No Pain	М	ioderate Pain	Worst Possible Pain
Pain description					ina. O EACES* Scale	e	
(aching, radiating,	radiating	aching				n D., Winkelstein M.L., Schwartz P.	=
throbbing, etc.)				Pediatric Nursing, ed	d. 6, St. Louis, 2001, p. 1301. c	Copyrighted by Mosby, Inc. Repri	
SERVICE MARK CONTRACTOR	SANGER ESSENCE OF THE		essment IN Advanc			POSTA - Transportation of the party and the second of the	
	· CAR AS TARR	0.2.2.3.3.4		Burn .		horod broathles	SCORE
Breathing Independent of Vocalize	noing No	ormal	Occasional labored by short periods of hyper		long period o	bored breathing, of hyperventilation or	
macpanian and a second			and ballone at 134-		Cheyne-S	tokes respirations	
Negative Vocalizati	ion N	one	Occasional moan/g			roubled calling out, Ing/groaning/crying	
Ti-1 Cui-u				_ , ,			
Facial Expression	5miling or	inexpressive	Sad/frightened/i			al grimacing nched, knees pulled up;	
Body Language	Rel	axed	Tense, distressed pacifi	ng/fidgeting		iched, knees pulled up; ing away/striking out	
Consolability		to console	Distracted or reassured b	<u> </u>		ole, distract or reassure	
**Total scores range from 0 = "no pain" to 10 = "sev	m 0 to 10 (based on a vere pain").	scale of 0 to 2 for	r five items), with a higher	score indicating r	nore severe pain	TOTAL**	
Instructions: Observe the current state of the persor changes in pain. Higher so	n's behavior. Add the s	score for each item t	ivity/with movement. For ea to achieve a total score. Mon	ach of the items inc nitor changes in the	luded in the PAINAD, sel total score over time an	lect the score (0, 1, or 2) that nd in response to treatment t	reflects the o determine

Note: Behavior observation scores should be considered in conjunction with knowledge of existing painful conditions and report from an individual knowledgeable of the person and their pain behaviors. Remember that some individuals may not demonstrate obvious pain behaviors or cues.

\*Reference: Warden, V, Hurley AC, Volicer, V. (2003). Development and psychometric evaluation of the Pain Assessment in Advanced Dementia (PAINAD) Scale. JAm Med Dir Assoc, 4:9-15. Developed at the New England Gerlatric Research Education & Clinical Center, Bedford VAMC, MA: Document updated 1,10.2013.

Section J Health Cor	nditions (Continued)	, at	4. **	ST A
J0510 Pain Effect on Sleep (4)				
	days, how much of the time has po e not had any pain or hurting in			th
J0520. Pain Interference with The		and the same of the same of the same		
	days, how often have you limited enot received rehabilitation the		abilitation therapy s	essions due to pain?"
J0530. Pain Interference with Day	to-Day Activities			- j <sub>e</sub> - ,
Ask patient: "Over the past 5 sessions) because of pain?"  1. Rarely or not at all 2. Occasionally 3. Frequently 4. Almost constantly 8. Unable to answer	days, how often you have limited	your day-to-day activitie	es ( <u>excluding</u> rehabili	tation therapy
	PAIN (Con	tinued)		
Which activities are affected: (Check all t  Functional cognition/focus  Trans  Stairs:  ascend  Does the pain interfere/impact the patie Pain in multiple locations interferes w/amb	sfers Hygiene Ambulation [ ting Toileting Appetite P nt's functional ability and/or safety	ositional changes 🔲 Oth	er:	■upper ■lower
What makes pain worse? Movement Is there a pattern to the pain? No		Other: <u>Position</u> ,		
What makes pain better? Heat lce Other: How often is breakthrough medication r				
Does the pain radiate? ONo Occasi Check all pharmacological classification  Analgesics Corticosteroid An  Antidepressant Narcotic Anti Comment:	onally OContinuously OIntermi s) based on the pain medication(s) tlanxiety DMARD Anticonv	ittent Current pain of the patient is receiving: ulsant Local anestheti	control medications a	dequate: ONo OYes

# SectionJ

# Health Conditions (Continued)

CARDIOPULMONARY	
Diagnosed disorder(s) of heart/respiratory system (type):	
HTN, HLD, Dysrhythmias, BLE edema	
, i	
Breath Sounds: (e.g., clear, crackles/rales, wheezes/rhonchi, diminished, absent)	
Anterior: Right <u>clear</u> Left <u>clear</u>	
Posterior: Right Upper <u>clear</u> <u>Left Upper clear</u>	
Right Lower clear Left Lower clear	
Labored breathing	
Non-smoker Has patient ever smoked in the past? ONo OYes If yes, date last smoked:	
OSmoker - frequency: ODaily Occasional Overy Occasional	
If daily, (include all types of products that are smoked or vaporized) how often:	—
Respiratory Treatments utilized at home: Oxygen: Ointermittent Ocontinuous Ventilator: Ocontinuous Oat night	
Positive airway pressure: Continuous bi-level O <sub>2</sub> @ LPM via cannula mask trach O <sub>2</sub> saturation%	
Trach size/type Who manages? Patient RN Caregiver For Intermittent treatments (e.g., cough & deep breath, medicated inhalation treatments, etc.) No Yes, explain:	ımııy
intermittent treatments (e.g., cough & deep breath, medicated innaiation treatments, etc.) Wivo Ores, explain:	
□Cough:   No OYes: OProductive ONon-productive describe:	
Positioning necessary for improved breathing: ONo OYes, describe:	
Heart Sounds: • Regular Oirregular Pacemaker: Date: Last date checked:	
Color of nail beds:	
Circulation N/A Non-Pitting Pitting Capillary Refil Extremity Cramp(s) (location):	
Edema Pedai Right O O O+1 O+2 O+3 O+4 O<3 sec O>3 sec	
Edema Pedal Left O O O+1 O+2 O+3 O+4 O<3 sec O>3 sec Dain at rest:	—
O O O+1 O+2 O+3 O+4 O<3 sec O>3 sec	
O O O+1 O+2 O+3 O+4 O<3 sec O>3 sec □Dependent:	***************************************
O O O+1 O+2 O+3 O+4 O<3 sec O>3 sec	
■ Disease Management Problems (explain):	
SN to assess cardiovascular status, identify any signs and symptoms of impaired cardiovascular function. SN to instruct patient on disease process	is,
including who to contact if signs and symptoms persist or worsen as well as dietary measures, medication management, activities permitted.	
M1400. When is the patient dyspheic of noticeably Short of Breath?	
Enter Code 0. Patient is not short of breath	
2 1. When walking more than 20 feet, climbing stairs	
2. With moderate exertion (for example, while dressing, using commode or bedpan, walking distances less than 20 feet)	
<ul> <li>3. With minimal exertion (for example, while eating, talking, or performing other ADLs) or with agitation</li> <li>4. At rest (during day or night)</li> </ul>	
Shortness of Breath:   Assessed OReported Explain how/when SOB happens (i.e., patient can't walk and talk at the same time in cold wea Patient becomes exhausted after ambulating 20 feet and must sit down to catch their breath.	ther)
Tooling orangered and ambalasing to lost the mast at down to determine broads.	
Does the patient's SOB affect their functional ability and/or safety? (i.e., patient becomes dizzy when ascending stairs) ONo OYes, explain:	
Sees the patients sees affect their functional ability after or safety: they patient becomes dizzy when ascending stails). Onto O less explain:	

₩;

Patient Section K Swallowing/Nutritional Status M1060: Height and Weight While measuring; If the number is X.1-X.4 round down; X,S,orgreater round up. ... 68 A. Height (in inches). Record most recent height measure since the most recent SOC/ROC inches: 🗽 B. Weight (in pounds). Base weight on most recent measure in last 30 days; measure weight consistently, according to 161 standard facility practice (e.g., in a.m. after voiding, before meal, with shoes off, etc.) >pounds Only enter a height/weight that has been directly measured by agency staff. Do not enter a height/weight that is self-reported or derived from documentation from another provider setting. If unable to weigh during this visit then: Weight within past 30 days found in documentation from:\_ ■ Patient Caregiver reported weight is: 161 pounds Reported weight changes: O Gain O Loss 19 lb. x 6 O week O month O year Changes are: OIntentional OUnintentional Based on general appearance, the patient appears: OUnderweight OAverage OOverweight OObese **NUTRITIONAL STATUS** ☐No Problem ☐General ■NAS ☐NPO ☐Controlled Carbohydrate ☐Renal ■Other: LOW FAT/ CHOLESTEROL Nutritional requirements (diet): CARDIAC DIET OIncrease fluids:\_\_\_\_\_amt. ORestrict fluids:\_\_\_\_amt. Nausea Vomiting: Frequency:\_\_\_\_ Appetite: OGood OFair OPoor Heartburn (food intolerance) Other: GERD Food/Environmental Allergies: 

N/A OKnown allergy(ies):\_ Alcohol Use: ONO OYes If yes, frequency: ODaily OOccasional OVery Occasional If daily, amount per day: INTERPRETATION OF ASSESSMENT Directions: Check each area with "yes" to assessment; then total score to determine additional risk YES 0-2 Good Has an illness or condition that changed the kind and/or amount of food eaten. **I**2 As appropriate reassess and/or provide information based on situation. **□**3 Eats fewer than 2 meals per day. Eats few fruits, vegetables or milk products.  $\square_2$ 3-5 Moderate risk Educate, refer, monitor and reevaluate based on patient Has 3 or more drinks of beer, liquor or wine almost every day. situation and organization policy. Has tooth or mouth problems that make it hard to eat.  $\square$ 2 6 or more High risk **1**4 Does not always have enough money to buy the food needed. Coordinate with physician, dietitian, social service professional or nurse about how to improve nutritional Eats alone most of the time. health. Reassess nutritional status and educate based Takes 3 or more different prescribed or over-the-counter drugs a day. **1** on plan of care. **=**2 Without wanting to, has lost or gained 10 pounds in the last 6 months. Reprinted with permission by the Nutrition Screening Initiative, a project of the Not always physically able to shop, cook and/or feed self. **1**2 American Academy of Family Physicians, the American Dietetic Association and the National Council on the Aging, Inc., and funded in part by a grant from Ross Products Division, Abbott Laboratories Inc. TOTAL Describe at risk intervention: \( \subseteq \mathbb{N}/\mathbb{A} SN instructed patient/pcg on proper nutrition and hydration If applicable, describe safety risk: \\_N/A Patient's current ability to plan and safely prepare light meals (for example, cereal, sandwich): O Able to Independently plan, prepare and reheat light meals • Is physically, cognitively, and mentally able to prepare light meals on a regular basis but has not routinely performed light meal preparation O <u>Unable</u> to prepare light meals due to physical, cognitive, or mental limitations O Unable to prepare or reheat any light meals

Patient Nan Skin Conditions ...\* . ... Section M **INTEGUMENTARY STATUS** ☐No Problem ☐ Itch ☐ Rash ☐ Dry ☐ Scaling ☐ Redness ☐ Bruises ☐ Ecchymosis Check all applicable conditions: Turgor: OGood OPoor Pallor Daundice Weeping Other (specify):\_ Anterior **Posterior** WOUND CARE: (Check all that apply) ■N/A Wound care done during this visit: ONo OYes Location(s) wound site: OFamily ORN OPT Oother:\_ Soiled dressing removed by: OPatient OCaregiver (name)\_ Wound cleaned with (specify): ■Wound dressing applied (specify): Dressing secured with (specify):\_ Wound Irrigated with (specify): Soiled dressing properly disposed of (per agency policy) Wound packed with (specify):\_ Patient tolerated procedure well: \(\int\) No \(\int\)Yes Comments: DIABETIC FOOT EXAM: (Gheck all that apply) N/A Done by: Patient Caregiver (name)\_ Family RN PT Other: Exam by clinician this visit: 

No OYes Integument findings: Pedal pulses: Present ☐right ☐left Absent ☐right ☐left Comment: Loss of sense of: Warm ☐right ☐left Cold ☐right ☐left Comment:\_ Comments:

could result in secondary wound infection) 

No OYes If yes, explain:

Does the patient's integumentary status affect the patient's functional ability and/or safety (i.e., patient has a high risk for skin tears that

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ບລ	***	nt	Λī	20	

ID	

# Section M Skin Conditions (Continued)

		INTEGUMENTARY S			
		WOUND/LESION	ASSESSMENT	ESTRICT SECTION	75.988年大學者世里
WOUND/LESION * / Date Originally Reported >	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5
Location , * **	R ankle	!			
Type  Include depth of infected surgical wound(s) in Size category below. Y	Malignancy Mechanical/Trauma Pressure ulcer Surgical* Oblalysis access Ovenous stasis ulcer	Arterial Oblabetic foot ulcer Malignancy Mechanical/Trauma Pressure ulcer Surgical* Oblalysis access Venous stasis ulcer Other:	O Arterial O Diabetic foot ulcer O Mallgnancy Mechanical/Trauma O Pressure ulcer O Surgical* O Dialysis access O Venous stasis ulcer IV O Other:	Arterial ODiabetic foot ulcer Malignancy Mechanical/Trauma Pressure ulcer Surgical* ODialysis access Venous stasis ulcer IV Other:	Arterial ODiabetic foot ulcer Malignancy Mechanical/Trauma Pressure ulcer Surgical* ODialysis access Venous stasis ulcer IV Other:
Size (cm) (LxWxD)	0,6 x 0,6				
Tunneling/Sinus Tract	lengthcm @oʻclock	lengthcm @oʻclock	lengthcm @oʻclock	lengthcm @oʻclock	lengthcm @oʻclock
Undermining (cm)		cm, from	cm, from	cm, from	cm, from too'clock
Stage (pressure ulcers only) Severity of Ulcer	Stage: OUnstageable OUnobservable ODTI	Stage:OUnstageable ODTI	Stage:OUnstageable	Stage:	Stage:OUnstageable ODTI
Lexcione biesznie niceral ***	☐ Bone necrosis	Skin only Fatty tissue Muscle Muscle Muscle necrosis Bone necrosis	Skin only Fatty tissue Muscle Muscle Muscle necrosis Bone necrosis	Skin only Fatty tissue Muscle Muscle Muscle necrosis Bone necrosis	Skin only Fatty tissue Muscle Bone Muscle necrosis Bone necrosis
	Other:	Other:	Other:	Other:	Other:
Odor	●No OYes	O No O Yes	O No O Yes	O No O Yes	O No O Yes
Sûrrounding Skin	Maceration	Erythema Induration Maceration Normal Other:	Erythema Induration Maceration Normal Other:	Erythema Induration Maceration Normal Other:	Erythema Induration Maceration Normal Other:
Edema					
Appearance of the Wound Bed	Slough%  Eschar%	Slough%  Eschar%  Granulation%  ONone OSmall	Slough%  Eschar%  Granulation%  ONone OSmall	Slough%  Eschar%  Granulation%  ONone OSmall	Slough%  Eschar%  Granulation%  None OSmall
Drainage/Amount	OModerate CLarge	OModerate OLarge	OModerate OLarge	OModerate OLarge	OModerate OLarge
Colors and the second s	OClear OTan OSerosanguineous OOther	OClear OTan Serosanguineous OOther	OClear OTan OSerosanguineous OOther	OClear OTan OSerosangulneous OOther	OClear OTan OSerosangulneous OOther
Consistency	OThin OThick	OThin OThick	OThin OThick	OThin OThick	OThin OThick
Incision Status	OWell Approximated Oincisional separation OPlanned secondary Intention	OWell Approximated Oincisional separation OPlanned secondary Intention	OWell Approximated Oincisional separation OPlanned secondary Intention	Owell Approximated Oincisional separation OPlanned secondary Intention	OWell Approximated Incisional separation Planned secondary Intention
Dialysis Access	OAV Grant Site:	OPD OAV Graft OAV Fistula Site:	OPD OAV Graft OAV Fistula Site:	OPD OAV Graft OAV Fistula Site:	OPD OAV Graft OAV Fistula Site:
		OPeripheral OPICC	OPeripheral OPICC	OPeripheral OPICC	OPeripheral OPICC
IV	OCentral:	OCentral:	OCentral:	OCentral:	OCentral:
Date Healed	# of lumens	# of lumens	# of lumens	# of lumens	# of lumens
Comments: Patient is see	<del>'</del>	figure for HH at t	this time		
Comments; ration to soc	at by podatulat. No apoor	IC Would care for the act	185 tang.		

## M1324. Stage of Most Problematic Unhealed Pressure Ulcer/Injury that is Stageable

Excludes pressure ulcer/injury that cannot be staged due to a non-removable dressing/device, coverage of Wound bed by slough and/or eschar, or deep tissue injury.

Enter Code

1. Stage 1

2 3 4 or more

- Stage 2 2.
- 3. Stage 3
- 4. Stage 4
- Patient has no pressure ulcers/injuries or no stageable pressure ulcers/injuries

#### M1330. Does this patient have a Stasis Ulcer?



- No → Skip to M1340, Surgical Wound
- 1. Yes, patient has BOTH observable and unobservable stasis ulcers
- Yes, patient has observable stasis ulcers ONLY 2.
- Yes, patient has unobservable stasis ulcers ONLY (known but not observable due to non-removable dressing/device) → Skip to M1340, Surgical Wound

## M1332. Current Number of Stasis Ulcer(s) that are Observable

Enter Code 

- 1. One
- 2. Two
- 3. Three
- 4. Four or more

### M1334. Status of Most Problematic Stasis Ulcer that is Observable

5 . T. A. L. L.



- Fully granulating
- 2. Early/partial granulation
- Not healing

1.

Patient Nam	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
Section M Skin Conditions (Continued)	
M1340. Does this patient have a Surgical Wound?	
<ol> <li>No → Skip to N0415, High-Risk Drug Classes: Use and Indication</li> <li>Yes, patient has at least one observable surgical wound</li> <li>Surgical wound known but not observable due to non-removed classes: Use and Indication</li> </ol>	vable dressing/device → Skip N0415, High-Risk Drug
M1342. Status of Most Problematic Surgical Wound that is Observab	le san de la company de la
Enter Code  1. Fully granulating  2. Early/partial granulation  3. Not healing	
Section N Medications	
N0415 High-Risk Drug Classes: Use and Indication (1)	The state of the s
Is taking     Check if the patient is taking any medications by pharmacological classification, not how it is used, in the following classes  Indication noted	
If Column 1 is checked, check if there is an indication noted for all	1. Is taking 2. Indication noted
medications in the drug class	↓ Check all that apply ↓
A. Antipsychotic	
E. Anticoagulant F. Antibiotic	
F. Antibiotic H. Opioid	
I. Antiplatelet	
J. Hypoglycemic (including insulin)	
Z. None of the above	
M2001. Drug Regimen Review @ Did a complete drug regimen review identify potential clinically significant medica	
<ul> <li>No – No issues found during review → Skip to M2010, Patient/C</li> <li>Yes – Issues found during review</li> <li>NA – Patient is not taking any medications → Skip to O0110, Sp</li> </ul>	pecial Treatments, Procedures, and Programs
Check if any of the following were identified: ☐Potential adverse effects ☐Drug r☐Significant drug interactions ☐Duplicate drug therapy ☐Non-compliance	eactions Ineffective drug therapy Isignificant side effects with drug therapy IHIgh-risk drugs
M2003. Medication Follow-up (0) Did the agency contact a physician (or physician-designee) by midnight of the nex sprescribed/recommended actions in response to the identified potential clinically	ct calendar day and complete significant medication issues?
Enter Code 0. No 1. Yes	
Olf yes, coded for M2001 and M2003 OR Olf yes, coded for M2001 and no for Machine Then see: Orders Communication documentation (per agency policy)	12003
M2010. Patient/Caregiver High-Risk Drug Education Has the patient/caregiver received instruction on special precautions for all high-ri anticoagulants, etc.) and how and when to report problems that may occur?	isk medications (such as hýpoglýcemics,
Enter Code 0, No 1 Yes NA Patient not taking any high-risk drugs OR patient/caregiver f with all high-risk medications	ully knowledgeable about special precautions associated
Instructed Patient Caregiver Other: PCG	n high-risk drugs and associated special precautions

M2030. Management of Injectable Medications.

Patient's current ability to prepare and take all prescribed injectable medications reliably and safely including administration of correct dosage at the appropriate times/intervals. Excludes IV medications.

6. Able to independently take the correct medication(s) and proper dosage(s) at the correct times.

1. Able to take injectable medication(s) at the correct times if:

a. Individual syringes are prepared in advance by another person; OR

b. another person develops a drug diary or chart.

2. Able to take medication(s) at the correct times if given reminders by another person based on the frequency of the injection

3. Unable to take injectable medication unless administered by another person.

NA No injectable medications prescribed.

MEDICATIONS
Financial ability to pay for medications:   Yes  No If no, was MSW referral made?  Yes  No/comment:
Medication Allergies: ■No known medication allergies
INFUSION
■N/A
Does the patient have an IV? ONo OYes If yes, type(s):
If yes, number of site(s): Site location(s)
Total number of lumen(s):
Insertion date(s): Flush solution/frequency:
Lumen(s) patent: OYes ONo If no, explain:
□N/A not flushed Injection cap change frequency:
Dressing change during visit: ONo OYes Dressing change frequency:
Sterile □Clean Performed by: □Patient □RN □Caregiver □Family □Other:
Site/skin condition: External catheter length cm
Other:
Does the patient require any assistance with any medication(s)? ONo OYes If yes, who helps and what do they do:
7 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15
PICC Specific: Circumference of arm cm X-ray verification: ONo OYes
IVAD Port Specific: Reservoir: OSingle ODouble Huber gauge/length: Accessed: ONo OYes, date:
Epidural/Intrathecal Access:
Site/skin condition:
Infusion solution (type/volume/rate):
Pump: (type, specify):
Administered by: Patient Caregiver Nurse Family Other:

Patient Na.	
INFUSION (Continued)	
Purpose of Intravenous Access: Antibiotic therapy Pain control Lab draws Chemotherapy N Parenteral nutrition Other: Infusion care provided during visit: No Yes	laintain venous access Hydration
Interventions/Instructions/Comments:	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Section 0 Special Treatment, Procedures, and Programs ,	to the second se
O0110. Special Treatments, Procedures, and Programs ①  Check all of the following treatments, procedures, and programs that apply on admission.	a, On Admission Check all that apply
Cancer Treatments	I MARTIN OF SPECIES WITH STATE
A1. Chemotherapy	
A2. IV	
A3. Oral	
A10. Other	
B1. Radiation	
Respiratory Therapies	market & Charlet Land *
C1. Oxygen Therapy	
C2. Continuous	
C3. Intermittent	
C4. High-concentration	
D1. Suctioning D2. Scheduled	
D3. As Needed	As a drag to the last of the l
E1. Tracheostomy care	
F1. Invasive Mechanical Ventilator (ventilator or respirator)	
G1. Non-invasive Mechanical Ventilator	
G2. BIPAP	
G3. CPAP	
Other	
H1. IV Medications	
H2. Vasoactive medications	
H3. Antibiotics	
H4. Anticoagulation	N Silver A S
H10. Other	Silver - Description
11. Transfusions	· 1,2 % 1,4 % 1,5
J1. Dialysis	
J2. Hemodialysis	
J3. Peritoneal dialysis	
O1. IV Access	
O2. Peripheral	
O3. Mid-line	
O4. Central (e.g., PICC, tunneled, port)  None of the Above	
None of the Above	一点心。"  "一""我们现代中,在"有种"的特别

Z1. None of the Above

Patient Na

# Section O Special Treatment, Procedures, and Programs (Continued)

PATIENT/CAREGIVER/REPRESENTATIVE/FAMILY EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR CARE PLANNING (Continued)
■Patient ■Caregiver ☐Representative ☐Family needs further ■education ■training with items checked "Yes" on previous page
■ Patient ■ Caregiver  Representative  Family educated this visit for:  ■ Wound care  Diabetic foot exam  Diabetic care  Insulin administration  Glucometer use  Nutritional management  ■ Medication(s) administration: ■ Oral  Injected  Infused  Inhaled  Topical  ■ Pain management  Oxygen use  Use of medical devices  Catheter care  Trach care  Ostomy care  ■ Emergency Preparedness Plan  Infection control  S/S Report to agency  Patient's Rights  ■ Patient ■ Caregiver  Representative  Family made aware that  deducation  training will continue during follow-up visits as needed  Does the ■ Patient ■ Caregiver  Representative Family have an action plan when disease symptoms exacerbate (e.g., when to call the homecare nurse vs. emergency services):  No  Yes
Agency admission packet given, per agency policy, to Patient Representative Family Other: PCG
Comment(s):
REHABILITATION POTENTIAL FOR ANTICIPATED DISCHARGE PLANNING
Return to an independent level of care (self-care)
■ Able to remain in residence with assistance of: ■ Primary Caregiver □ Support from community agencies □ Restorative Potential, based on clinical objective assessment and evidence-based knowledge the patient's condition is likely to undergo
functional improvement and benefit from rehabilitative care
■ Discussed discharge plan with: ■ Patient □ Representative ■ Other: PCG
CARE COORDINATION
CARE PLAN: Collaboration with: ■ Patient ■ Caregiver ■ Representative ■ Family involvement  Check all items that apply were completed at SOC/ROC according to agency policy.  ■ Primary diagnosis Identified (M1021) (The primary diagnosis is defined as the chief reason for home care and related to the Plan of Care.
Must relate to all HHA skilled services.)  All pertinent secondary diagnoses identified.  Homebound status, medical necessity as supported by the assessment data and additional documentation  Drug regimen review completed Any identified medication issues were addressed and followed-upOutcome documented in communication noteOrder received  Assessment findings problems/issues (Check all areas that apply):  Sensory status PainEndocrine/HematologyIntegumentary StatusOrdiopulmonary Status  Nutritional Status (includes nutritional approaches)Urinary EliminationBowel EliminationNeuro/Emotional/Behavioral Status (includes functional cognition, confusion, anxiety, behaviors, psychiatric symptoms, depression and mental status)PsychosocialFall Risk.  MusculoskeletalFunctional Limitations (includes mobility and completion ADL/IADLs)Safety issues  Additional areas assessed during the SOC:  Copping mechanismsLevel of comprehension/understandingMotivationIdentified strengths/limitations (includes safety)  Care preferencesPersonal goals (patient's expectation of home health services' outcome at discharge)  Risk for:(re)hospitalizationAvoidable ED use(Includes and/or resources to meet problem/issue needs(Included in referral)  Additional care coordination and communication with certifying physician at SOC/ROC:  Findings of comprehensive assessment reported(Reported additional findings not included in referral)  Medication of additional diagnosis(es)
Must relate to all HHA skilled services.)  All pertinent secondary diagnoses identified.  Homebound status, medical necessity as supported by the assessment data and additional documentation  Drug regimen review completed  Any identified medication issues were addressed and followed-up  Outcome documented in communication note  Order received  Assessment findings problems/issues (Check all areas that apply):  Sensory status  Pain  Endocrine/Hematology  Integumentary Status  Cardiopulmonary Status  Nutritional Status (includes nutritional approaches)  Integumentary Status  Includes functional cognition, confusion, anxlety, behaviors, psychiatric symptoms, depression and mental status)  Psychosocial  Fall Risk.  Musculoskeletal  Functional Limitations (includes mobility and completion ADL/IADLs)  Safety issues  Additional areas assessed during the SOC:  Coping mechanisms  Level of comprehension/understanding  Motivation  Identified strengths/limitations  Non-paid caregiver availability  Family support  Friends and/or community support  Living arrangements (includes safety)  Care preferences  Personal goals (patient's expectation of home health services' outcome at discharge)  Risk for:  (re)hospitalization  Avoidable ED use  Interventions to avoid:  (re)hospitalization  ED use  Coordination of services and/or resources to meet problem/issue needs  Emergency Preparedness Plan  Additional care coordination and communication with certifying physician at SOC/ROC:  Findings of comprehensive assessment reported  Reported additional findings not included in referral  Medication issues identified and resolution (see narratives and/or orders)  Verification of additional diagnosis(es)
Must relate to all HHA skilled services.)  All pertinent secondary diagnoses identified.  Homebound status, medical necessity as supported by the assessment data and additional documentation  Drug regimen review completed  Any identified medication issues were addressed and followed-up  Outcome documented in communication note  Order received  Assessment findings problems/Issues (Check all areas that apply):  Sensory status  Pain  Endocrine/Hematology  Integumentary Status  Cardiopulmonary Status  Nutritional Status (includes nutritional approaches)  Urinary Elimination  Neuro/Emotional/Behavioral Status (includes functional cognition, confusion, anxlety, behaviors, psychiatric symptoms, depression and mental status)  Psychosocial  Fall Risk  Musculoskeletal  Functional Limitations (includes mobility and completion ADL/IADLs)  Safety Issues  Additional areas assessed during the SOC:  Coping mechanisms  Level of comprehension/understanding  Motivation  Identified strengths/limitations  Non-paid caregiver availability  Family support  Friends and/or community support  Living arrangements (includes safety)  Care preferences  Personal goals (patient's expectation of home health services' outcome at discharge)  Risk for:  (re)hospitalization  Avoidable ED use  Interventions to avoid:  (re)hospitalization  ED use  Coordination of services and/or resources to meet problem/issue needs  Imeregency Preparedness Plan  Additional care coordination and communication with certifying physician at SOC/ROC:  Findings of comprehensive assessment reported  Reported additional findings not included in referral  Refined and resolution (see narratives and/or orders)  Verification of additional diagnosis(es)  List additional diagnosis(es)  List additional diagnosis(es)  EAPproval of additional Interventions on POC
Must relate to all HHA skilled services.)  All pertinent secondary diagnoses Identified.  Homebound status, medical necessity as supported by the assessment data and additional documentation  Drug regimen review completed  Any identified medication issues were addressed and followed-upOutcome documented in communication noteOrder received  Assessment findings problems/issues (Check all areas that apply):  Sensory statusPainEndocrine/HematologyIntegumentary StatusOrdinonary StatusNutritional Status (includes nutritional approaches)Uninary Elimination
Must relate to all HHA skilled services.)  All pertinent secondary diagnoses identified.  Homebound status, medical necessity as supported by the assessment data and additional documentation  Drug regimen review completed  Any identified medication issues were addressed and followed-up  Outcome documented in communication note  Order received  Assessment findings problems/Issues (Check all areas that apply):  Sensory status  Pain  Endocrine/Hematology  Integumentary Status  Cardiopulmonary Status  Nutritional Status (includes nutritional approaches)  Urinary Elimination  Neuro/Emotional/Behavioral Status (includes functional cognition, confusion, anxlety, behaviors, psychiatric symptoms, depression and mental status)  Psychosocial  Fall Risk  Musculoskeletal  Functional Limitations (includes mobility and completion ADL/IADLs)  Safety Issues  Additional areas assessed during the SOC:  Coping mechanisms  Level of comprehension/understanding  Motivation  Identified strengths/limitations  Non-paid caregiver availability  Family support  Friends and/or community support  Living arrangements (includes safety)  Care preferences  Personal goals (patient's expectation of home health services' outcome at discharge)  Risk for:  (re)hospitalization  Avoidable ED use  Interventions to avoid:  (re)hospitalization  ED use  Coordination of services and/or resources to meet problem/issue needs  Imeregency Preparedness Plan  Additional care coordination and communication with certifying physician at SOC/ROC:  Findings of comprehensive assessment reported  Reported additional findings not included in referral  Refined and resolution (see narratives and/or orders)  Verification of additional diagnosis(es)  List additional diagnosis(es)  List additional diagnosis(es)  EAPproval of additional Interventions on POC

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Patient Nam

# Segion O Special Treatment, Procedures, and Programs (Continued)

	COORDINATION	

SEPIASHVILI NELLI is a 75 yo homebound female patient who presents to HHC services with pain in multiple joins and recent functional decline. The patient is known for significant medical Hx of HTN, OA, HLD, Hypothyroldism, Dysrhythmias, GERD, Depression, Insomnia, Constipation. Patient's diagnoses confirmed by MD. Patient is alert, oriented and forgetful. Pain in multiple locations, Interfering with functional status, thereby impacting activities of daily living. Patient exhibits functional deficits as evidenced by generalized weakness, low endurance, low level of activity tolerance, poor vision, unsteady gait, and risk for falls. Patient and Caregiver demonstrate knowledge deficit related to disease process and management, medications management and compliance. Skilled Nursing for observation and assessment of all body systems with emphasis on cardiovascular, musculosceletal systems to eliminate possibilities of hospitalizations, patient's response to treatment; training and education on disease process/ management; medications/ diet compliance, home safety/ fall preventions and changes in clinical signs and symptoms.

	CUR	RENT DME/MEDICAL SUP	PILIES		
DME Company:			Phone:		
Oxygen Company:					
Community Organization					
community organization					
Contact:			Phone:		
Comments:	*****				
#=1-11111					
=	IV SUPPLIES (Cont'd):	CATHETER SUPPLIES (Cont'd):	SUPPLIES/EQUIPMENT:	SUPPLIES/EQUIPMENT	
□NONE USED	IV pole	☐Irrigation tray	Augmentative and	(Cont'd):	
WOUND CARE:	☐IV pole	Saline	alternative communication	☐Oxygen concentrator	
□2×2's □4×4's	□IV tubing	Straight catheter	device(s) (type)	☐Pressure relieving device	
□4x4's □ABD's	Syringes size	Other		I —	
<b>—</b>	Tape			☐Prosthesis: ☐RUE ☐RLE	
Cotton tipped applicators	☐Other		☐Bath bench	LUE LLE Other	
☐Drain sponges ☐Hydrocolloids	Поше	DIABETIC:	☐Brace ☐Orthotics (specify):		
Kerlix size		☐Chemstrips			
□Nu-gauze	URINARY/OSTOMY:	Syringes		Raised tollet seat	
☐Sallne	External catheters	Other	■Cane	<b></b> □Reacher	
☐ Tape	Ostomy pouch (brand, size)		☐Commode	Special mattress overlay	
☐Transparent dressings	Costoliny poacii (biasid, size)	MISCELLANEOUS:	☐Dressing Aid Kit/Hip Kit		
☐Wound cleanser	Ostomy wafer (brand, size)	☐Enema supplies	(e.g. reacher, long handle sponge, long handle shoe horn, etc.)	Suction machine	
☐Wound gel		Feeding tube:	Eggcrate	TENS unit	
Other	Skin protectant	type size	Enteral feeding pump	☐Transfer equipment:	
	Stoma adhesive tape	■Gloves:	Grab bars: Bathroom/Other	Board	
	Underpads	Sterile Non-sterile		□Ventilator	
IV SUPPLIES:	Urinary bag Pouch	☐Med Box		Walker	
☐Alcohol swabs	■Other	☐Staple removal kit	☐Handheld shower	Wheelchair	
Anglocatheter size	Diapers	☐Steri strips	Hospital bed:	Other Supplies Needed	
Batteries size		☐Suture removal kit	Seml-electric		
☐Central line dressing	CATHETER SUPPLIES:	☐Other	☐Hoyer llft		
☐Extension tubings	Acetic acid				
☐Infusion pump	Fr catheter kit		☐Medical alert		
☐injection caps	(tray, bag, foley)	ţ .	Nebulizer		

# Section O Special Treatment, Procedures, and Programs (Continued)

HOMEBOUND AND ASSESSMENT SUMMARY (Include skilled care provided	this visit and analysis	of findings)					
CONFINED TO HOME (homebound): No  Yes, and the patient either							
1. Criteria One: because of illness or injury, (must choose at least one):							
■Dependent upon adaptive device(s)							
Check all that apply: □crutches ■canes ■walker □wheelchair: □manual □motoriz	ed prosthetic limb						
Scooter a helper other:							
Needs special transportation as indicated by:							
Needs physical assist to leave as indicated by:							
AND/OR							
Leaving home is medically contraindicated due to:							
2. Criteria Two:							
There exists a normal inability to leave the home as indicated by infrequent outlings, consis	ting of						
SOB w/ moderate exertion, weakness, unsteady gait, poor balance, dizziness, poor vision, L eye blin							
AND							
Leaving home requires a considerable and taxing effort due to functional impairment caus	ed by diagnosis, as indicat	ed by effort such as:					
——————————————————————————————————————	ou by aleghosis, as injuice.	ca by chore budieds.					
Skilled care provided? (No (a)Yes If yes, explain care provided and patient response:							
Patient demonstrates fatigue/weakness, malaise, lack of energy, low level of activity tolerance, SOB w	vith moderate exertion. Knr	wledge deficit related					
to disease process, medications compliance and management, pain management, proper nutrition an	d hydration. Pain in multiple	e locations, interfering					
with functional status, thereby impacting activities of daily living.		_					
·							
•							
Plan for next visit:							
•							
Comments:							
PHYSICIAN VERBAL ORDER (Complete if applicable per a	igency policy)						
■ Physician (n called to report comprehensive as	ssessment findings (includ	ling medical, nursing.					
rehabilitative, social and discharge planning needs).		g.					
☐Verbal order received for home health (reasonable and necessary) skilled services. See Plan of Care or Verbal Orders.							
<u> </u>							
X							
Signature/Title of Person Who Received Verbal Order	Date	Time					
X		i					
Physician Signature for Verbal Order or see Plan of Care/Verbal Orders	Date	Time					
SIGNATURES/DATES							
<u>X</u>							
Patient/Family Member/Caregiver/Representative (if applicable)	Date	Time					
in Completing Discontine/title)	vate	Time					
Agency Name	Phone Number						