

# Quantentheorie II Übung 12

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## 1. Questions

- (a) Give one or two simple arguments why the scattering amplitude is complex (as expressed by the order- $l$  contribution of the form  $e^{i\delta_l} \sin \delta_l$ ).
- (b) What is the ground state wave function of an electron in hydrogen atom?
- (c) What is the validity criterion for Born approximation?

## 2. Scattering on central potential: consider elastic scattering on a central potential

$$V(r) = \frac{c}{r^2}, \quad c > 0, \quad (1)$$

where  $2mc \ll 1$ , and determine the scattering phases  $\delta_l(k)$  and the scattering amplitude  $f(\theta)$ .

(Hint1) By using the definition  $\lambda(\lambda + 1) \equiv l(l + 1) + 2mc$ , we can assume that the radial function  $R_l(r)$  approximates to

$$R_l(kr) \rightarrow j_\lambda(kr). \quad (2)$$

$R_l(kr)$  and  $j_\lambda(kr)$  behave asymptotically as

$$R_l(kr) \rightarrow \frac{1}{kr} \sin \left( kr - \frac{l\pi}{2} + \delta_l \right) e^{i\delta_l}, \quad (3)$$

$$j_\lambda(kr) \rightarrow \frac{1}{kr} \sin \left( kr - \frac{\lambda\pi}{2} \right), \quad (4)$$

when  $kr \gg l$ .

(Hint 2) Use the formula

$$\sum_{l=0}^{\infty} P_l(\cos \theta) = \frac{1}{2 \sin(\theta/2)}. \quad (5)$$

## 3. Electron scattering on hydrogen atom (Born approximation): we investigate scattering of electrons on neutral hydrogen atoms. We assume that each electron is scattered exactly on one hydrogen atom. The hydrogen atoms are in the ground state.

- (a) Formulate the scattering potential, and verify that it is a central potential.
- (b) Compute the scattering amplitude  $f^{(1)}(\theta)$  in the first-order Born approximation and the differential cross section  $\frac{d\sigma^{(1)}}{d\theta}$ .
- (c) Compute the total cross section  $\sigma^{(1)}$ .
- (d) What is the condition for the validity of the Born approximation? Discuss it when  $ka_B \ll 1$  and  $ka_B \gg 1$  respectively.