Discrete Math 2 HW 4

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Problem 10.2.22.

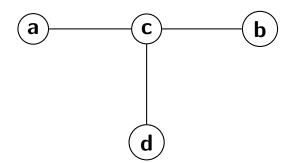
Yes. Group 1: [a, c] Group 2: [b, d, e]

Problem 10.2.24.

Yes. Group 1: [f, c] Group 2: [a, b, e, d]

Problem 10.2.50.

Problem For the graph in 10.2.24, what is the subgraph induced by {a, b, c, d}?.



Problem 10.3.2.

Vertex	Adjacent Vertices
a	b,d
b	a,d,e
c	$_{ m d,e}$
d	a,b,c
e	$_{\mathrm{b,c}}$

Problem 10.3.4.

Initial Vertex	Terminal Vertices				
a	b,d				
b	a,c,d,e				
c	$_{\mathrm{c,d}}$				
d	a,e				
e	$_{\mathrm{e,c}}$				

Problem 10.3.6.

	Α	В	С	D	Е
Α	0	1	0	1	0
В	1	0	0	1	1
С	0	0	0	1	1
D	1	1	1	0	0
Е	0	1	1	0	0

Problem 10.3.8.

		То					
		Α	В	С	D	Е	
From	A	0	1	0	1	0	
	В	1	0	1	1	1	
	С	0	1	1	0	0	
	D	1	0	0	0	1	
	Е	0	0	1	0	1	

Problem 10.3.36.

No: V has a vertex with degree 4 and U does not

Problem 10.3.38.

Yes: $u_2 \rightarrow v_5$

 $u_4 \rightarrow v_3$

 $u_1 \rightarrow v_1$

 $u_5 \rightarrow v_4$

 $u_3 \rightarrow v_2$

Problem 10.3.40.

No: V has a vertex with degree 4 and U does not

Problem 10.4.22.

No because H has 2 symmetric rhombuses for paths which G does not have.

Problem 10.4.12.

a. weak

b. strong

c. neither

Problem 10.4.14.

a. Component 1: a, b, e

Component 2: d

Component 3: c

b.