

1.) Fuel volume change?

$$\dot{m}_f = 11 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$T_i = 1500 \text{ K}$$

$$\dot{f} = 4 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$T_{ch} = 2000 \text{ K}$$

$$\Delta p_o = 0.01$$

$$\dot{Q}_o = 5 \text{ MW/kg}$$

$$t = 30 \text{ days}$$

$$\rho = 10.97 \text{ g/cc}$$

$$\mu_u = 10.97 \text{ g/cc} \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{270 \text{ g}} \frac{1,000,000 \text{ cm}^3}{1 \text{ m}^3} = 2.45 \times 10^{-22} \text{ g/cc}$$

$$\beta = F(NA) = \frac{\dot{f} t}{\mu_u} = \frac{(4 \times 10^{17}) (60 \times 24 \times 3600)}{2.45 \times 10^{-22}} = 0.008 \text{ FIMA}$$

$$\epsilon_{th} = (11 \times 10^6) (1500 - 200) = 0.013 \text{ d}$$

$$\epsilon_o = \Delta p_o \left(\exp \left(\frac{\beta \ln 0.01}{C_o \beta_o} \right) - 1 \right)$$

$$C_o = 1 \text{ at } 750 \text{ K}$$

$$\beta_o = \frac{5}{970} = 0.0051 \text{ FIMA}$$

$$\beta > \Delta p_o \rightarrow \epsilon_o = -0.01$$

$$\epsilon_{SEP} = 5.577 \times 10^{-2} \rho \beta = (5.577 \times 10^{-2}) (10.97) (0.008) = 0.0171$$

$$\epsilon_{GFP} = (1.96 \times 10^{-22}) \rho \beta (2800 - T)^{4.3} \exp(-0.0162(2800 - T)) \exp(-17.3 \beta_o)$$

$$\epsilon_{GFP} = 2.8 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\epsilon_{tot} = 0.013 \text{ d} - 0.01 + 0.0171 + 2.8 \times 10^{-5} = \boxed{0.0203}$$

2) Post-annealing FGR

$$t = 40 \text{ days} \quad a = 10 \mu\text{m} \quad T = 1500 \text{ K}$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_{\text{Fe}} &= 7.6 \times 10^{-6} \exp\left(-\frac{3}{k_B T}\right) \text{ cm}^2/\text{s} \\ &= 6.83 \times 10^{-16} \text{ cm}^2/\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\tau = \frac{D t}{a^2} = \frac{(6.83 \times 10^{-16})(40 \times 24 \times 3600)}{(10 \times 10^{-4})^2} = 0.0022 < \pi^{-2} = 0.101$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tau < \pi^{-2} \rightarrow f &= 6 \sqrt{\frac{D t}{\pi a^2}} - \frac{3}{2} \frac{D t}{a^2} \\ &= 6 \sqrt{\frac{\tau}{\pi}} - \frac{3}{2} \tau = \underline{0.15} \end{aligned}$$

3) In-pile FGR

$$t = 2 \text{ hrs} \quad a = 10 \mu\text{m} \quad T = 1500 \text{ K} \quad f = 5 \times 10^{-14} \frac{\text{fissions}}{\text{cc} \cdot \text{s}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= \theta_1 + \theta_2 + \theta_3 = 7.6 \times 10^{-6} \exp\left(-\frac{3}{k_B T}\right) + 1.41 \times 10^{-13} \exp\left(-\frac{1.1}{k_B T}\right) \sqrt{f} + 2 \times 10^{-30} f \\ &= 6.83 \times 10^{-16} + 2.93 \times 10^{-15} + 1 \times 10^{-15} \\ &= 4.56 \times 10^{-15} \text{ cm}^2/\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\tau = \frac{(4.56 \times 10^{-15})(2 \times 3600)}{(10 \times 10^{-4})^2} = 3.38 \times 10^{-5} < \pi^{-2} \quad f = 4 \sqrt{\frac{\tau}{\pi}} - \frac{3}{2} \tau$$

$$\underline{f = 0.013}$$

$$\text{Total gas released} = f \times (\gamma f t) \quad \gamma = \text{yield} \approx 0.3$$

4) for creep rate

$$\dot{\epsilon}_{tot} = \dot{\epsilon}_{ss} + \dot{\epsilon}_{ir}$$

$$\dot{\epsilon}_{ss} = A_0 \left(\frac{\sigma_m}{G} \right)^n \exp\left(\frac{-Q}{RT}\right)$$

$$\dot{\epsilon}_{ir} = C_0 \Phi^{-1} \dot{\epsilon}_m^{C_1} \dot{\epsilon}_s^{C_2}$$

$$\sigma_m = 150 \text{ MPa}$$

$$T = 600 \text{ K}$$

$$LWR = 250 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$$

$$PR/A$$

$$t = 1 \text{ yr}$$

$$A_0 = 3.14 \times 10^{-24}$$

$$G = 4.05 \times 10^{10} = 2.0185 \text{ T}$$

$$n = 5$$

$$C_0 = 2.714 \times 10^{-24}$$

$$C_0 = 2.714 \times 10^{-24} \quad C_1 = 0.85 \quad C_2 = 1$$

$$\dot{\epsilon}_{ss} = 3.14 \times 10^{-24} \left(\frac{150}{4.05 \times 10^{10}} \right)^5 \exp\left(\frac{-Q}{RT}\right)$$

$$G = 4.05 \times 10^{10} = 2.0185 \text{ (GPa)}$$

$$= 42.5 \text{ GPa}$$

$$= 5.3 \times 10^{-12}$$

$$\Phi = LWR \times 10^{-4}$$

$$= 2.5 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\dot{\epsilon}_{ir} = 2.714 \times 10^{-24} (7.5 \times 10^{-3})^{0.85} (150)^1$$

$$= 2.53 \times 10^{-10}$$

$$\dot{\epsilon}_{tot} = 2.58 \times 10^{-10}$$

$$\epsilon_{tot} = \dot{\epsilon}_{tot} t$$

$$= 2.58 \times 10^{-10} (1 \times 365 \times 24 \times 6000)$$

$$\gamma = 0.0081 \%$$