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# What is xarray?

#### For Python / Numpy users

xarray handles N-dimensional arrays with labels (dimension names & coordinates) and metadata.

#### For Python / Pandas users

 xarray is a powerful, pandas-like toolkit for analytics on multi-dimensional arrays.

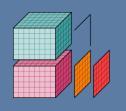
#### For scientists familar with the netCDF format

xarray implements the netCDF data model with a high level Python API.

#### For scientists working with big datasets

 xarray (with dask) supports efficient, out-of-core computing for datasets that don't fit in memory.

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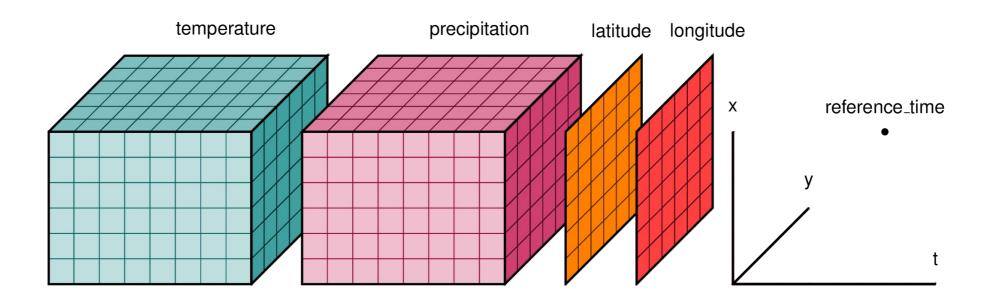
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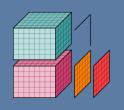
# What is xarray?

If you are dealing with data that...

- is multi-dimensional;
- is labelled;
- has (lots of) metadata;
- is sometimes (very) large;



...then you may find xarray very useful!



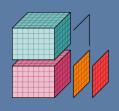
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### xarray

- Open source
- Very good integration with other Python libraries for scientific computing (SciPy / PyData Stack)
- Extensible
- Documentation: <a href="http://xarray.pydata.org">http://xarray.pydata.org</a>
- Repository: <a href="https://github.com/pydata/xarray">https://github.com/pydata/xarray</a>
- 60 contributors (still growing)
- Latest release: v0.9.2 (02.04.2017)
- Umbrellas (no funding): Python for Data & NumFOCUS







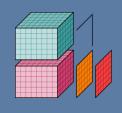
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### numpy.array

#### Not well supported by numpy:

 array dimensions and indexes often have a meaning, e.g., latitude / longitude and their coordinates.

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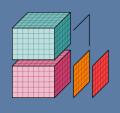
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### xarray.DataArray

```
>>> import xarray as xr
>>> da = xr.DataArray(a, dims=['latitude', 'longitude'],
                      coords={'longitude': [11, 12, 13], 'latitude': [1, 2]})
>>> da
<xarray.DataArray (latitude: 2, longitude: 3)>
array([[1, 3, 9],
       [2, 8, 4]])
Coordinates:
  * longitude
               (longitude) int64 11 12 13
  * latitude
                (latitude) int64 1 2
>>> da.sel(longitude=13, latitude=2) # easier to work with coordinate values!
<xarray.DataArray ()>
array(4)
Coordinates:
   longitude
                int64 13
    latitude
                int64 2
>>> da.mean(dim='latitude') # easier to remember dimension names!
<xarray.DataArray (longitude: 3)>
array([ 1.5, 5.5, 6.5])
Coordinates:
                (longitude) int64 11 12 13
  * longitude
```

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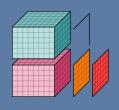
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### xarray.Dataset

A collection of xarray. DataArray, a netCDF file...

```
>>> ds = xr.open_dataset('ERA-Interim-MonthlyAvg-TUVP.nc')
>>> ds
<xarray.Dataset>
Dimensions:
               (latitude: 241, longitude: 480, time: 457)
Coordinates:
  * longitude
               (longitude) float32 0.0 0.75 1.5 2.25 3.0 3.75 4.5 5.25 6.0 ...
  * latitude
               (latitude) float32 90.0 89.25 88.5 87.75 87.0 86.25 85.5 ...
               (time) datetime64[ns] 1979-01-01 1979-02-01 1979-03-01 ...
  * time
Data variables:
               (time, latitude, longitude) float64 1.028e+05 1.028e+05 ...
    sp
               (time, latitude, longitude) float64 -1.857 -1.854 -1.851 ...
    u10
               (time, latitude, longitude) float64 -0.3266 -0.3056 -0.285 ...
    v10
    t2m
               (time, latitude, longitude) float64 242.7 242.7 242.7 ...
Attributes:
    Conventions: CF-1.6
    history:
                  2017-04-19 16:02:16 GMT by grib_to_netcdf-2.1.0: grib_to_ne...
```

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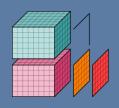
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## **Analytics**

Advanced selection

```
>>> # nearest neighbor lookup: no need to provide exact coordinate values
>>> ds.sel(latitude=47.2876, longitude=11.3788, method='nearest')
<xarray.Dataset>
Dimensions:
               (time: 457)
Coordinates:
    longitude float32 11.25
    latitude
               float32 47.25
               (time) datetime64[ns] 1979-01-01 1979-02-01 1979-03-01 ...
  * time
Data variables:
               (time) float64 8.419e+04 8.41e+04 8.422e+04 8.441e+04 ...
    sp
               (time) float64 0.8787 0.1095 0.7023 0.3623 0.3087 0.2992 ...
    u10
               (time) float64 0.6971 0.5583 1.079 -0.04204 0.6298 -0.2448 ...
    v10
    t2m
               (time) float64 265.4 270.6 273.2 273.7 280.6 284.4 284.9 ...
Attributes:
    Conventions: CF-1.6
    history:
                  2017-04-19 16:02:16 GMT by grib_to_netcdf-2.1.0: grib_to_ne...
```

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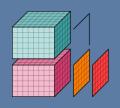
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## **Analytics**

Aggregation

```
>>> global_avg = ds.mean(dim=['latitude', 'longitude'])
>>> global_avg
<xarray.Dataset>
Dimensions:
            (time: 457)
Coordinates:
             (time) datetime64[ns] 1979-01-01 1979-02-01 1979-03-01 ...
  * time
Data variables:
             (time) float64 9.673e+04 9.667e+04 9.668e+04 9.67e+04 9.663e+04 ...
    sp
             (time) float64 -0.1069 0.02902 -0.1717 -0.1011 0.001793 0.09216 ...
    u10
    v10
             (time) float64 -0.2489 -0.0867 -0.1123 0.0739 0.1937 0.4532 ...
    t2m
             (time) float64 276.7 275.3 276.0 277.0 278.7 280.3 280.3 280.2 ...
```

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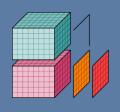
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## **Analytics**

Groupby (split-apply-combine)

```
>>> month_avg = ds.groupby('time.month').mean(dim='time')
>>> month_avg
<xarray.Dataset>
               (latitude: 241, longitude: 480, month: 12)
Dimensions:
Coordinates:
  * longitude
               (longitude) float32 0.0 0.75 1.5 2.25 3.0 3.75 4.5 5.25 6.0 ...
  * latitude
               (latitude) float32 90.0 89.25 88.5 87.75 87.0 86.25 85.5 ...
  * month
               (month) int64 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
Data variables:
               (month, latitude, longitude) float64 1.014e+05 1.014e+05 ...
    sp
               (month, latitude, longitude) float64 -1.982 -1.987 -1.992 ...
    u10
               (month, latitude, longitude) float64 -0.7036 -0.678 -0.6526 ...
    v10
               (month, latitude, longitude) float64 246.1 246.1 246.1 ...
    t2m
```

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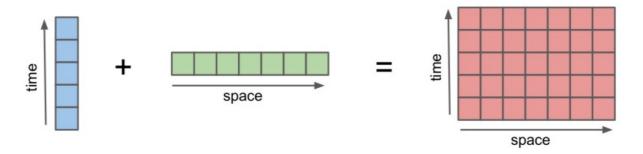


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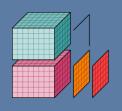
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## **Analytics**

Arithmetic (broadcasting)



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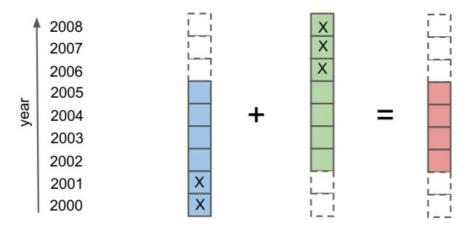
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# **Analytics**

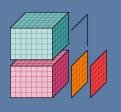
• Arithmetic (alignment)

```
>>> a = xr.DataArray([2, 3, 4, 1, 0, 5], dims='year',
... coords={'year': [2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005]})
>>> b = xr.DataArray([3, 4, 2, 3, 1, 0, 3], dims='year',
... coords={'year': [2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008]})
>>> a + b
```

```
<xarray.DataArray (year: 4)>
array([7, 5, 2, 8])
Coordinates:
  * year (year) int64 2002 2003 2004 2005
```



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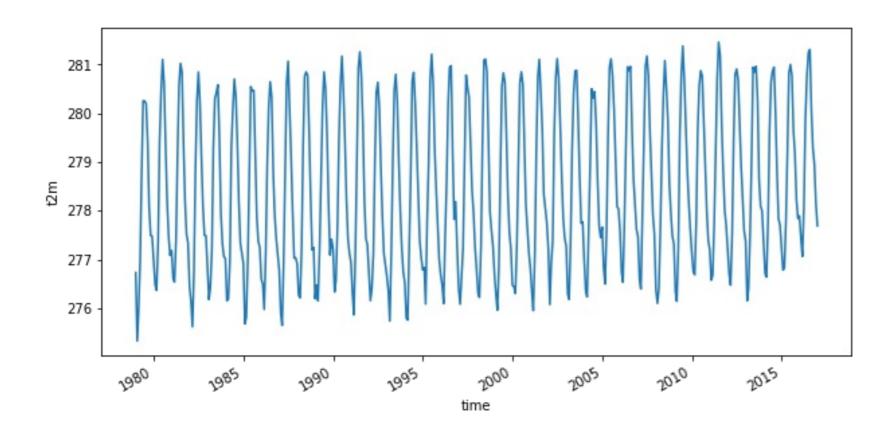


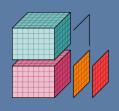
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# Plotting

>>> # plot type, axis labels and colormap inferred from data / labels
>>> global\_avg.t2m.plot(figsize=(10, 5))



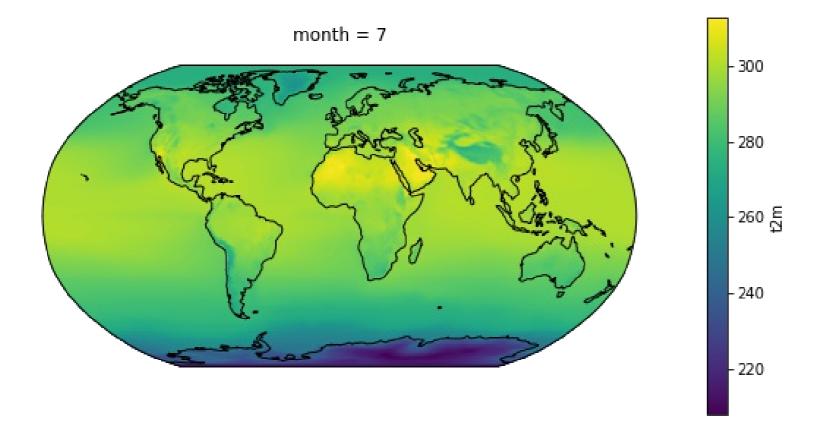


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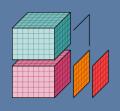
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## Plotting: maps

```
>>> import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
>>> import cartopy.crs as ccrs
>>> ax = plt.axes(projection=ccrs.Robinson())
>>> month_avg.t2m.sel(month=7).plot(ax=ax, transform=ccrs.PlateCarree());
>>> ax.coastlines();
```



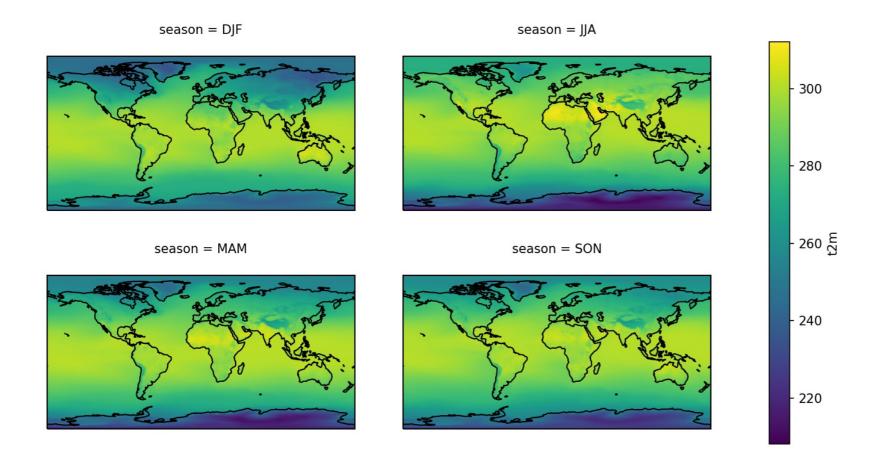
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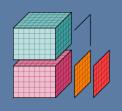
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## Plotting: facet plots



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## Out-of-core computing

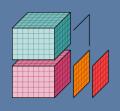
• dask arrays: divide large arrays in smaller pieces ("chunks") fitting in memory

```
>>> # split the array into chunks of 100 elements on the time dimension
>>> t2m_dask = ds.t2m.chunk({'time': 100})
>>> t2m_dask.data  # returns a dask.array instead of a numpy.array
```

dask.array<xarray-<this-array>, shape=(457, 241, 480), chunksize=(100, 241, 480)>

	8	8	8
5	('x', 0, 0)	('x', 0, 1)	('x', 0, 2)
5	('x', 1, 0)	('x', 1, 1)	('x', 1, 2)
5	('x', 2, 0)	('x', 2, 1)	('x', 2, 2)
5	('x', 3, 0)	('x', 3, 1)	('x', 3, 2)

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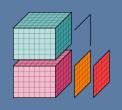


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## Out-of-core computing

• Lazy computation (deferred until requested)

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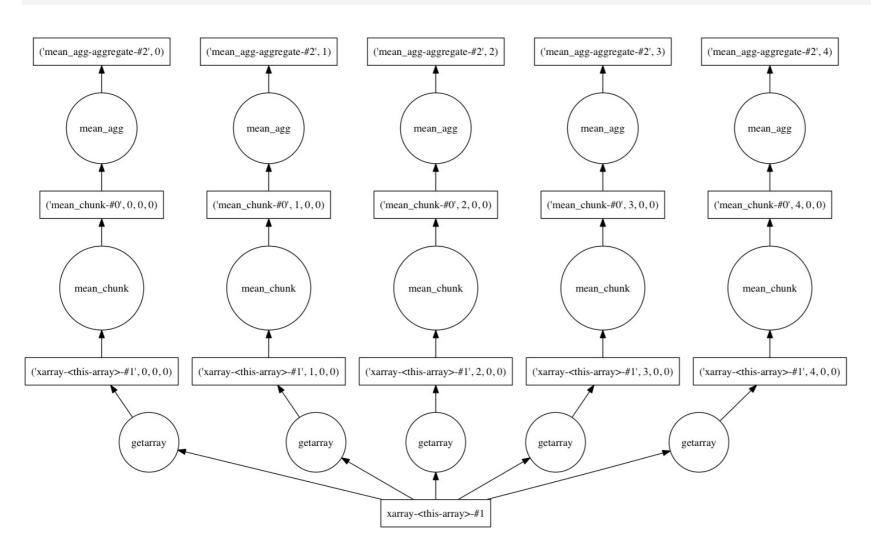
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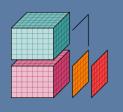
# Out-of-core computing

Computation graph (leverage multi-core processors)

```
>>> out.data.visualize()  # show a graph of the deferred computations  # (requires graphviz)
```



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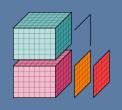


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### More features...

- Concatenate, merge & combine datasets
- Open multiple files into a single xarray. Dataset
- I/O backends: netCDF3/4, GRIB, HDF4... (external dependencies)
- OPeNDAP support
- Import/export from/to pandas.DataFrame or pandas.Series
- Multi-index coordinates support (stack / unstack)

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