

# Easiest Sweave Template Ever

Your name goes here

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## 1 How to typeset R code

If you want to see both the input and output, do this:

```
> runif(10)
```

```
[1] 0.45910183 0.50391891 0.33602899 0.72491145 0.02931360 0.22404506
[7] 0.17605273 0.06864517 0.15328205 0.03517648
```

If you want to see output, but no input, do this:

```
[1] 0.5321705 0.5061001 0.2129097 0.6510064 0.9101146 0.8251340 0.8426649
[8] 0.6109111 0.6238003 0.2158274
```

If you want to see input, but no output, do this:

```
> runif(13)
```

If you want to run some R code but hide the input/output from the reader then you can do both at the same time:

and you can double-check that it worked later (if you like)

```
> x # use keep.source=TRUE if you want comments printed
```

[1] 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11

$$> y$$

```
[1] 0.852922298 0.976145546 0.547123603 0.091620613 0.118176273 0.803849233
[7] 0.765275565 0.191422288 0.492622677 0.004189721
```

If you want to write some R code but not have it evaluated at all then do this:

```
> # whatever you write here must be syntactically correct R code
```

```
> runif(1000000000000000000000000000000)
```

If you would like to include a figure that's generated completely by R code, then you can do something like the following.

Sometimes we would like the output to look like L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X output instead of R output. In that case, do the following.

```
> library(xtable)
```

```
> xtable(summary(lm(y ~ x)), caption = "Here is the table we made")
```

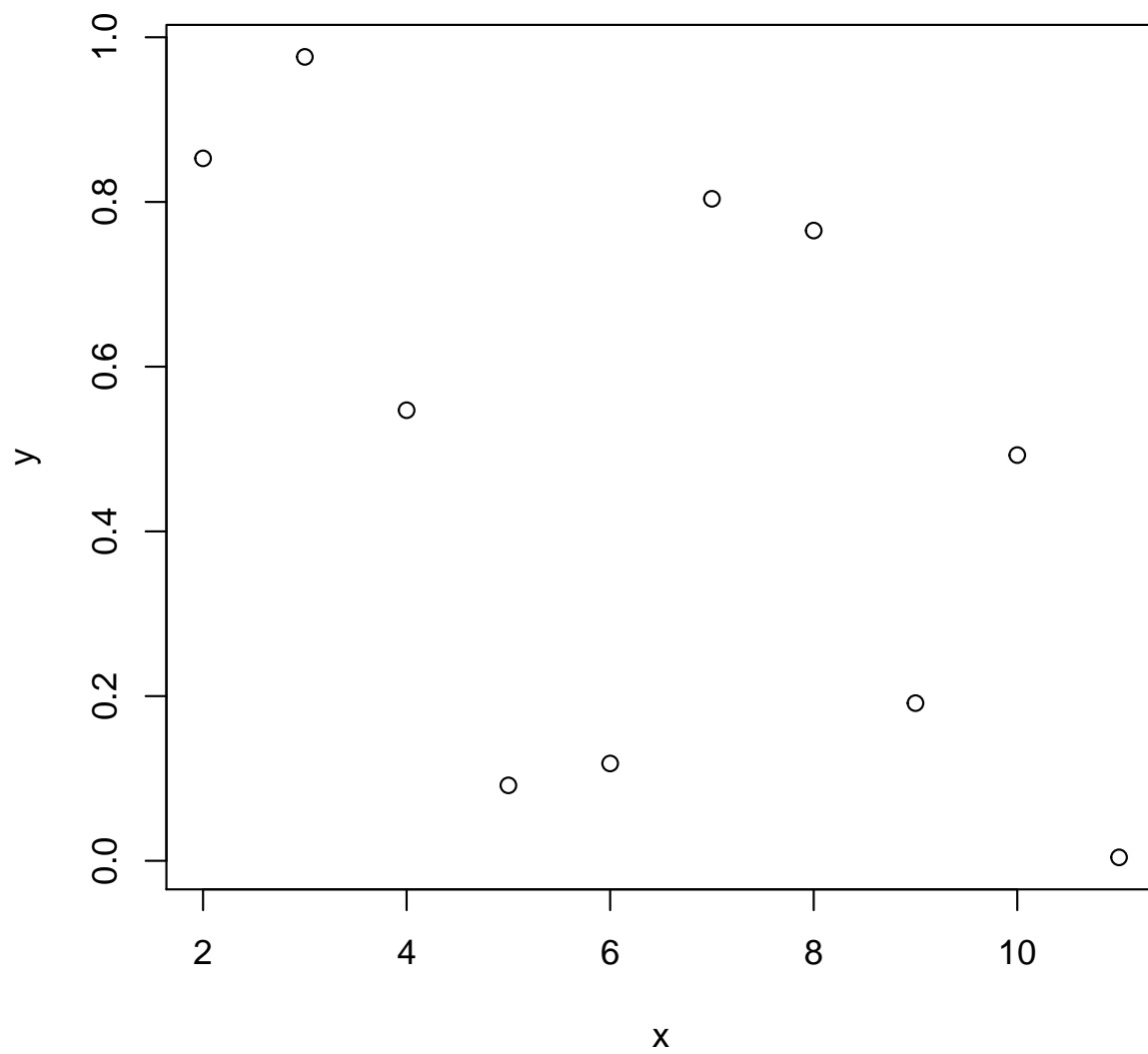


Figure 1: Here is the plot we made

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
(Intercept)	0.8820	0.2563	3.44	0.0088
x	-0.0612	0.0361	-1.70	0.1283

Table 1: Here is the table we made