## ▼ Text Classification 2

For our text classification, we will be looking at a data set that contains data of real and fraudulent job postings. The graph below shows the distribution of the data- 800 fraudulent postings and 17200 real postings.



First, we will preprocess the data and split into train and test.

metrics=['accuracy'])

```
import tensorflow as tf
from\ tensorflow. keras.preprocessing.text\ import\ Tokenizer
from keras_preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
from tensorflow.keras import datasets, layers, models, preprocessing
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
import pickle
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
np.random.seed(1234)
df = pd.read_csv('../content/joblistings.csv', header=0, usecols=[6,17], encoding='latin-1',engine='python', error_bad_lines=False)
i = np.random.rand(len(df)) < 0.7</pre>
train = df[i]
test = df[\sim i]
num_labels = 2
vocab_size = 25000
batch_size = 100
tokenizer = Tokenizer(num_words=vocab_size)
tokenizer.fit_on_texts(train.description)
x_train = tokenizer.texts_to_matrix(train.description, mode='tfidf')
x_test = tokenizer.texts_to_matrix(test.description, mode='tfidf')
encoder = LabelEncoder()
encoder.fit(train.fraudulent)
y_train = encoder.transform(train.fraudulent)
y_test = encoder.transform(test.fraudulent)
Lets try a sequential model on this test data
model = models.Sequential()
model.add(layers.Dense(32, input_dim=vocab_size, kernel_initializer='normal', activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.Dense(1, kernel_initializer='normal', activation='sigmoid'))
model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',
              optimizer='adam',
```

```
Epoch 2/30
   84/84 [============] - 3s 31ms/step - loss: 0.0777 - accuracy: 0.9749 - val loss: 0.0763 - val accuracy: 0.9849
   Epoch 3/30
   84/84 [====
               =========== ] - 3s 30ms/step - loss: 0.0329 - accuracy: 0.9905 - val_loss: 0.0782 - val_accuracy: 0.9849
   Epoch 4/30
   84/84 [===========] - 3s 36ms/step - loss: 0.0141 - accuracy: 0.9976 - val loss: 0.0884 - val accuracy: 0.9860
   Epoch 5/30
                  =========] - 3s 40ms/step - loss: 0.0083 - accuracy: 0.9990 - val_loss: 0.0926 - val_accuracy: 0.9849
   84/84 [====
   Epoch 6/30
   84/84 [====
                  ==========] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.0054 - accuracy: 0.9993 - val_loss: 0.1072 - val_accuracy: 0.9871
   Epoch 7/30
   84/84 [====
                 ==========] - 2s 27ms/step - loss: 0.0050 - accuracy: 0.9994 - val_loss: 0.1119 - val_accuracy: 0.9860
   Enoch 8/30
   84/84 [====
               :============] - 3s 30ms/step - loss: 0.0039 - accuracy: 0.9994 - val_loss: 0.1098 - val_accuracy: 0.9860
   Epoch 9/30
   84/84 [============] - 3s 37ms/step - loss: 0.0038 - accuracy: 0.9994 - val loss: 0.1130 - val accuracy: 0.9860
   Enoch 10/30
   84/84 [=====
               Epoch 11/30
   Epoch 12/30
                    :=========] - 3s 32ms/step - loss: 0.0025 - accuracy: 0.9995 - val_loss: 0.1227 - val_accuracy: 0.9860
   84/84 [=====
   Epoch 13/30
   Epoch 14/30
   84/84 [=====
                  ==========] - 3s 33ms/step - loss: 0.0020 - accuracy: 0.9996 - val_loss: 0.1300 - val_accuracy: 0.9860
   Epoch 15/30
   84/84 [=====
                Epoch 16/30
   84/84 [=============] - 2s 25ms/step - loss: 0.0016 - accuracy: 0.9996 - val_loss: 0.1287 - val_accuracy: 0.9871
   Epoch 17/30
   84/84 [=====
                  Epoch 18/30
   Epoch 19/30
   84/84 [=====
                   :=========] - 3s 35ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - accuracy: 0.9998 - val_loss: 0.1467 - val_accuracy: 0.9860
   Epoch 20/30
                  :=========] - 3s 34ms/step - loss: 0.0018 - accuracy: 0.9996 - val_loss: 0.1375 - val_accuracy: 0.9860
   84/84 [=====
   Epoch 21/30
   84/84 [=====
                 ==========] - 2s 28ms/step - loss: 0.0010 - accuracy: 0.9998 - val_loss: 0.1349 - val_accuracy: 0.9871
   Epoch 22/30
   84/84 [=====
                 ==========] - 2s 27ms/step - loss: 0.0013 - accuracy: 0.9999 - val_loss: 0.1502 - val_accuracy: 0.9860
   Epoch 23/30
   Enoch 24/30
   84/84 [====
                 ==========] - 2s 24ms/step - loss: 0.0013 - accuracy: 0.9998 - val_loss: 0.1506 - val_accuracy: 0.9860
   Epoch 25/30
   84/84 [============] - 3s 36ms/step - loss: 9.4716e-04 - accuracy: 0.9999 - val loss: 0.1394 - val accuracy: 0.9871
   Epoch 26/30
   84/84 [====
                    =========] - 2s 27ms/step - loss: 0.0010 - accuracy: 0.9999 - val_loss: 0.1547 - val_accuracy: 0.9860
   Epoch 27/30
   84/84 [====
                  =========] - 2s 30ms/step - loss: 9.1141e-04 - accuracy: 0.9999 - val_loss: 0.1446 - val_accuracy: 0.9871
   Epoch 28/30
   84/84 [=====
                                - 2s 27ms/step - loss: 7.3394e-04 - accuracy: 0.9999 - val_loss: 0.1564 - val_accuracy: 0.9860
   Epoch 29/30
   84/84 [=====
                                - 2s 25ms/step - loss: 7.1334e-04 - accuracy: 0.9999 - val_loss: 0.1483 - val_accuracy: 0.9860
   Epoch 30/30
score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, batch_size=batch_size, verbose=1)
print('Accuracy: ', score[1])
   Accuracy: 0.9809358716011047
print(score)
   [0.20940755307674408, 0.9809358716011047]
```

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1pBgp8gOAuQzDc3gkcENS5ovEtDeqNV3l#scrollTo=rcl7eakSLlpF&printMode=truend to the control of the cont

pred = model.predict(x\_test)

pred\_labels = [1 if p>0.5 else 0 for p in pred]

73/73 [========== ] - 1s 8ms/step

```
pred[:10]
     array([[1.1930392e-19],
            [3.4745897e-03],
            [8.9375745e-14],
            [9.5152354e-06],
            [2.6130313e-02],
            [1.6278232e-15],
            [7.0342692e-05],
            [3.2189888e-07],
            [5.4108055e-12],
            [4.1028156e-07]], dtype=float32)
pred_labels[:10]
     [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score, f1_score
print('accuracy score: ', accuracy_score(y_test, pred_labels))
print('precision score: ', precision_score(y_test, pred_labels))
print('recall score: ', recall_score(y_test, pred_labels))
print('f1 score: ', f1_score(y_test, pred_labels))
     accuracy score: 0.9809358752166378
     precision score: 0.9298245614035088
     recall score: 0.5698924731182796
     f1 score: 0.706666666666666
```

The results are pretty good! The precision score is .92, meaning that a good amount of the fraudulent listings were actually labeled as such. Next we will try RNN.

```
max_features = 10000
maxlen = 500
batch_size = 32
# pad the data to maxlen
train_data = preprocessing.sequence.pad_sequences(x_train, maxlen=maxlen)
test_data = preprocessing.sequence.pad_sequences(x_test, maxlen=maxlen)
print("train shapes:", train_data.shape, y_train.shape)
print("test shapes:", test_data.shape, y_test.shape)
    train shapes: (8126, 500) (8126,)
    test shapes: (3464, 500) (3464,)
model = models.Sequential()
model.add(layers.Embedding(max_features, 32))
model.add(layers.SimpleRNN(32))
model.add(layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model.summary()
    Model: "sequential 5"
     Layer (type)
                                Output Shape
                                                        Param #
     embedding_3 (Embedding)
                                                        320000
                                (None, None, 32)
     simple_rnn_2 (SimpleRNN)
                                (None, 32)
                                                        2080
     dense_8 (Dense)
                                                        33
                                (None, 1)
    _____
    Total params: 322,113
    Trainable params: 322,113
    Non-trainable params: 0
```

```
historv = model.fit(train data.
```

model.compile(optimizer='rmsprop',

loss='binary\_crossentropy',
metrics=['accuracy'])

```
..__ ... ,
               y_train,
               epochs=10,
               batch_size=128,
               validation_split=0.2)
    Epoch 1/10
    51/51 [===========] - 15s 262ms/step - loss: 0.2953 - accuracy: 0.9171 - val_loss: 0.1304 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 2/10
    51/51 [============] - 14s 277ms/step - loss: 0.1906 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.1182 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 3/10
    51/51 [====
                  ==========] - 14s 279ms/step - loss: 0.1905 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.1154 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 4/10
    Epoch 5/10
    51/51 [===========] - 11s 220ms/step - loss: 0.1907 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.1210 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Enoch 6/10
    51/51 [====
                  ===========] - 10s 203ms/step - loss: 0.1907 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.1186 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 7/10
    51/51 [==========] - 10s 202ms/step - loss: 0.1905 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val loss: 0.1241 - val accuracy: 0.9760
   Epoch 8/10
                 51/51 [====
    Epoch 9/10
                51/51 [=====
    Epoch 10/10
    51/51 [===========] - 10s 191ms/step - loss: 0.1902 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.1236 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
from sklearn.metrics import classification report
pred = model.predict(test_data)
pred = [1.0 if p>= 0.5 else 0.0 for p in pred]
print(classification_report(y_test, pred))
    109/109 [=======] - 5s 45ms/step
               precision
                         recall f1-score
                                        support
             0
                   0.96
                           1.00
                                   0.98
                                           3326
             1
                   0.00
                           0.00
                                   0.00
                                            138
                                   0.96
                                           3464
       accuracy
      macro avg
                   0.48
                           0.50
                                   0.49
                                           3464
    weighted avg
                   0.92
                                   0.94
                                           3464
    /usr/local/lib/python3.9/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1344: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-d
     _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
    /usr/local/lib/python3.9/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1344: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-d
      _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
    /usr/local/lib/python3.9/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1344: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-d
     _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
```

Unfortunately, the model did not ever correctly label the fraudulent listings as fraudulent, even when I resized the train and test data. Next we will try LSTM:

```
model = models.Sequential()
model.add(layers.Embedding(max_features, 32))
model.add(layers.LSTM(32))
model.add(layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential\_4"

```
Layer (type)
                       Output Shape
                                            Param #
embedding_2 (Embedding)
                       (None, None, 32)
                                            320000
1stm (LSTM)
                       (None, 32)
                                            8320
dense_7 (Dense)
                                            33
                       (None, 1)
______
Total params: 328,353
Trainable params: 328,353
Non-trainable params: 0
```

```
metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model.fit(train_data,
               y_train,
               epochs=10,
               batch_size=128,
               validation_split=0.2)
    Epoch 1/10
    51/51 [============] - 11s 211ms/step - loss: 0.1903 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.1183 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 2/10
    51/51 [============] - 13s 262ms/step - loss: 0.1907 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.1197 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 3/10
    Epoch 4/10
    51/51 [===========] - 15s 293ms/step - loss: 0.1902 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.1249 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 5/10
    51/51 [====
              Epoch 6/10
    51/51 [============= ] - 18s 346ms/step - loss: 0.1902 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val loss: 0.1234 - val accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 7/10
    51/51 [===========] - 12s 237ms/step - loss: 0.1904 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.1166 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 8/10
    51/51 [=============] - 13s 254ms/step - loss: 0.1903 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.1195 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 9/10
    51/51 [===========] - 10s 195ms/step - loss: 0.1906 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.1209 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Enoch 10/10
    pred = model.predict(test data)
pred = [1.0 if p>= 0.5 else 0.0 for p in pred]
print(classification_report(y_test, pred))
    109/109 [========= ] - 3s 30ms/step
               precision
                        recall f1-score
                                        support
            0
                  0.96
                          1.00
                                  0.98
                                          3326
            1
                  9.99
                          9.99
                                  9.99
                                           138
                                  0.96
                                          3464
       accuracy
                  0.48
                           0.50
                                  0.49
                                          3464
      macro avg
                  0.92
                                  9.94
   weighted avg
                          0.96
                                          3464
    /usr/local/lib/python3.9/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1344: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-d
     _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
    /usr/local/lib/python3.9/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1344: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-d
     _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
    /usr/local/lib/python3.9/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1344: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-d
     _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
```

Again, no luck with the LSTM. Next lets look at the CNN.

```
model = models.Sequential()
model.add(layers.Embedding(max_features, 128, input_length=maxlen))
model.add(layers.Conv1D(32, 7, activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling1D(5))
model.add(layers.Conv1D(32, 7, activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.GlobalMaxPooling1D())
model.add(layers.Dense(1))

model.summary()
    Model: "sequential_6"
```

```
lMaxPooling1D)
     dense_9 (Dense)
                               (None, 1)
                                                       33
    Total params: 1,315,937
    Trainable params: 1,315,937
    Non-trainable params: 0
model.compile(optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.RMSprop(lr=1e-4), # set learning rate
            loss='binary_crossentropy',
            metrics=['accuracy'])
    WARNING:absl:`lr` is deprecated in Keras optimizer, please use `learning_rate` or use the legacy optimizer, e.g.,tf.keras.optimizers.le
history = model.fit(train_data,
                  y_train,
                  enochs=10.
                  batch size=128,
                  validation_split=0.2)
    Epoch 1/10
    51/51 [=============] - 33s 620ms/step - loss: 0.7262 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.3700 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 2/10
    51/51 [===========] - 38s 744ms/step - loss: 0.7262 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.3700 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Enoch 3/10
    51/51 [============] - 39s 774ms/step - loss: 0.7262 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.3700 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 4/10
    51/51 [===========] - 33s 644ms/step - loss: 0.7262 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.3700 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 5/10
    51/51 [===========] - 35s 680ms/step - loss: 0.7262 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.3700 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 6/10
    51/51 [============] - 37s 731ms/step - loss: 0.7262 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.3700 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 7/10
    51/51 [====
                  Epoch 8/10
    51/51 [============] - 30s 590ms/step - loss: 0.7262 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.3700 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 9/10
    51/51 [============] - 29s 566ms/step - loss: 0.7262 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.3700 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
    Epoch 10/10
    51/51 [============] - 29s 570ms/step - loss: 0.7262 - accuracy: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.3700 - val_accuracy: 0.9760
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
pred = model.predict(test_data)
pred = [1.0 \text{ if } p \ge 0.5 \text{ else } 0.0 \text{ for } p \text{ in } pred]
print(classification_report(y_test, pred))
    109/109 [========= ] - 3s 28ms/step
                 precision
                             recall f1-score
                                              support
                      0.96
              0
                                        0 98
                               1.00
                                                 3326
              1
                      0.00
                               0.00
                                        0.00
                                                  138
                                        0.96
                                                 3464
        accuracy
       macro avg
                      0.48
                               0.50
                                        0.49
                                                 3464
    weighted avg
                      0.92
                               0.96
                                        0.94
                                                 3464
    /usr/local/lib/python3.9/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1344: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-d
      _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
    /usr/local/lib/python3.9/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1344: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-d
      _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
    /usr/local/lib/python3.9/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1344: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-d
      _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
```

Next we will try out some embeddings. Here we are adding an Embedding layer into the model.

```
model = models.Sequential()
model.add(layers.Embedding(max_features, 8, input_length=maxlen))
model.add(layers.Flatten())
model.add(layers.Dense(16, activation='relu'))
model.add(layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
model.compile(optimizer='rmsprop', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['acc'])
model.summary()
```

history = model.fit(train data, y train, epochs=10, batch size=32, validation split=0.2)

Model: "sequential\_7"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
embedding_5 (Embedding)	(None, 500, 8)	80000
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 4000)	0
dense_10 (Dense)	(None, 16)	64016
dense_11 (Dense)	(None, 1)	17

\_\_\_\_\_

Total params: 144,033 Trainable params: 144,033 Non-trainable params: 0

```
Epoch 1/10
Fnoch 2/10
Epoch 3/10
Epoch 4/10
Epoch 5/10
Epoch 6/10
Epoch 7/10
204/204 [===========] - 2s 8ms/step - loss: 0.1919 - acc: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.1171 - val_acc: 0.9760
Epoch 8/10
204/204 [===========] - 2s 10ms/step - loss: 0.1912 - acc: 0.9529 - val_loss: 0.1352 - val_acc: 0.9760
Epoch 9/10
204/204 [===
   Epoch 10/10
```

In conclusion, for my dataset, it seems like the only working model was the sequential one. I think with a larger dataset, the results might have been better.

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