Murder in the Midwest

1976-2017

Amber Billings, Bimi Bisht, Matt Hanson, Eric Kleppen and Devin Stern

Our goals

- Understand demographics and relationships of murder offenders and victims in the Midwest
- Explore social and political climates that may influence murder counts over time
- Call attention to the evolution of murder solve rates by state and over time in the Midwest

Key Questions: Murder in the Midwest

What gender are victims and offenders?	Has the political climate played a role in murder counts over time?	Have murder solve rates increased or decreased over time?
Do relationships between victims and offenders influence the method of murder?	Do some states in the region have higher victim counts than others?	Are murder rates per capita greater in smaller or larger urban areas?
Are female victims more often murdered by someone they know?	Does the time of year affect the number of murders?	How old are murder victims?

Data Sources

Murderdata.org

Census.gov

Wikipedia

CSV

The Murder Accountability
Project is an outgrowth of a
2010 national reporting
project conducted by the
newspapers and television
stations owned by the E.W.
Scripps Co. The computer
algorithm that can spot serial
killings within FBI computer
files was developed as part of
that project.

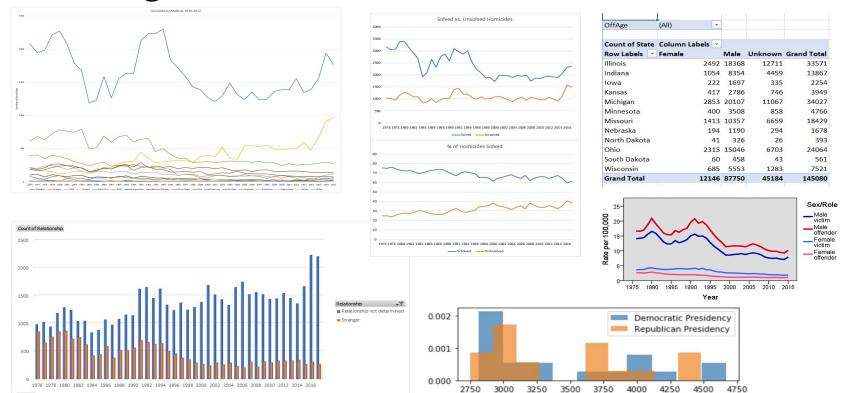
API

This project used the Census API to grab data for the geography level of metropolitan statistical areas from the American Community Survey 5-year estimates in 2009. That year was chosen because that was when the MSAs in MAP were processed through SPSS, changing from their original codes to labels that in many cases had changed since then.

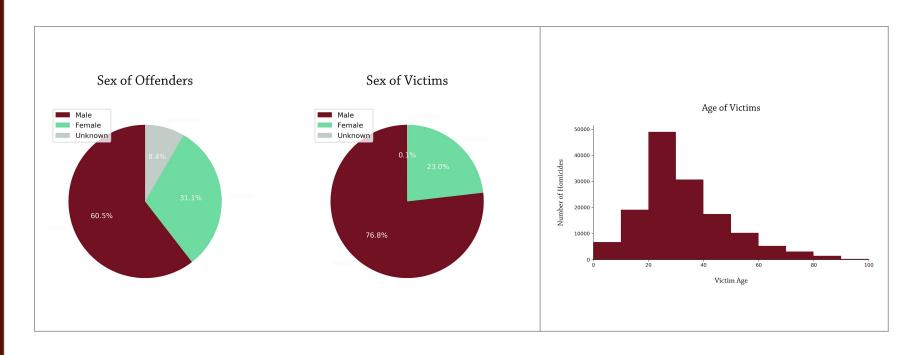
Various Entries

Wikipedia was used to source the information about the presidents. The data was put together in Excel and saved as a CSV.

Tinkering

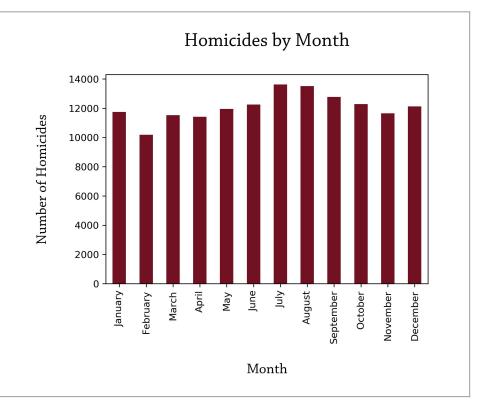


Midwest Murder Demographics

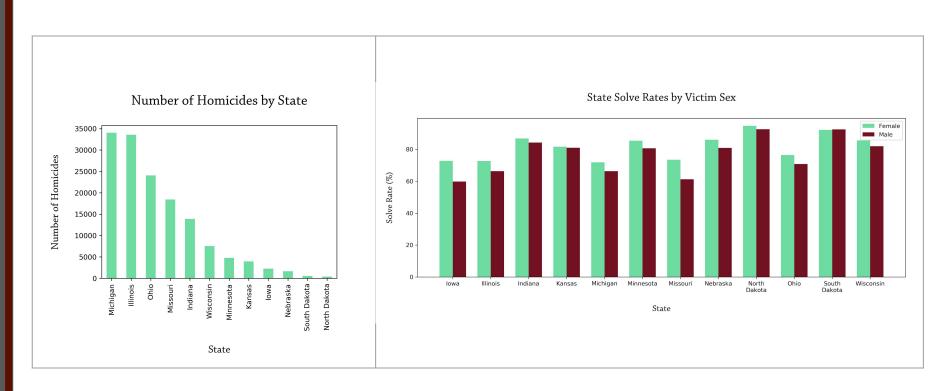


Victim Count by State and Month

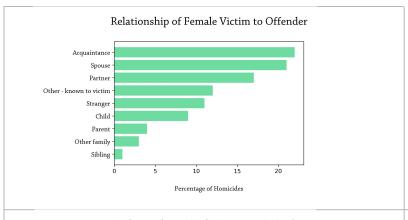
	State	Female Victim	Male Victim
0	ND	151	241
1	SD	203	357
2	NE	529	1149
3	KS	1204	2740
4	MN	1431	3327
5	WI	2095	5423
6	МО	4030	14388
7	IA	4208	11893
8	ОН	5986	18012
9	IL	6023	27525
10	MI	7542	26410



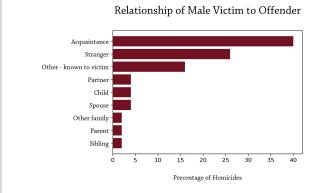
Region Homicide Count and Solve Rates by State

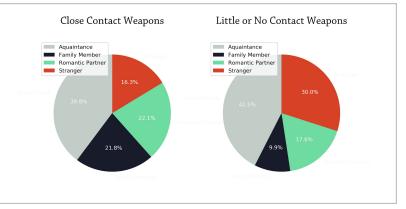


Victims, their relationships, and the method of murder

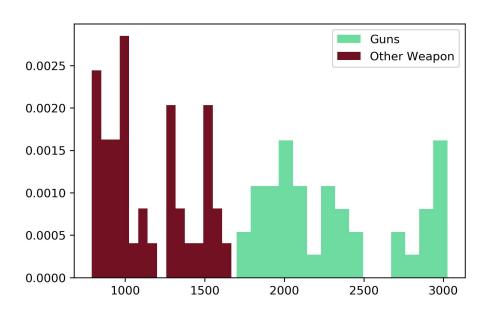


- Almost half (47%) of female victims with relationships defined were murdered by a spouse or partner as opposed to 8% of male victims.
- 43.9% of Close Contact weapons were used by family and romantic partners; strangers made up 16.3% of Close Contact Weapon use



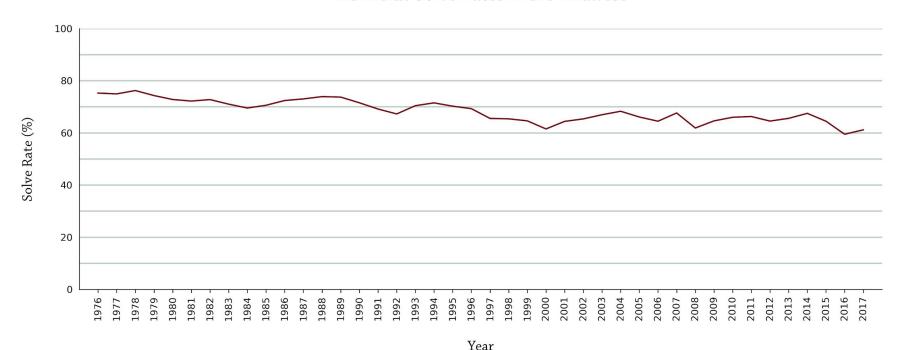


Guns are used in homicides significantly more than any other type of weapon



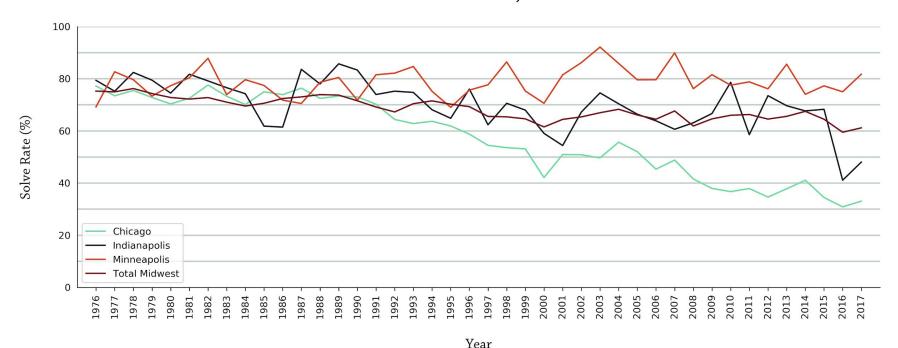
Murder case solve rates through the years

Homicide Solve Rates in the Midwest



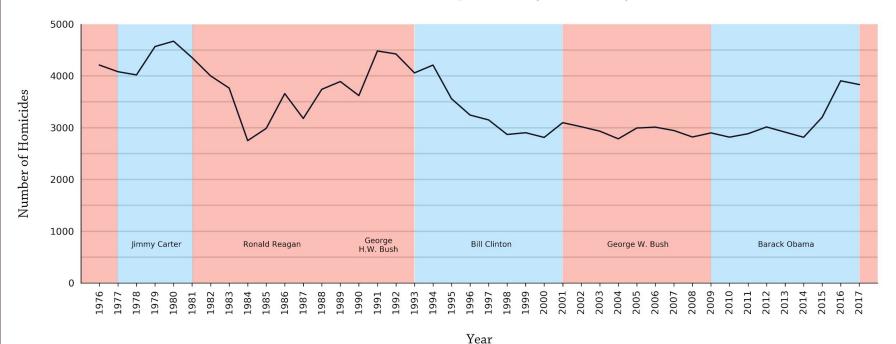
Murder case solve rates through the years

Homicide Solve Rates in Major Midwest Cities



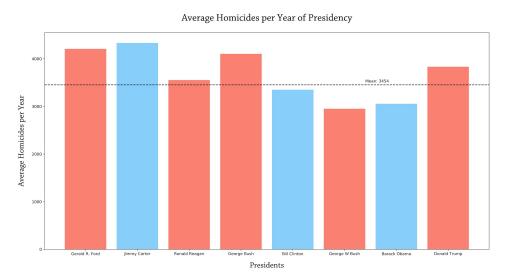
Politics and murder through the years

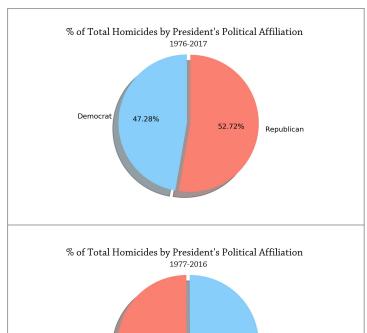
Total Homicides per Year by Presidency



Politics and Murder

We found no statistically significant difference in the number of murders when comparing political parties.





50.05%

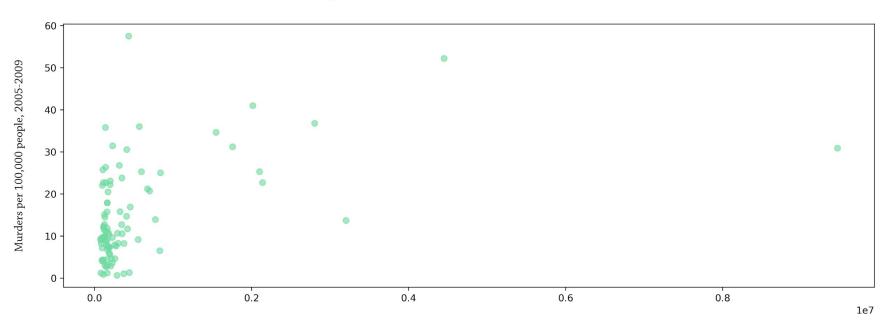
Democrat

49.95%

Republican

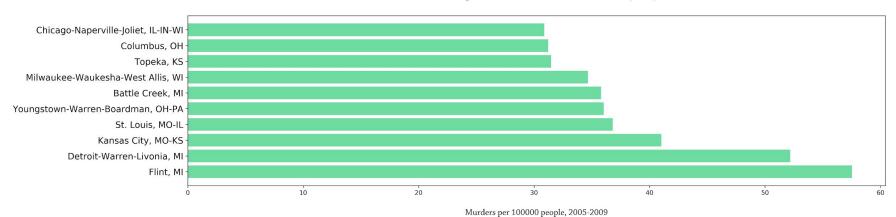
Midwest Murders per Capita

Per capita murder rates in Midwest metro areas



Midwest Murders per Capita

Top 10 Highest Per Capita Murder Rates by City



Challenges and Wish List

Challenges

- Merging on Git
- Narrowing down the scope of the project (we had SO much data)
- Formatting data frames to produce the desired plots

If we had unlimited time, we'd like to research:

- Demographic breakdown of Midwest region in comparison to demographic breakdown of offenders and victims
- The impact advances in technology might have on the number of solved murders.
- Looking further into reasons why homicide clearance rates are decreasing.
- Explore more of what the dataset has to offer (multiple/single victim or offender, incident numbers)