COMP3230 Tutorial 3 Exercise 3

## **Debugging Evaluation**

```
Thread 2 "hw3d" hit Breakpoint 2, get_instance () at hw3d.c:30
           if (ctx == NULL)
30
(gdb) s
[Switching to Thread 0x7ffff6fc3700 (LWP 48368)]
Thread 3 "hw3d" hit Breakpoint 2, get_instance () at hw3d.c:30
           if (ctx == NULL)
30
(gdb) s
[Switching to Thread 0x7fffff77c4700 (LWP 48367)]
Thread 2 "hw3d" hit Breakpoint 3, get_instance () at hw3d.c:32
             ctx = (context_t *)malloc(sizeof(context_t));
32
(gdb) s
[Switching to Thread 0x7ffff6fc3700 (LWP 48368)]
Thread 3 "hw3d" hit Breakpoint 3, get_instance () at hw3d.c:32
32 ctx = (context_t *)malloc(sizeof(context_t));
(gdb) s
```

Thread "A" and thread "B" both evaluate if (ctx == NULL) at the same time, and thus two instances of context t was created. This is a bug.

```
[Switching to Thread 0x7ffff77c4700 (LWP 48367)]
Thread 2 "hw3d" hit Breakpoint 4, do_work (arg=0x555555554c1b) at hw3d.c:47
47
            ctx->name = (char *)arg;
(gdb) s
Thread 2 "hw3d" hit Breakpoint 5, do_work (arg=0x5555555554c1b) at hw3d.c:48
48
            ctx->id = ++id;
(gdb) s
[Switching to Thread 0x7ffff6fc3700 (LWP 48368)]
Thread 3 "hw3d" hit Breakpoint 4, do_work (arg=0x555555554c25) at hw3d.c:47
47
            ctx->name = (char *)arg;
(gdb) s
name=A id=1
[Thread 0x7fffff77c4700 (LWP 48367) exited]
Thread 3 "hw3d" hit Breakpoint 5, do_work (arg=0x5555555554c25) at hw3d.c:48
            ctx->id = ++id;
48
(gdb) s
49
            ctx->initialized = true;
(gdb) s
51
          printf("name=%s\tid=%ld\n", ctx->name, ctx->id);
(gdb) c
Continuing.
name=B id=2
[Thread 0x7ffff6fc3700 (LWP 48368) exited]
[Inferior 1 (process 48366) exited normally]
```

Thread "A" and thread "B" both access ctx->name and ctx->id at the same time, initialization is done twice, and race condition occurs. Thus, two different contexts are printed by thread "A" and "B".

I fixed the bug by adding a mutex in get\_instance() so only one thread may evaluate the if (ctx == NULL) expression and thus only a single instance of *context\_t* will be created.

However, this is not enough to entirely eliminate the bug, as there is a very slim chance thread "A" and "B" will evaluate the if (!ctx->initialized) expression at the same time and thus initialize ctx twice. Thus, another mutex is necessary to be added before the if (!ctx->initialized) expression.

```
20     context_t *get_instance()
21     {
22         pthread_mutex_lock(&lock);
23         if (ctx == NULL)
24         {
25             ctx = (context_t *)malloc(sizeof(context_t));
26             assert(ctx != NULL);
27             ctx->initialized = false;
28         }
29         pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
30         return ctx;
31     }
```