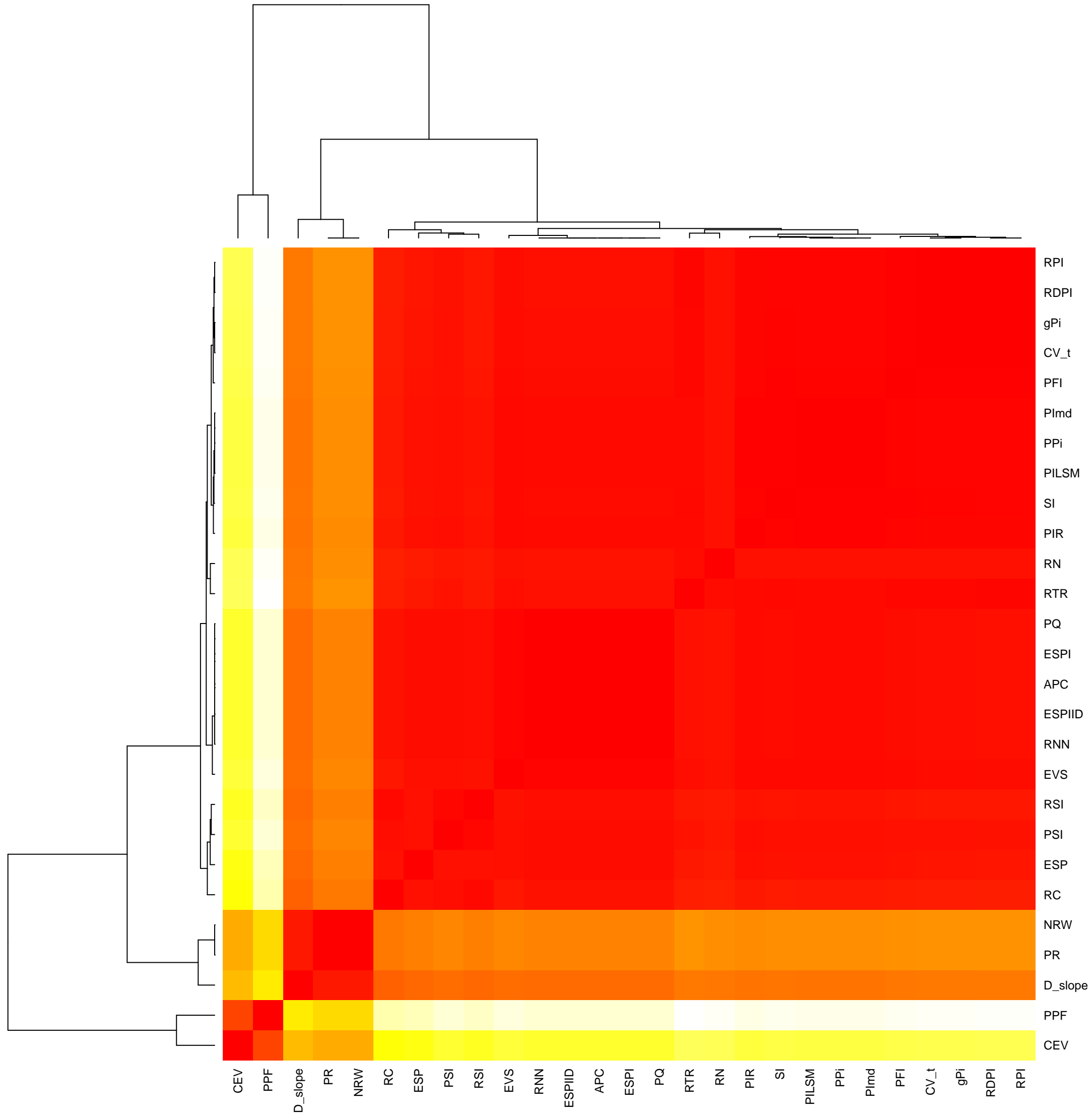
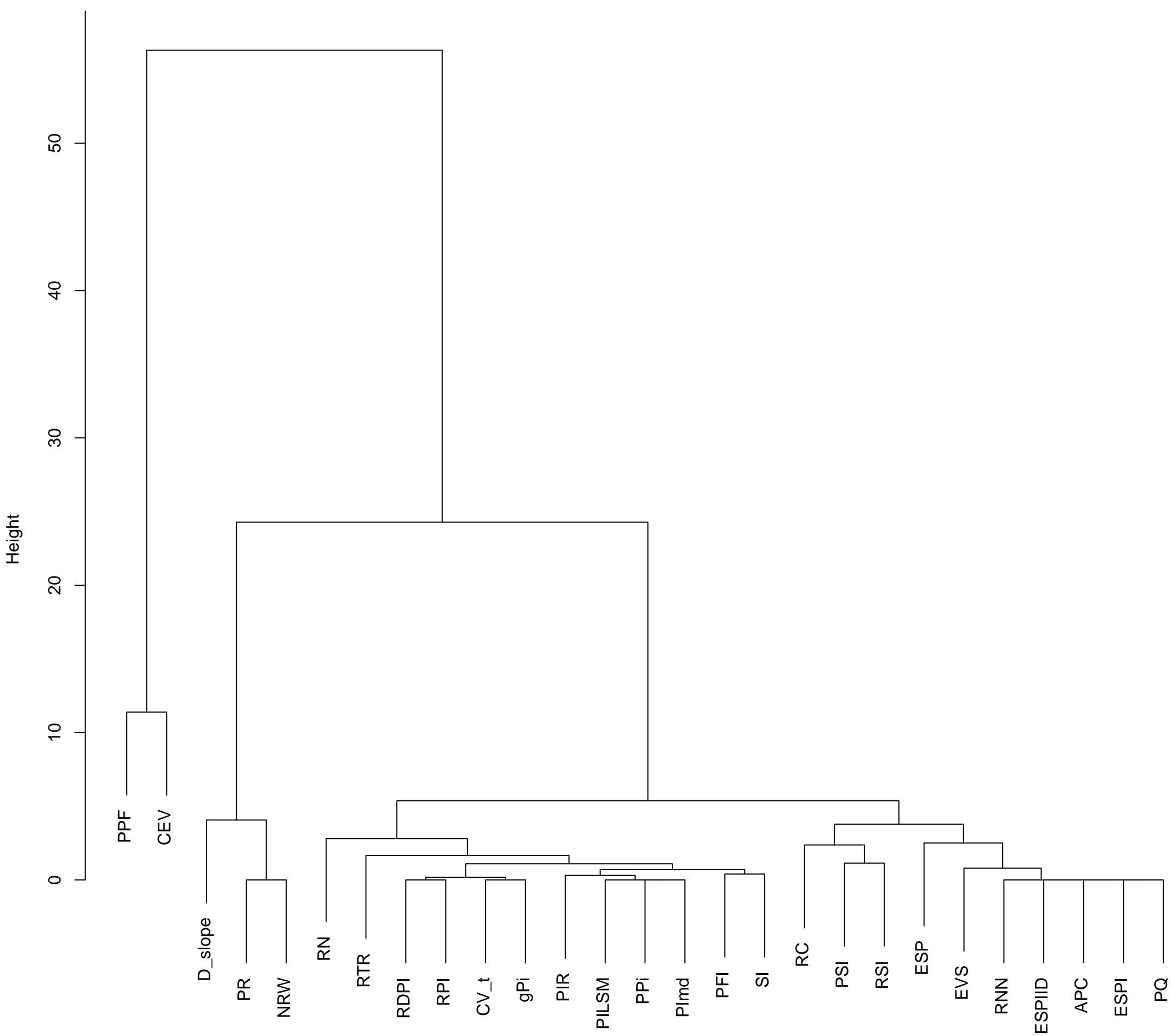


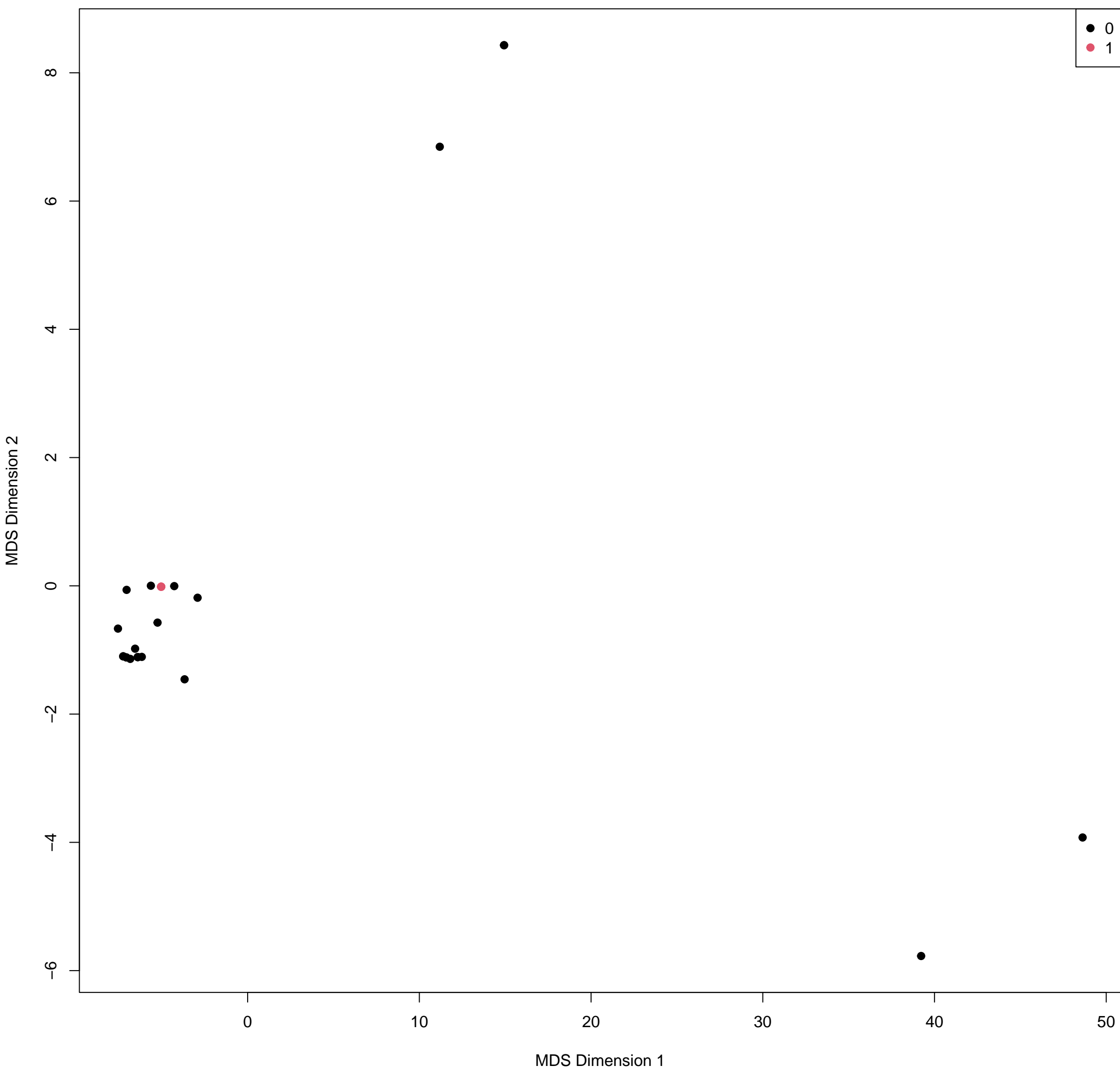
Distance Matrix for linear



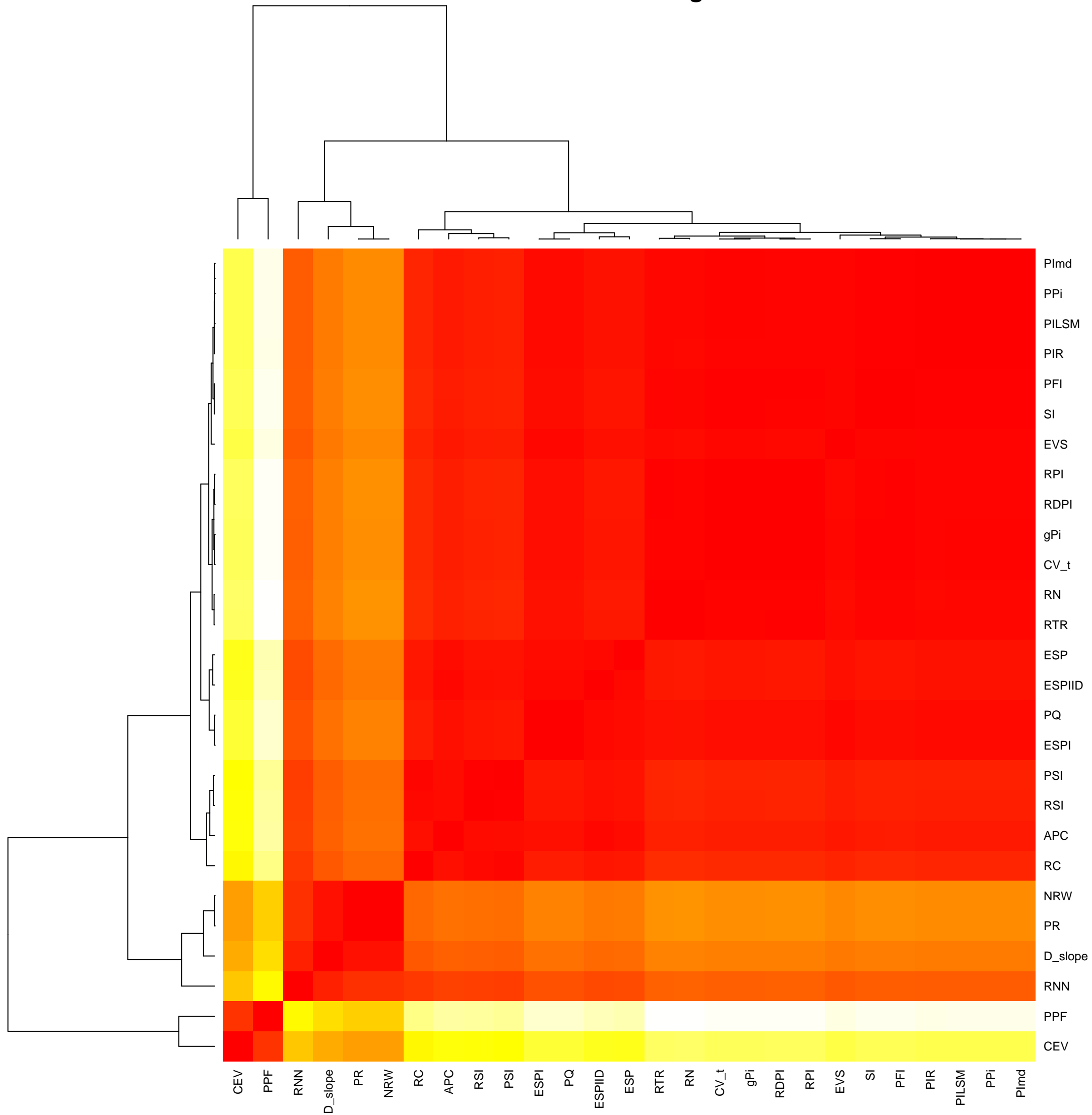
# Hierarchical Clustering for linear



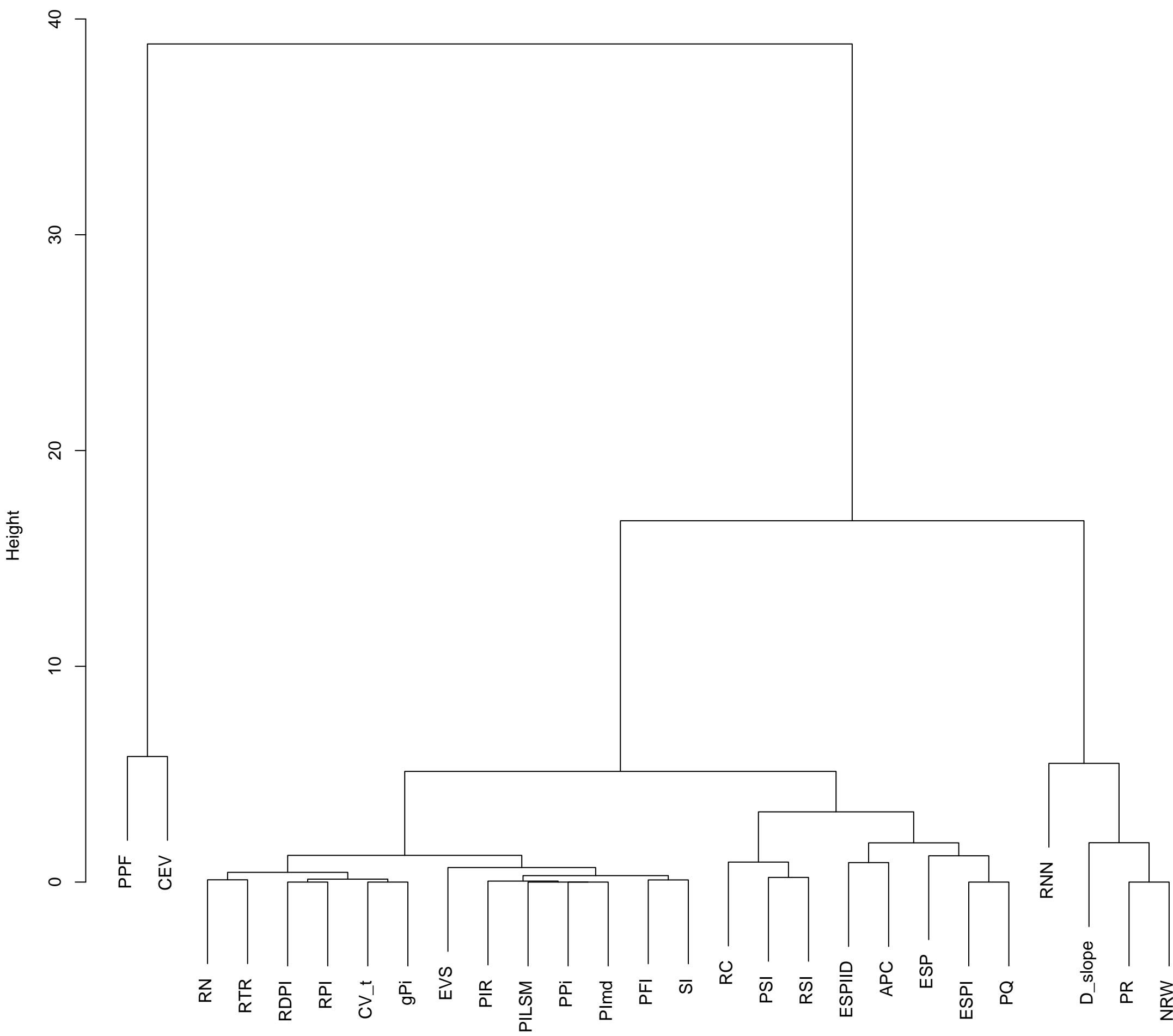
DBSCAN Clustering for linear



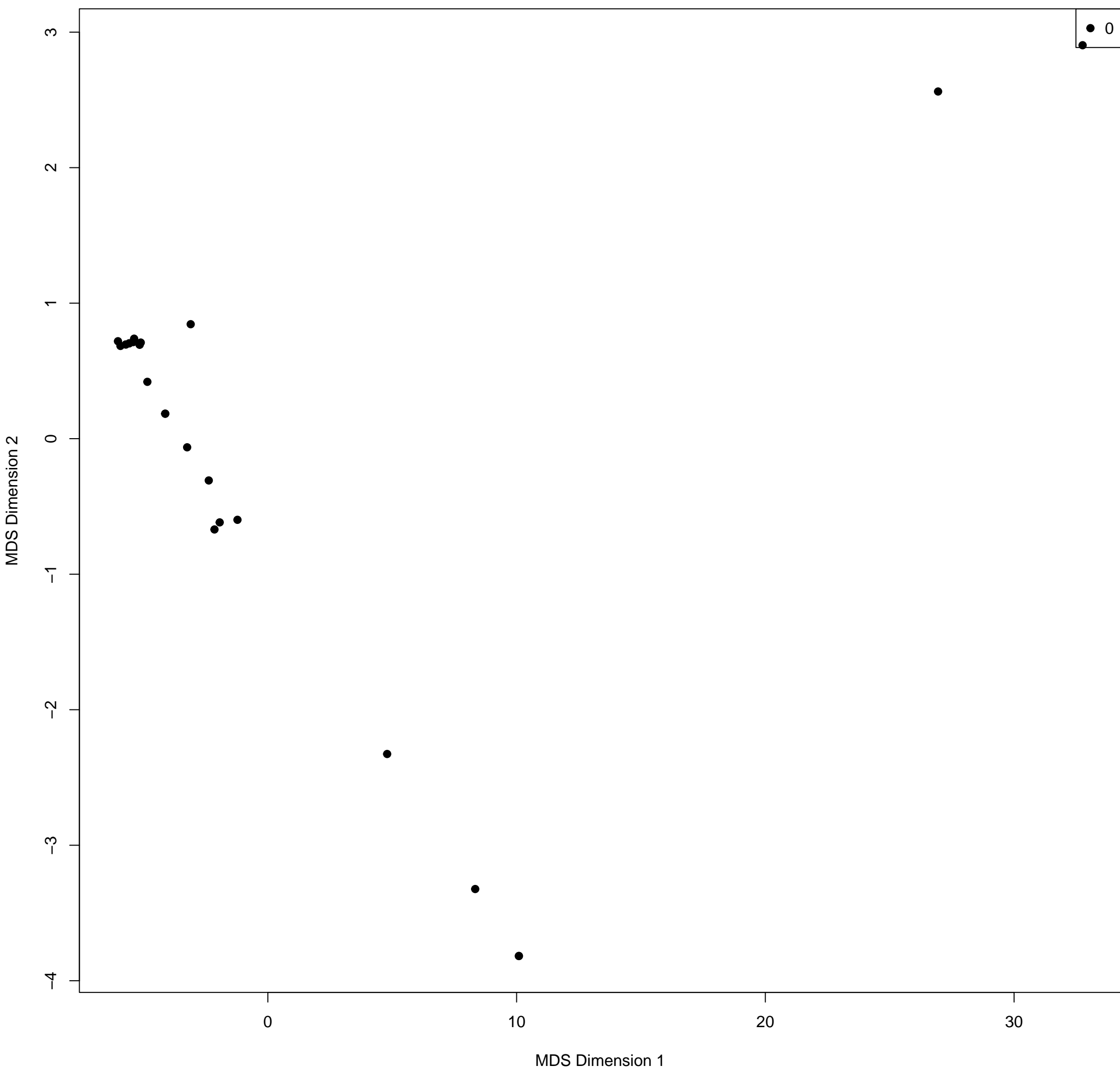
Distance Matrix for gaussian



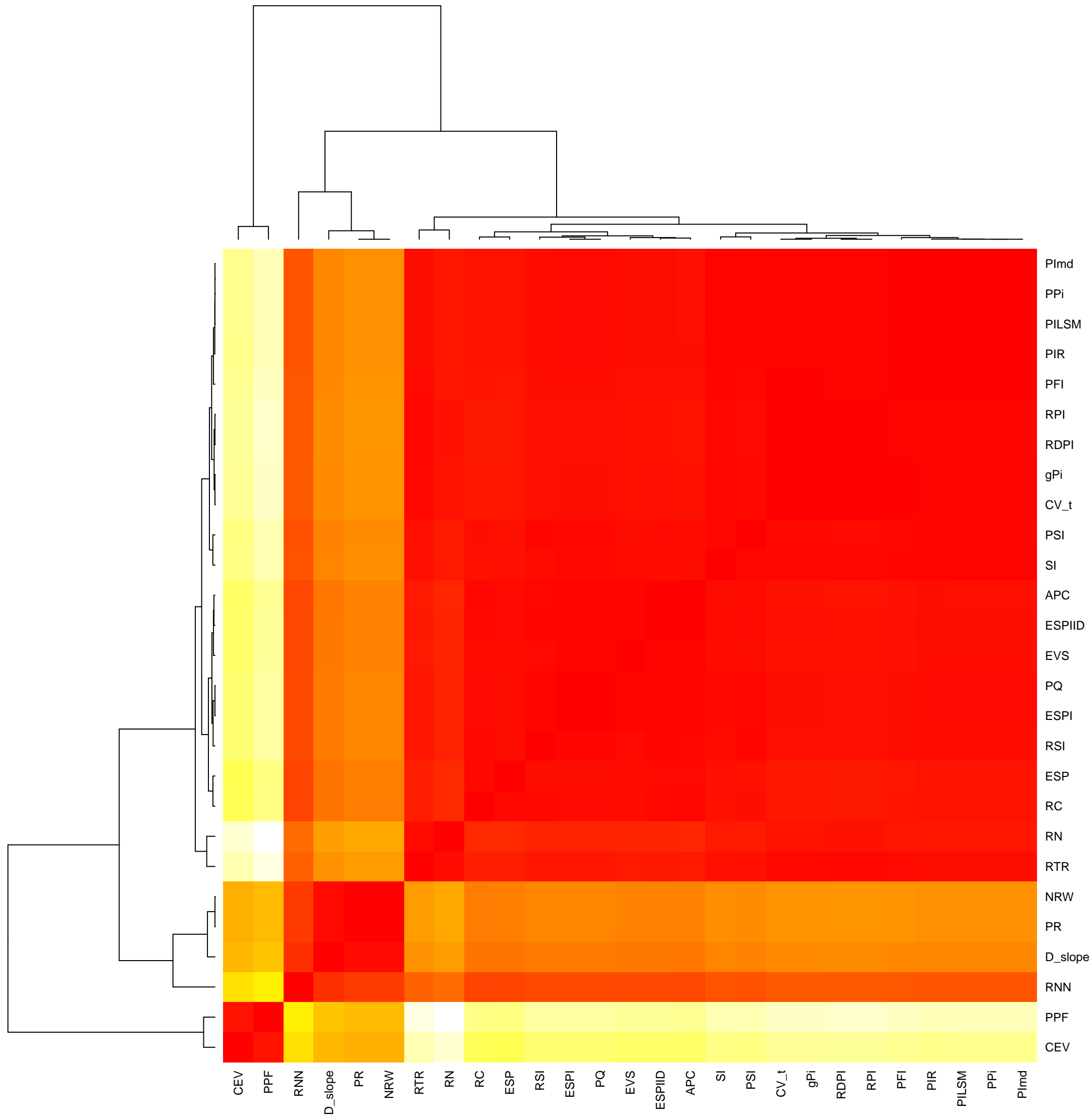
Hierarchical Clustering for gaussian



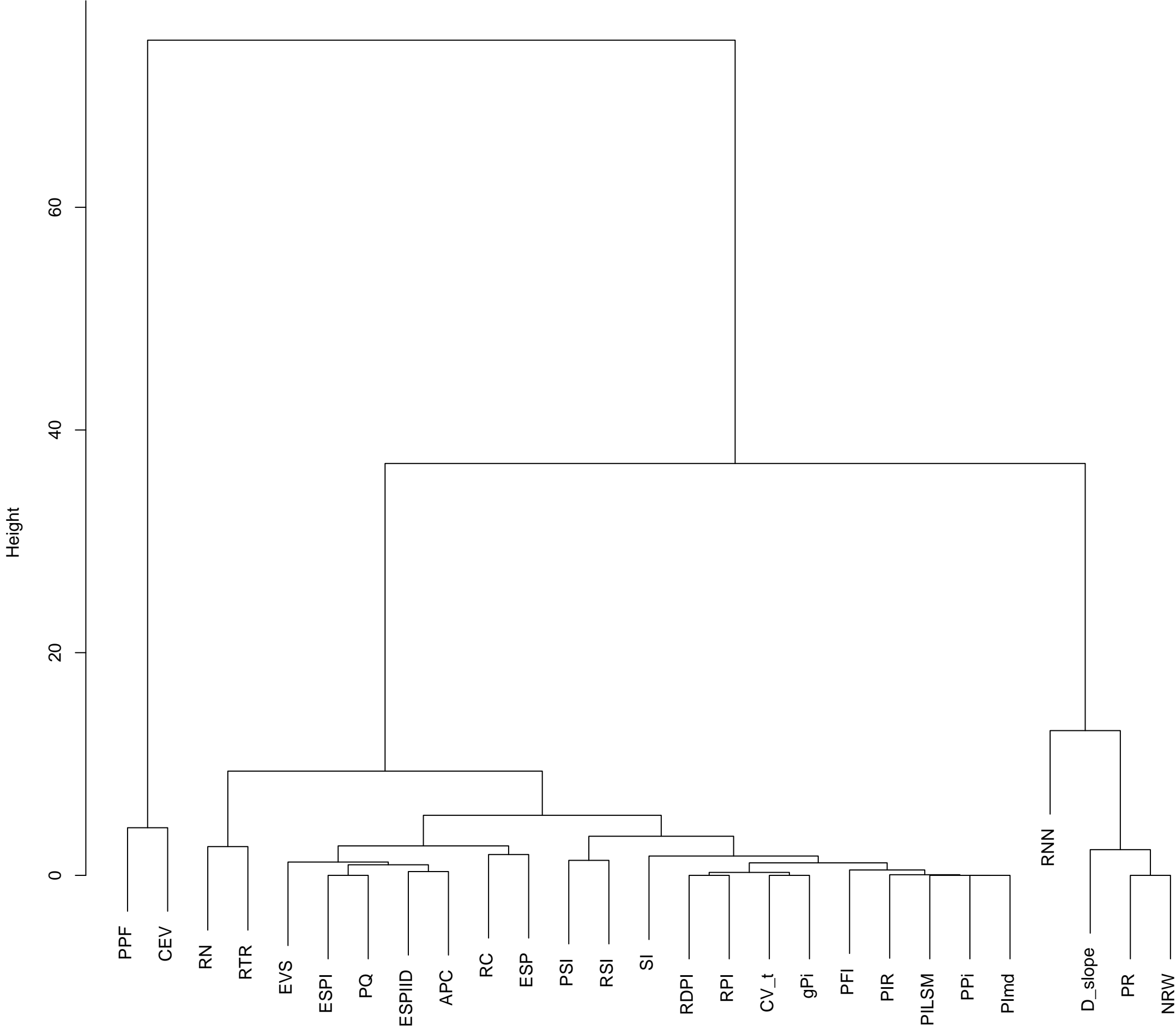
DBSCAN Clustering for gaussian



Distance Matrix for sinusoidal

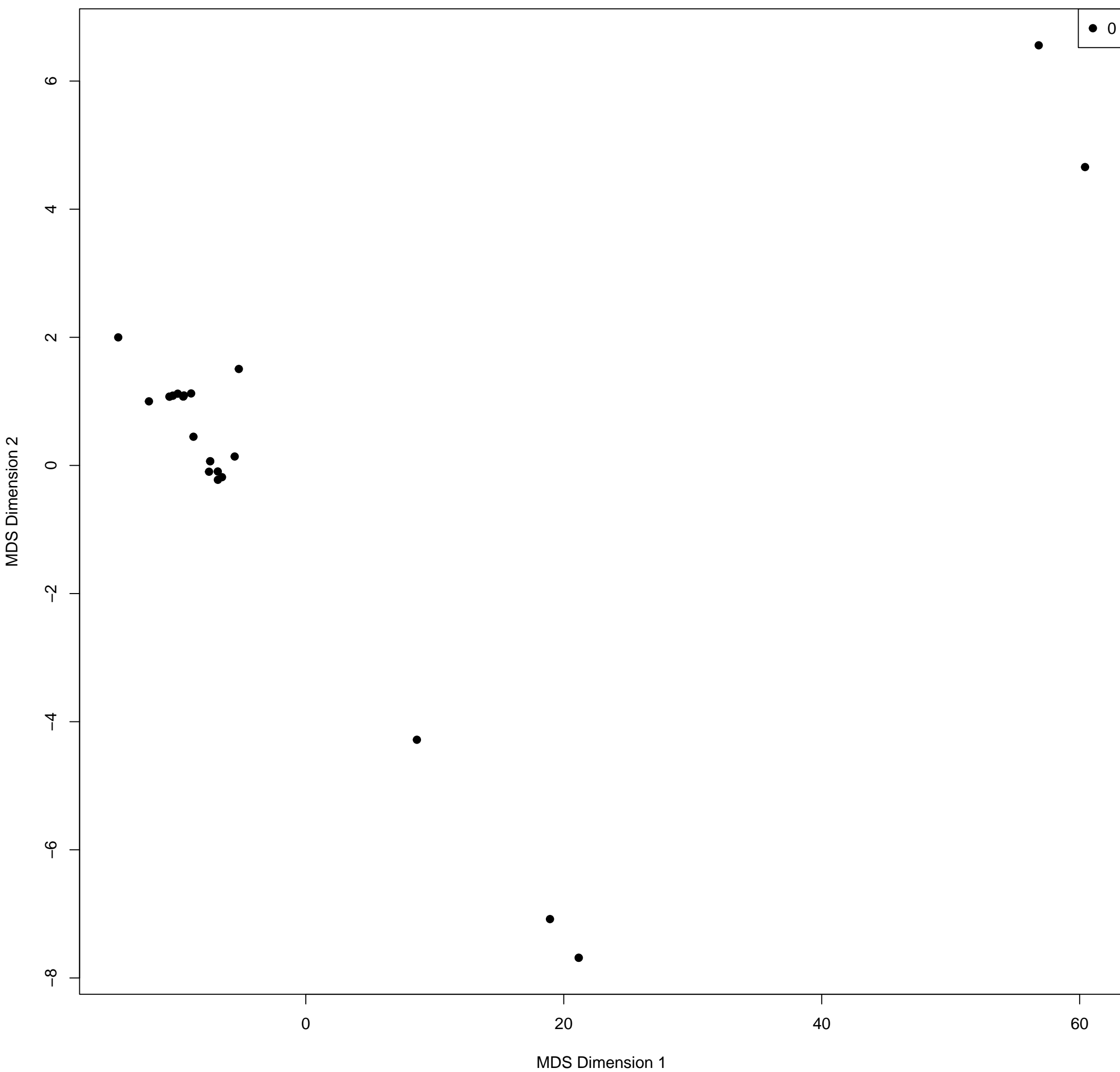


Hierarchical Clustering for sinusoidal

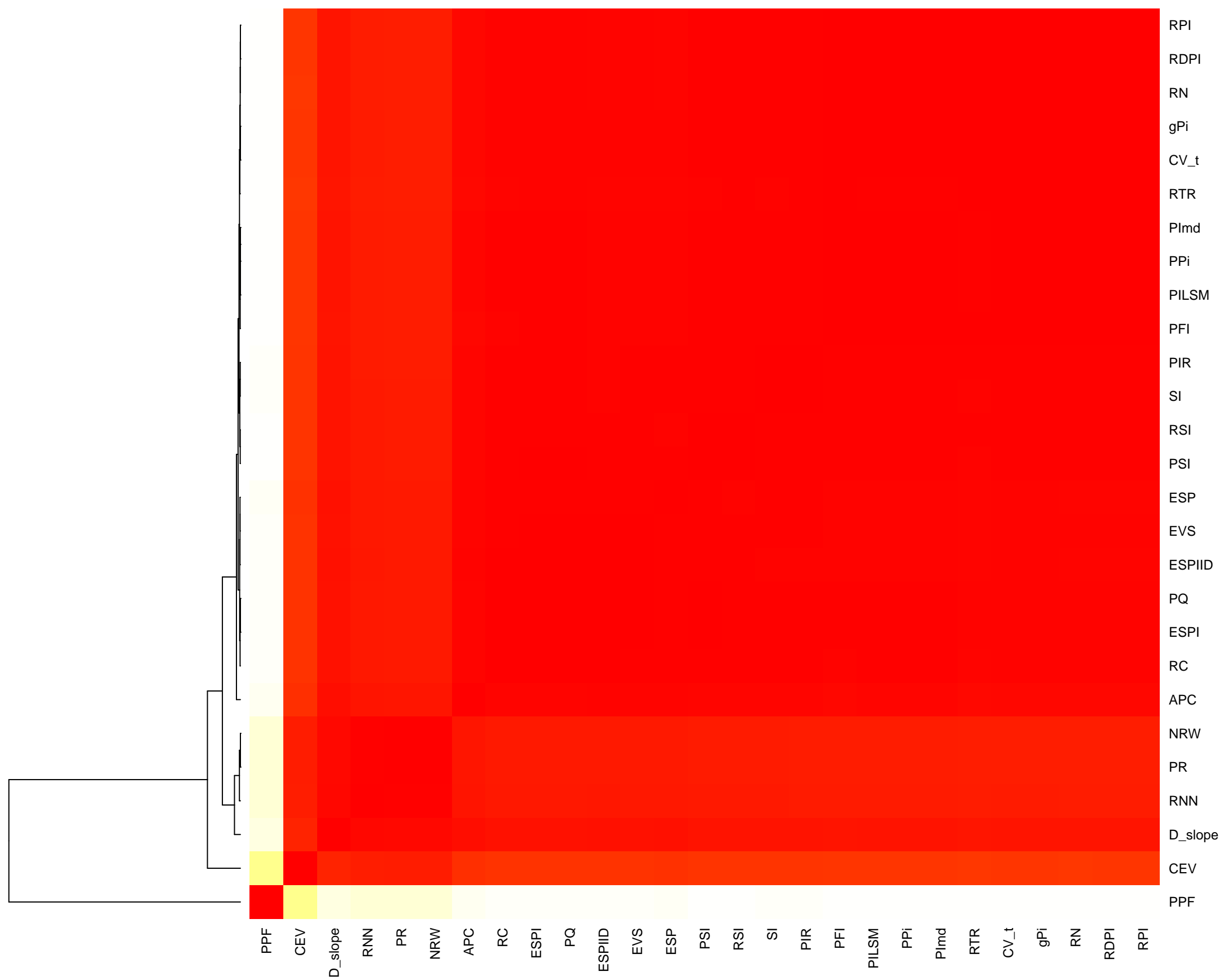




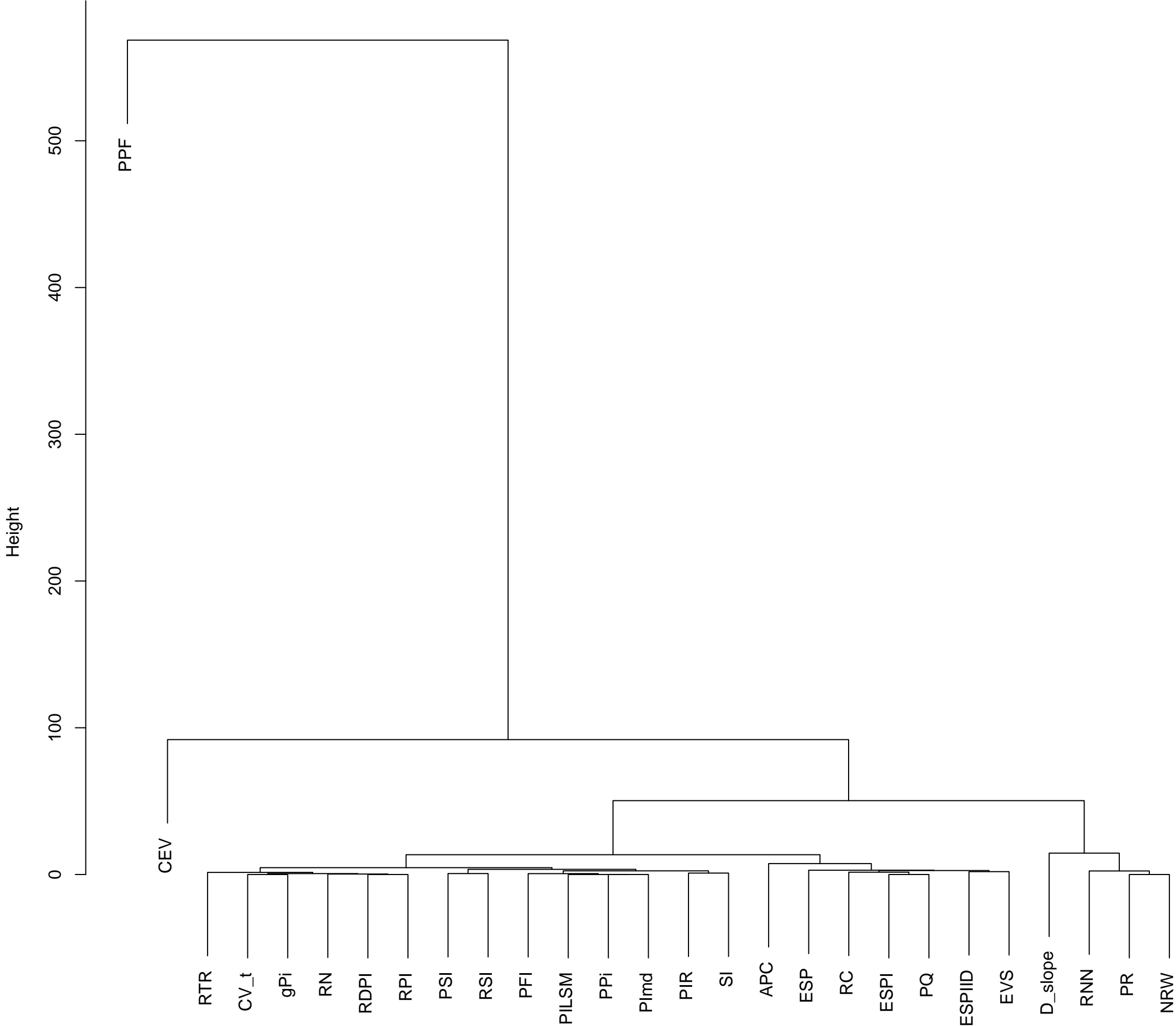
DBSCAN Clustering for sinusoidal



The graph illustrates the distribution of the number of children per woman. The x-axis represents the 'Number of children' (0 to 10), and the y-axis represents the 'Number of women' (0 to 100). The distribution is highly skewed to the right, with a peak at 0 children (approximately 95 women) and a long tail extending to 10 children (approximately 5 women).



Hierarchical Clustering for wave



DBSCAN Clustering for wave

