

# TVINN FALLAGREINING I- FORMÚLUBLAÐ

Benedikt Steinar Magnússon <bsm@hi.is>, <https://github.com/benediktmag/formulublad>

---

## Hornaföll

$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta}}{2}$$

$$\sin^2(\theta) + \cos^2(\theta) = 1$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial \bar{f}}{\partial \bar{z}}$$

Höfuðgrein hornsins:

$$\sin(\theta) = \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta}}{2i}$$

$$(\cos(\theta) + i \sin(\theta))^n = \cos(n\theta) + i \sin(n\theta)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial \bar{z}} = \frac{\partial \bar{f}}{\partial z}$$

$$\operatorname{Arg} z = 2 \arctan \left( \frac{y}{|z| + x} \right), \quad \operatorname{Arg} : \mathbb{C} \setminus \mathbb{R}_- \rightarrow ]-\pi, \pi[.$$

Höfuðgrein lografallsins:

$$\operatorname{Log} z = \ln |z| + i \operatorname{Arg}(z), \quad \operatorname{Log} : \mathbb{C} \setminus \mathbb{R}_- \rightarrow \mathbb{C}.$$

$$\cos(z) = \frac{e^{iz} + e^{-iz}}{2}$$

$$\sin(z) = \frac{e^{iz} - e^{-iz}}{2i}$$

$$\text{Vegheildi: } \int_C f dz = \int_\gamma f dz = \int_\gamma f dx + i f dy = \int_a^b f(\gamma(t)) \gamma'(t) dt$$

$$\int_C f d\bar{z} = \int_\gamma f d\bar{z} = \int_\gamma f dx - i f dy = \int_a^b f(\gamma(t)) \overline{\gamma'(t)} dt$$

$$\left| \int_C f(z) dz \right| \leq \int_\gamma |f(z)| |dz| \leq \max_{z \in C} |f(z)| \int_\gamma |dz| = \max_{z \in C} |f(z)| L(C)$$

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n (z-a)^n, \quad c_n = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial D(a,r)} \frac{f(\zeta)}{(\zeta-z)^{n+1}} \partial \zeta$$

$$f^{(n)}(z) = \frac{n!}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial \Omega} \frac{f(\zeta)}{(\zeta-z)^{n+1}} \partial \zeta$$

$$\int_{\partial \Omega} f(z) dz = 2\pi i \sum_{\alpha \in \omega \cap A} \operatorname{Res}(f, \alpha)$$

Leif í m-ta stigs skauti:

$$\operatorname{Res}(f, \alpha) = \frac{g^{(m-1)}(\alpha)}{(m-1)!}$$

Stofnbrotaliðun:

$$\frac{P(z)}{Q(z)} = \sum_{j=1}^k \frac{A_{j,0}}{(z-\alpha_j)^{m_j}} + \dots + \frac{A_{j,m_j-1}}{(z-\alpha_j)}, \quad A_{j,\ell} = \frac{f_j^{(\ell)}(\alpha_j)}{\ell!}, \quad f_j(z) = \frac{(z-\alpha_j)^{m_j} P(z)}{Q(z)}$$

$$I(\xi, z) f(z) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_\xi \frac{f(\zeta)}{\zeta - z} \partial \zeta$$

$$I(\xi, z) f^{(n)}(z) = \frac{n!}{2\pi i} \int_\xi \frac{f(\zeta)}{(\zeta - z)^{n+1}} \partial \zeta$$

$$\int_{\xi} f(\zeta) \, d\zeta = 2\pi i \sum_{\alpha \in I(\xi) \cap A} \operatorname{Res}(f, \alpha) I(\xi, \alpha)$$

$$\sum_{\alpha \in I(\xi)} \omega(f, \alpha) I(\xi, \alpha) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\xi} \frac{f'(z)}{f(z)} dz = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{f_*\xi} \frac{dw}{w} = I(f_*\xi, 0)$$