

$$\tan \theta = \frac{h_2 - h_1}{w_2 - w_1}$$

$$= \frac{r_2 \cos \theta_2 - r_1 \cos \theta_1}{r_2 \sin \theta_2 - r_1 \sin \theta_1}$$

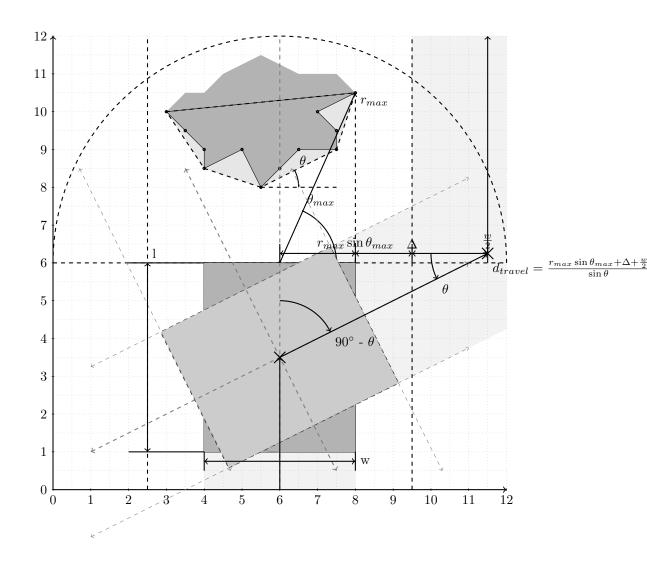
$$\theta = \arctan \frac{r_2 \cos \theta_2 - r_1 \cos \theta_1}{r_2 \sin \theta_2 - r_1 \sin \theta_1}$$
(2)
$$\alpha = \frac{1}{2} \cos \theta_1 + \frac{1}{2} \cos \theta_2 - \frac{1}{2} \sin \theta_2 - \frac{1}{2} \sin \theta_1$$
(3)

$$= \frac{r_2 \cos \theta_2 - r_1 \cos \theta_1}{r_2 \sin \theta_2 - r_1 \sin \theta_1} \tag{2}$$

$$\theta = \arctan \frac{r_2 \cos \theta_2 - r_1 \cos \theta_1}{r_2 \sin \theta_2 - r_1 \sin \theta_1} \tag{3}$$

$$\alpha = 90^{\circ} - \theta \tag{4}$$

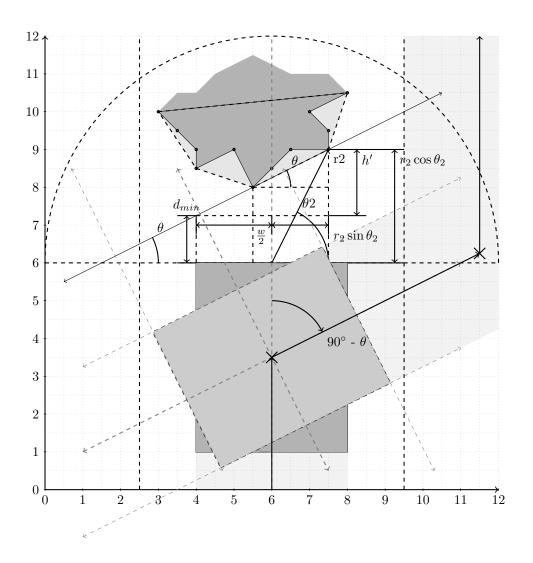
$$= \arctan \frac{r_2 \sin \theta_2 - r_1 \sin \theta_1}{r_2 \cos \theta_2 - r_1 \cos \theta_1}$$
 (5)



$$d_{travel}\sin\theta = r_{max}\sin\theta_{max} + \Delta + \frac{w}{2} \tag{6}$$

$$d_{travel} \sin \theta = r_{max} \sin \theta_{max} + \Delta + \frac{w}{2}$$

$$d_{travel} = \frac{r_{max} \sin \theta_{max} + \Delta + \frac{w}{2}}{\sin \theta}$$
(6)



$$h' = \left(\frac{w}{2} + r_2 \sin \theta_2\right) \tan \theta \tag{8}$$

$$d_{min} = r_2 \cos \theta_2 - h' \tag{9}$$

$$= r_2 \cos \theta_2 - \left(\frac{w}{2} + r_2 \sin \theta_2\right) \tan \theta \tag{10}$$

$$= r_2 \cos \theta_2 - \left(\frac{w}{2}\right) \tan \theta - r_2 \sin \theta_2 \tan \theta \tag{11}$$

$$= r_2 \cos \theta_2 - r_2 \sin \theta_2 \left(\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}\right) - \left(\frac{w}{2}\right) \tan \theta \tag{12}$$

$$= \frac{r_2}{\cos \theta} \left(\cos \theta_2 \cos \theta - \sin \theta_2 \sin \theta\right) - \left(\frac{w}{2}\right) \tan \theta \tag{13}$$

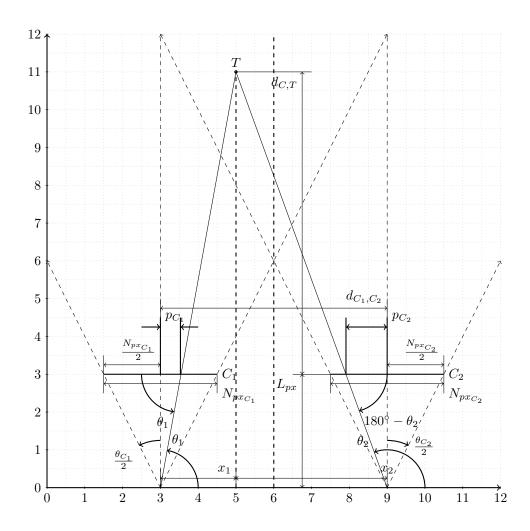
$$= \left(\frac{r_2}{\cos \theta}\right) \cos \left(\theta_2 + \theta\right) - \left(\frac{w}{2}\right) \tan \theta \tag{14}$$

$$d_{min} = \left(r_2 \cos\left(\theta_2 + \theta\right) - \left(\frac{w}{2}\right) \sin\theta\right) \frac{1}{\cos\theta} \tag{15}$$

$$d_{min} \ge \Delta_{min} \tag{16}$$

$$t_{hit} = \frac{d_{min}}{v_{robo}} \tag{17}$$

$$\implies t_{decision} \le t_{hit}$$
 (18)



$$\tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_1}}{2}\right) = \frac{\left(\frac{N_{px_{C_1}}}{2}\right)}{L_{px}} \tag{19}$$

$$\implies L_{px} = \left(\frac{N_{px_{C_1}}}{2}\right) \frac{1}{\tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_1}}{2}\right)} \tag{20}$$

$$=\frac{N_{px_{C_1}}}{2\tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_1}}{2}\right)}\tag{21}$$

$$\tan \theta_1 = \frac{L_{px}}{p_{C_1}} \tag{22}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{N_{px_{C_1}}}{2\tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_1}}{2}\right)}\right)}{p_{C_1}}$$

$$= \frac{N_{px_{C_1}}}{2p_{C_1}\tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_1}}{2}\right)}$$
(23)

$$=\frac{N_{px_{C_1}}}{2p_{C_1}\tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_1}}{2}\right)}\tag{24}$$

$$\implies \frac{1}{\tan \theta_1} = \frac{2p_{C_1} \tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_1}}{2}\right)}{N_{px_{C_1}}} \tag{25}$$

$$\tan(180^{\circ} - \theta_2) = \frac{L_{px}}{p_{C_2}} \tag{26}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{N_{px_{C_2}}}{2\tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_2}}{2}\right)}\right)}{p_{C_2}}$$

$$= \frac{N_{px_{C_2}}}{2p_{C_2}\tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_2}}{2}\right)}$$
(27)

$$=\frac{N_{px_{C_2}}}{2p_{C_2}\tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_2}}{2}\right)}\tag{28}$$

$$\implies \tan \theta_2 = -\left(\frac{N_{px_{C_2}}}{2p_{C_2}\tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_2}}{2}\right)}\right) \tag{29}$$

$$\implies \frac{1}{\tan \theta_2} = -\left(\frac{2p_{C_2} \tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_2}}{2}\right)}{N_{px_{C_2}}}\right) \tag{30}$$

 $Let: \sigma_{px/unit} be density of pixels per unit of measurement$ (31)

$$Let: L_{units} = \frac{L_{px}}{\sigma_{px/unit}} \tag{32}$$

$$\tan \theta_1 = \frac{d_{C,T} + L_{units}}{x_1} \tag{33}$$

$$\tan \theta_1 = \frac{d_{C,T} + L_{units}}{x_1} \tag{34}$$

$$\implies x_1 = \frac{d_{C,T} + L_{units}}{\tan \theta_1} \tag{35}$$

$$\tan(180^{\circ} - \theta_2) = \frac{d_{C,T} + L_{units}}{x_2}$$
 (36)

$$\implies x_2 = \frac{d_{C,T} + L_{px}}{\tan\left(180^\circ - \theta_2\right)} \tag{37}$$

$$\implies x_1 + x_2 = \frac{d_{C,T} + L_{units}}{\tan \theta_1} + \frac{d_{C,T} + L_{units}}{\tan (180^\circ - \theta_2)}$$

$$(38)$$

$$= (d_{C,T} + L_{units}) \left(\frac{1}{\tan \theta_1} + \frac{1}{\tan (180^\circ - \theta_2)} \right)$$
 (39)

$$= (d_{C,T} + L_{units}) \left(\frac{1}{\tan \theta_1} - \frac{1}{\tan \theta_2} \right)$$
 (40)

$$= (d_{C,T} + L_{units}) \left(\frac{\tan \theta_2 - \tan \theta_1}{\tan \theta_1 \tan \theta_2} \right) \tag{41}$$

(42)

$$x_1 + x_2 = d_{C_1, C_2} (43)$$

$$\implies d_{C_1,C_2} = (d_{C,T} + L_{units}) \left(\frac{\tan \theta_2 - \tan \theta_1}{\tan \theta_1 \tan \theta_2} \right)$$
(44)

$$\implies d_{C,T} + L_{units} = d_{C_1,C_2} \left(\frac{\tan \theta_1 \tan \theta_2}{\tan \theta_2 - \tan \theta_1} \right) \tag{45}$$

$$=\frac{d_{C_1,C_2}\tan\theta_1\tan\theta_2}{\tan\theta_2-\tan\theta_1}\tag{46}$$

$$\implies d_{C,T} = \frac{d_{C_1,C_2} \tan \theta_1 \tan \theta_2}{\tan \theta_2 - \tan \theta_1} - L_{units}$$

$$\tag{47}$$

$$\tan \theta_2 - \tan \theta_1$$

$$\Rightarrow d_{C,T} = \frac{d_{C_1,C_2} \tan \theta_1 \tan \theta_2}{\tan \theta_2 - \tan \theta_1} - L_{units}$$

$$\Rightarrow d_{C,T} = \frac{d_{C_1,C_2} \tan \theta_1 \tan \theta_2}{\tan \theta_2 - \tan \theta_1} - \frac{N_{px_{C_1}}}{2 \tan \left(\frac{\theta_{C_1}}{2}\right) \sigma_{px/unit}}$$
(48)

$$\implies d_{C,T} = \frac{d_{C_1,C_2}}{\left(\frac{1}{\tan\theta_1} - \frac{1}{\tan\theta_2}\right)} - \frac{N_{px_{C_1}}}{2\tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_1}}{2}\right)\sigma_{px/unit}} \tag{49}$$

$$= \frac{d_{C_1,C_2}}{\left(\frac{1}{\tan\theta_1} - \frac{1}{\tan\theta_2}\right)} - \frac{N_{px_{C_1}}}{2\tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_1}}{2}\right)\sigma_{px/unit}}$$
(50)

$$= \frac{d_{C_1,C_2}}{\left(\frac{2p_{C_1}\tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_1}}{2}\right)}{N_{px_{C_1}}} + \frac{2p_{C_2}\tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_2}}{2}\right)}{N_{px_{C_2}}}\right)} - \frac{N_{px_{C_1}}}{2\tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_1}}{2}\right)\sigma_{px/unit}}$$
(51)

$$Let: \tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_1}}{2}\right) = \tan\left(\frac{\theta_{C_2}}{2}\right) = \tan\left(\frac{\theta_C}{2}\right)$$
 (52)

$$Let: N_{px_{C_1}} = N_{px_{C_2}} = N_{px_C} \tag{53}$$

$$Let: N_{px_{C_1}} = N_{px_{C_2}} = N_{px_C}$$

$$\implies d_{C,T} = \frac{d_{C_1,C_2}}{\left(\frac{2p_{C_1}\tan\left(\frac{\theta_C}{2}\right)}{N_{px_C}} + \frac{2p_{C_2}\tan\left(\frac{\theta_C}{2}\right)}{N_{px_C}}\right)} - \frac{N_{px_C}}{2\tan\left(\frac{\theta_C}{2}\right)\sigma_{px/unit}}$$

$$(53)$$

$$= \frac{d_{C_1,C_2}}{\left(\frac{2\tan\left(\frac{\theta_C}{2}\right)}{N_{px_C}}\right)(p_{C_1} + p_{C_2})} - \frac{N_{px_C}}{2\tan\left(\frac{\theta_C}{2}\right)\sigma_{px/unit}}$$
(55)

$$= \frac{d_{C_1,C_2} N_{px_C}}{2 \tan \left(\frac{\theta_C}{2}\right) \left(p_{C_1} + p_{C_2}\right)} - \frac{N_{px_C}}{2 \tan \left(\frac{\theta_C}{2}\right) \sigma_{px/unit}}$$

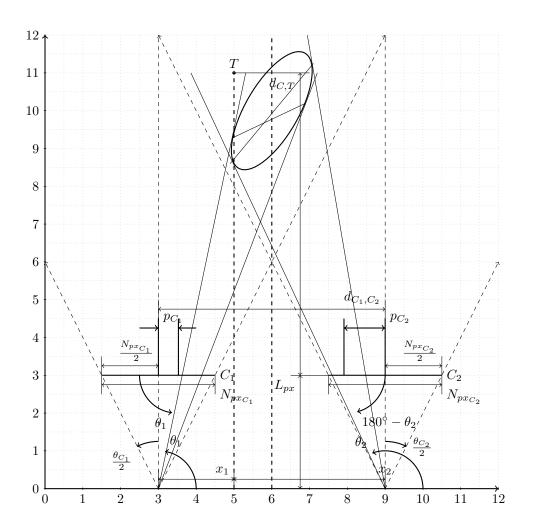
$$(56)$$

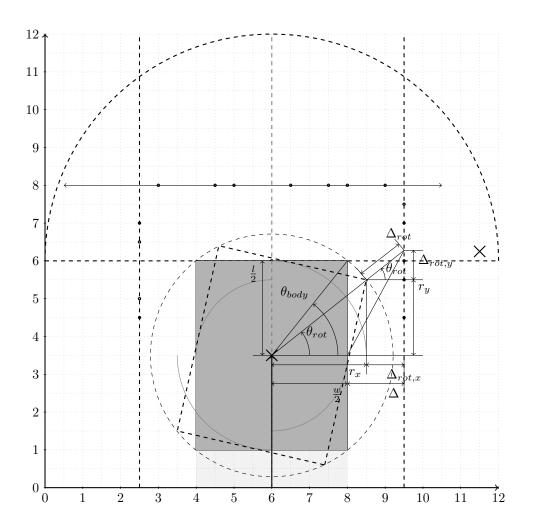
$$= \left(\frac{N_{px_C}}{2\tan\left(\frac{\theta_C}{2}\right)}\right) \left(\frac{d_{C_1,C_2}}{p_{C_1} + p_{C_2}} - \frac{1}{\sigma_{px/unit}}\right)$$

$$(57)$$

$$If: \frac{1}{\sigma_{px/unit}} \ll \frac{d_{C_1, C_2}}{p_{C_1} + p_{C_2}} \tag{58}$$

$$d_{C,T} \approx \frac{N_{px_C} d_{C_1,C_2}}{2 \tan\left(\frac{\theta_C}{2}\right) (p_{C_1} + p_{C_2})}$$
 (59)





$$r\cos\left(\theta_{rot}\right) = \frac{w}{2} \tag{60}$$

$$r\sin\left(\theta_{rot}\right) = \frac{l}{2}\tag{61}$$

$$r = \sqrt{\left(\frac{l}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{w}{2}\right)^2} \tag{62}$$

$$\implies r = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{l^2 + w^2} \tag{63}$$

$$\frac{w}{2} + \Delta \ge r + \Delta_{min} \tag{64}$$

$$\implies \Delta \ge \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{l^2 + w^2} + \Delta_{min} - \frac{w}{2} \tag{65}$$

$$(r + \Delta_{rot})\cos(\theta_{rot}) = \frac{w}{2} + \Delta \tag{66}$$

$$\cos\left(\theta_{rot}\right) = \left(\frac{\frac{w}{2} + \Delta}{r + \Delta_{rot}}\right) \tag{67}$$

$$\sin\left(\theta_{rot}\right) = \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{\frac{w}{2} + \Delta}{r + \Delta_{rot}}\right)^2} \tag{68}$$

$$=\frac{\sqrt{\left(r+\Delta_{rot}\right)^{2}-\left(\frac{w}{2}+\Delta\right)^{2}}}{r+\Delta_{rot}}\tag{69}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{r^2 + 2r\Delta_{rot} + \Delta_{rot}^2 - \left(\frac{w}{2}\right)^2 - 2\left(\frac{w}{2}\right) - \Delta^2}}{r + \Delta_{rot}}$$
(70)
$$= \frac{\sqrt{\left(\frac{l}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{w}{2}\right)^2 + 2r\Delta_{rot} + \Delta_{rot}^2 - \left(\frac{w}{2}\right)^2 - w - \Delta^2}}{r + \Delta_{rot}}$$

$$=\frac{\sqrt{\left(\frac{l}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{w}{2}\right)^2 + 2r\Delta_{rot} + \Delta_{rot}^2 - \left(\frac{w}{2}\right)^2 - w - \Delta^2}}{r + \Delta_{rot}}$$
(71)

$$=\frac{\sqrt{\left(\frac{l}{2}\right)^2 + 2r\Delta_{rot} + \Delta_{rot}^2 - w - \Delta^2}}{r + \Delta_{rot}}$$
(72)

$$\implies (r + \Delta_{rot})\sin(\theta_{rot}) = \sqrt{\left(\frac{l}{2}\right)^2 + 2r\Delta_{rot} + \Delta_{rot}^2 - w - \Delta^2}$$
 (73)

$$=\sqrt{\frac{l^2}{4} + 2r\Delta_{rot} + \Delta_{rot}^2 - w - \Delta^2} \tag{74}$$

$$y_{gap} = (r + \Delta_{rot})\sin(\theta_{rot}) \tag{75}$$

$$=\sqrt{\frac{l^2}{4} + 2r\Delta_{rot} + \Delta_{rot}^2 - w - \Delta^2}$$
 (76)

$$y_{gap} \ge \sqrt{\frac{l^2}{4} + 2r\Delta_{min} + \Delta_{min}^2 - w - \Delta^2}$$
 (77)

$$y_{gap} \ge \frac{w}{2} + \Delta_{min} \tag{78}$$

$$\Delta = r_{gap}\cos\left(\theta_{gap}\right) \tag{79}$$

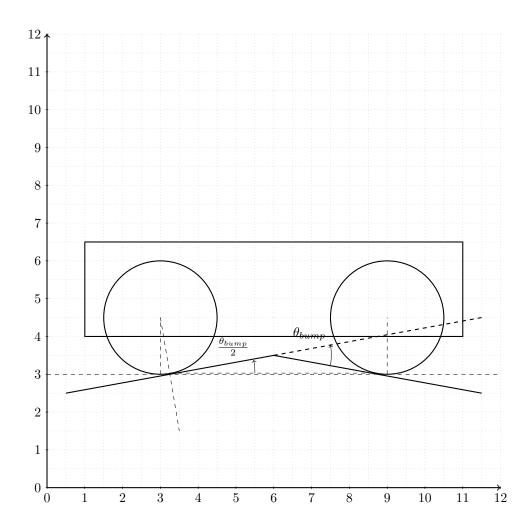
$$\implies y_{gap} \ge \sqrt{\frac{l^2}{4} + 2r\Delta_{min} + \Delta_{min}^2 - w - r_{gap}^2 \cos^2(\theta_{gap})}$$
 (80)

$$\implies y_{gap} \ge \sqrt{\frac{l^2}{4} + \Delta_{min}\sqrt{l^2 + w^2} + \Delta_{min}^2 - w - r_{gap}^2 \cos^2(\theta_{gap})}$$
 (81)

Algorithm 1: Find rotation direction

 $\quad \mathbf{end} \quad$

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 \begin{array}{l} \textbf{Result: } r \text{ if right rotation is possible, } l \text{ if left rotation is possible, } none \\ & \text{ if rotation is not possible} \\ \textbf{compute } C_{right} = \\ & \sqrt{\frac{l^2}{4} + \Delta_{min} \sqrt{l^2 + w^2} + \Delta_{min}^2 - w - r_{right,gap}^2 \cos^2\left(\theta_{right,gap}\right)}; \\ \textbf{compute} \\ & C_{left} = \sqrt{\frac{l^2}{4} + \Delta_{min} \sqrt{l^2 + w^2} + \Delta_{min}^2 - w - r_{left,gap}^2 \cos^2\left(\theta_{left,gap}\right)}; \\ \textbf{compute } y_{right,gap} = r_{right,gap} \sin\left(\theta_{right,gap}\right); \\ \textbf{compute } y_{left,gap} = r_{left,gap} \sin\left(\theta_{left,gap}\right); \\ \textbf{compute } y_{gap,min} = \left(\frac{w}{2} + \Delta_{min}\right); \\ \textbf{if } y_{right,gap} \geq \max\left(C_{right}, y_{gap,min}\right) \textbf{ then} \\ & \text{return } r; \\ \textbf{else} \\ & \text{ if } y_{left,gap} \geq \max\left(C_{left}, y_{gap,min}\right) \textbf{ then} \\ & \text{ return } l; \\ & \textbf{else} \\ & \text{ return } none; \\ & \textbf{end} \\ \end{array}
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$$r\cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) = (r-h) + \Delta_{h,min} + p \tag{82}$$

$$\implies p = r \cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) - r + h - \Delta_{h,min}$$
 (83)

$$r\sin\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) + q = \frac{d}{2} \tag{84}$$

$$\implies q = \frac{d}{2} - r \sin\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) \tag{85}$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) = \frac{p}{q} \tag{86}$$

$$\implies \tan\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) = \frac{r\cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) - r + h - \Delta_{h,min}}{\frac{d}{2} - r\sin\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right)} \tag{87}$$

$$\left(\frac{d}{2} - r\sin\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right)\right) \tan\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) = r\cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) - r + h - \Delta_{h,min} \quad (88)$$

$$\left(\frac{d}{2} - r\sin\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right)\right) \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right)} = r\cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) - r + h - \Delta_{h,min} \quad (89)$$

$$\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) - r\sin^2\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) = r\cos^2\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})\cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) \tag{90}$$

$$\implies \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) = r\cos^2\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) + r\sin^2\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})\cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right)$$
(91)

$$\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) = r\left(\cos^2\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) + \sin^2\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right)\right) + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})\cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right)$$
(92)

$$\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) = r + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})\cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right)$$
(93)

$$\left(\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right)\right)^2 = \left(r + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})\cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right)\right)^2 \tag{94}$$

$$\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} \sin^{2}\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) = r^{2} + 2r\left(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}\right) \cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) + \left(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}\right)^{2} \cos^{2}\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right)$$
(95)

$$r^{2} + 2r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}) \cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2} \cos^{2}\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} \sin^{2}\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$r^{2} + 2r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}) \cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2} \cos^{2}\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} \left(1 - \cos^{2}\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right)\right) = 0$$

$$r^{2} + 2r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}) \cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2} \cos^{2}\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} \cos^{2}\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$\left(\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2}\right) \cos^{2}\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) + 2r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}) \cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) + r^{2} - \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2}\right) \cos^{2}\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{\theta_{bump}}{2}\right) = \frac{-2r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}) \pm \sqrt{(2r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}))^{2} - 4\left(\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2}\right)\left(r^{2} - 4\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2}\right)}{2\left(\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2}\right)}$$

$$\therefore \theta_{bump} = 2 \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-2r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}) \pm \sqrt{(2r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}))^{2} - 4\left(\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2}\right)}{2\left(\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2}\right)}$$

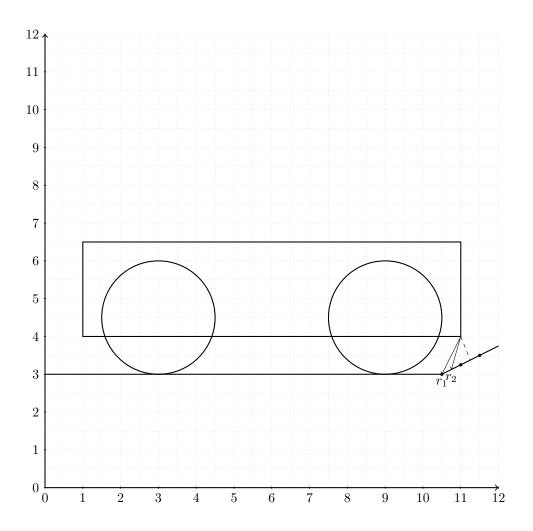
$$= 2 \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-2r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}) \pm \sqrt{(r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}))^{2} - \left(\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2}\right)}}{2\left(\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2}\right)}$$

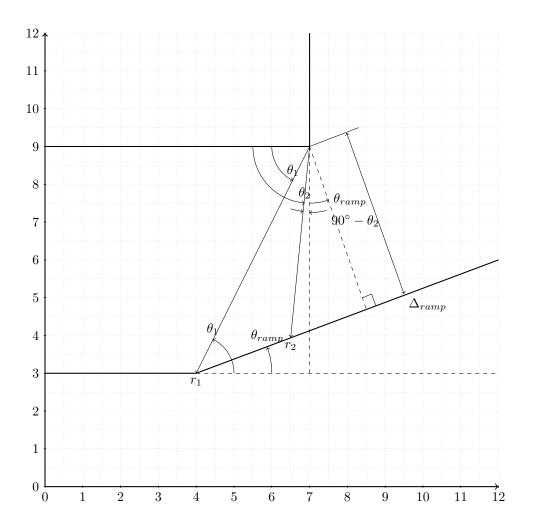
$$= 2 \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-2r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}) \pm \sqrt{(r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}))^{2} - \left(\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2}\right)}}{2\left(\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2}\right)}$$

$$= 2 \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}) \pm \sqrt{(r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}))^{2} - \left(\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2}\right)}}{2\left(\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2}\right)}$$

$$= 2 \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}) \pm \sqrt{(r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}))^{2} - \left(\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2}\right)}}$$

$$= 2 \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}) \pm \sqrt{(r(-r + h - \Delta_{h,min}))^{2} - \left(\left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^{2} + (-r + h - \Delta_{h,min})^{2}\right)}}$$





$$r_{2} \cos(90^{\circ} - \theta_{2} + \theta_{ramp}) = \Delta_{ramp} \qquad (105)$$

$$\implies r_{2} \cos(90^{\circ} - (\theta_{2} - \theta_{ramp})) = \Delta_{ramp} \qquad (106)$$

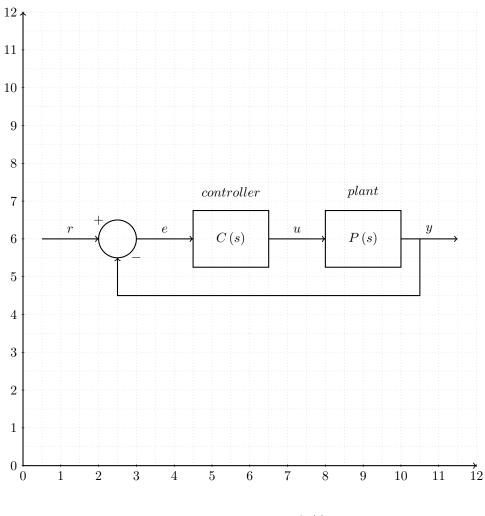
$$r_{2} \sin(\theta_{2} - \theta_{ramp}) = \Delta_{ramp} \qquad (107)$$

$$r_{2} (\sin(\theta_{2}) \cos(\theta_{ramp}) - \cos(\theta_{2}) \sin(\theta_{ramp})) = \Delta_{ramp} \qquad (108)$$

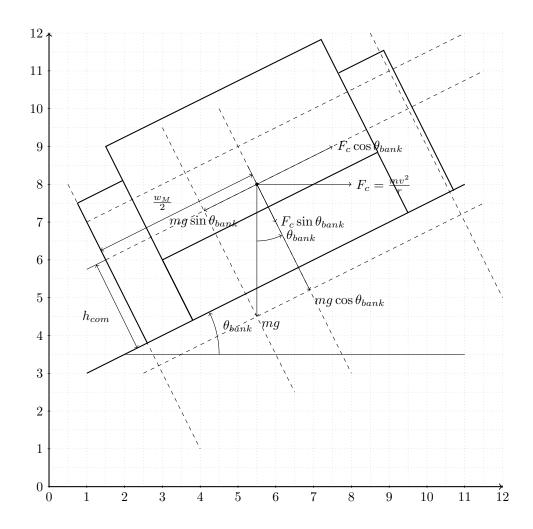
$$\tan(\theta_{ramp}) = \frac{r_{1} \sin(\theta_{1}) - r_{2} \sin(\theta_{2})}{r_{1} \cos(\theta_{1}) - r_{2} \cos(\theta_{2})} \qquad (109)$$

$$\implies \sin(\theta_{ramp}) = \frac{r_{1} \sin(\theta_{1}) - r_{2} \sin(\theta_{2})}{\sqrt{(r_{1} \sin(\theta_{1}) - r_{2} \sin(\theta_{2}))^{2} + (r_{1} \cos(\theta_{1}) - r_{2} \cos(\theta_{2}))^{2}}} \qquad (110)$$

$$\implies \cos(\theta_{ramp}) = \frac{r_{1} \cos(\theta_{1}) - r_{2} \cos(\theta_{2})}{\sqrt{(r_{1} \sin(\theta_{1}) - r_{2} \sin(\theta_{2}))^{2} + (r_{1} \cos(\theta_{1}) - r_{2} \cos(\theta_{2}))^{2}}} \qquad (111)$$



$$u(t) = K_p e(t) + K_i \int e(t) dt + K_d \frac{de(t)}{dt}$$
(120)



$$(mg\cos\theta_{bank} + F_c\sin\theta_{bank})\frac{w_M}{2} = (mg\sin\theta_{bank} - F_c\cos\theta_{bank})h_{com}$$

$$(mg + F_c \tan \theta_{bank}) \frac{w_M}{2} = (mg \tan \theta_{bank} - F_c) h_{com}$$
(121)

$$mgh_{com} \tan \theta_{bank} - F_c \frac{w_M}{2} \tan \theta_{bank} = mg \frac{w_M}{2} + F_c h_{com}$$
 (123)

$$\left(mgh_{com} - F_c \frac{w_M}{2}\right) \tan \theta_{bank} = mg \frac{w_M}{2} + F_c h_{com} \tag{124}$$

$$\tan \theta_{bank} = \frac{mg\frac{w_M}{2} + F_c h_{com}}{mgh_{com} - F_c \frac{w_M}{2}}$$
(125)

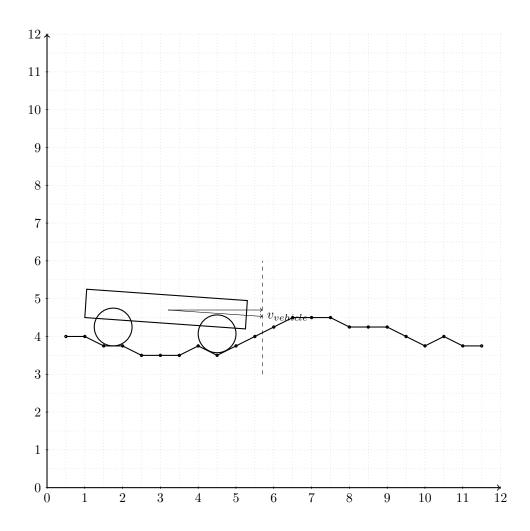
$$\theta_{bank} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{mg \frac{w_M}{2} + F_c h_{com}}{mg h_{com} - F_c} \right)$$
 (126)

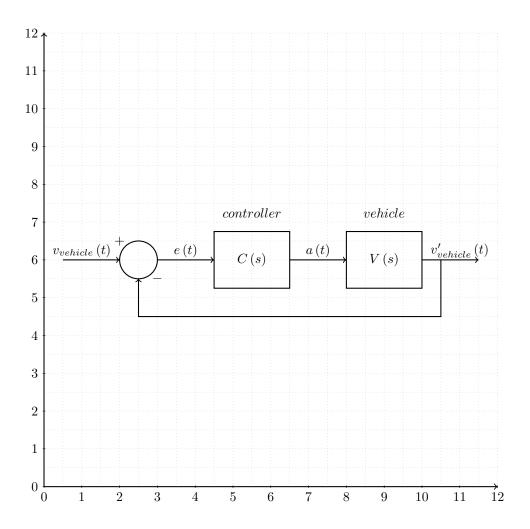
(122)

$$\theta_{bank} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{mg\frac{w_M}{2} + \frac{mv^2}{r}h_{com}}{mgh_{com} - \frac{mv^2}{r}} \right)$$
 (127)

$$\theta_{bank} = \lim_{r \to \infty} \left(\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{mg \frac{w_M}{2} + \frac{mv^2}{r} h_{com}}{mg h_{com} - \frac{mv^2}{r}} \right) \right) = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{mg \frac{w_M}{2}}{mg h_{com}} \right)$$
(128)

$$= \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{w_M}{2h_{com}} \right) \tag{129}$$



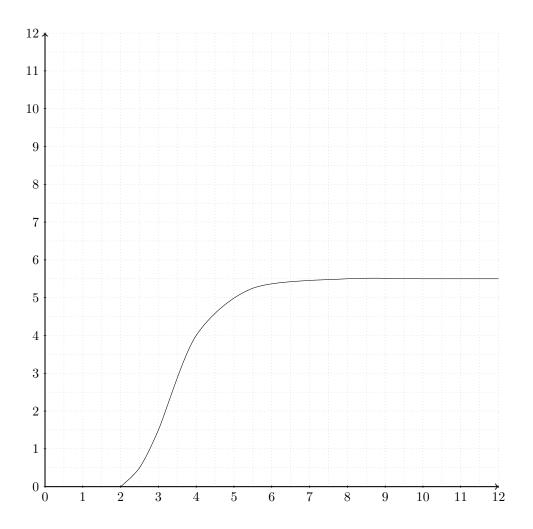


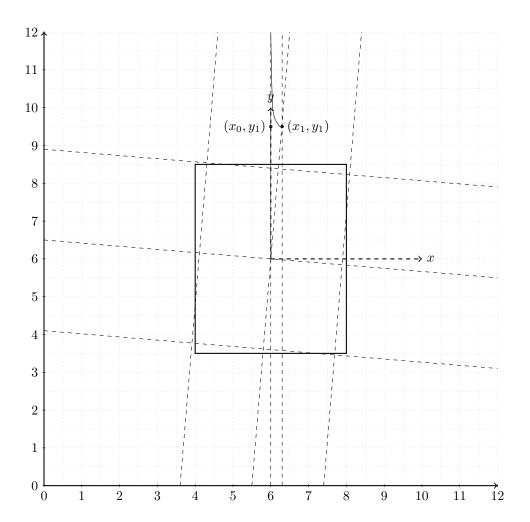
$$Let: e(t) = (v'_{vehicle}(t) - v_{vehicle}(t))$$
(130)

$$Let: e(t) = (v'_{vehicle}(t) - v_{vehicle}(t))$$

$$a(t) = K_p e(t) + K_i \int e(t) dt + K_d \frac{de(t)}{dt}$$

$$(131)$$





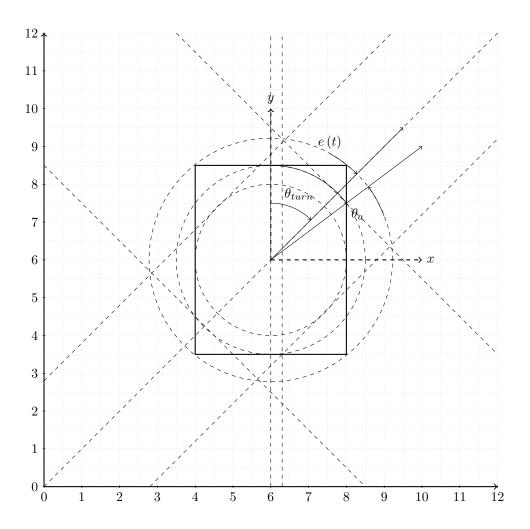
$$Let: e(t) = (x_1(t) - x_0(t)), x_0(t) = 0$$
 (132)

$$\implies e(t) = x_1(t) \tag{133}$$

$$\theta(t) = K_p e(t) + K_i \int e(t) dt + K_d \frac{de(t)}{dt}$$
(134)

$$\theta(t) = K_p e(t) + K_i \int e(t) dt + K_d \frac{de(t)}{dt}$$

$$\implies \theta(t) = K_p x_1(t) + K_i \int_0^{x_1} x_1(t) dt + K_d \frac{dx_1(t)}{dt}$$
(134)

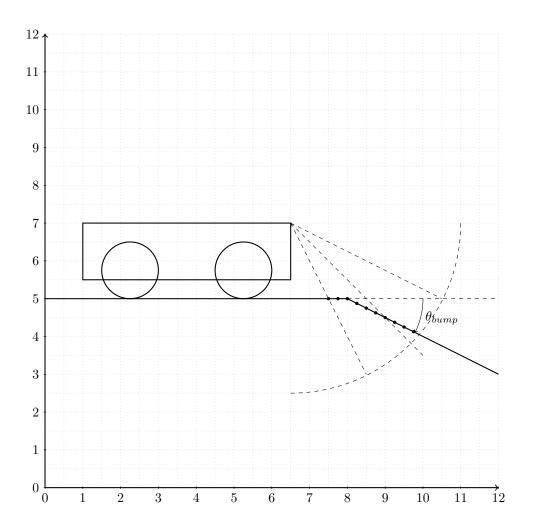


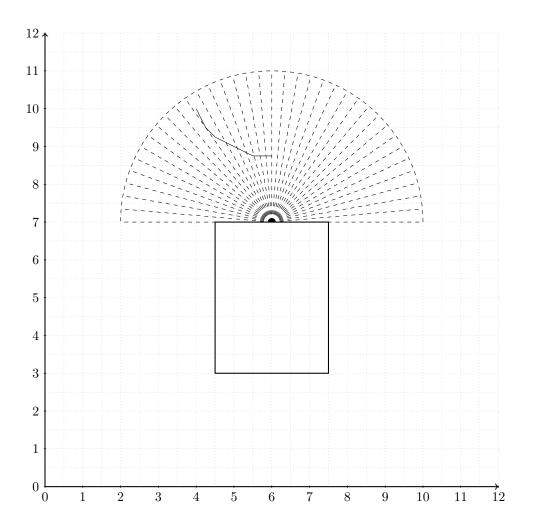
$$Let: e(t) = (\theta_a(t) - \theta_{turn}(t))$$
(136)

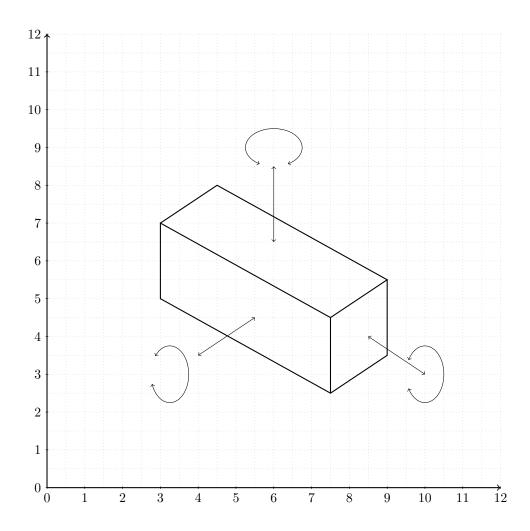
$$Let: e(t) = (\theta_a(t) - \theta_{turn}(t))$$

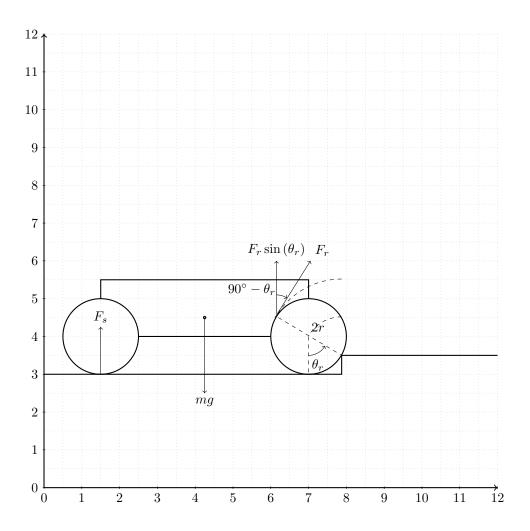
$$\alpha(t) = K_p e(t) + K_i \int e(t) dt + K_d \frac{de(t)}{dt}$$

$$(136)$$









$$mg = F_s + F_r \sin(\theta_r)$$

$$(138)$$

$$\Rightarrow F_s = mg - F_r \sin(\theta_r)$$

$$(139)$$

$$F_s \times (l + r \sin(\theta_r)) + F_r \times 2r = mg \times \left(\frac{l}{2} + r \sin(\theta_r)\right)$$

$$(140)$$

$$\Rightarrow (mg - F_r \sin(\theta_r)) \times (l + r \sin(\theta_r)) + F_r \times 2r = mg \times \left(\frac{l}{2} + r \sin(\theta_r)\right)$$

$$(141)$$

$$\Rightarrow mg \times (l + r \sin(\theta_r)) - F_r \sin(\theta_r) \times (l + r \sin(\theta_r)) + F_r \times 2r = mg \times \left(\frac{l}{2} + r \sin(\theta_r)\right)$$

$$(142)$$

$$\Rightarrow mg \times (l + r \sin(\theta_r)) - mg \times \left(\frac{l}{2} + r \sin(\theta_r)\right) = F_r \sin(\theta_r) \times (l + r \sin(\theta_r)) - F_r \times 2r$$

$$(143)$$

$$\Rightarrow mg \times \frac{l}{2} = F_r (\sin(\theta_r) \times (l + r \sin(\theta_r)) - 2 \times r)$$

$$(144)$$

$$\Rightarrow mg \times \frac{l}{2} = F_r (l \sin(\theta_r) + r \sin^2(\theta_r) - 2r)$$

$$(145)$$

$$\Rightarrow F_r = \frac{mgl}{2(l \sin(\theta_r) + r \sin^2(\theta_r) - 2r)}$$

$$(146)$$

$$\tau = F_r \times 2r$$

$$(147)$$

$$\Rightarrow \tau = 2F_r r$$

