$$Pr\{X = k\} = \binom{n}{k} p^k (1-p)^{(n-k)} \tag{1}$$

$$E[X] = \sum_{k=0}^{n} k Pr\{X = k\}$$
 (2)

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{n} k \binom{n}{k} p^k (1-p)^{(n-k)} \tag{3}$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{n} k \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} p^k (1-p)^{(n-k)}$$
(4)

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{n} \frac{n!}{(k-1)!(n-k)!} p^{k} (1-p)^{(n-k)}$$
(5)

$$= np \sum_{k=0}^{n} \frac{(n-1)!}{(k-1)!(n-k)!} p^{(k-1)} (1-p)^{(n-k)}$$
(6)

$$= np \sum_{k=0}^{n} \frac{(n-1)!}{(k-1)!((n-1)-(k-1))!} p^{(k-1)} (1-p)^{((n-1)-(k-1))}$$

(7)

$$= np \sum_{k=0}^{n} {\binom{(n-1)}{(k-1)}} p^{(k-1)} (1-p)^{((n-1)-(k-1))}$$
(8)

$$= np \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} {\binom{(n-1)}{(k-1)}} p^{(k-1)} (1-p)^{((n-1)-(k-1))}$$
(9)

$$= np \sum_{a=0}^{b} {b \choose a} p^a (1-p)^{(b-a)}$$
 (10)

$$= np \times (p + (1-p))^b \tag{11}$$

$$= np \times 1^b \tag{12}$$

$$= np \times 1 \tag{13}$$

$$E[X] = np (14)$$