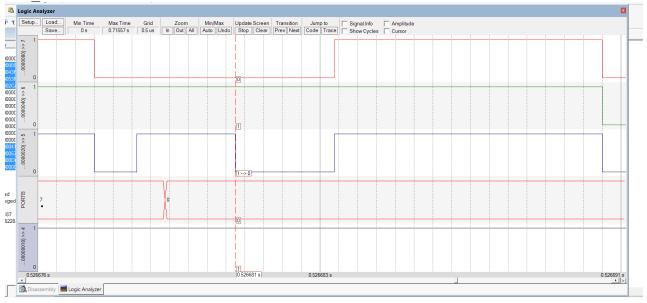
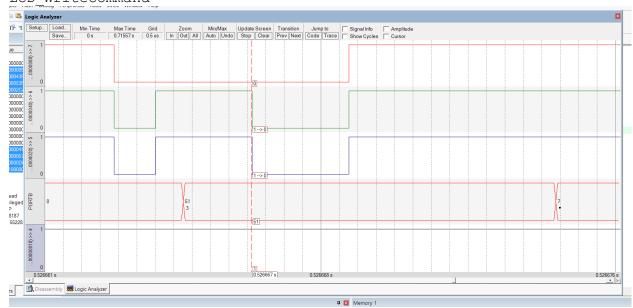
LCD WriteData



LCD WriteCommand



```
; LCD.s
; Student names: change this to your names or look very silly
; Last modification date: change this to the last modification date or
look very silly
; Runs on LM4F120 or TM4C123
; EE319K lab 7 device driver for the Kentec EB-LM4F120-L35
; This is the lowest level driver that interacts directly with
hardware
; As part of Lab 7, students need to implement these three functions
; Data pin assignments:
; PBO-7 LCD parallel data input
; Control pin assignments:
; PA4 RD Read control signal
; PA5 WR Write control signal | PA7 | PA6 | PA5 | PA4
; PA6 RS Register/Data select signal | CS | RS | WR | RD
; PA7 CS Chip select signal
                                                  _____
;
; Touchpad pin assignments:
; PA2 Y-
                                                   _____
; PA3 X-
                                                  | PA3 | PA2 | | PE5 |
PE4 |
; PE4 X+ AIN9
                                                  X+ |
; PE5 Y+ AIN8
____
      EXPORT LCD GPIOInit
      EXPORT LCD WriteCommand
      EXPORT LCD WriteData
      AREA |.text|, CODE, READONLY, ALIGN=2
      THUMB
      ALIGN
SYSCTL RCGC2 R
                        EQU 0x400FE108
GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R
GPIO_PORTA_DIR_R
GPIO_PORTA_DIR_R
GPIO_PORTA_AFSEL_R
GPIO_PORTA_DEN_R
GPIO_PORTB_DATA_R
GPIO_PORTB_DATA_R
GPIO_PORTB_DIR_R
GPIO_PORTB_DIR_R
GPIO_PORTB_AFSEL_R
GPIO_PORTB_AFSEL_R
GPIO_PORTB_DEN_R
GPIO_PORTB_DEN_R
GPIO_PORTB_DEN_R
GPIO_PORTB_DEN_R
EQU 0x40005420
GPIO_PORTB_DEN_R
EQU 0x4000551C
; ********* LCD GPIOInit *******************
```

```
; Initializes Ports A and B for Kentec EB-LM4F120-L35
; Port A bits 4-7 are output to four control signals
; Port B bits 0-7 are output data is the data bus
; Initialize all control signals high (off)
; PA4 RD Read control signal
                                        -----PA6 | PA5 | PA4
; PA6 RS Register/Data select signal | CS | RS | WR | RD
; PA7 CS Chip select signal -----
; PA5 WR Write control signal
                                  | PA7 |
_____
; wait 40 us
; Invariables: This function must not permanently modify registers R4
to R11
LCD GPIOInit
    LDR R1, =SYSCTL RCGC2 R
    LDR R0, [R1]
    ORR RO, #0x03 ;initialize Port A and B clock
    STR R0, [R1]
    NOP
    NOP
    LDR R1, =GPIO PORTA DIR R
    LDR R0, [R1]
                    ;set portA bits[7-4] to 1
    ORR R0, #0xF0
    STR R0, [R1]
    LDR R1, =GPIO PORTB DIR R
    LDR R0, [R1]

ORR R0, #0xFF ;set portB bits[7-0] to 1
    LDR R1, =GPIO PORTA AFSEL R
    LDR R0, [R1]
    AND RO, #0x0F
                    ;turn off portA AFSEL
    STR R0, [R1]
    LDR R1, =GPIO PORTB AFSEL R
    LDR R0, [R1]
    AND RO, #0x00 ;turn off portB AFSEL
    STR R0, [R1]
    LDR R1, =GPIO PORTA DEN R
    LDR R0, [R1]
                 ;enable
    ORR RO, #0xF0
    STR R0, [R1]
    LDR R1, =GPIO PORTB DEN R
    LDR R0, [R1]
    ORR RO, #0xFF
                    ;enable
    STR R0, [R1]
   LDR R1, =GPIO PORTA DATA R
    LDR R0, [R1]
ORR R0. #0xF0
                           ; make control signals high (OFF)
    STR R0, [R1]
    ;delay sequence
    MOV R1,#640
                           ; set R1 to a 1us delay
delay
```

```
SUB R1, #1
     CMP R1, #0
     BNE delay
     BX LR
;* * * * * * * * End of LCD GPIOInit * * * * * * *
; ********* LCD WriteCommand ****************
; - Writes an 8-bit command to the LCD controller
; - RS low during command write
; 8-bit command passed in R0
; 1) LCD_DATA = 0 \times 00; // Write 0 as MSB of command
; 2) LCD_CTRL = 0x10; // Set CS, WR, RS low ; 3) LCD_CTRL = 0x70; // Set WR and RS high
; 4) LCD DATA = command; // Write 8-bit LSB command
; 5) LCD CTRL = 0x10; // Set WR and RS low
; 6) wait 2 bus cycles
; 7) LCD CTRL = 0xF0; // Set CS, WR, RS high
; Invariables: This function must not permanently modify registers R4
to R11
LCD WriteCommand
     AND R3, #0
     LDR R2, =GPIO PORTB DATA R ; R2=address PortB, data
     STRB R3, [R2]
                                   ;write 0 as MSB of command
     LDR R1, =GPIO PORTA DATA R ;R1=address PortA,ctrl
     LDR R3, [R1]
     AND R3, #0x10
                                   ; set CS, RS, and WR low (RD
always high for command)
     STRB R3, [R1]
     ORR R3, \#0x70
                                   ; set RS and WR High
     STRB R3, [R1]
     STRB R0, [R2]
                                  ;write command (in R0) to
LCD DATA
    LDR R2, [R1]
                                   ;set RS and WR low
     AND R2, #0x10
     STRB R2, [R1]
     NOP
     NOP
                                          ; waiting two bus cycles
     LDR R3, [R1]
     ORR R3, #0xF0
                             ;set CS, RS, WR high
     STRB R3, [R1]
     BX LR
; * * * * * * * * End of LCD WriteCommand * * * * * * *
; ********* LCD WriteData ******************
; - Writes 16-bit data to the LCD controller
; - RS high during data write
; 16-bit data passed in R0
; 1) LCD DATA = (data>>8); // Write MSB to LCD data bus
```

```
; 2) LCD_CTRL = 0x50; // Set CS, WR low

; 3) LCD_CTRL = 0x70; // Set WR high

; 4) LCD_DATA = data; // Write LSB to LCD data bus

; 5) LCD_CTRL = 0x50; // Set WR low

; 6) wait 2 bus cycles

; 7) LCD_CTRL = 0xF0; // Set CS, WR high
; Invariables: This function must not permanently modify registers R4
to R11
LCD WriteData
     MOV R1, R0
      AND R1, \#0xFF00; mask for MSB
      LSR R1, #8 ;R1=shifted MSB AND R0, #0x00FF ;R0=LSB
      LDR R3, =GPIO PORTB DATA R ;R3=address PORTB data
      STRH R1, [R3] ; write MSB to LCD data bus
     LDR R2, =GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R ; R2=address PORTA data
     LDR R1, [R2]
    AND R1, #0x50
                                   ;set CS, WR low
      STRB R1, [R2]
     ORR R1, #0x70 ;set WR high
STRH R1, [R2] ;store in PORTA data
STRH R0, [R3] ;write LSB to LCD data bus
      LDR R1, [R2]
     AND R1, #0x50
                                   ;set WR low
      STRH R1, [R2]
      NOP
      NOP
      LDR R1, [R2]
      ORR R1, #0xF0
      STRH R1, [R2]
      BX LR
; * * * * * * * * End of LCD WriteData * * * * * * *
                               ; make sure the end of this
   ALIGN
section is aligned
    END
                                ; end of file
```

```
; IO.s
; Student names: change this to your names or look very silly
; Last modification date: change this to the last modification date or
look very silly
; Runs on LM4F120 or TM4C123
; EE319K lab 7 device driver for the switch and LED
; You are allowed to use any switch and any LED,
; although the Lab suggests the SW1 switch PF4 and Red LED PF1
; As part of Lab 7, students need to implement these three functions
  This example accompanies the book
; "Embedded Systems: Introduction to ARM Cortex M Microcontrollers"
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; For more information about my classes, my research, and my books, see
;http://users.ece.utexas.edu/~valvano/
; negative logic SW2 connected to PFO on the Launchpad
; red LED connected to PF1 on the Launchpad
; blue LED connected to PF2 on the Launchpad
; green LED connected to PF3 on the Launchpad
; negative logic SW1 connected to PF4 on the Launchpad
       EXPORT IO Init
       EXPORT IO Touch
       EXPORT IO HeartBeat
GPIO PORTF DATA R EQU 0x400253FC
GPIO PORTF DIR R EQU 0x40025400
GPIO PORTF AFSEL R EQU 0x40025420
GPIO PORTF PUR R EQU 0x40025510
GPIO PORTF DEN R EQU 0x4002551C
GPIO PORTF LOCK R EQU 0x40025520
GPIO PORTF CR R EQU 0x40025524
GPIO PORTF AMSEL R EQU 0x40025528
GPIO PORTF PCTL R EQU 0x4002552C
GPIO_LOCK_KEY EQU 0x4C4F434B ; Unlocks the GPIO CR register
SYSCTL RCGC2 R EQU 0x400FE108
```

```
AREA |.text|, CODE, READONLY, ALIGN=2
       THUMB
;-----IO Init-----
; Initialize GPIO Port for a switch and an LED
; Input: none
; Output: none
; Invariables: This function must not permanently modify registers R4
to R11
IO Init
   LDR R0,=SYSCTL RCGC2 R
                                ;enable PORTF
    LDR R1, [R0]
    ORR R1,#0x20
    STR R1, [R0]
    NOP
    NOP
    LDR R0,=GPIO PORTF DIR R ;set PFO and PF4 as inputs, PF3-
1 as outputs
    LDR R1,[R0]
    ORR R1, \#0\times0E
     STR R1, [R0]
    LDR R0,=GPIO_PORTF AFSEL R ; clear PF4-0
    LDR R1, [R0]
    AND R1, #0xE1
    STR R1, [R0]
    LDR R0,=GPIO PORTF DEN R ;enable PF4-0
    LDR R1, [R0]
    ORR R1,#0x1E
    STR R1, [R0]
    LDR R0,=GPIO PORTF PUR R ;enable PUR for PF0 and PF4
    LDR R1, [R0]
    ORR R1, #0x10
    STR R1, [R0]
; * * * * * * * * End of IO Init * * * * * *
;-----IO HeartBeat-----
; Toggle the output state of the LED.
; Input: none
; Output: none
; Invariables: This function must not permanently modify registers R4
to R11
IO HeartBeat
   LDR R0,=GPIO PORTF DATA R ;toggle PF3-1
    LDR R1, [R0]
    EOR R1, \#0\times0E
```

```
STR R1, [R0]
   BX LR
;* * * * * * * * End of IO HeartBeat * * * * * * *
;-----IO Touch-----
; wait for release and touch of the switch
; Input: none
; Output: none
; This is a public function
; Invariables: This function must not permanently modify registers R4
to R11
IO Touch
    LDR R0,=GPIO PORTF DATA R
    LDR R1, [R0]
    AND R1, #0x10
                              ; see if switch is originally pressed
    CMP R1, \#0\times00
    BEQ Pressed
    CMP R1, \#0x0E
    BEQ Pressed
NotPressed
                             ; wait for switch to be pressed
    LDR R1, [R0]
     CMP R1, #0x00
     BEQ Done
     CMP R1, \#0x0E
     BEQ Done
     B NotPressed
Pressed
     LDR R1,[R0]
     CMP R1, #0x10
                      ; wait for switch to be not pressed
     BEQ Done
    CMP R1, #0x1E
    BEQ Done
    B Pressed
Done
   BX LR
; * * * * * * * * End of IO Touch * * * * * *
                                  ; make sure the end of this
   ALIGN
section is aligned
   END
                                  ; end of file
```

```
; print.s
; Student names: change this to your names or look very silly
; Last modification date: change this to the last modification date or
look very silly
; Runs on LM4F120 or TM4C123
; EE319K lab 7 device driver for the Kentec EB-LM4F120-L35
; As part of Lab 7, students need to implement these two functions
; Data pin assignments:
; PBO-7 LCD parallel data input
; Control pin assignments:
; PA4 RD Read control signal
                                       -----
; PA5 WR Write control signal
                                       | PA7 | PA6 | PA5 | PA4
; PA6 RS Register/Data select signal | CS | RS | WR | RD
; PA7 CS Chip select signal
                                       -----
; Touchpad pin assignments:
; PA2 Y-
____
; PA3 X-
PE4 |
                                        | PA3 | PA2 | | PE5 |
; PE4 X+ AIN9
                                        X+ |
; PE5 Y+ AIN8
                                        _____
----
   IMPORT LCD OutChar
   IMPORT LCD Goto
   IMPORT LCD_OutString
EXPORT LCD OutDec
   EXPORT LCD_OutFix
   AREA DATA, ALIGN=2
Link1 SPACE 8
Link2 SPACE 8
Counter SPACE 8
   AREA |.text|, CODE, READONLY, ALIGN=2
   THUMB
   ALIGN
;-----LCD OutDec-----
; Output a 32-bit number in unsigned decimal format
; Input: R0 (call by value) 32-bit unsigned number
; Output: none
```

```
; Invariables: This function must not permanently modify registers R4
to R11
LCD OutDec
     LDR R1,=Link1 ;save LR
     STR LR, [R1]
     LDR R1,=Counter ;initialize counter to be used in
program
     MOV R2,#0
     STR R2, [R1]
  EQU 0
                                  ; bind n as a variable on stack
n
     MOV R2,#0
     MOV R1,#12
                                  ;R1 is counter
InitializeStack_Dec
                             ; clear all locations (set to null)
     STR R2, [SP]
     SUB SP,#8 ;allocate 10 32-bit numbers (null
terminated on both sides)
     SUB R1,#1
     CMP R1,#0
     BNE InitializeStack Dec
     ADD SP, #16
                                  ; make sure SP points to top of stack
(right address = 0x200003C8)
     MOV R3, \#10000 ; R3 = 10^4
     MOV R12,#10
     MUL R3,R3
     MUL R3,R12
                                  R3 = 10^9
Divide Dec
     CMP R0,R3 ;see if R3 is too big to be divided
     BLO NotEnough Dec
     В
           Print Dec
NotEnough Dec
     UDIV R3, R12
     CMP R3,#0
     BEQ PrintNull Dec
     B Divide Dec
Print Dec
     CMP R0,R3
                            ; see if character is a 0
     BLO PrintZero Dec
     UDIV R1,R0,R3 ;get first char into R0

MUL R2,R1,R3 ;R2 = (R1/R3)*R3 without the remainder

SUB R0,R2 ;R0 = remainder (new number)

ADD R1,#0x30 ;convert to ASCII

STR R1,[SP,#n] ;push ASCII character to stack

ADD SP,#8 ;increment the SP
          Next Dec
     В
PrintZero Dec
     MOV R1,#0x30 ;print "0" 
STR R1,[SP,#n] ;push 0x30 (ASCII for 0) to stack
```

```
ADD SP,#8
    B Next Dec
Next Dec
    CMP R3,#1
                 ; see if last char has been outputted
(checking the ones place)
    BEQ Done_Dec
    UDIV R3, R12
                         ;R3 = R3/10 (check next place)
    B Print Dec
PrintNull Dec
    MOV R0, #0x30
    BL LCD OutChar
    B Finished Dec
Done Dec
RecalcSP
    SUB SP,#8 ; subtract by how many times SP was
incremented
   LDR R1,[SP]
                           ; check if string has reached null
terminated ending
    CMP R1,#0
    BNE RecalcSP
    ADD SP,#8
                ;SP points to correct address
OutChar Dec
    LDR RO, [SP, #n]
                    ;output character onto LCD
    BL LCD OutChar
    ADD SP,\#8; increment SP
    LDR R1,[SP]
                       ; check for null termination
    CMP R1,#0
    BNE OutChar Dec
    B Finished Dec
Finished Dec
    ADD SP,#8
                     ; deallocate so SP points to bottom of stack
    LDR R1, [SP]
    CMP R1,#0
    BEQ Finished Dec ; continue until SP points to one past
0x20000418
    SUB SP,#8 ; reset SP to 0x20000418 LDR R1,=Link1 ; restore LR
    LDR LR, [R1]
    BX LR
; * * * * * * * * End of LCD OutDec * * * * * * *
; -----LCD OutFix-----
; Output characters to LCD display in fixed-point format
```

```
; unsigned decimal, resolution 0.001, range 0.000 to 9.999
; Inputs: R0 is an unsigned 32-bit number
; Outputs: none
; E.g., R0=0, then output "0.000"; R0=3, then output "0.003"
        R0=89, then output "0.089 "
R0=123, then output "0.123 "
        R0=9999, then output "9.999"
       R0>9999, then output "*.*** "
; Invariables: This function must not permanently modify registers R4
to R11
LCD OutFix
Digit1 EQU 0
Digit2
         EOU 8
Digit3 EQU 16
Digit4 EQU 24
     LDR R1,=Link2 ;save LR
     STR LR, [R1]
     SUB SP, #24
                                  ;allocate space for variables
     MOV R1,#9999 ;see if the character in R0 is greater than
9999
     CMP R0,R1
     BHI TooBig
     MOV R3,#1000
                      ;R3 = 10^3
     MOV R12,#10
     MOV R1,R0
                        transfer number into R1;
Print Outfix
     CMP R1,R3
                           ; see if character is a 0
     BLO PrintZero Outfix
     UDIV R0,R1,R3 ;get first char into R0

MUL R2,R0,R3 ;R2 = (R1/R3)*R3 without the remainder

SUB R1,R2 ;R1 = remainder (new number)

ADD R0,#0x30 ;convert to ASCII
     STR RO, [SP]
                                 ; push ASCII character to stack
     ADD SP,#8
     В
          Next Outfix
PrintZero Outfix
     MOV R0,\#0x30
                         print a 0;
     STR RO, [SP]
                             ; push 0x30 (ASCII for 0) to stack
     ADD SP,#8
     В
          Next Outfix
Next Outfix
                    ; see if last char has been outputted
     CMP R3,#1
     BEQ Done Outfix
     UDIV R3, R12
                                 ; R3 = R3/10
     B Print Outfix
TooBig
     MOV R0,#0x2A ;"*"
```

```
BL LCD_OutChar
MOV R0,#0x2E ;"."
      MOV RO,#0x2E ;"."

BL LCD_OutChar

MOV RO,#0x2A ;"*"

BL LCD_OutChar

B Finished_Outfix
Done Outfix
      SUB SP,#32
      LDR R0, [SP, #Digit1]
      BL LCD OutChar
      MOV R0,#0x2E
BL LCD_OutChar
      LDR RO, [SP, #Digit2]
      BL LCD_OutChar
LDR R0,[SP,#Digit3]
      BL LCD OutChar
      LDR RO, [SP, #Digit4]
      BL LCD_OutChar
      B Finished Outfix
Finished Outfix
      ADD SP,#24
      ADD SP,#24 ;deallocate stack LDR R1,=Link2 ;restore LR
      LDR LR, [R1]
    BX LR
;* * * * * * * * End of LCD OutFix * * * * * * *
    ALIGN
                                               ; make sure the end of this
section is aligned
                                          ; end of file
    END
```