topic	$\operatorname{problem}$	name	author	location
ACM	Given a set of intervals	Aliens	Ben	1
	$Given \dots$	Checking Change	Ben	2

1 Aliens

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <vector>
3 #include <algorithm>
   #include <climits>
   using namespace std;
6
   typedef vector<pair<int, int>> vii;
                                               // sorted by left, right.
7
   bool sortDescAsc(const pair<int, int>& lhs, const pair<int, int>& 2
       if (lhs.first == rhs.first)
9
            return (lhs.second > rhs.second);
10
        else
11
            return lhs.first < rhs.first;
12
13
   }
14
15
   void testcase() {
       int n, m;
16
       cin \gg n \gg m;
17
        vii intervals;
18
19
       int superior = n;
20
        for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
            int pi, qi;
21
22
            cin \gg pi \gg qi;
23
            if(pi = 0 \&\& qi = 0)  {
                --superior;
24
                continue;
25
26
            pair < int , int > entry = make_pair (pi , qi);
27
            intervals.push_back(entry);
28
        }
29
30
31
       sort(intervals.begin(), intervals.end(), sortDescAsc);
32
       int left = 0;
33
       int right = 0;
34
        for(int i = 0; i < intervals.size(); ++i) {
35
            if(i+1 < intervals.size() && intervals[i+1].first == 2
36
                \hookrightarrow intervals [i]. first && intervals [i+1]. second = 2

↓ intervals [i]. second)
37
                --superior;
            else if(left = intervals[i].first && right = ≥
38

    intervals[i].second)
```

```
--superior;
39
             else if(right >= intervals[i].second)
40
                 --superior;
41
42
             if(right < intervals[i].second) {</pre>
43
                  left = intervals[i].first;
44
                  if(right != 0 \&\& left-right > 1) {
45
                      cout \ll "0 \ n";
46
                      return;
47
48
                  right = intervals[i].second;
49
             }
50
51
52
        cout << superior << "\n";</pre>
53
54
   }
55
   int main() {
56
        int TC;
57
        cin >> TC;
58
        while (TC--) testcase ();
59
   }
60
```

2 Checking Change

```
1 #include <vector>
2 #include <iostream>
3 #include <algorithm>
4 #include <string>
  #include <sstream>
   using namespace std;
6
   vector<string> answers;
8
   int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
10
11
   {
12
            int currencies;
13
14
            cin >> currencies;
15
            for (int currency = 0; currency < currencies; currency++)</pre>
16
            {
17
18
                    int coins_count;
19
                    int testcases;
20
21
                     cin >> coins_count >> testcases;
22
23
                     vector <int> coins;
24
```

```
for (int coins_it = 0; coins_it < coins_count; ∠
25
                         \leftarrow coins_it++)
26
                      {
27
                               int coin;
                               cin >> coin;
28
                               coins.push_back(coin);
29
                      }
30
31
                      vector<int> tests;
32
                      for (int testcase = 0; testcase < testcases; 2
33

    testcase++)
34
                              int test;
35
                               cin >> test;
36
                               tests.push_back(test);
37
                      }
38
39
                      // find maximum of tests
40
                      vector < int > :: iterator max_test_it = 2
41

¬ max_element(tests.begin(), tests.end());

42
                     int max_test = *max_test_it;
                     int N = max_test + 1;
43
44
                      vector <int >::iterator max_coin_it = ≥
45

¬ max_element(coins.begin(), coins.end());

46
                     int max_coin = *max_coin_it;
47
                      vector < int > :: iterator min_coin_it = 2
48

¬ min_element(coins.begin(), coins.end());

                     int min_coin = *min_coin_it;
49
50
                      // instantiate array with size max(tests)
51
                     int arraysize = 2;
52
                      vector <int> counts(arraysize);
53
54
                     // fill indices we already know \rightarrow coins, set to 2
55
                         \hookrightarrow zero where index smaller than index of 2
                         \hookrightarrow smallest coin.
                      for (int i = 0; i < \min_{coin}; i++)
56
57
                               if (min_coin >= arraysize)
58
59
                               {
                                        arraysize += min_coin + 10;
60
                                        counts.resize(arraysize);
61
                                        //cout << "vector size now" << 2
62

    arraysize;

63
                               counts[i] = 0;
64
                     }
65
```

```
66
                                                                     for (\text{vector} < \text{int} > :: \text{iterator coins\_it} = \text{coins.begin}(); \ Z
  67

    coins_it != coins.end(); coins_it++)

  68
                                                                     {
                                                                                                 if (*coins_it <= max_coin)</pre>
  69
  70
                                                                                                                             if (*coins_it >= arraysize)
  71
  72
                                                                                                                                                         arraysize += *coins_it + 1;
  73
                                                                                                                                                         counts.resize(arraysize);
  74
                                                                                                                                                         //cout << "vector size now" 2
  75
                                                                                                                                                                     \hookrightarrow << arraysize;
  76
                                                                                                                             }
                                                                                                                             counts[*coins_it] = 1;
  77
                                                                                                 }
  78
                                                                     }
  79
  80
                                                                     // iterate over counts, combine all minimums.
  81
                                                                     for (int n = \min_{-\infty} coin + 1; n < N; n++)
  82
  83
                                                                     {
                                                                                                 if (arraysize <= n)</pre>
  84
                                                                                                 {
  85
  86
                                                                                                                             arraysize += 1;
                                                                                                                             counts.resize(arraysize);
  87
                                                                                                                             //cout << "vector size now" << 2
  88

¬ arraysize;

  89
                                                                                                 }
  90
                                                                                                 signed int min = -1;
  91
                                                                                                 for (int backward = n-1; backward >= 2
  92
                                                                                                             → min_coin; backward--) {
  93
                                                                                                                             if (counts[n] == 1)
  94
  95
                                                                                                                                                        \min = 1;
  96
                                                                                                                             } else {}
  97
                                                                                                                                                         if (counts [backward] != 0 && ≥
  98

    counts[n-backward] != 

                                                                                                                                                                     → 0) {
                                                                                                                                                                                     int new_min = 2
  99

√ + ∠
                                                                                                                                                                                                 //cout << n << ":  2 
100
                                                                                                                                                                                                 \hookrightarrow counts[backward]: \geq
                                                                                                                                                                                                 '" << ≥</p>
                                                                                                                                                                                                 Section Secti
                                                                                                                                                                                                 <> << " ≥
                                                                                                                                                                                                 \hookrightarrow counts[n-backward]: \geq
```

```
'" << ≥</p>
                                                                            \hookrightarrow counts[n-backward] \ge
                                                                            \hookrightarrow << "new\_min: 2
                                                                            \rightarrow "<< new\_min << 2
                                                                            \ "\n";
                                                                       if (\min > \text{new\_min} \mid \mid \mid )
101
                                                                           \backsim min == -1)
102
                                                                                  \min = \text{new}_{-}\text{min};
103
                                                                       }
104
                                                            }
105
                                                 }
106
107
108
                                      \mathbf{if} \pmod{=} -1
109
110
111
                                                \min = 0;
112
                                      counts[n] = min;
113
                           }
114
115
                           /*int i = 0;
116
117
                           for (vector < int > :: iterator elements = 2)
                                \hookrightarrow counts.begin(); elements != counts.end(); \nearrow
                                \hookrightarrow elements++)
118
                                      cout \ll i++ \ll ": " \ll *elements \ll " \setminus n";
119
                           } */
120
121
                           for (\text{vector} < \text{int} > :: \text{iterator test} = \text{tests.begin}(); \geq
122
                               \checkmark test != tests.end(); test++)
123
                           {
                                      int answer = counts[*test];
124
125
                                      stringstream ss;
126
                                      if (answer == 0)
127
128
                                                 ss << "not_possible";
129
130
                                      } else {
                                                 ss << answer;
131
132
133
                                      answers.push_back(ss.str());
134
                           }
135
136
                }
137
138
139
                for (vector<string>::iterator answer = answers.begin(); ∠

¬ answer != answers.end(); answer++)
```

```
140 cout << *answer << "\n";
141
142 return 0;
143 }
```