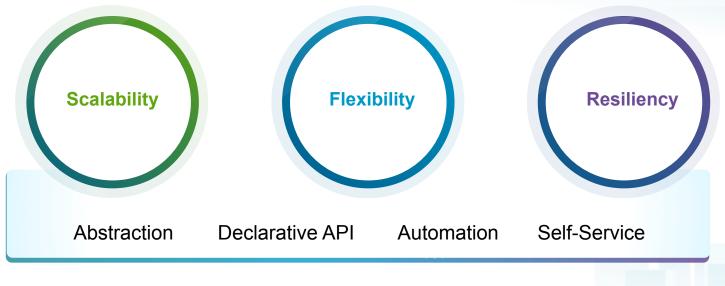
VCF 9 - Declarative Cloud Consumption

Partner Week of Enablement - Clearwater



Outcomes

How does the technology drive business outcomes?



These enhancements and innovations are how the technology drives the outcomes associated with the cloud, but CONSUMPTION of the services are the engine



Building a (Modern) Cloud Consumption Experience

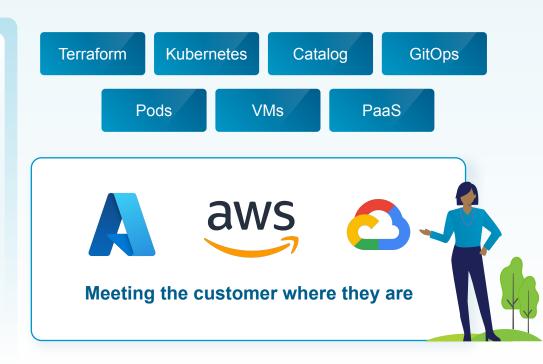
Hyperscalers expose cloud via APIs

Consumption paths: K8s, Terraform, PaaS

Workloads span pods, VMs, serverless

GitOps, supply chains enable automation

Underlying cloud remains opaque





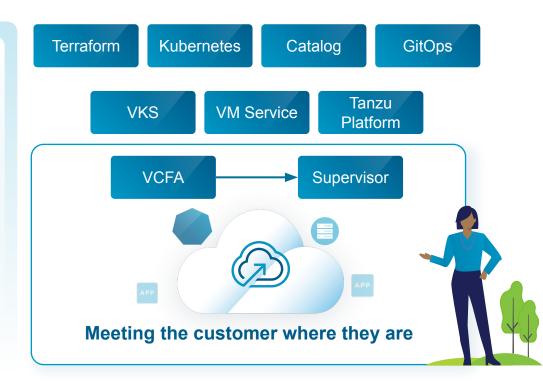
Building a (Modern) Cloud Consumption Experience

VCF strives to mirror hyperscaler consumption paths

Not just VKS, full set of modern options

Our cloud is transparent for our customers

Key drivers: Supervisor & VCFA



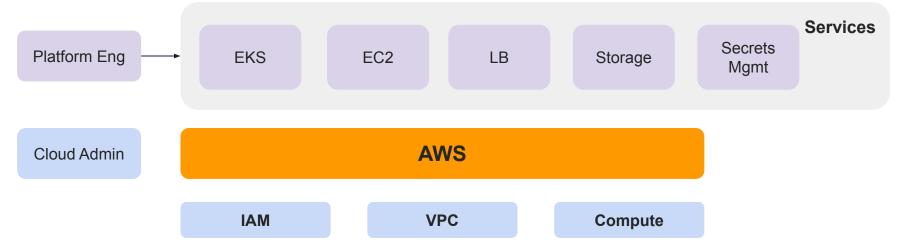


Public Cloud Consumption



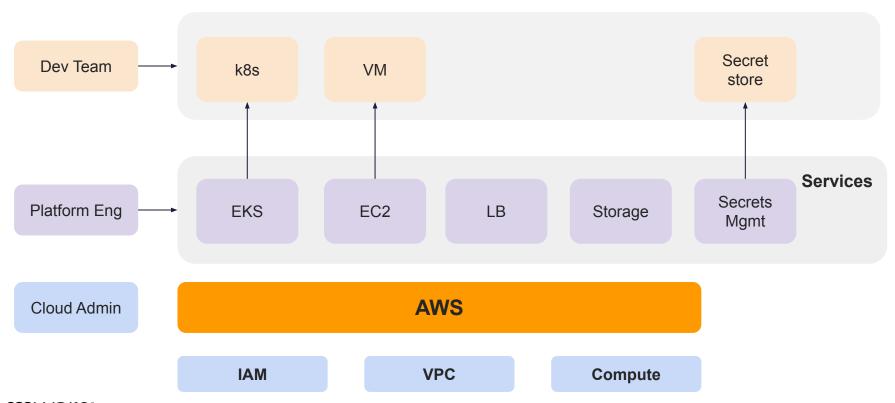


Public Cloud Consumption





Public Cloud Consumption





VMware Cloud Foundation

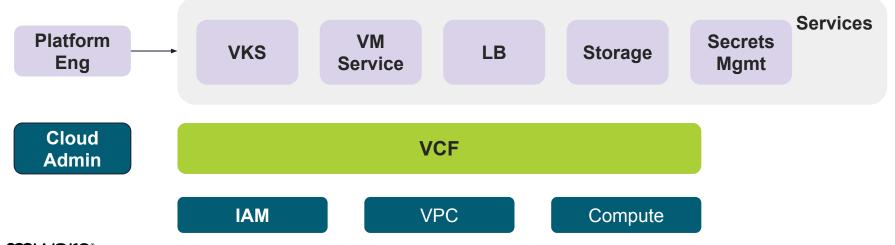
Putting the Cloud Back in VCF





VMware Cloud Foundation

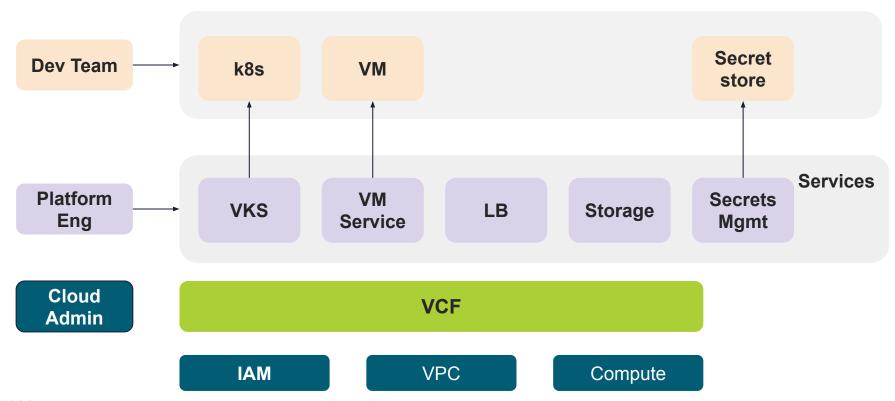
Putting the Cloud Back in VCF





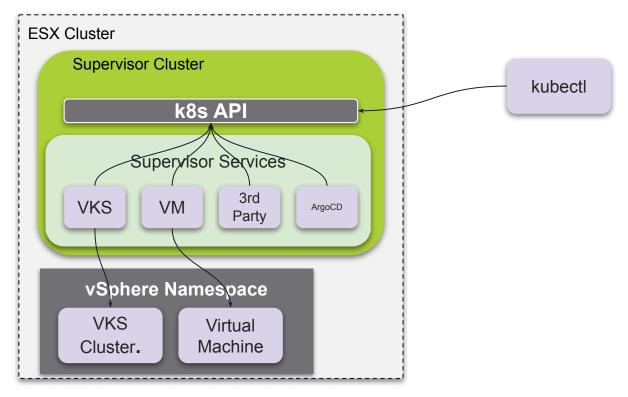
VMware Cloud Foundation

Putting the Cloud Back in VCF



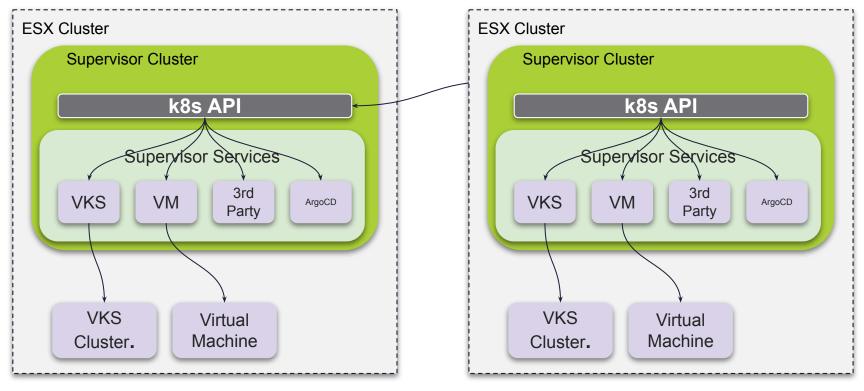


Extensible API platform - Reconciliation Engine Automation Endpoint





The Reconciliation Engine - Extensible API Engine Automation Endpoint

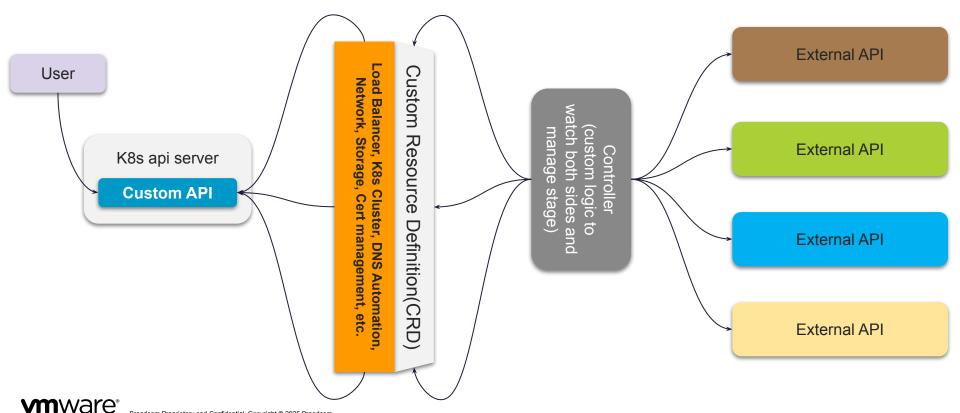




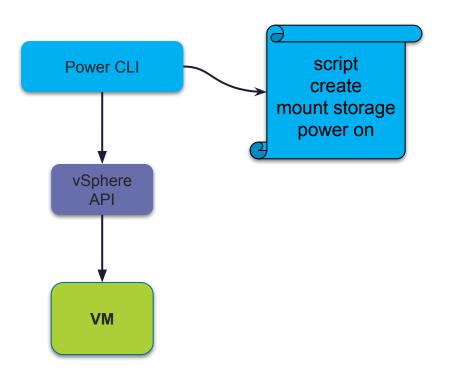
VMware Cloud Foundation - Cloud Consumption

Consumer Platforms

by Broadcom

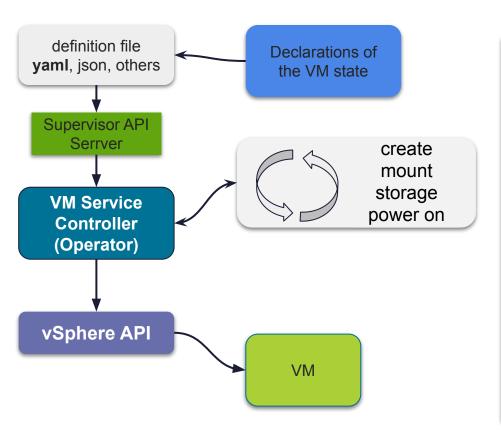


Declarative vs Imperative



- The Imperative Model
- Imperative programming focuses on how to achieve a result by specifying step-by-step instructions.

Declarative vs Imperative



- The Declarative Model
- Declarative programming focuses on what the end result should be, leaving the implementation details to the system



The Reconciliation Engine - Extensible API Engine Automation Endpoint

