



Design

Specifications



LEVELDB: CLOUD KEY-VALUE
DATA STORAGE



RAFT: TO REACH CONSENSUS



GRPC C++: FOR RPC



TUNABLE CONSISTENCY: STRONG AND EVENTUAL



LOAD BALANCER: TO DISTRIBUTE LOAD AMONG PARTICIPATING NODES AND MAINTAIN SYSTEM STATE



DYNAMIC RESOURCE ALLOCATOR: TO SUPPORT ON DEMAND ADDITION OR REMOVAL OF NODES

Assumptions

No network partition

Put and Get APIs support only string data type

Batch
Update/Creation
not supported

Put API for both KV Creation and Update

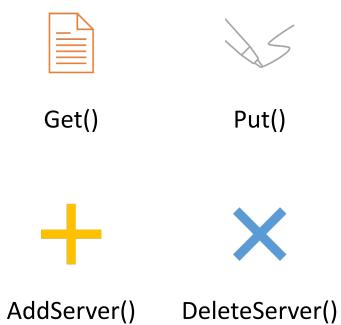
Load Balancer will always be up

Sufficient memory for commit logs on each node

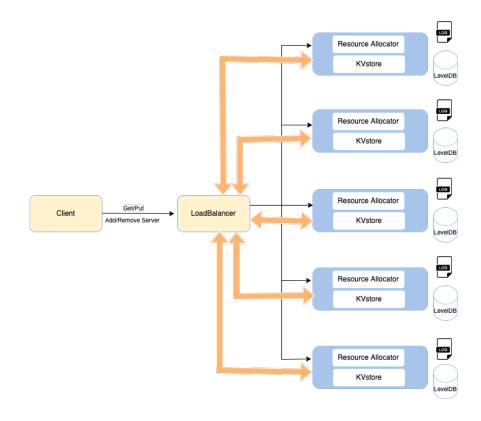
Cannot tolerate Byzantine Faults Does not account for security

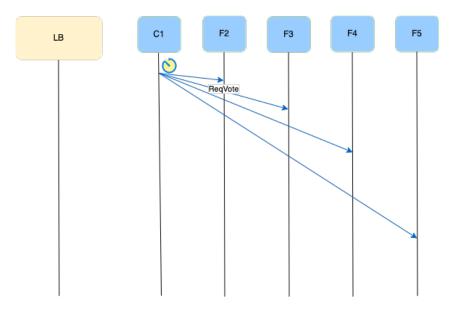
No disk failures and other forms of data corruption

APIs



System Overview

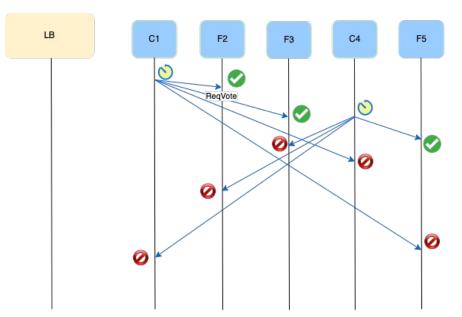




LB: Load Balancer

F: Follower

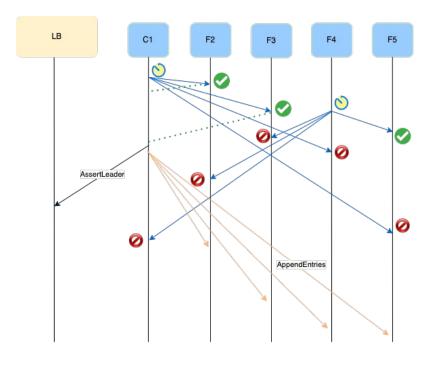
C: Candidate



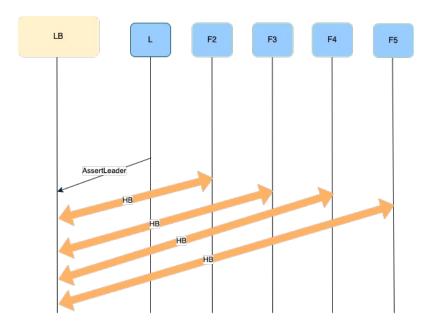
LB: Load Balancer

F: Follower

C: Candidate



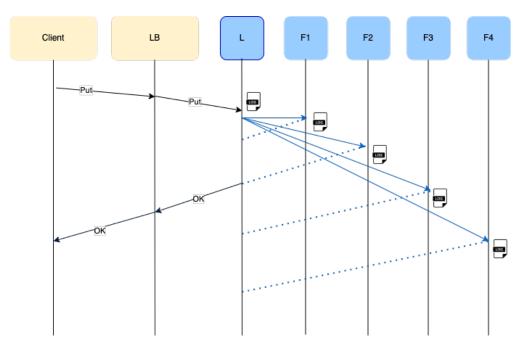
LB: Load Balancer C: Candidate F: Follower



LB: Load Balancer

F: Follower L: Leader

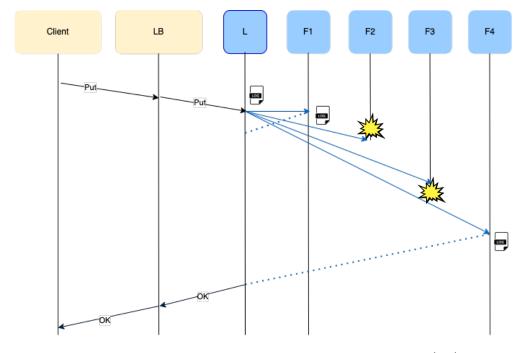
Put without Crash



LB: Load Balancer

L: Leader

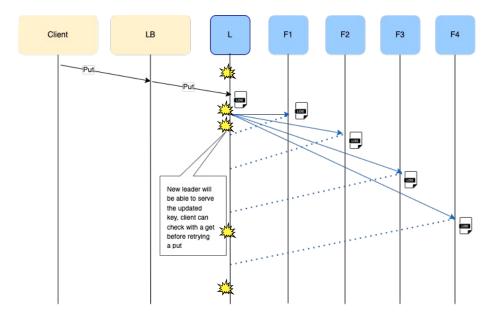
Put with Crash on Follower



LB: Load Balancer

L: Leader

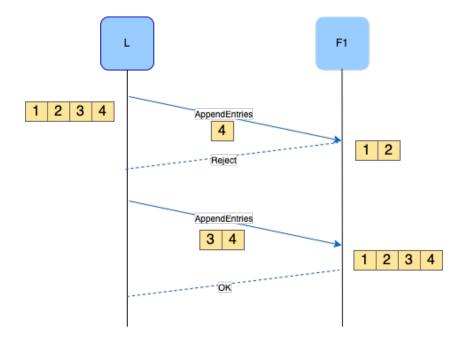
Put with Crash on Leader



LB: Load Balancer

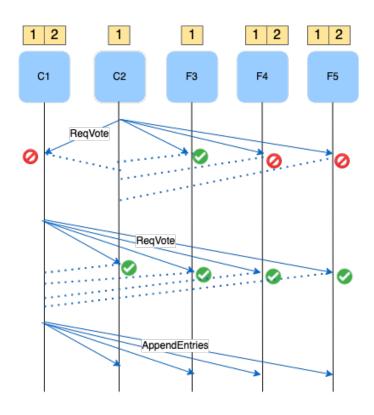
L: Leader

Correctness: Append Entries



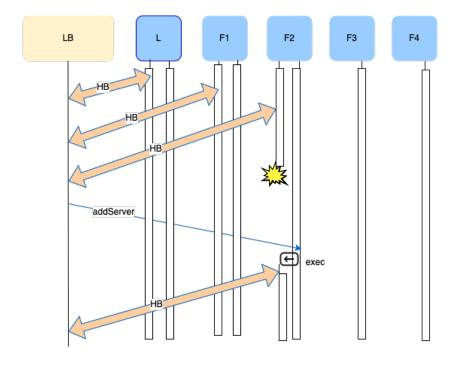
L: Leader F: Follower

Correctness: Leader Election



C: Candidate F: Follower

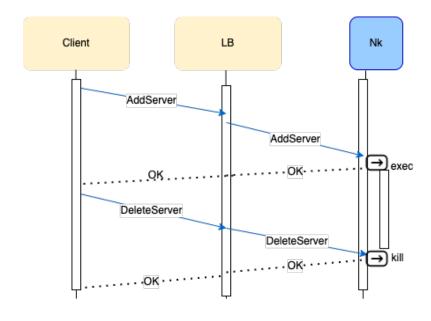
Resource Allocator: Autoscaling



LB: Load Balancer

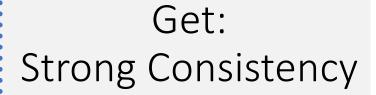
L: Leader

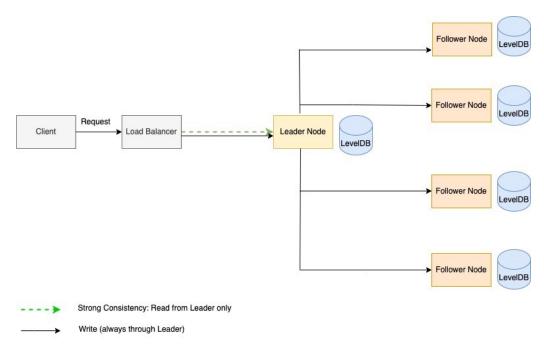
Resource Allocator: Scaling out and in

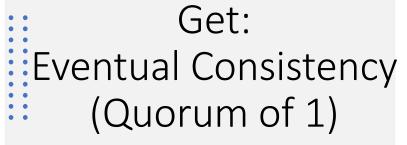


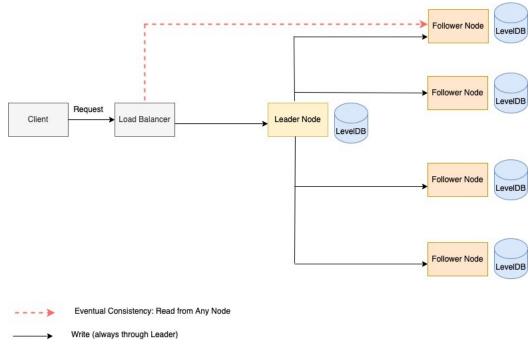
LB: Load Balancer

L: Leader N: Node











Measurements

Testing Strategy and System Specs



Crash points: Macros that cause a seg fault



Automated scripts for Get() and Put()



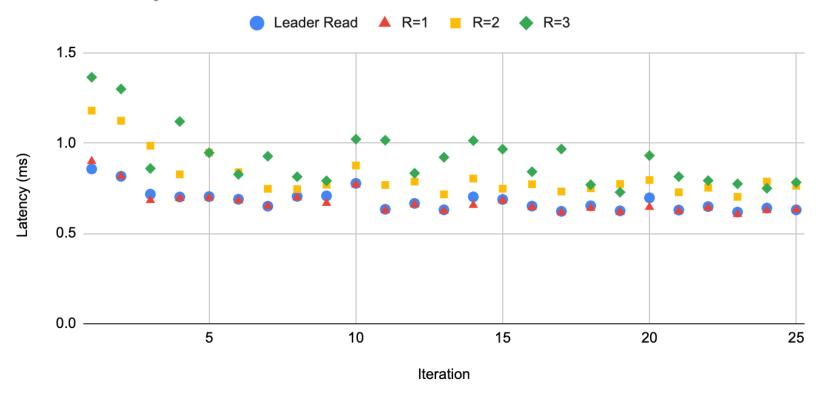
System Details:

CloudLab

Ubuntu 20.04 LTS

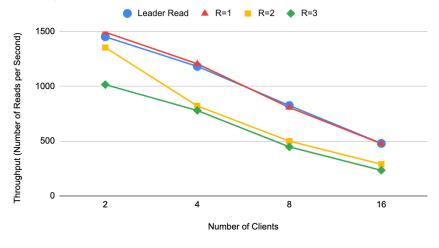
32 cores

Read Latency



Total Servers = 3 sizeof(key) = 16 B sizeof(value) = 100 B

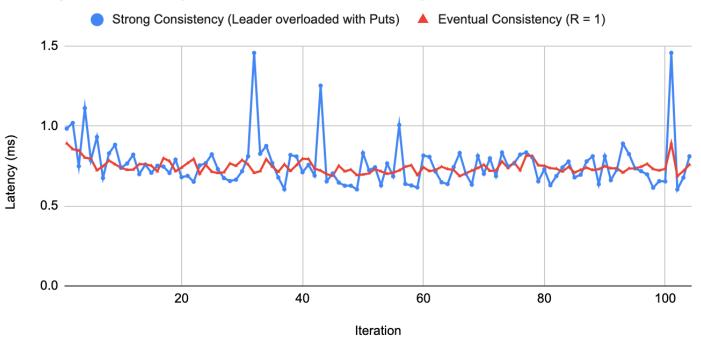
Throughput of Concurrent Reads on Same Key



Throughput of Concurrent Reads on Different Keys

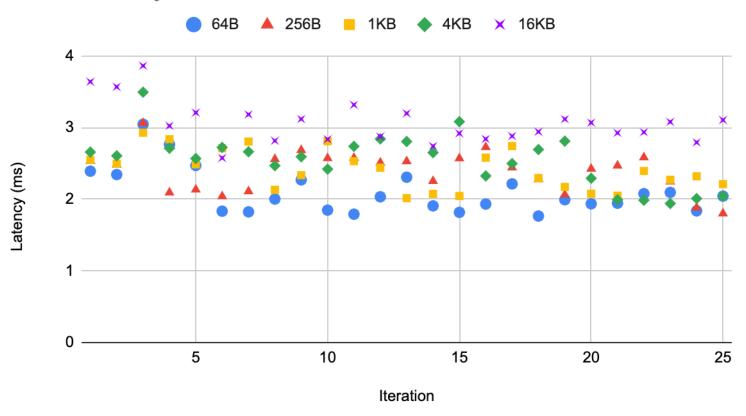


Strong Consistency vs Eventual Consistency

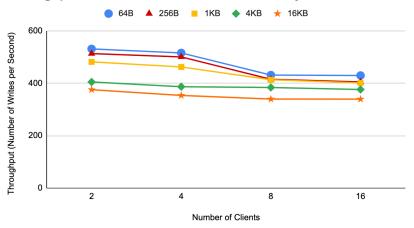


Total Servers = 3 sizeof(key) = 16 B sizeof(value) = 100 B Same Key

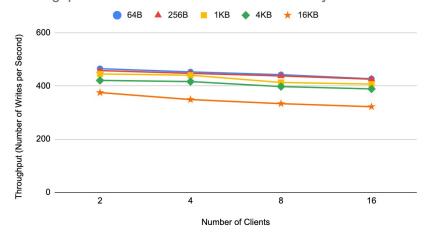
Write Latency



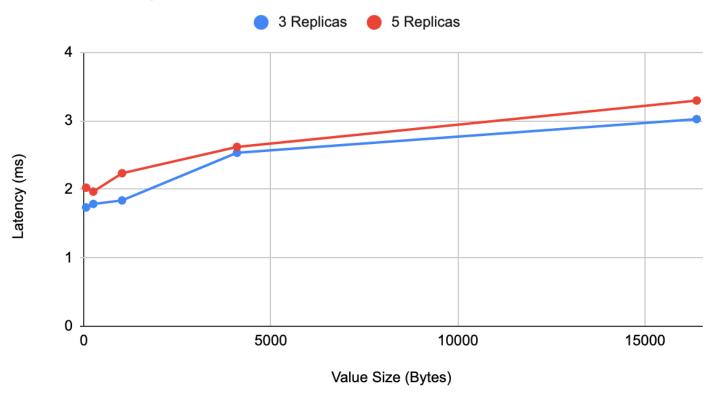
Throughput of Concurrent Writes on Same Keys



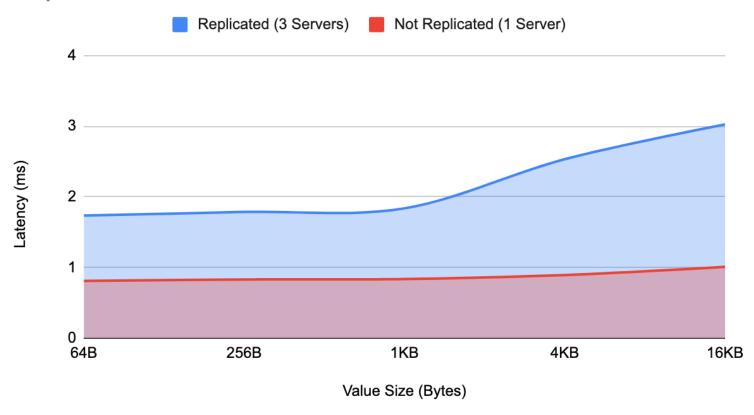
Throughput of Concurrent Writes on Different Keys



Write Latency: 3 Replicas vs 5 Replicas



Replication Overhead





Demos

Demo List

Raft In Action

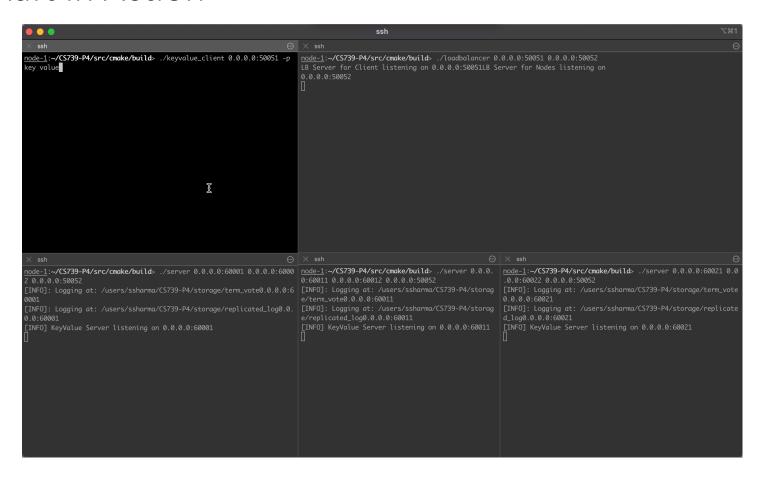
Autoscaling

Correctness: Leader Election

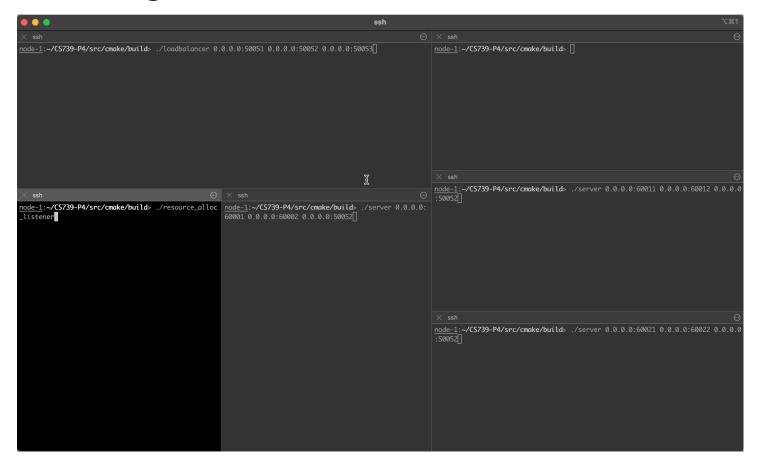
Leader Crash

Tunable Consistency

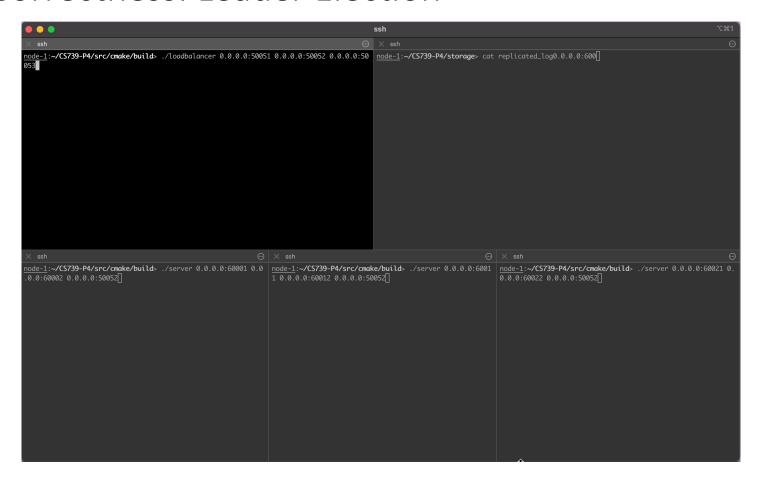
Raft in Action



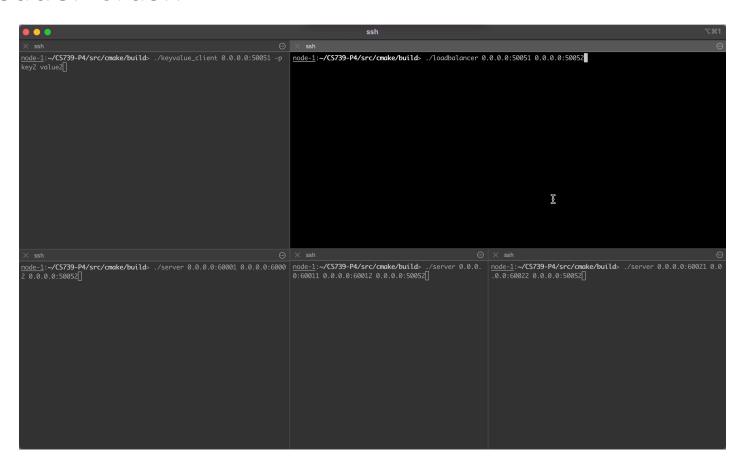
Autoscaling



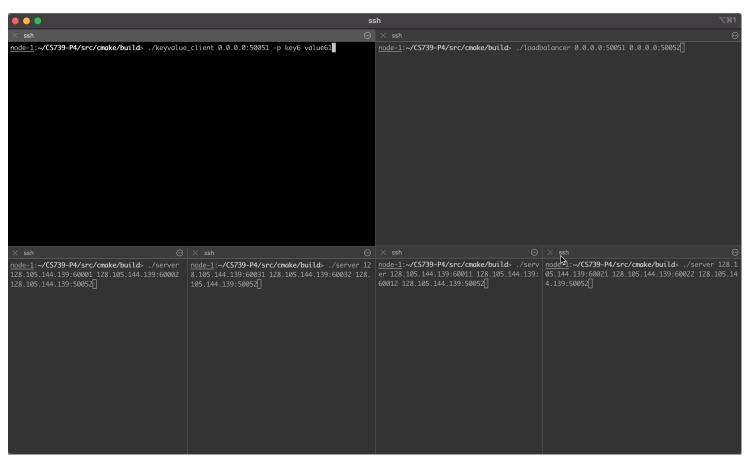
Correctness: Leader Election



Leader Crash



Tunable Consistency



Work In Progress

SNAPSHOT:

- For Log Compaction, save KV State with the Last Index and Last Term of System when Snapshot is taken.
- Snapshot is taken periodically at every node.
- Leaders shares its updated snapshot with newly joining nodes in cluster for quick updates.

Conclusion

- LevelUpDB, our cloud native version of LevelDB, uses RAFT as the consensus protocol to maintain consistency between replicas.
- Replication comes with a tradeoff on performance
- To provide flexibility for different use-cases, LevelUpDB offers tunable consistency levels, wherein clients can specify how they want their read requests to be processed.
- It offers a Resource Allocator to manage the number of replicas running and offers capability to dynamically add and remove servers while also managing crashes.





Thank you!

