COEN 331 Summer 2021 Midterm Test

Due Jul 12 at 6:45pm **Points** 35 **Ques**

Questions 35

Available Jul 12 at 6:20pm - Jul 12 at 6:45pm 25 minutes

Time Limit 25 Minutes

Allowed Attempts Unlimited

Take the Quiz Again

Attempt History

LATEST Attempt 1	25 minutes	22 out of 35

(!) Correct answers will be available Jul 12 at 6:50pm - Jul 12 at 7pm.

Score for this attempt: 22 out of 35

Submitted Jul 12 at 6:44pm

This attempt took 25 minutes.

Question 1	1 / 1 pts
1- In wireless communications the polarization is the di	rection of
True	
○ False	

Question 2 1 / 1 pts

2- In Forward Error Correction source will add additional redundant parity bits to transmitted blocks and the clock that destination can recover the error.

The received block bit errors could be corrected by using the clock bits.	
○ True	
False	

Question 3	1 / 1 pts
3- In 802.11 frame header the "address 2" is of frame.	destination address of
○ True	
False	

Question 4	1 / 1 pts
4- Light transmission using Free Space Optics, the the information by using the laser for RX and the TX.	
○ True	
False	

Question 5 1 / 1 pts

5- In Low Frequency transmission the lonosphere is the charged layer about 500 Km above earth will absorb the signal which prevents the reachability of signal.

O True	
False	

Question 6

6- In IEEE 802.11 Channel list is the list of channels could be used to listen to the beacon.

True

False

7- In BSS (Basic Service Set) topology by using PIFS (Point Coordination Function Inter-Frame Space) the transmitting device can transmit after PIFS and preempts contention-base transmission.

True

False

Question 8

8- PLCP (Physical Layer Convergence Procedure) maps MAC frames into the media.

True

O False

Question 9

9- OFDM encodes a single large frequency transmission channel into sub-carriers, data is multiplexed over sub-carriers.

True

False

10- In IBSS (Independent Basic Service Set) topology after DIFS (Distributed Inter-Frame Space) contention-based transmission starts and each station can access medium.

True

1 / 1 pts

Question 11

11-In IEEE 802.11 the IFFT (Inverse Fast Fourier Transform) is used to create composite waveform to transmit

True

False

Question 10

False

	Question 12
	12- The management sub-messages in IEEE 802.11 which are used to setup the NAV (Network Allocation Vector) are RTS, CTS, and the ACK.
	True
	○ False
orrect	Question 13 0 / 1 pts
	13- In IBSS (Independent Basic Service Set) Power Conservation Unicast mode, only Frames received by client device are acknowledged.
	True
	○ False
orrect	Question 14 0 / 1 pts
	14- NAV (Network Allocation Vector) announces the contention- based period to clients, in this time period all devices are permitted to access the medium.
	True

Incorrect

Question 15	0	′	1	p	ts
-------------	---	---	---	---	----

15- IEEE 802.11 device sends Power Save-Poll message after power saving wakeup mode to Access Point to acknowledge receive of buffered frames.

True

False

Incorrect

Question 16 0 / 1 pts

16- In DCF (Distributed Coordination Function) method it is required Beacons are ACKed (Acknowledged) by receiver.

True

False

Question 17 1 / 1 pts

17- The retry bit is set for re-transmitted frame in order destination device to verify the duplicated frames and discard those.

True

False

Question 18

1 / 1 pts

	18- In IBSS (Independent Basic Service Set) Pow mode Unicast ATIM (Announcement Traffic Indic frame is not acknowledged.	
	O True	
	False	
ncorrect	Question 19	0 / 1 pts
	19- BSSType (BaSic Service Type) field defines to as WiFi or cellular network.	he network type
	True	
	○ False	
ncorrect	Question 20	0 / 1 pts
	Question 20	0 / 1 ptc
	20- TIM (Traffic Indication MAP) is sent periodica (Request to send) and CTS (Clear to send).	lly in RTS
	True	
	○ False	
	Question 21	1 / 1 pts
	21-More bit is set to one to indicate more frames	are discarded

when interference is at the physical layer detected.

O True		
False		

Question 22	1 / 1 pts
22-Duration NAV value is set based on the value	e in RTS header.
True	
False	

Question 23	1 / 1 pts
23- IEEE 802.11i provides security for WLAN, the R Security Network) negotiates authentication and en between user and AP(Access Point).	•
True	
○ False	

Question 24	1 / 1 pts
24-IEEE 802.11e standard provides the Qos LANs) using EDCF (Enhanced Distribution to provide prioritization to multiple traffic t	Coordination Function)
True	
○ False	

25- IEEE 802.15.4 ZigBee alliance su and guaranteed time slot (GTS) for a	•
True	
False	
Question 26	0 / 1 pts
26- In 802.11 for active scanning stawaits for CTS response. True	tion sends RTS frames and
waits for CTS response.	tion sends RTS frames and

Incorrect

Incorrect

27-IEEE 802.11 is using CSMA/CD (Collision Sense Media Access with Collision Detection) for MAC layer. True False

Question 28

Question 27

1 / 1 pts

0 / 1 pts

	28- In IEEE 802.11k the AP (Access point) determines the clien moving away from AP then AP will inform the client to prepare move to another AP.				
	True				
	○ False				
Incorrect	Question 29	0 / 1 pts			
	29- In IEEE 802.11 probe request is used by mobile station to identify networks.				
	O True				
	False				
Incorrect	Question 30	0 / 1 pts			
	30- In OFDM to prevent channels overlap with the neighboring channel, we use guard band.				
	True				
	False				
	Question 31	1 / 1 pts			
	Question 31				
	31- IEEE 802.11n physical layer will use MIMO (Multi In Output) technology for more than 100 Mbps for single	-			

performance			
True			
O False			

Question 32 32- In 802.11 Contention Free Service with PCF (Point Coordination Function), if no response is received from polled station after elapse of PIFS time, the access point immediately will poll the same station again. True False

Incorrect

Question 33 0 / 1 pts

33- In the ZigBee networks routing is based on the TCP/IP protocol, using Ad hoc on demand Distance Vector algorithm OSPF (Open Short Path First).

True

False

Incorrect

Question 34

0 / 1 pts

34- Dipole Antenna (Half Dipole or Hertz Antenna) has half-length of wave length, consists of two straight conductors with equal

lengths.	
Maximum propagation (main lobe) is in vertical direction (90 degrees) to the ground.	
True	
○ False	

Incorrect

Question 35 35- In the modulation process the modulator will vary properties of Carrier signal with a signal that has the information and to be transported. The properties of carrier signal are phase, amplitude, frequency, antenna power, and terrestrial distance.

Quiz Score: 22 out of 35

False