## **Assignment2**

279/377 2022 winter

- 1. Use divide-and-conquer technique to calculate sum of an integer array. Use two different ways to define subproblems. For each way:
  - a. write the pseudocode of the algorithm
  - b. give the running time recurrence (recursive equation)
  - c. calculate the running time in Θ notation

#### answer

```
a.
```

## algorithm:

```
sum(A, p, r)
if p == r
return A[p]
return A[p] + sum(A, p+1, r)
```

b.

### recurrence:

$$T(n) = T(n-1) + 1$$

C.

# running time

```
T(n) = T(n-1) + 1
= T(n-2) + 1 + 1
= T(n-3) + 1 + 1 + 1
= \dots
= \Theta(n)
```

- 2. Use divide-and-conquer technique to search a number in the sorted list of n numbers.
  - a. Write the pseudocode of the algorithm.
  - b. Write the recursive running time equation (recurrence)
  - c. Guess the result of this recurrence

#### answer:

## a. algorithm:

```
search(value, list, i, j)
  if i == j
    if list[i] == value
      return [true, i]
    else
      return false
    end
  end
  mid = (i+j)/2
  if value == list[mid]
    return [true, mid]
  else
    if value < list[mid]</pre>
      return search(value, list, i, mid-1)
      return search(value, list, mid+1, j)
    end
  end
end
```

b. recursive running time

```
T(n) = T(n/2) + C
```

c.  $T(n) = \Theta(\log n)$ 

prove: T(n) = O(logn)

need to prove T(n) <= C1logn

$$n = 2$$
,  $T(2) = T(1) + C = C$   
 $C1logn = C1$ 

let 
$$C1 = C + 1$$

induction: assume true for k < n

$$T(n) = T(n/2) + C = C1 \log(n/2) + C = C1 \log n - C1 \log 2 + C = C1 \log n - (C1 - C)$$

let 
$$C1 = C+1$$
,  $T(n) \le C1 \log n - 1 \le C1 \log n$ 

T(n) = O(logn) proved.

$$T(n) = \Omega(log n)$$

similar to the above.