# Locker

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A command-line tool to run Domino environments a local machine

- Locker
  - Purpose
  - Installation
  - Local Installation Dependencies
  - Getting Help
  - Subcommands
    - add
    - clean-up
    - drop-in
      - mode
    - grab
    - list
    - run
      - Steps
      - BMS Specific
      - Usage

sshUsagemode

stop

## Purpose

This command-line interface was developed to add syntactic sugar to the regular Docker commands. This would allow users to run environments, usually run on Domino, locally on their machine. This would allow users to run tests and runs offline (e.g. on the train!). Locker takes care of all the defaults used to run our BMS base images. It also offers the functionality to run images retrieved from DockerHub (experts only!). The simple commands allow users to get running quickly!

## Installation

1. Clone this repo

```
git clone https://biogit.pri.bms.com/allanrab/docker_local_cli.git
```

2. Navigate to the directory

```
cd docker_local_cli
```

3. Install

Make sure you have your proxys set.

```
python3 -m pip3 install .
```

## **Local Installation Dependencies**

Locker asserts that a few things are installed:

- python3
- Docker instructions here

Please make sure these are installed before you try to run Locker.

# Getting Help

Help for Locker is available using the --help option. This lists the high-level options, as well as the available subcommands.

```
$ locker --help
usage: locker [-h] [-V] {add,clean-up,drop-in,grab,list,run,ssh,stop} ...
optional arguments:
  -h, --help
                       show this help message and exit
 -V, --version
                      print Locker CLI version
subcommands:
  {add,clean-up,drop-in,grab,list,run,ssh,stop}
                       Available sub-commands
                       Add a file or dir to the container
    add
                      Clean up running containers
    clean-up
   drop-in
                      Run a command inside the container
                       Grab a file or dir from the container
    grab
                       list all the running containers or images
    list
    run
                        Run an environment on your local machine.
    ssh
                       Ssh into a running container
    stop
                        Stop a running environment.
```

## Subcommands

### If no container is provided, it will default to the latest created

#### add

The add subcommand allows the addition of files (from the local machine) into the running container.

**Be careful** of file paths if you are using **git bash** or other shells on Windows.

#### clean-up

The clean-up subcommand allows for the removal of stopped or running containers.

### This is a dangerous command

```
$ locker clean-up --help
usage: locker clean-up [-h] [-a] [--container ID] [-q]
```

```
optional arguments:
-h, --help show this help message and exit
-a, --all [Optional] Stop all the containers
--container ID The container to add the files to
-q, --quiet [Optional] Don't prompt; just do.
```

### drop-in

The drop-in subcommand uses docker exec to jump into a container. This can be done interactively or not.

#### mode

d This allows a command to be run without interaction. An ssh connection will be established and then the command will be run, then the connection is close.

The command to run can me specified with the --cmd option.

ti This allows for interactive mode (essentially ssh-ing in).

#### grab

The grab subcommand allows for retrieval of files from a running container.

#### list

The list subcommand prints out the running containers.

#### -i, --images

This flag will list the images downloaded on the machine

```
-r, --registry
```

This flag prints the images and tags at registry.

The REGSITRY can be specified in the command or in ./settings.py

The default REGISTRY is docker.rdcloud.bms.com:443

#### run

The run subcommand is the main command of locker. **All arguments are optional.** This command spins up a Docker environment for you.

The run command does the following:

#### Steps

- 1. Checks to see if the image/environment is downloaded.
  - 1. If not, the script will attempt to pull from the registry.
    - This requires network connection
  - 2. You have the ability to search for similar images if you would like to.
- 2. Checks to see if there is a running container with that environment.
  - 1. If so, asks if you want to start a separate one.
- 3. Check the port mappings
  - o locker will make sure you're not missing any ports that should be mapped
  - It will also make sure you don't have any conflicting mappings
    - Can change randomly or manually for conflicts
- 4. Start the containers

#### **BMS Specific**

- 5. Locate your ssh keys
  - 1. Ask for location if they cannot be found at default location
- 6. Copy them to the container to allow ssh and mounting /stash/
- 7. Mount /stash/

#### Usage

```
$ locker run --help
usage: locker run [-h] [--cap-add CAP_ADD] [--cmd ENTRYPOINT]
                  [--device DEVICE] [--env IMAGE] [--keys KEYPATH]
                  [--label key val] [--mode {d,ti}] [-p inside outside]
                  [--user USER]
optional arguments:
  -h, --help
                        show this help message and exit
  --cap-add CAP_ADD
                       Add linux capabilities
  --cmd ENTRYPOINT
                        The command you would like to start in the container.
  --device DEVICE
                        Add device to the container
  --env IMAGE, --image IMAGE
                        [Optional] The environment that you would like to run
                        locally.
  --keys KEYPATH
                        [Optional] The location in which your SSH keys are
                        stored.
  --label key val
                        [Optional] A label to append to your container < key,
                        val >
  --mode {d,ti}
                        [Optional] Run the environment detached or
                        interactive.
  -p inside outside, --ports inside outside
                        [Optional] The ports you would like to use to run the
                        servers on [ssh, RStudio server].
                        Your BMS username
  --user USER
```

#### ssh

The ssh subcommand allows for a user to ssh into a running container.

#### Usage

#### mode

d This allows a command to be run without interaction. An ssh connection will be established and then the command will be run, then the connection is close.

The command to run can me specified with the --cmd option.

ti

This interactive mode allows the use of ssh right into the running container. The shell will prompt for domino's password. The password is **domino**.

### stop

The stop subcommand stops the containers specified.

```
--halt, --slam
```

This option sends a SIGKILL to the processes running in the container.