Draft Key Questions 4/28/14

Systematic Review of Long-Term Adverse Effects of Adjuvant Chemotherapy for Breast Cancer

Scope: What is the long-term adverse health and quality of life effects of the most commonly used breast cancer adjuvant chemotherapy regimens?

Key Questions to be Systematically Reviewed

In the target population of women with early stage breast cancer:

- 1) What is the effect of adjuvant therapy[†] on long-term, adverse health outcomes[‡] and how does it differ by age, race-ethnicity, and risk factor[§]?
- 2) What is the synergistic effect of the combination of multiple adjuvant therapy[†] treatment types on long-term adverse health outcomes[‡] and how does it differ by age and risk factors[§]?
- 3) What is the effect of adjuvant therapy[†] on patient quality of life and other patient-reported outcomes?

Contextual Question

 Among women with left-sided breast cancer, what is the impact of radiation on long-term adverse health outcomes[‡]?

Research Approach

Category	Include	Exclude
Population	Women of all ages with early stage (I-IIIA) breast cancer with any receptor status	Men; women with advanced stage (IIIB-IV)
Intervention	Adjuvant chemotherapy regimens, used alone or in combination (anthracyclines [doxorubicin, epirubicin]; cyclophosphamide; taxanes; trastuzumab)	Outdated chemotherapy regimens (CMF)
Comparisons	Women with early stage breast cancer who did not receive adjuvant chemotherapy	KQ 1-3: Studies lacking comprehensively applied reference standard
Outcomes: Health	KQ 1-2: Chemotherapy-related long-term adverse health outcomes (cardiac toxicity; ovarian failure; secondary malignancies; neurotoxicity; cognitive dysfunction; depression?; lymphedema? osteoporosis)	Outcomes not listed as included
	KQ 3: Quality of life; patient-reported outcomes	
Timing	Outcomes occurring or persisting beyond the first year of treatment	No follow-up; short-term follow-up (less than one year)
Setting	Developed Countries	Non-developed countries
Study Design	Randomized controlled trials (RCTs), cohort studies with concurrent control groups, other cohort studies, case series for novel toxicities,	Case reports

Comment [n1]: Typically a surgery-related outcome. It was brought up in discussion. I am inclined to exclude as we have so much on our plate.

Others thoughts? -JM

Excludes men and women with advanced stage (IIIB-IV) breast cancer

[†] Adjuvant hormonal therapy regimens include anthracyclines (doxorubicin, epirubicin), cyclophosphamides, taxanes, and trastuzumab

and trastuzumab

[‡] Long term adverse health outcomes include cardiac toxicity, ovarian failure, secondary malignancies, neurotoxicity, cognitive dysfunction and osteoporosis

§ Risk factors include: age, race/ethnicity, use of other medications especially Herceptin, hormone receptor status?,

[§] Risk factors include: age, race/ethnicity, use of other medications especially Herceptin, hormone receptor status?, dose and side of radiation to chest, pre-existing g chronic conditions: diabetes, depression, heart disease, dementia

Language	English-language abstracts (includes English-	Non-English language papers
	language abstracts of non-English papers) and	
	papers	
Data Sources	Pubmed, Embase, References of identified articles, B30 data, Early breast cancer clinical trialists group; Adjuvant breast cancer trial data registry (Cochrane)	Sources not listed as included
Search Dates	1990 - present	Pre-1990