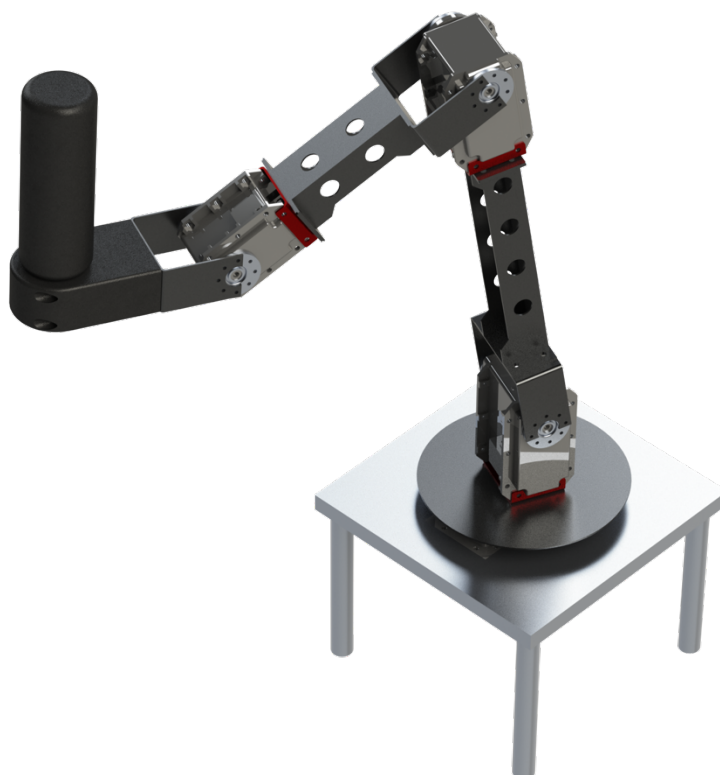




AALBORG UNIVERSITY

Testing of the Rehabilitation Robot

Additional material to group 363's semester report
ROB3 2020



PART 2

Data obtained from the test has been placed in the following table: First direction is colored yellow, and second direction is colored blue. Wrong directions are colored red.

[illegible]

Recognition of Right to Left

Steps between right and left: 0

Recognition of Up to Down

Steps between up and down: 2

Recognition of Left to Down

Steps between left and right: 1

Average steps for all 3 switches: 1 step

Average in seconds: 0,22 seconds

Control System

The robot will be placed in the start-position (which is a given point in the game) while the control system is running. Each joint of the body will be forced approximately 30° out of position, and the movement (correction) will be described by an approximation of the four factors: settling time, overshoot, steady state error and steps (jerk movement).

	Body 1	Body 2	Body 3	Body 4
Settling time:	2.5 seconds	1.3 seconds	3.9 seconds	2.0 seconds
Overshoot:	8°	3°	0°	8°
Steady state error:	5°	0°	5°	0°
Steps:	3	1	1	2
Overshoot in %	27 %	10 %	0 %	27 %

GUI

The interface will be tested by running a simulation of a normal rehabilitation, but without the physical aspect of the robot. One person will start the program, and every handling will be observed and described.

Handlings

- Clicking “Start”.
- Choses shoulder height between 3 options by clicking. Second option has been chosen.
- Choses distance to patience between 3 options by clicking. Third option has been chosen.
- Choses number of different positions (icebergs) between 3 options by clicking. First option has been chosen.
- “Done” is then pressed.
- A text box asks the user to place the positions within the map. Three positions are clicked on the screen.
- The game starts and can be played by the patient.
- The game is quit by clicking “Quit”

Overall clicks: 8-10 (depending on the number of positions)

Time between options exceeding 0.5 seconds: 0 (no lag)

Repetition

The repetition quality of the entire system will be tested by having the test person reach as many positions as possible within 1 minute. The positions (icebergs) will be placed with approximately 1/2 of the entire (diagonal) length of the map between them.

Results

Repetitions done: 5

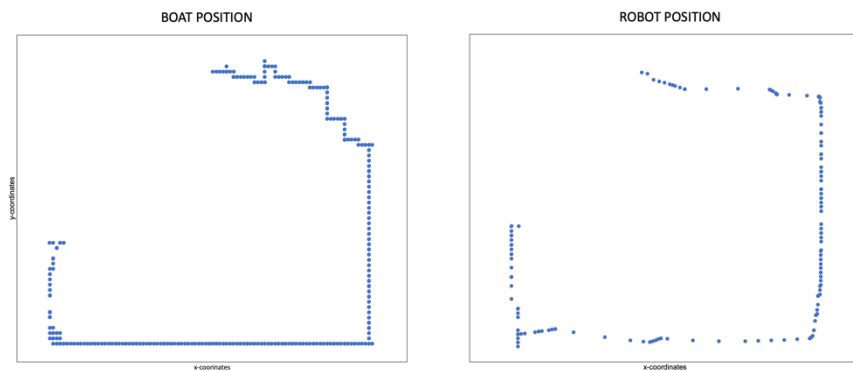
To find the number of possible repetitions in 45 minutes the following calculations has been mad:

$5 \cdot 45 = 225$ repetitions

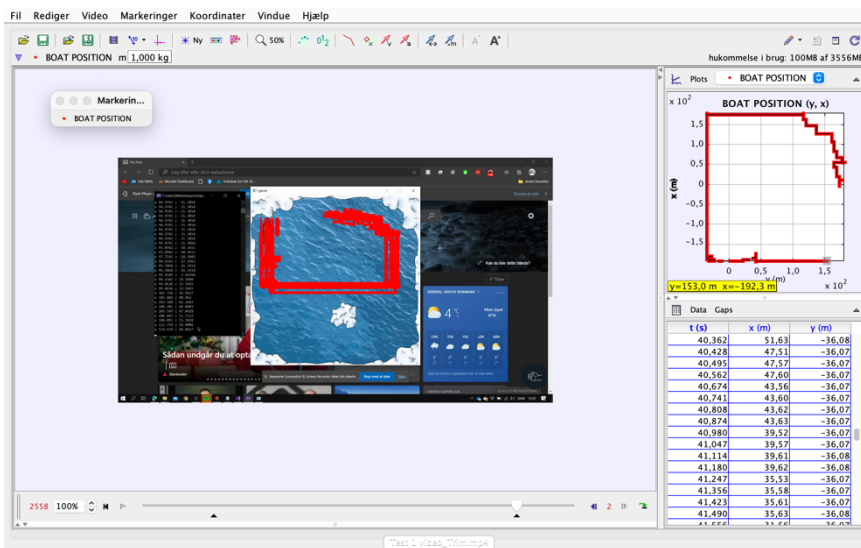
Precision

The precision of the system will be tested by having the test person follow a path close to the border of the map, at the same time the movement of the robot will be calculated by inverse kinematics. The position of the boat will be evaluated by Tracker 5.1.5 Video Analysis and Modeling Tool. The video will be analyzed at 18 FPS and 1080p. The two paths will then be compared.

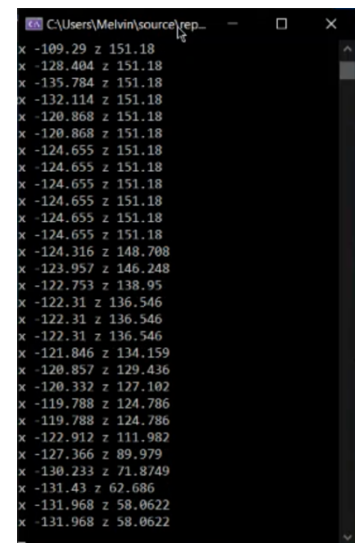
Results



Horizontal is y-coordinates of the recorded movement and vertical is x-coordinates of the recorded movement, both in pixels.



Quick view of the video analysis tool



Output of inverse kinematics

Further information

Test done by: Group 363

Tested on: Benjamin Damsgaard (test person)

Date of test: 03/12/2020 - 04/12/2020

Place of testing: Fredrik Bajers Vej 7

Version: 1.2