Benjamin Kaplan - Problem Set #5

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Sample Output
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binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ gcc -o problem1 problem1.c
binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ ./problem1
cannot handle signal: 9
cannot handle signal: 19
Signal recieved: 11
binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ gcc problem2.c -o problem2
binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ ./problem2
read buf= A
binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ echo $?
binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ gcc problem3.c -o problem3
binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ ./problem3
binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ echo $?
binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ gcc problem4.c -o problem4
binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ ./problem4
statbuf1 size: 5000
statbuf2 size: 5000
binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ echo $?
binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ gcc problem5.c -o problem5
binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ ./problem5
posX = 5000
lseek to: 5016
buf = B
binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ echo $?
binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ gcc problem6.c -o problem6
binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ ./problem6
cannot handle signal: 9
cannot handle signal: 19
Read 1 succeeded past end of file.
Byte read:
               ASCII code:0
Signal recieved: 7
binyamin@BenjaminButtox:~/Documents$ echo $?
```

Problem1

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/mman.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <signal.h>
int main(int argc, char ** argv){
  void sigHand(int signo){
    fprintf(stderr, "Signal recieved: %d\n", signo);
    exit(signo);
  int j = 1;
  for(j = 1; j<32; j++){
```

```
if (signal(j, sigHand) == SIG ERR)
      fprintf(stderr, "cannot handle signal: %d\n", j);
  int fd;
  if((fd = open("testfile1.txt", 0_RDWR|0_TRUNC|0_CREAT, 0666))<0){</pre>
    perror("Write error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  if(write(fd, "Hello world", 11)<0){</pre>
    perror("write error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  char *memory;
  if((memory = mmap(NULL, 11, PROT_READ, MAP_SHARED, fd, 0)) < 0) {</pre>
    perror("Mmap error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  *memory = 'A';
  if(*memory == 'H'){
    exit(255);
  return 0;
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/mman.h>
int main(int argc, char ** argv){
  int fd;
  if( (fd = open("testfile.txt", 0_RDWR \mid 0_CREAT \mid 0_TRUNC, 0666))<0){
    perror("Open error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
 write(fd, "Hello world", 11);//This is necessary because you will
                               //get a SIGBUS if you attempt to write to the
                               //MMAPing of a file with 0 bytes size
  char *memory = malloc(10);
  if((memory = mmap(NULL, 11,
                                PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED, fd, 0))<0)
    perror("MMAP error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  char letter = 'A';
  *memory = 'A';
  int g;
  if((g = lseek(fd, 0, SEEK_SET))<0){
    perror("Seek error: ");
    exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
  char* buf;
  if((buf = malloc(10)) < 0){
    perror("Malloc error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  }
```

```
if(read(fd,buf, 1) <0){
   perror("Read error: ");
   exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}
fprintf(stderr, "read buf= %s\n", buf);
if(close(fd)<0){
   perror("closing error: ");
   exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}
if(!strcmp("A", buf))
   return 0;
return 1;
}</pre>
```

Problem 3

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```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/mman.h>
int main(int argc, char ** argv){
  int fd;
  if( (fd = open("testfile.txt", 0 RDWR | 0 CREAT | 0 TRUNC, 0666))<0){</pre>
    perror("Open error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
 write(fd, "Hello world", 5);//This is necessary because you will
                               //get a SIGBUS if you attempt to write to the
                               //MMAPing of a file with 0 bytes size
  char *memory = malloc(10);
  if((memory = mmap(NULL, 4096,
                                  PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE, MAP_PRIVATE, fd, 0))<0){</pre>
    perror("MMAP error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  char letter = 'A';
  *memory = 'A';
  int q;
  if((g = lseek(fd, 0, SEEK_SET))<0){
    perror("Seek error: ");
    exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
  char* buf;
  if((buf = malloc(10)) < 0){
    perror("Malloc error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  if(read(fd,buf, 1) < 0){
    perror("Read error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  }
```

```
fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", buf);
  if(close(fd)<0){
    perror("closing error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  if(!strcmp("A", buf))
    return 0;
  return 1;
}
Problem 4
=======
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/mman.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main(int argc, char **argv){
  int fd;
  if((fd = open("testfile.txt", 0_RDWR|0_CREAT|0_TRUNC, 0666))<0){</pre>
    perror("Write error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  int j = 0;
  char letter = 'A';
  for(j=0; j < 5000; j++){
    if(write(fd, &letter, 1)<0){</pre>
      perror("Write error: ");
      exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
  }
  struct stat statbuf1;
  if(fstat(fd, &statbuf1)<0){</pre>
    perror("Stat error1: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  if(lseek(fd, 0, SEEK_END)<0){
    perror("MMAP error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  fprintf(stderr,"statbuf1 size: %d\n", (int)statbuf1.st_size);
  char * memory;
  if((memory = mmap(NULL, 1, PROT_WRITE| PROT_READ, MAP_SHARED, fd,0 ))<0){</pre>
    perror("MMAP error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  *(memory+5001) = 'A';
  struct stat statbuf2;
  if(fstat(fd, &statbuf2)<0){
    perror("Stat error2: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  fprintf(stderr, "statbuf2 size: %d\n", (int) statbuf2.st_size);
  int size1 = (int) statbuf1.st size;
  int size2 = (int) statbuf2.st_size;
  if(size1 == size2)
```

```
return 1;
 return 0;
Problem 5
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#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/mman.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main(int argc, char **argv){
 int fd;
  if((fd = open("testfile.txt", 0 RDWR|0 CREAT|0 TRUNC, 0666))<0){
    perror("Write error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
 }
 int j = 0;
  char letterA = 'A';
  for(j=0; j < 5000; j++){
    if(write(fd, &letterA, 1)<0){
      perror("Write error: ");
      exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
  if(lseek(fd, 0, SEEK_END)<0){ // lseeks to end of file
    perror("Lseek error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
 char *memory;
  if(!(memory = mmap(NULL, 8192, PROT_READ|PROT_WRITE,MAP_SHARED,fd,0))){
    perror("MMAP error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
 char letterB = 'B';
  int posX;
  *(memory+5000) = 'B';
  if((posX = lseek(fd,0,SEEK_CUR))<0){</pre>
    perror("Lseek error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  fprintf(stderr, "posX = %d\n", posX);
  int q;
  if((g = lseek(fd, 16, SEEK END)) < 0){
    perror("Lseek error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  fprintf(stderr,"lseek to: %d\n", g);
  char letterC = 'C';
  if(write(fd, &letterC, 1)<0){</pre>
    perror("Write error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
 char *buf;
  if(lseek(fd, posX, SEEK_SET)<0){</pre>
    perror("lseek error:");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
```

char* buf;

char char1 = *(memory+1500);

```
}
 if((buf = malloc(10))<0){
   perror("malloc:");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  if(read(fd, buf, 1)<0){
    perror("read:");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  fprintf(stderr,"buf = %s\n", buf);
 if(!strcmp(buf,"B"))
    return 0;
  return 1;
Problem 6
______
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/mman.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <signal.h>
int main(int argc, char **argv){
 void sigHand(int signo){
    fprintf(stderr, "Signal recieved: %d\n", signo);
    exit(signo);
 int j = 0;
  for(j = 1; j < 32; j++){
    if (signal(j, sigHand) == SIG_ERR)
      fprintf(stderr,"cannot handle signal: %d\n", j);
 int fd;
  if((fd = open("testfile6.txt", 0_RDWR|0_TRUNC|0_CREAT, 0666))<0){</pre>
    perror("Write error: ");
   exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  int k = 0;
  char letterA = 'A';
  for(k=0; k<1000; k++){
    if(write(fd, &letterA, 1)<0){
      perror("Write error: ");
      exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
  char * memory;
  if((memory = mmap(NULL, 8192, PROT_WRITE| PROT_READ, MAP_PRIVATE, fd, 0))<0){</pre>
    perror("MMAP error: ");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
```

```
fprintf(stderr, "Read 1 succeeded past end of file.\n Byte read: %c\tASCII code:%d\n", char1,char1);
  char char2 = *(memory + 5000);
  fprintf(stderr, "Read 2 succeeded past end of file.\n Byte read: %c\tASCII code:%d\n", char2,char2);
  return 0;
...
```