

SUBGOAL PARTITIONING AND RESOLUTION IN SGPLAN

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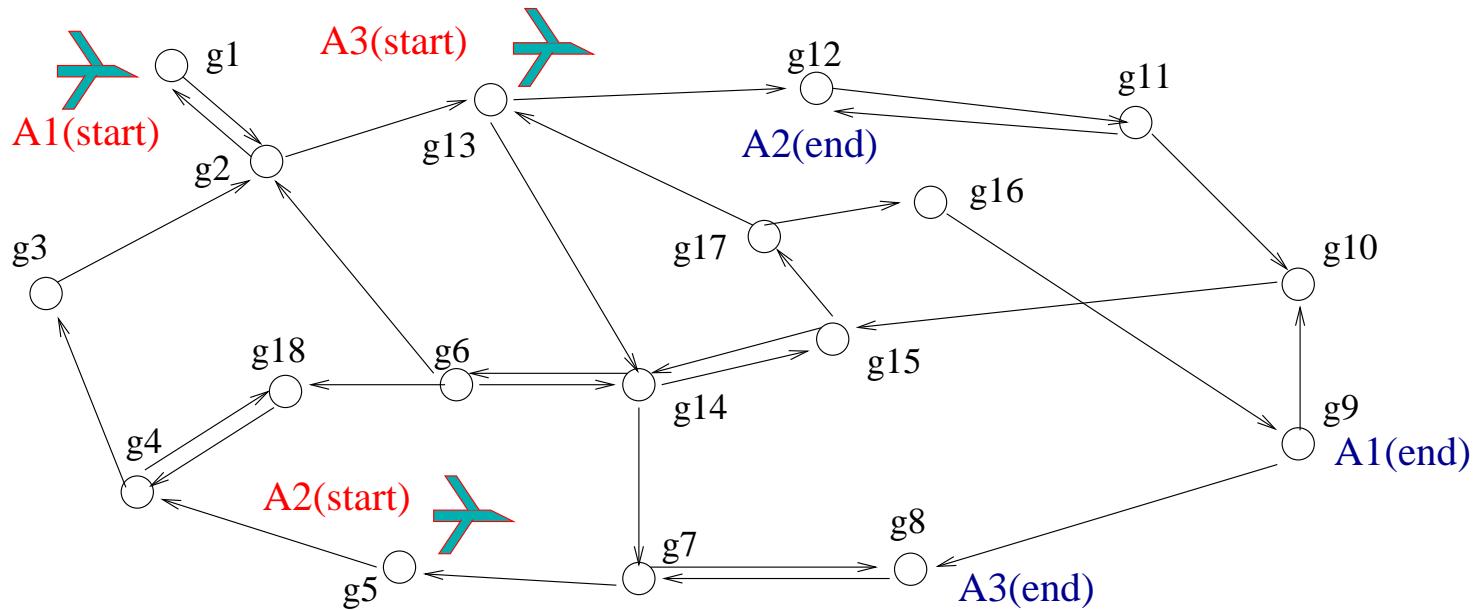
<http://manip.crhc.uiuc.edu/programs/SGPlan>

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The AIRPORT-4 Planning Instance

An example
Domain:
**Munich
Airport**



Facts: at(A1,g1), blocked(g1), unblocked(g1)

Actions: move(A1,g1,g2)

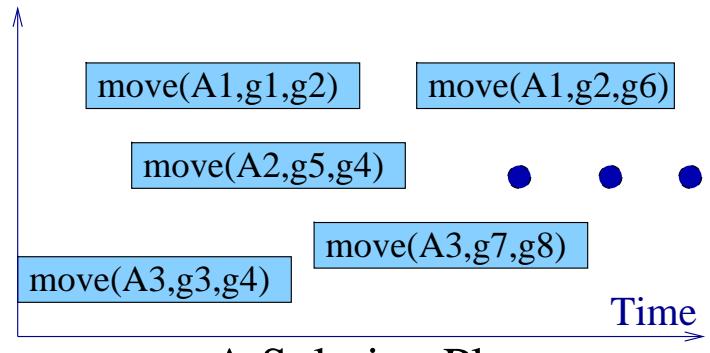
Initial Facts: at(A1,g1), at(A2,g5), at (A3,g13)

Subgoals: at(A1,g9), at(A2,g12), at (A3,g3)

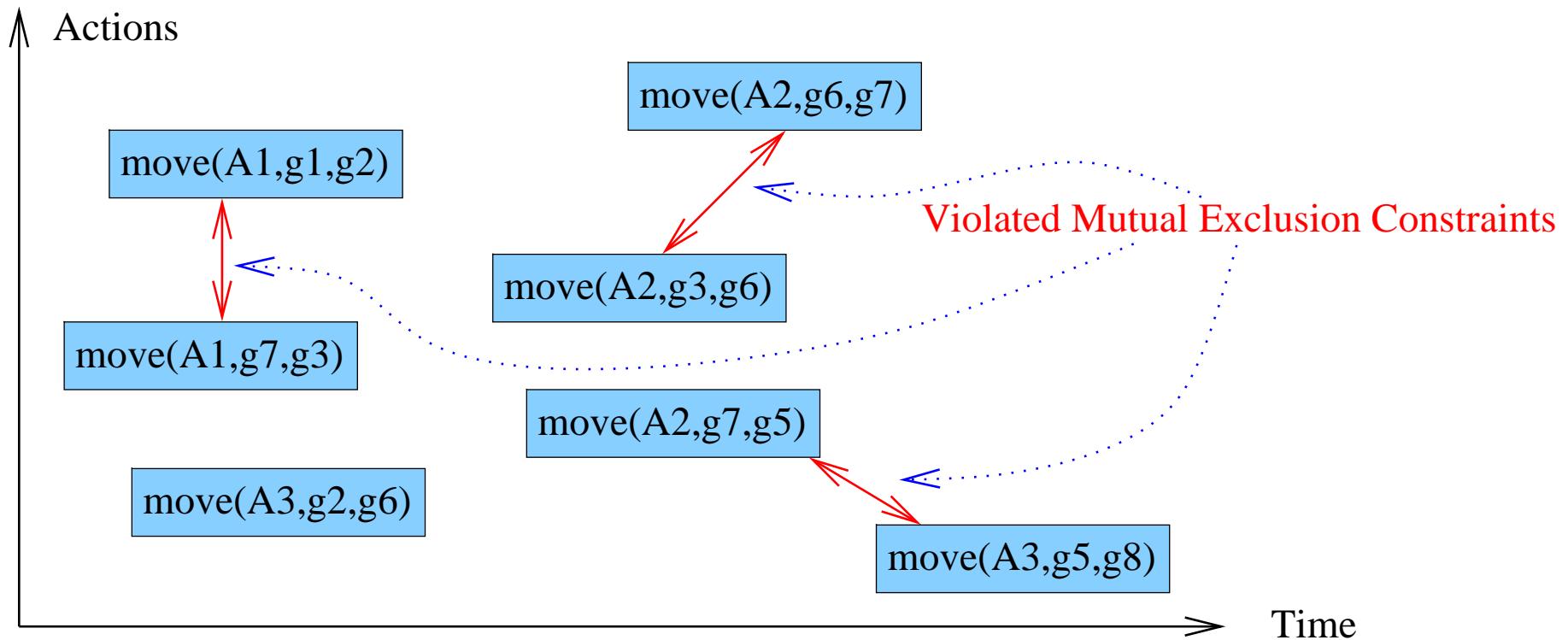
Objective: minimize total time

Problem specification

Planning



Mutual-Exclusion Constraints in Temporal Planning

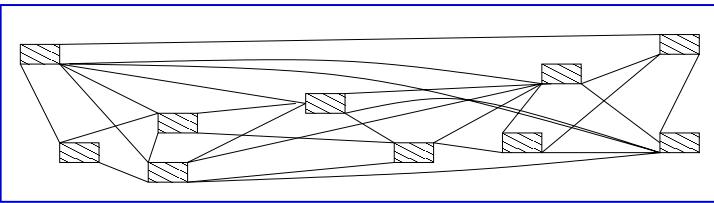


- Goal: fully automated, temporal planning
 - Original definition of mutual exclusion [Blum & Furst '97]

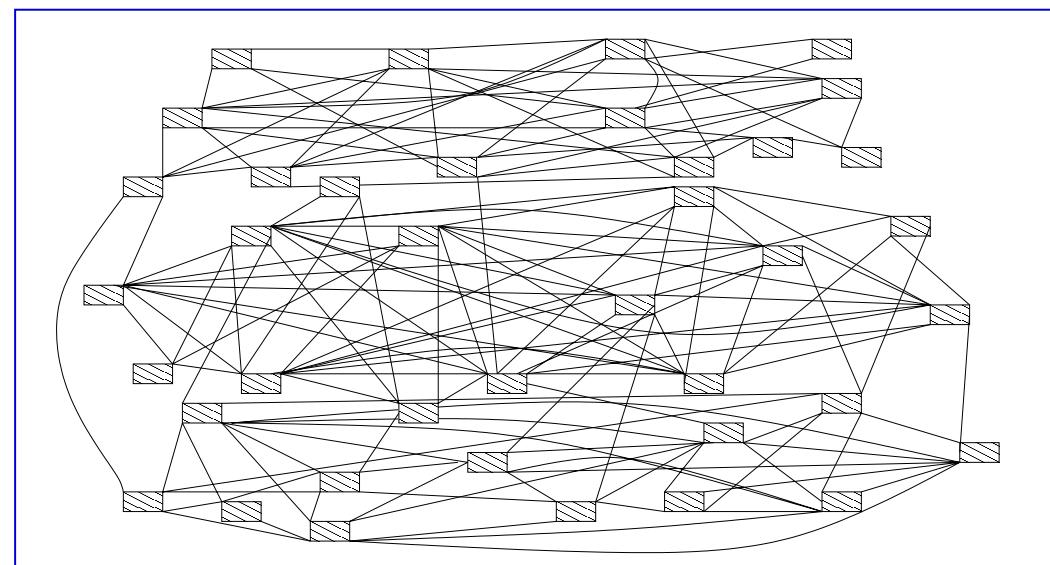
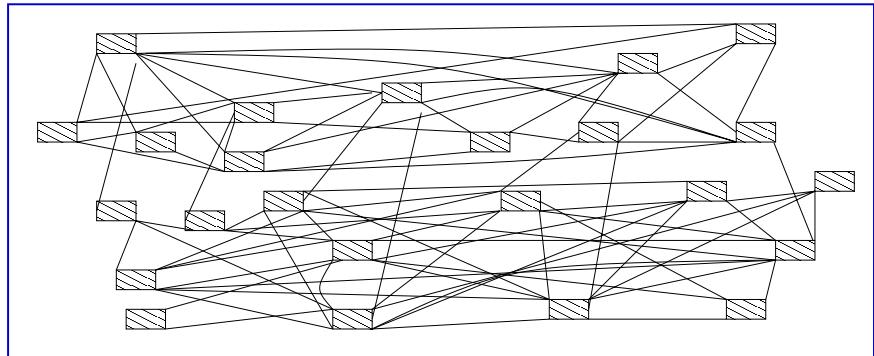
Mutual-Exclusion Constraints in AIRPORT-4 Instance

2 Subgoals (2 Planes)

1 Subgoal (1 Plane)

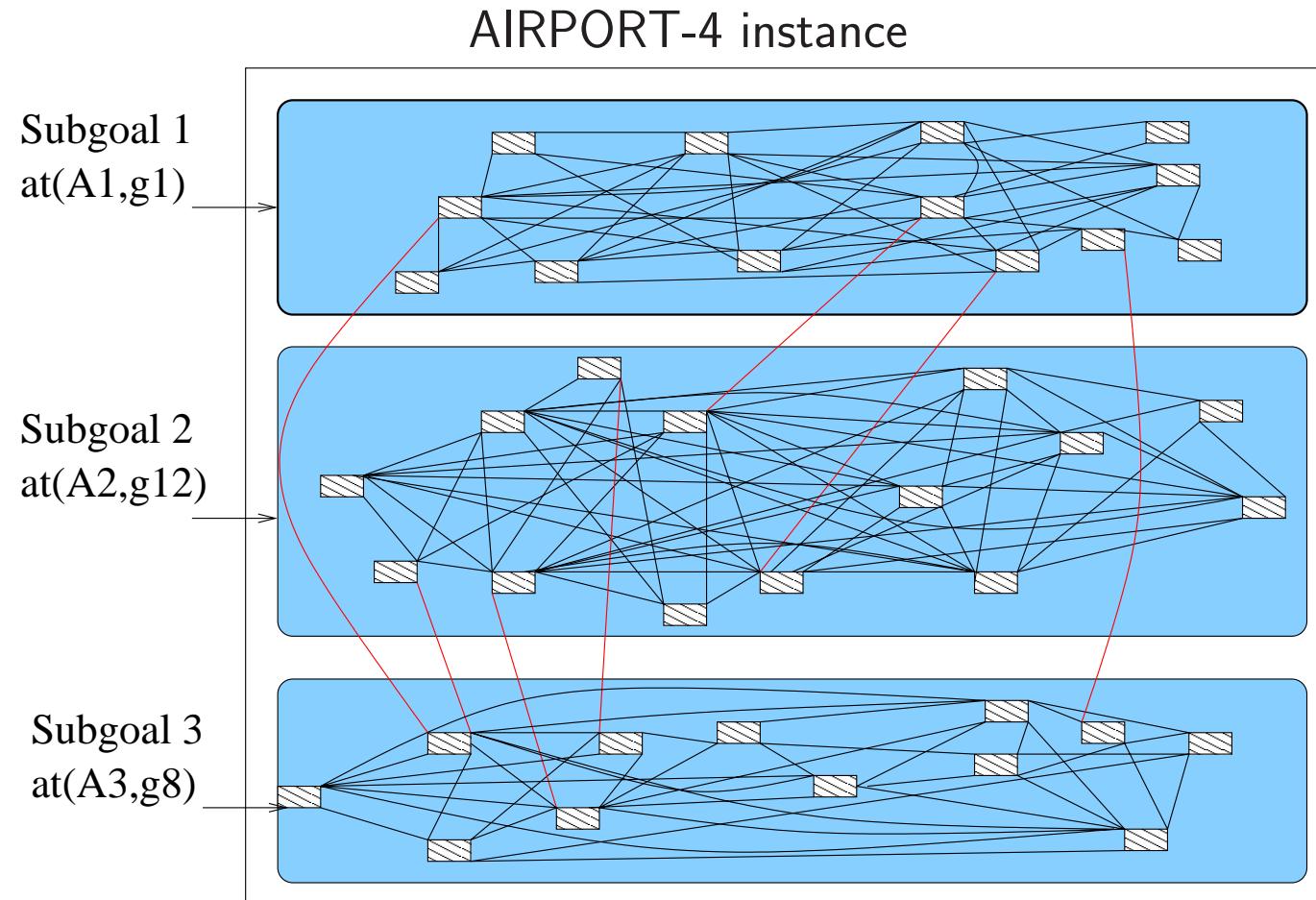


3 Subgoals
(3 Planes)



Exponentially growing complexity!

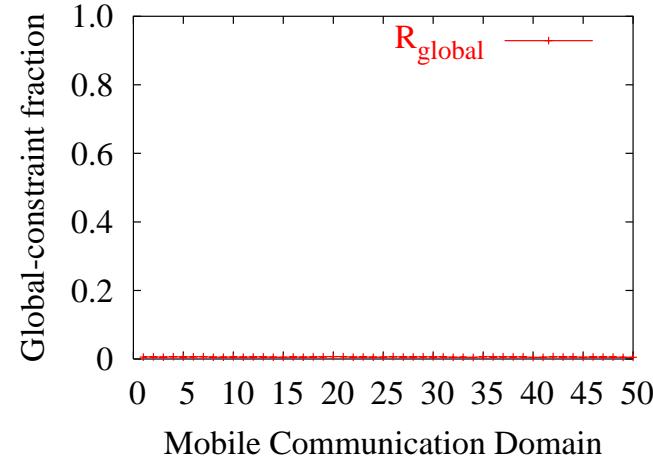
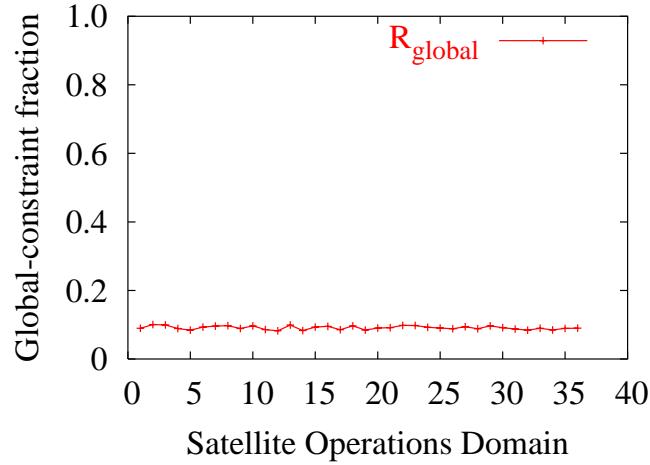
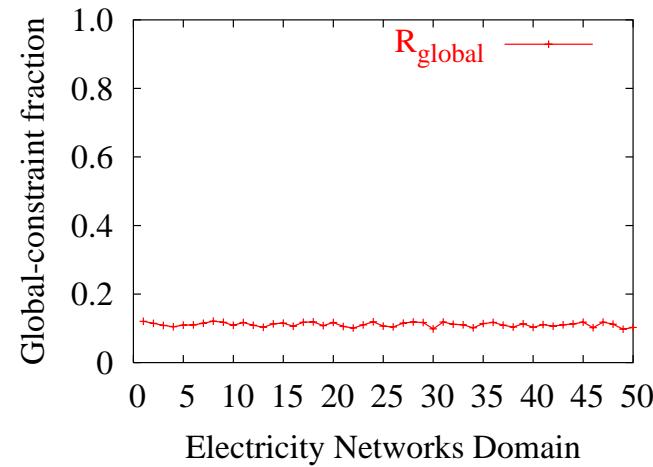
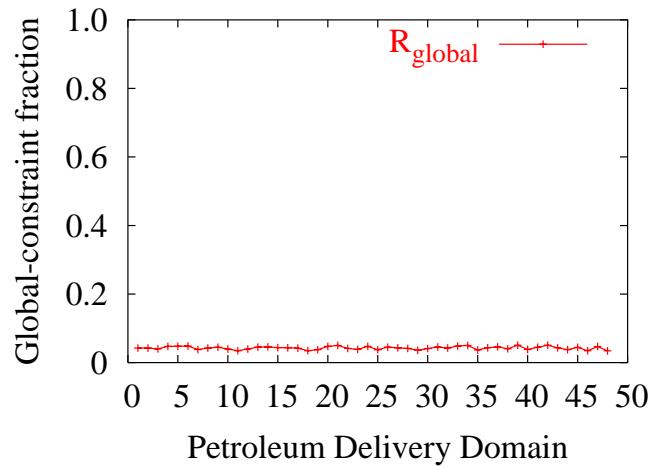
Key Observation: Constraint Locality



Movements of planes are largely independent and sparsely related

Constraint Locality in Four IPC4 Domains

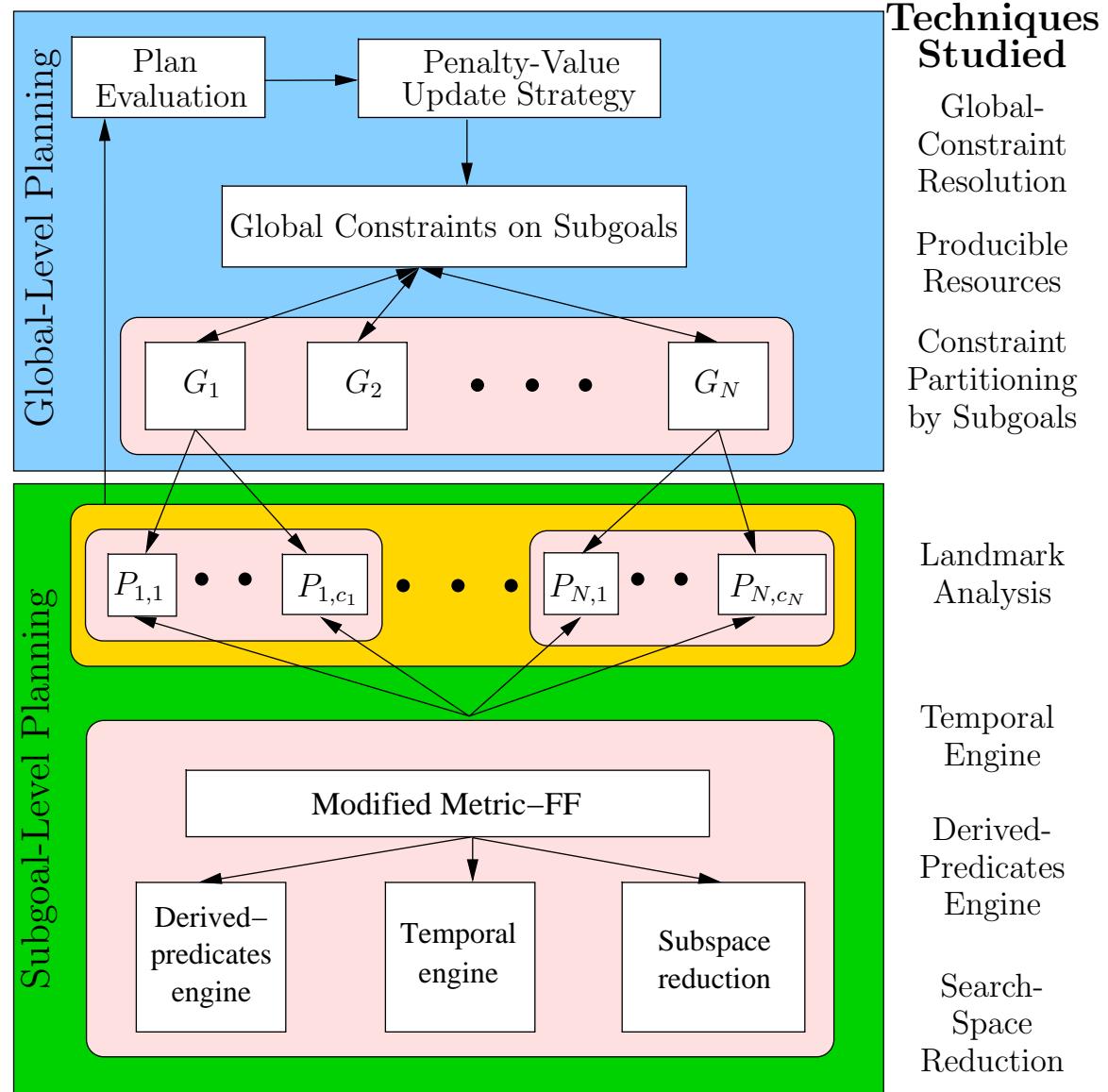
- Four application domains from the 4^{th} Int'l Planning Competition (IPC4)
- Each domain has 30-50 instances



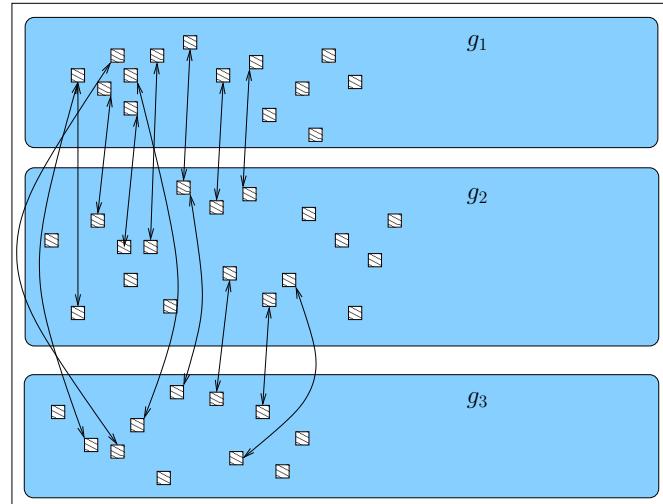
Constraint Partitioning: A Partition-and-Resolve Approach

- Proposed constraint partitioning: partition some constraints into subsets
- **Major difficulty: resolve inconsistent global constraints efficiently**
 - No domain-specific knowledge
 - No special property such as linearity or convexity
 - No continuity or differentiability
- **Extended Saddle Point Condition (ESPC)** for resolving global constraints
 - Based on an $\ell_1^m - 1$ penalty function
 - Does not require continuity or differentiability
 - Decomposed condition to prune search space of each subproblem

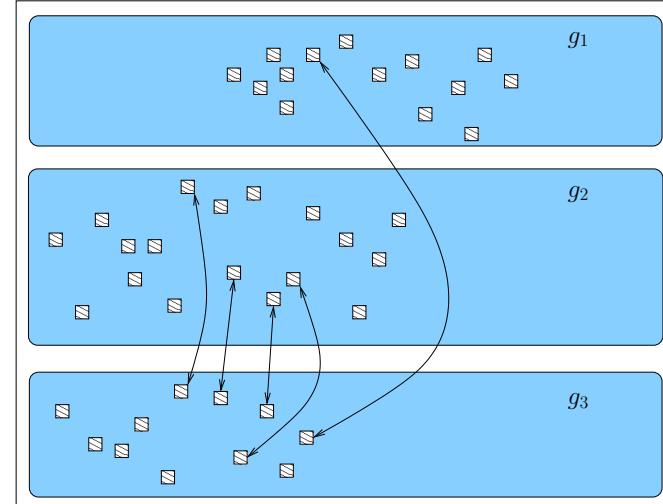
Architecture of the SGPlan Planner in IPC4



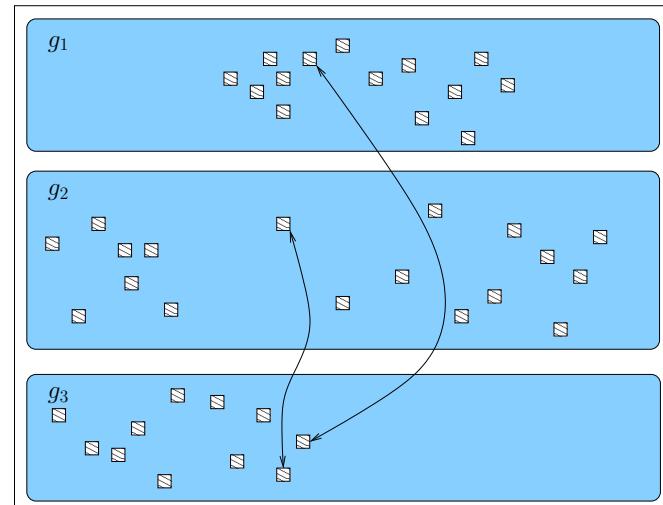
Solution Process of SGPlan on the AIRPORT-4 Instance



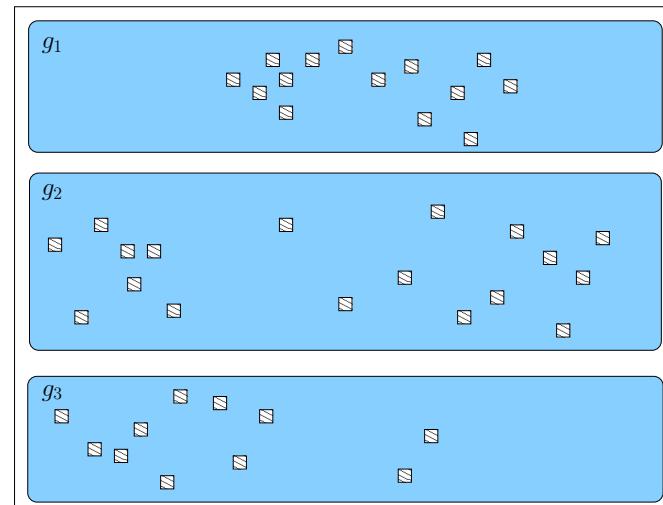
a) At the start of Iteration 2



b) After solving Subgoal g_1



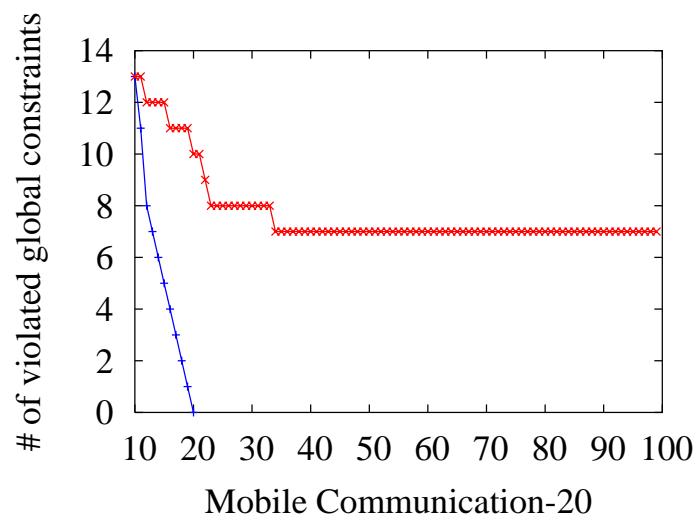
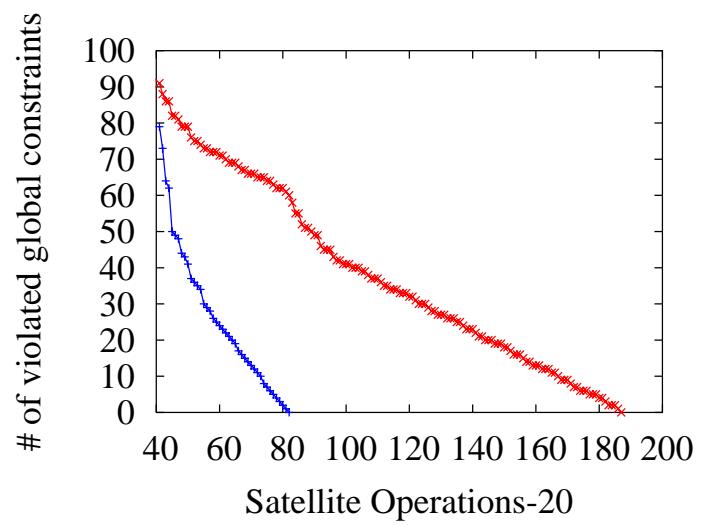
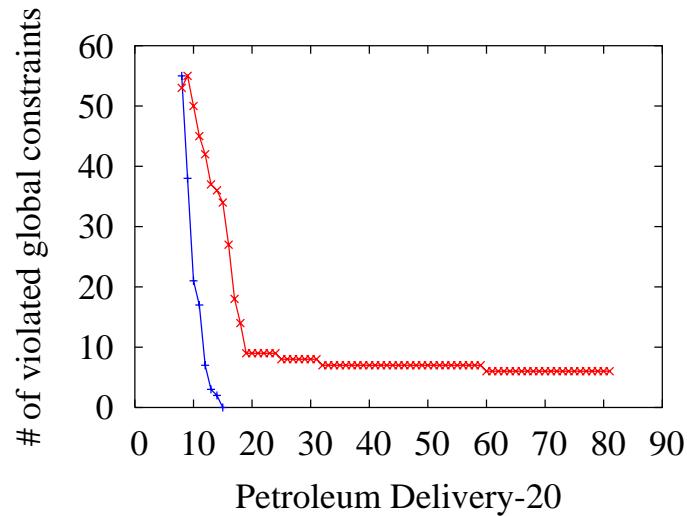
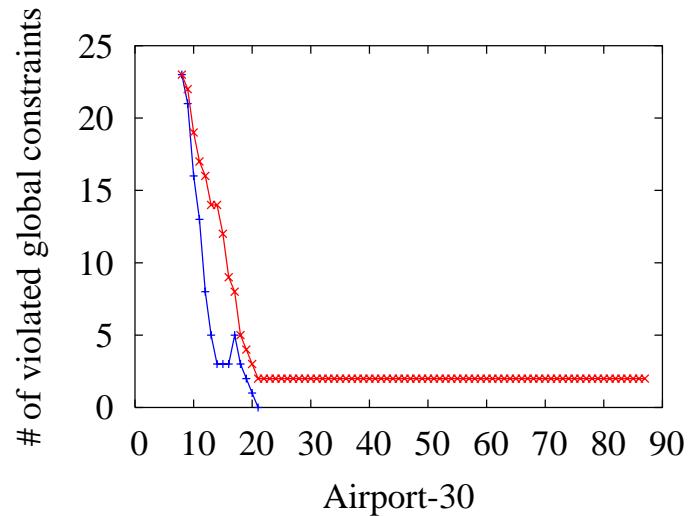
c) After solving Subgoal g_2



d) After solving Subgoal g_3

Reduction of Number of Violated Global Constraints

SGPlan using ESPC vs. Greedy search without ESPC



A Comparison of Six IPC4 Planners

| Domain | Total | SGPlan | LPG | Downward | Macro-FF | YAHSP | Crikey |
|------------|-------|---------------|-----|----------|----------|-------|--------|
| Airport | 200 | 155 | 134 | 50 | 21 | 36 | 64 |
| Pipesworld | 260 | 166 | 113 | 60 | 62 | 93 | 111 |
| Promela | 272 | 167 | 83 | 83 | 38 | 42 | 13 |
| PSR | 200 | 122 | 99 | 131 | 32 | 48 | 29 |
| Satellite | 288 | 207 | 157 | 36 | 36 | - | - |
| Settlers | 20 | 19 | 13 | - | - | - | - |
| UMTS | 300 | 274 | 200 | - | - | - | - |
| Overall | 1540 | 1110 | 799 | 360 | 189 | 219 | 217 |

- SGPlan was the only planner that won in two tracks
 - First prize, Suboptimal Temporal Metric Track
 - Second prize, Suboptimal Propositional Track
 - Did not participate in the Optimal Track