## Package 'forestError'

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Type	Package
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Title Individualized Prediction Errors and Intervals for Random Forests

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**Description** Estimates both conditional mean squared prediction errors and conditional prediction intervals for random forest predictions. The prediction errors and intervals are conditional in the sense that each error and interval is specific to the individual observation whose response is being predicted. More details can be found in Lu and Hardin (2019+) (in preparation).

Imports randomForest,

Rcpp

License GPL-3

**Encoding** UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

LinkingTo Rcpp

### **R** topics documented:

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quan <sup>-</sup>	tForestError	Quantify random forest prediction error	

#### **Description**

Estimates the conditional mean squared prediction errors and conditional prediction intervals of random forest predictions.

#### Usage

```
quantForestError(forest, X.train, X.test, alpha = 0.05,
  conservative = TRUE, rcpp = TRUE)
```

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#### **Arguments**

forest The random forest object being used for prediction.

X. train A matrix or data. frame with the observations that were used to train forest;

each row should be an observation, and each column should be a predictor vari-

able.

X.test A matrix or data. frame with the observations to be predicted; each row should

be an observation, and each column should be a predictor variable.

alpha The type-I error rate desired for the conditional prediction intervals; set to NA if

no prediction intervals are desired. Defauls to 0.05.

conservative A logical indicating whether a second set of conditional prediction intervals

should be estimated in which ties in the empirical error distribution should be

resolved conservatively or not. Defaults to TRUE.

rcpp A logical indicating whether the weights should be computed using Rcpp for

reduced runtime. Recommended as long as Rcpp is installed, and especially when the number of training observations, test observations, or trees is large.

Defaults to TRUE.

#### **Details**

Three possible sets of outputs are possible from this function depending on the user's arguments for alpha and conservative.

The most minimal output is a list containing the random forest predictions of the test observations and the estimated conditional mean squared prediction errors associated with each. This can be obtained by setting alpha to NA.

The second possible output is a list that includes, in addition to the random forest predictions and the estimated prediction errors, conditional prediction intervals for each test observation with level specified by alpha. This can be obtained by setting alpha to a numeric value and setting conservative to FALSE.

The most extensive set of outputs includes, in addition to the above, a second set of prediction intervals generated by resolving ties in the empirical error distribution conservatively. Conservatively estimated prediction intervals may be desirable when the number of observations is relatively small. This output can be obtained by setting alpha to a numeric value and setting conservative to TRUE.

#### Value

A list with the following possible elements, each in the form of a vector, as described in the details section:

pred The random forest predictions of the test observations

error The estimated conditional mean square prediction errors of the random forest

predictions

lower The estimated lower bounds of the conditional prediction intervals for the test

observations

upper The estimated upper bounds of the conditional prediction intervals for the test

observations

lowerCons The conservatively estimated lower bounds of the conditional prediction inter-

vals for the test observations

upperCons The conservatively estimated upper bounds of the conditional prediction inter-

vals for the test observations

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#### **Examples**

```
# load data
data(airquality)
# remove observations with missing predictor variable values
airquality <- airquality[complete.cases(airquality), ]</pre>
# get number of observations and the response column index
n <- nrow(airquality)</pre>
response.col <- 1
# split data into training and test sets
train.ind <- sample(1:n, n * 0.9, replace = FALSE)</pre>
Xtrain <- airquality[train.ind, -response.col]</pre>
Ytrain <- airquality[train.ind, response.col]</pre>
Xtest <- airquality[-train.ind, -response.col]</pre>
Ytest <- airquality[-train.ind, response.col]</pre>
# fit random forest to the training data
rf <- randomForest::randomForest(Xtrain, Ytrain, nodesize = 10,</pre>
                                   ntree = 500, keep.inbag = TRUE)
# get conditional mean squared prediction errors and prediction
# intervals for the test observations
test.preds <- quantForestError(rf, Xtrain, Xtest)</pre>
# get the same as above but without the conservative prediction
# intervals
test.preds <- quantForestError(rf, Xtrain, Xtest, conservative = FALSE)</pre>
# get just the mean squared prediction error estimates
test.preds <- quantForestError(rf, Xtrain, Xtest, alpha = NA)</pre>
```

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