Create a Conditional Statement Lab

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1 Activity: Create a conditional statement

Benjamin Taylor - Google Cybersecurity

1.1 Introduction

Conditional statements are a powerful structure that help in achieving automation when you need to make sure conditions are met before certain actions are executed. For example, security analysts can use conditional statements in Python to check if users are approved to access a device.

In this lab, you will practice writing conditional statements in Python.

Tips for completing this lab

As you navigate this lab, keep the following tips in mind:

- ### YOUR CODE HERE ### indicates where you should write code. Be sure to replace this with your own code before running the code cell.
- Feel free to open the hints for additional guidance as you work on each task.
- To enter your answer to a question, double-click the markdown cell to edit. Be sure to replace the "[Double-click to enter your responses here.]" with your own answer.
- You can save your work manually by clicking File and then Save in the menu bar at the top
 of the notebook.
- You can download your work locally by clicking File and then Download and then specifying your preferred file format in the menu bar at the top of the notebook.

1.2 Scenario

You're working as a security analyst. First, you are responsible for checking whether a user's operating system requires an update. Then, you need to investigate login attempts to a specific device. You must determine if login attempts were made by users approved to access this device and if the login attempts occurred during organization hours.

1.3 Task 1

You are asked to help automate the process of checking whether a user's operating system requires an update. Imagine that a user's device can be running one of the following operating systems: OS

1, OS 2, or OS 3. While OS 2 is up-to-date, OS 1 and OS 3 are not. Your task is to check whether the user's system is up-to-date, and if it is, display a message accordingly. To do this, complete the conditional statement using the keyword if. Be sure to replace the ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before you run the following cell.

```
[1]: # Assign a variable named `system` to a specific operating system, represented as a string

# This variable indicates which operating system is running

# Feel free to run this cell multiple times; each time try assigning `system` to different values ("OS 1", "OS 2", "OS 3") and observe the result

system = "OS 2"

# If OS 2 is running, then display a "no update needed" message

if system == "OS 2":
    print("no update needed")
```

no update needed

Hint 1

Use a comparison operator that will allow you to check whether the system is running "OS 2".

Hint 2

Use the == comparison operator to check whether the system is running "OS 2".

1.4 Task 2

Now try assigning the system variable to different values ("OS 1", "OS 2", and "OS 3"), run the cell, and observe what happens. Keep the conditional statement as is. Be sure to replace the ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code.

```
[2]: # Assign `system` to a specific operating system

# This variable represents which operating system is running

# Feel free to run this cell multiple times; each time try assigning `system`u

to different values ("OS 1", "OS 2", "OS 3") and observe the result

system = "OS 1"

# If OS 2 is running, then display a "no update needed" message

if system == "OS 2":

print("no update needed")
```

Question 1 What happens when OS 2 is running? What happens when OS 1 is running?

When OS 2 is running, no update is needed. When OS 1 is running, nothing is printed.

1.5 Task 3

Nothing is displayed when the system is not equal to "OS 2". This is because the condition didn't evaluate to True.

It would be beneficial if an alternative message is provided to them when updates are needed.

In the following cell, add the appropriate keyword after the first conditional so that it will display a message that conveys that an update is needed when the **system** is not running OS 2. Be sure to replace each ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code.

Then, set the value of the system variable to indicate that OS 2 is running and run the cell. After observing what happens, set the value of system to indicate either that OS 1 is running or that OS 3 is running and run the cell.

```
[4]: # Assign `system` to a specific operating system
     # This variable represents which operating system is running

system = "### YOUR CODE HERE ###"

# If OS 2 is running, then display a "no update needed" message
# Otherwise, display a "update needed" message

if system == "OS 2":
     print("no update needed")
elif system != "OS 2":
     print("update needed")
```

update needed

Hint 1

Use the else keyword.

Question 2 In this setup what happens when OS 2 is running? And what happens when OS 2 is not running?

When OS 2 is running, "no update needed" is printed. When OS 2 is not running, "update needed" is printed.

1.6 Task 4

This setup is still not ideal. If the variable system contains a random string or integer, the conditional above would still display update needed.

To improve the conditional, you will need to add the elif keyword. In the following cell, you will add two elif statements after the if statement, to create the final code. The first elif statement will display update needed if system is "OS 1". The second elif statement will display the same message, if system is "OS 3". Complete the second elif statement, and then run the cell with the variable system set to a different string each time. Observe what happens when each operating system is running. Also try assigning the system variable to some strings other than "OS 1", "OS 2", and "OS 3" (for example "OS 4").

Be sure to replace each ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code.

```
[6]: # Assign `system` to a specific operating system
    # This variable represents which operating system is running

system = "OS 4"

# If OS 2 is running, then display a "no update needed" message
    # Otherwise if OS 1 is running, display a "update needed" message
    # Otherwise if OS 3 is running, display a "update needed" message

if system == "OS 2":
    print("no update needed")

elif system == "OS 1":
    print("update needed")

elif system == "OS 3":
    print("update needed")
```

Question 3 Under this setup what happens when OS 2 is running? What happens when OS 1 is running? What happens when OS 3 is running? What happens when neither of those three operating systems are running?

When OS 2 is running, "no update needed" is printed. When OS 1 or 3 is running, "update needed" is printed. When neither is running, nothing is printed.

1.7 Task 5

Writing code that is readable and concise is a best practice in programming.

The conditional above can be written more concisely.

In the following cell, use a logical operator to combine the two elif statements from the previous setup into one elif statement. Be sure to replace each ### YOUR CODE HERE ###. Then, assign the system variable to a value and run the cell. Like you did in the previous task, use "OS 1", "OS 2", "OS 3", and other strings.

```
[9]: # Assign `system` to a specific operating system
# This variable represents which operating system is running
system = "OS 3"
```

```
# If OS 2 is running, then display a "no update needed" message
# Otherwise if either OS 1 or OS 3 is running, display a "update needed" message
if system == "OS 2":
    print("no update needed")
elif system == "OS 1" or system == "OS 3":
    print("update needed")
```

update needed

Hint 1

Use the or logical operator.

Hint 2

Use the or operator between two conditions that each use the == operator.

Question 4 What do you observe about this conditional?

It allows the combination of two conditions into a single condition.

1.8 Task 6

Now you'll move on to the next part of your work. You've been asked to investigate login attempts to a specific device. Only approved users should log on to this device.

You'll start with two authorized users, stored in the variables approved_user1 and approved_user2. You'll need to write a conditional statement that compares those variables to a third variable, username. This will be the username of a specific user trying to log in. Be sure to replace each ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code.

```
[10]: # Assign `approved_user1` and `approved_user2` to usernames of approved users

approved_user1 = "elarson"
approved_user2 = "bmoreno"

# Assign `username` to the username of a specific user trying to log in

username = "bmoreno"

# If the user trying to log in is among the approved users, then display a
→ message that they are approved to access this device
# Otherwise, display a message that they do not have access to this device

if username == approved_user1 or username == approved_user2:
    print("This user has access to this device.")
```

```
else:
    print("This user does not have access to this device.")
```

This user has access to this device.

Hint 1

Use the if keyword in the first conditional statement and the else keyword in the second conditional statement. Make sure both statements end with the proper syntax of a colon (:).

Hint 2

Use a comparison operator that will allow you to check whether the user trying to log in is an approved user.

Hint 3

Use the == comparison operator to check whether the user trying to log in is an approved user.

1.9 Task 7

The number of approved users has now expanded to five. Rather than storing each of the approved users' usernames individually, it would be more concise to store them in an allow list called approved list.

The in operator in Python can be used to determine whether a given value is an element of a sequence. Using the in operator in a condition can help you check whether a specific username is part of a list of approved usernames. For example, in the code below, username in approved_list evaluates to True if the value of the username variable is included in approved_list.

Complete the code in the following cell to display the same messages that you used in the previous step. When the condition evaluates to True, the following message will be displayed: "This user has access to this device." When it evaluates to False, the following message will be displayed: "This user does not have access to this device." Then, run the cell to observe its behavior. Be sure to replace each ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code. Afterwards, reassign the username variable to a username that is not approved and run the cell to observe what happens.

```
if username in approved_list:
    print("This user has access to this device.")
else:
    print("This user does not have access to this device.")
```

This user has access to this device.

Hint 1

Use the else keyword in the second conditional statement.

Hint 2

Use the print() function to display messages.

Question 5 What happens when an approved user tries to log in? What happens when an unapproved user tries to log in?

An approved user is met with "This user has access to this device.", while an unapproved user receives the message "This user does not have access to this device."

1.10 Task 8

Now you'll write another conditional statement. This one will use a organization_hours variable to check if the user logged in during specific organization hours. When that condition is met, the code should display the string "Login attempt made during organization hours.". When that condition isn't met, the code should display the string "Login attempt made outside of organization hours.".

The organization_hours variable will have a Boolean data type. If organization_hours has a Boolean value of True, that means the user is logged in during the specified organization hours. If organization_hours has a Boolean value of False, that means the user is not logged in during those hours.

Complete the conditional in the following cell. Be sure to replace each ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before running the following cell.

```
[12]: # Assign `organization_hours` to a Boolean value that represents whether the user is trying to log in during organization hours

organization_hours = True

# If the entered `organization_hours` has a value of True, then display "Loginus attempt made during organization hours."

# Otherwise, display "Login attempt made outside of organization hours."

if organization_hours == True:
    print("Login attempt made during organization hours.")
```

```
else:
   print("Login attempt made outside of organization hours.")
```

Login attempt made during organization hours.

Hint 1

Use the == comparison operator to check whether the user is logged in during the specified organization hours. Compare organization_hours to the appropriate Boolean value.

Hint 2

Use the print() function to display messages.

Hint 3

Use the else keyword in the second conditional statement.

Question 6 What happens when the user logs in during organization hours? What happens when they log in outside of organization hours?

When a user logs in during organization hours, they get the message "Login attempt made during organization hours." Otherwise, the system prints "Login attempt made outside of organization hours."

1.11 Task 9

The following cell assembles the code from the previous tasks. It includes the conditional statement that checks if a user is on the allow list and the conditional statement that checks if the user logged in during organization hours.

Run the cell below a few times. Each time, enter a different combination of values for username and organization_hours to observe how that affects the output.

```
[]: # Assign `approved_list` to a list of approved usernames
approved_list = ["elarson", "bmoreno", "tshah", "sgilmore", "eraab"]

# Assign `username` to the username of a specific user trying to log in

username = "bmoreno"

# If the user trying to log in is among the approved users, then display a__
__message that they are approved to access this device
# Otherwise, display a message that they do not have access to this device
if username in approved_list:
    print("This user has access to this device.")
```

```
else:
    print("This user does not have access to this device.")

# Assign `organization_hours` to a Boolean value that represents whether the user is trying to log in during organization hours

organization_hours = True

# If the entered `organization_hours` has a value of True, then display "Loginusttempt made during organization hours."

# Otherwise, display "Login attempt made outside of organization hours."

if organization_hours == True:
    print("Login attempt made during organization hours.")

else:
    print("Login attempt made outside of organization hours.")
```

Question 7 What happens when the user trying to log in is not among the approved users? What happens when the user trying to log in is among the approved users? What happens when the user tries to log in outside of organization hours?

When the user is not among approved users, they do not have access to the device. Otherwise, they have access. If they try and login outside of hours they get "Login attempt made outside of organization hours."

1.12 Task 10

You can also provide a single message about the login attempt. To do this, you can join both conditions into a single conditional statement using a logical operator. This will make the code more concise.

Examine the code in the following cell and add the missing operator that would allow for a single message. Be sure to replace each ### YOUR CODE HERE ### with your own code before running the following cell. Then run the cell, entering different combinations of information, and observe what happens.

```
[13]: # Assign `approved_list` to a list of approved usernames

approved_list = ["elarson", "bmoreno", "tshah", "sgilmore", "eraab"]

# Assign `username` to the username of a specific user trying to log in

username = "bmoreno"
```

Login attempt made by an approved user during organization hours.

Hint 1

Use the logical operator that would allow you to check both conditions in the if statement (the condition that the entered username is in the approved list and the condition that the login attempt is occurring during organization hours).

Hint 2

Use the and logical operator to check both conditions in the if statement (the condition that the entered username is in the approved list and the condition that the login attempt is occurring during organization hours).

Question 8 In this setup, what happens when the user trying to log in is an approved user and doing so during organization hours? What happens when the user either is not approved or attempts to log in outside of organization hours?

When the user is trying to log in is an approved user and doing so during organization hours, they get "Login attempt made by an approved user during organization hours." Otherwise, "Username not approved or login attempt made outside of organization hours."

1.13 Conclusion

What are your key takeaways from this lab?

If, elif, and else statements are good for meeting conditions.