```
1 var fs = require('fs');
2 var storedCollabsByPersonFile = "./collabsByPerson.json";
3 var initVertices = JSON.parse(fs.readFileSync(storedCollabsByPersonFile, 'utf8'));
5 var args = process.argv.slice(2);
6 var source = args[0];
7 var target = args[1];
8 bellmanFord = function (source, target, vertices){
10
          var cycles = false;
11
          var dists = {};
12
          var prev = {}
13
          var path = []
14
15
          //Set inital distances to infinity assuming they are next to each other and set neighbor on
16
          //shortest path from the source to undefined for all vertices
17
          Object.keys(vertices).forEach((key) => {
18
                   dists[key] = Infinity;
19
                  prev[key] = undefined;
20
          });
21
22
          //set distance from source to source to be 0
23
          dists[source] = 0;
24
          //start algorithm at the source
25
          //while vertices are still graph
26
27
          //for 0 to v-1 (do this v-1 times)
          for(var i=0; i<Object.keys(vertices).length-1; i++){</pre>
28
29
                   //for each vertex
30
                   Object.keys(vertices).forEach((currentVertex)=>{
31
                           //store edges before deleting object
32
                           //edges are between neighbors
33
                           var currentEdges = vertices[currentVertex];
34
                           //find new shortest paths to all neighboring vertices if available
35
                           Object.keys(currentEdges).forEach((neighbor) => {
36
                                   //distance is -1/number Of times Collaborated,
37
                                   //because 1/ number of times collaborated gives smaller distances
                                   //to lots of collabs with same person
38
                                   //negated for longest path
39
                                   var testDist = (-1.0/currentEdges[neighbor])+dists[currentVertex];
40
                                   //update if it makes sense (if you have a smaller distance than
41
42
                                   //previously stored, then update.)
                                   if(testDist < dists[neighbor]){</pre>
43
44
                                           //storing previous's allows us to recurse back
45
                                            //on the path once we find the "shortest" (actually longest bc of negation)
46
                                           prev[neighbor] = currentVertex;
```

```
47
                                            dists[neighbor] = testDist;
48
                                    }
49
                           });
50
                   })
51
52
           //prepend the target to the list
53
           currentVertex = target;
54
           path.unshift(currentVertex);
55
56
           //recurse back down the path starting from target
           //go to each previous until you get to the source.
57
58
          while(prev[currentVertex] != source){
59
                   // console.log("VERTEX:",currentVertex);
                   // console.log("PREV:",prev[currentVertex]);
60
61
62
                   //preprend prev to list and set new current to be the previous
                   //This if else clause means that as you go through the previous's
63
64
                   //and build up the path, if you come across a node you've already seen,
65
                   //you have a cycle. So, in the else clause, we delete this last edge
66
                   //in the cycle.
67
                   if(path.indexOf(prev[currentVertex])==-1){
68
                           path.unshift(prev[currentVertex])
69
                           currentVertex = prev[currentVertex]
70
                   } else{
                           // console.log("CYCLE IS:",currentVertex, "to", prev[currentVertex]);
71
72
73
                           //delete the cycle
74
                           delete vertices[prev[currentVertex]][currentVertex] //= -10;
75
76
                           cycles = true;
                           break
77
78
                   }
79
           }
80
81
           //if we have no more cycles, we can give the path.
82
           if(!cycles){
83
                   path.unshift(source)
84
                   return path;
           } else {
85
86
                   // console.log("RECURRRRRRRR")
87
                   return bellmanFord(source, target, vertices)
88
89 }
90 console.log(bellmanFord(source, target, initVertices))
91 module.exports = bellmanFord;
```