ThReshold selection.

Knecmab

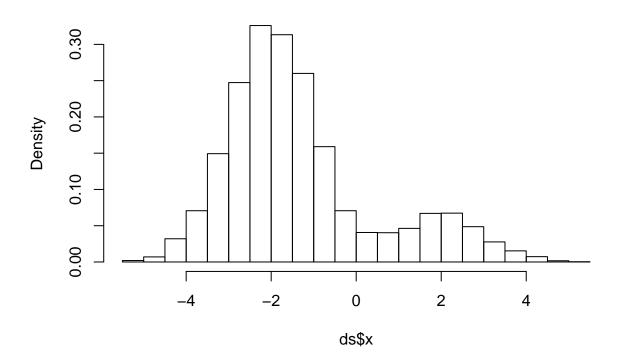
Tuesday, November 18, 2014

ThReshold selection for bi-modal data.

First lets load the package and get a data set.

```
require(threshold)
ds <- twoGaussians(seed=123)
hist(ds$x, breaks='Scott', freq=FALSE)</pre>
```

Histogram of ds\$x

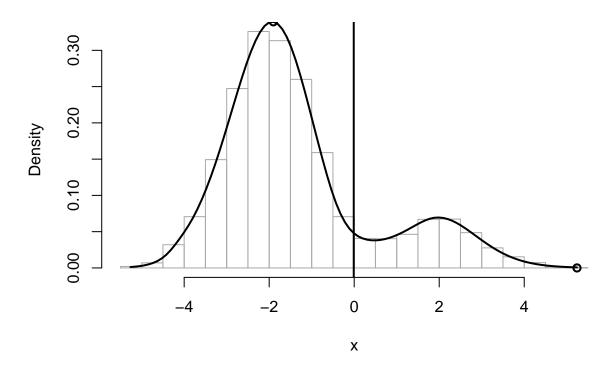


And see what the different threshold selection methods do. rosin threshold:

```
th_rosin <- find_threshold(ds$x, method="rosin")
th_rosin</pre>
```

```
## [1] "Threshold(s): -0.0105547"
## [1] "Method: rosin"
```

Method: rosin



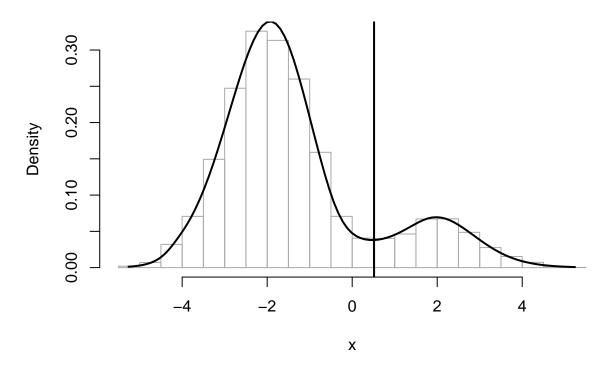
valleys threshold:

```
th_valleys <- find_threshold(ds$x, method="valleys")
th_valleys</pre>
```

```
## [1] "Threshold(s): 0.514605"
## [1] "Method: valleys"
```

plot(th_valleys)

Method: valleys



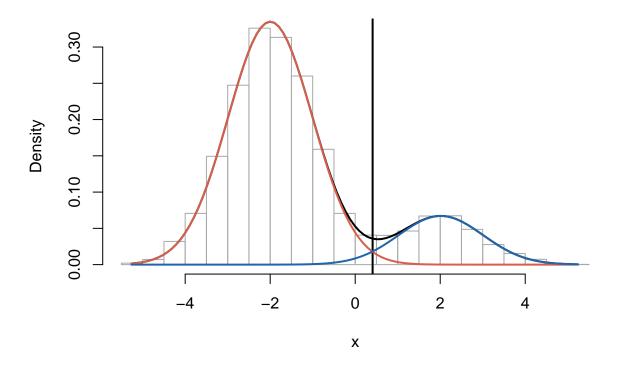
 ${\tt nmm}$ threshold:

```
th_nmm <- find_threshold(ds$x, method="nmm")
th_nmm

## [1] "Threshold(s): 0.409573"
## [1] "Method: nmm"

plot(th_nmm)</pre>
```

Method: nmm



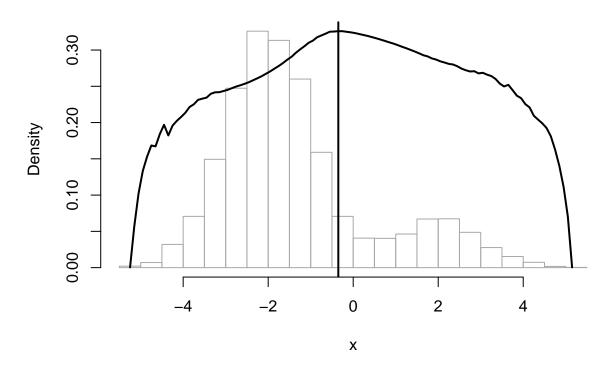
entropy threshold:

plot(th_entropy)

```
th_entropy <- find_threshold(ds$x, method="entropy")
th_entropy

## [1] "Threshold(s): -0.35"
## [1] "Method: entropy"</pre>
```



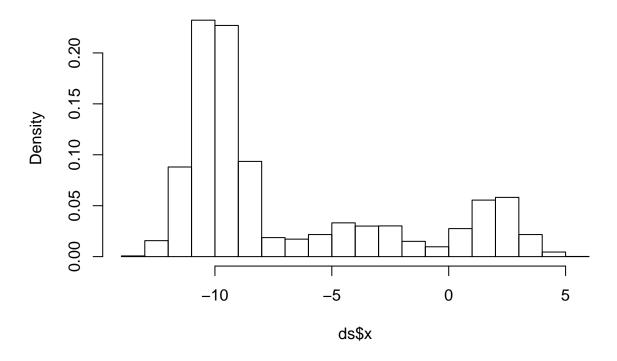


ThReshold selection for tri-modal data.

First lets load the package and get a data set.

```
require(threshold)
ds <- threeGaussians(seed=123)
hist(ds$x, breaks='Scott', freq=FALSE)</pre>
```

Histogram of ds\$x



And see what the different threshold selection methods do.

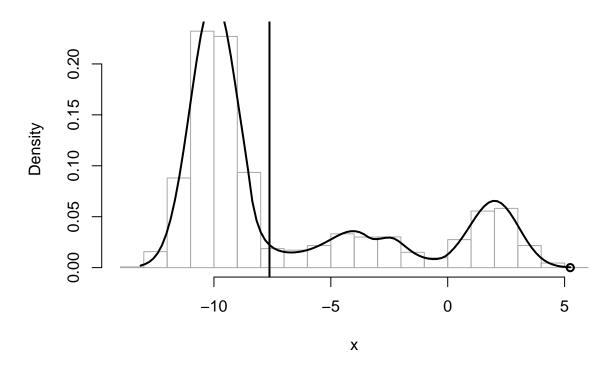
rosin threshold:

```
th_rosin <- find_threshold(ds$x, method="rosin")
th_rosin

## [1] "Threshold(s): -7.62386"
## [1] "Method: rosin"

plot.threshold(th_rosin)</pre>
```

Method: rosin

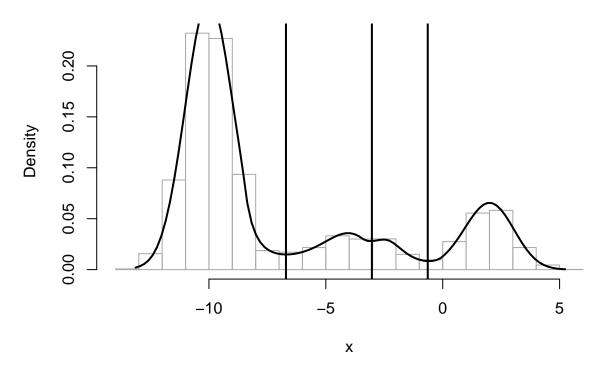


valleys threshold:

```
th_valleys <- find_threshold(ds$x, method="valleys")
th_valleys

## [1] "Threshold(s): -6.70494" "Threshold(s): -3.02925"
## [3] "Threshold(s): -0.640056"
## [1] "Method: valleys"</pre>
plot(th_valleys)
```

Method: valleys



nmm threshold:

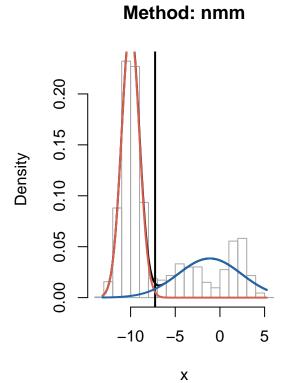
```
th_nmm.g2 <- find_threshold(ds$x, method="nmm", G=2)
th_nmm.g2

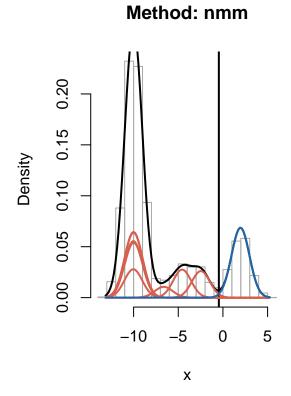
## [1] "Threshold(s): -7.25629"
## [1] "Method: nmm"

th_nmm.g9 <- find_threshold(ds$x, method="nmm", G=9)
th_nmm.g9

## [1] "Threshold(s): -0.456272"
## [1] "Method: nmm"

par(mfrow=c(1,2))
plot(th_nmm.g2)
plot(th_nmm.g9)</pre>
```





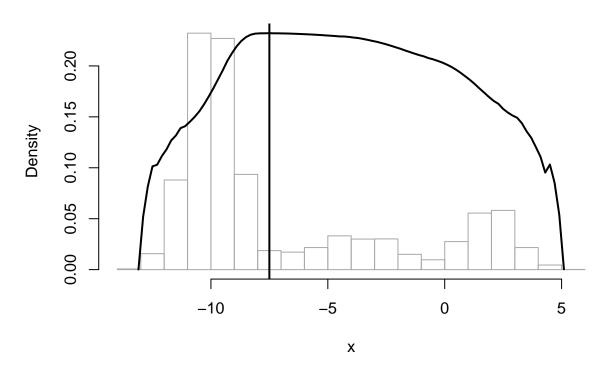
entropy threshold:

```
th_entropy <- find_threshold(ds$x, method="entropy")
th_entropy

## [1] "Threshold(s): -7.5"
## [1] "Method: entropy"</pre>
```

plot(th_entropy)



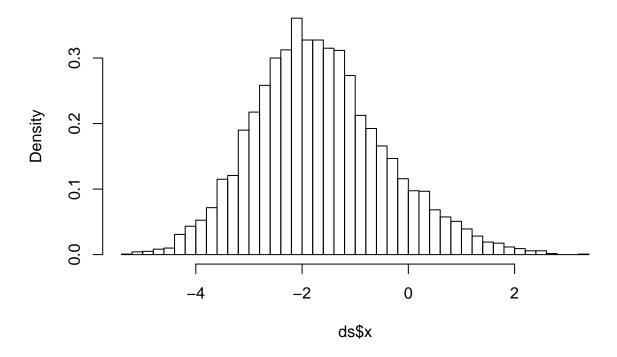


ThReshold selection for uni-modal data.

First lets load the package and get a data set.

```
require(threshold)
ds <- twoGaussians(seed=123, m.pos=0)
hist(ds$x, breaks='Scott', freq=FALSE)</pre>
```

Histogram of ds\$x



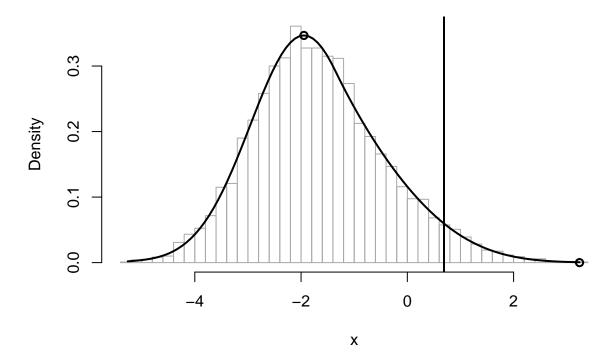
And see what the different threshold selection methods do. rosin threshold:

```
th_rosin <- find_threshold(ds$x, method="rosin")
th_rosin

## [1] "Threshold(s): 0.690083"
## [1] "Method: rosin"

plot.threshold(th_rosin)</pre>
```

Method: rosin



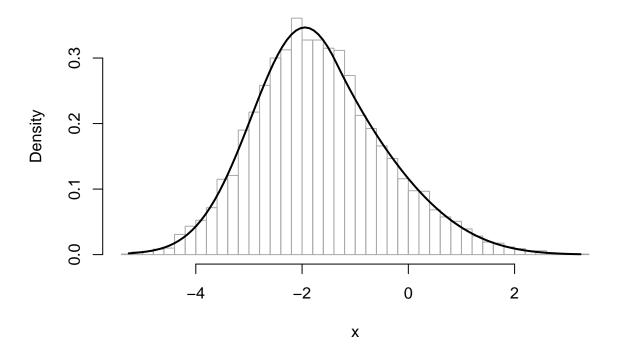
valleys threshold:

```
th_valleys <- find_threshold(ds$x, method="valleys")
th_valleys

## [1] "Threshold(s): NA"
## [1] "Method: valleys"

plot(th_valleys)</pre>
```

Method: valleys



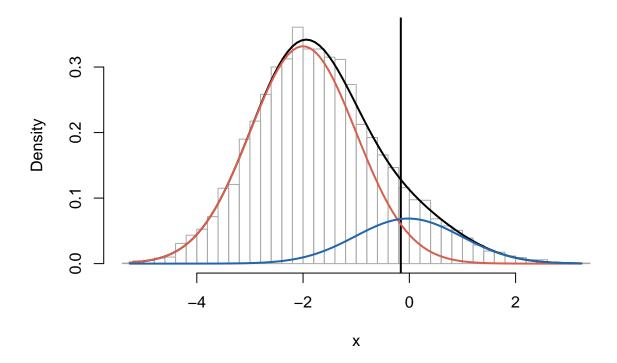
 ${\tt nmm}$ threshold:

```
th_nmm <- find_threshold(ds$x, method="nmm")
th_nmm

## [1] "Threshold(s): -0.160236"
## [1] "Method: nmm"

plot(th_nmm)</pre>
```

Method: nmm



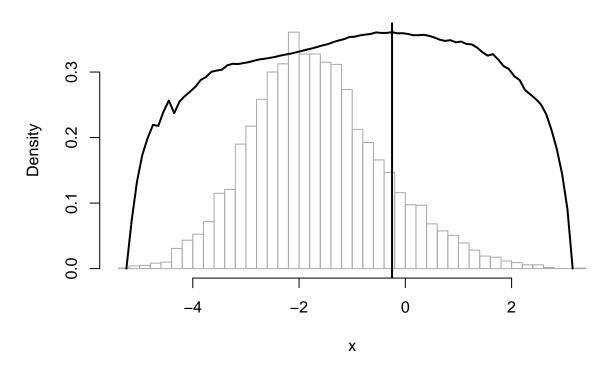
entropy threshold:

```
th_entropy <- find_threshold(ds$x, method="entropy")
th_entropy

## [1] "Threshold(s): -0.25"
## [1] "Method: entropy"

plot(th_entropy)</pre>
```

Method: entropy



ThReshold selection - run all at once.

```
ths <- find_threshold(ds$x, method=c("rosin", "entropy", "valleys", "nmm"))</pre>
ths
## $rosin
## [1] "Threshold(s): 0.690083"
## [1] "Method: rosin"
##
## $entropy
## [1] "Threshold(s): -0.25"
## [1] "Method: entropy"
##
## $valleys
## [1] "Threshold(s): NA"
## [1] "Method: valleys"
##
## $nmm
## [1] "Threshold(s): -0.160236"
## [1] "Method: nmm"
##
## attr(,"class")
## [1] "threshold_list"
```

Threshold comparison

