

How to use the schedule file

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Nov 2012

This is a quick guide to the precipitation experiment schedule file. Files will be named FIELDSITEschedule.csv, where FIELDSITE will be replaced with the name of your country or site (e.g. Cardososchedule.csv, FrenchGuianaschedule.csv) The description follows every column name:

trt.name = treatment name, following the naming convention suggested by Diane. Treatments are named after the two parameters of the negative binomial distribution (μ and k). Names are in the form “muXkY”, where X and Y are numbers which multiply μ and k , respectively, in different treatments.

mu = the actual parameter values used in this field site. The “mul1” treatment was calculated from the original data, the others were derived from mul1 by multiplying those values of μ and k by the range of factors agreed upon by the working group (μ : 0.1, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1, 1.5, 2, 2.5, 3 and k : 0.5, 1, 2)

k = as above, but for k

temporal.block = after intended.mu and intended.k were calculated, the treatments were divided into three random groups; these groups begin on different days (the 1st, 2nd and 3rd days of the experiment). The grouping was tested with an ANOVA to confirm that there is no significant difference in intended.mu or intended.k.

day.1-day.68 = these columns represent “days from beginning of experiment”. They do **not** represent calendar dates. Each column gives the amount of water **in mm** that should be added to each plant. Remember to multiply these by the catchment area of your bromeliad species, *and* by the correction

factor for the canopy, as described by Diane and her team in Costa Rica. Therefore, treatments are applied to bromeliads over a period of **68 days**, not including the preparation of bromeliads beforehand, the calculation of correction factors, and the final destructive sampling at the end. Plants receive no water on days marked both NA and 0. (NAs represent days added by the experimental design, for example the temporal blocks, in contrast to 0s which are predicted by our model of rainfall). Additionally, plants are not watered on days marked “sample” or “insects”. These represent days set aside for the collection of protist samples (*sample*) and destructive sampling for macroinvertebrates (*insects*).

Looking along each row (rather than down each column), the pattern of treatments for each bromeliad is as follows:

- 0–2 days delay, depending on the temporal.block (marked NA)*
- 1 day median water of the mulk1 treatment
- *sample* the protist community (*no water* on this day)
- 60 days of treatment watering
- 1 day treatment median
- *sample* the protist community again (*no water* on this day)
- one NA day with no watering or sampling
- destructively sample the bromeliad for all macroinvertebrates (*insects*)
- 0–2 days delay, depending on temporal.block*

*The number of these days always sums to 2 (i.e. they are either at the beginning or end of the experiment, depending on temporal.block)

Thus the full treatment period takes **68 days**.

Note that the NA days at the end (i.e. on days 67 or 68) are simply included to keep the schedule looking “square”.