Computer Lab. 5 – Week 6

1 Problems

1. Consider the linear regression model

$$\mathbf{X} = Z\boldsymbol{\beta} + \boldsymbol{\mathcal{W}},$$

as discussed on Lecture Slides Chapter 2, Page 11. Show that the Ordinary Least Squares estimators of the regression parameters are:

$$\widehat{\boldsymbol{\beta}} = (Z'Z)^{-1}Z'\mathbf{X} .$$

2. As mentioned on Lecture Slides Chapter 2, Page 15,

$$\frac{\widehat{\beta}_i - \beta_i}{\sqrt{c_{ii}MSE}} \sim \mathsf{t}_{(n-q)} \,,$$

where c_{ii} denotes the i^{th} diagonal element of matrix $C = (Z'Z)^{-1}$. Use the results given on Lecture Slides Chapter 2, Pages 14 and 15 to prove this.

3. Hint for Assignment 3 - Bonus Question. Consider the statement of Assignment 3 Bonus Question on Lecture Slides Chapter 2, Page 25. Based on information provided on Page 79 of the reference [1], we know that

$$\frac{n\widehat{\sigma}^2}{\sigma^2} \sim \chi^2_{(n-k)}$$
 and $\frac{(\beta - \widehat{\beta})'Z'Z(\beta - \widehat{\beta})}{\sigma^2} \sim \chi^2_{(k)}$.

Utilise this information as well as the results given on Lecture Slides Chapter 2, Page 14 to show that

$$\frac{(n-k)(\beta-\widehat{\beta})'Z'Z(\beta-\widehat{\beta})}{kn\widehat{\sigma}^2} \sim F_{(k,n-k)}.$$

2 Getting Started the Project

- 1. Open the page https://www.google.com.au/trends/.
- 2. Type a search keyword, say 'wine'.
- 3. Choose a country, say 'Australia'.
- 4. Choose a compare search keyword, say 'beer'.
- 5. Save the data file with extension '.csv' on your computer, say 'test.csv'.
- 6. Rearrange your data file such that each column contains the heading and data only.
- 7. Set your current working directory in R where the file has been saved. setwd("C:/")

8. Store the data from the file to a variable in R:

```
WBAust <- read.csv("test.csv")</pre>
```

9. Look at the structure of the variable:

```
head(WBAust)
```

- 10. All students should form groups of size 1-3 to carry out the project. The list of each group members should be sent to 'Ali.Eshragh@newcastle.edu.au' by Wednesday, September 7, 11:55pm.
- 11. Those students that do not join a group, should attend the consultation session in V239 on Thursday, September 8, 11:30am-12:30pm to discuss the possibility of forming new groups together.
- 12. Each group should send their suggested data file with a short description to 'Ali.Eshragh@newcastle.edu.au' by Wednesday, October 5, 11:55pm. You are free to find your dataset from any permitted resource. 'Google-Trend' is only one suggestion.

3 Linear Regression in R

1. Find the time range of dataset:

```
WBAust[1,1]
dim(WBAust)
WBAust[152,1]
```

2. Construct two time series for wine and beer consumption in Australia within the range of observation times:

```
WineTS <- ts(WBAust[,2], start = c(2004,1), end = c(2016,8), frequency = 12)
WineTS
BeerTS <- ts(WBAust[,3], start = c(2004,1), end = c(2016,8), frequency = 12)
BeerTS</pre>
```

3. Plot the time series of WineTS and BeerTS:

```
plot.ts(WineTS, type="1")
plot.ts(BeerTS, type="1")
plot.ts(cbind(WineTS, BeerTS), type="1")
ts.plot(cbind(WineTS, BeerTS), type="1")
```

4. Construct a time variable for observation times:

```
TimeTS <- time(WineTS)
TimeTS</pre>
```

5. Plot the scatterplot matrix:

```
pairs(cbind(Wine=WineTS, Time=TimeTS, Beer=BeerTS))
```

6. Fit two regression models

Model 1: Wine_t =
$$\beta_1 + \beta_2 t + \beta_3 \text{beer}_t + \mathcal{W}_t$$

Model 2: Wine_t = $\beta_1 + \beta_2 t + \beta_3 t^2 + \beta_4 \text{beer}_t + \mathcal{W}_t$

```
fit1 <- lm(WineTS~TimeTS + Beer)
TimeTS2 <- TimeTS^2
fit2 <- lm(WineTS~TimeTS + TimeTS2 + Beer)</pre>
```

7. Summary of the regression parameters estimations:

```
summary(fit1)
summary(fit2)
```

8. Compare the values of AIC for two models:

```
AIC(fit1)/152 - log(2*pi))
AIC(fit2)/152 - log(2*pi))
```

4 Assignment 3: R Coding

Submission: You should email your R-code to 'Ali.Eshragh@newcastle.edu.au' by Sunday, September 11, 11:55pm. Write your full name and student ID No. on the top of your code and your file name must be your complete surname.

1. Choose a dataset from 'Google-Trends' and run statistical analysis similar to Sections 2 and 3 of this Computer Lab Notes.

References

[1] R.H. Shumway and D.S. Stoffer, *Time Series Analysis and Its Applications With R Examples*, Springer, New York, 2010.