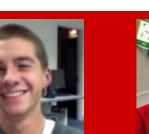
PERFORMANCE EVALUATION FOR GRADUAL TYPING



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GRADUAL TYPING is for software maintenance

Fact 1: developers use untyped languages

Fact 2: type annotations enable safety checks and serve as documentation

Thesis: stable untyped code + type annotations = happy future maintainers

1.0x

PROMISES

Freedom to add types incrementally

What about performance? Soundness: type invariants are enforced at runtime . .

PERFORMANCE LATTICE

Visualizing all possible gradually-typed configurations

Example: FSM benchmark

4 modules, 16 configurations

A. automata.rkt

Interface & basic strategies

M. main.rkt

Runs a simulation

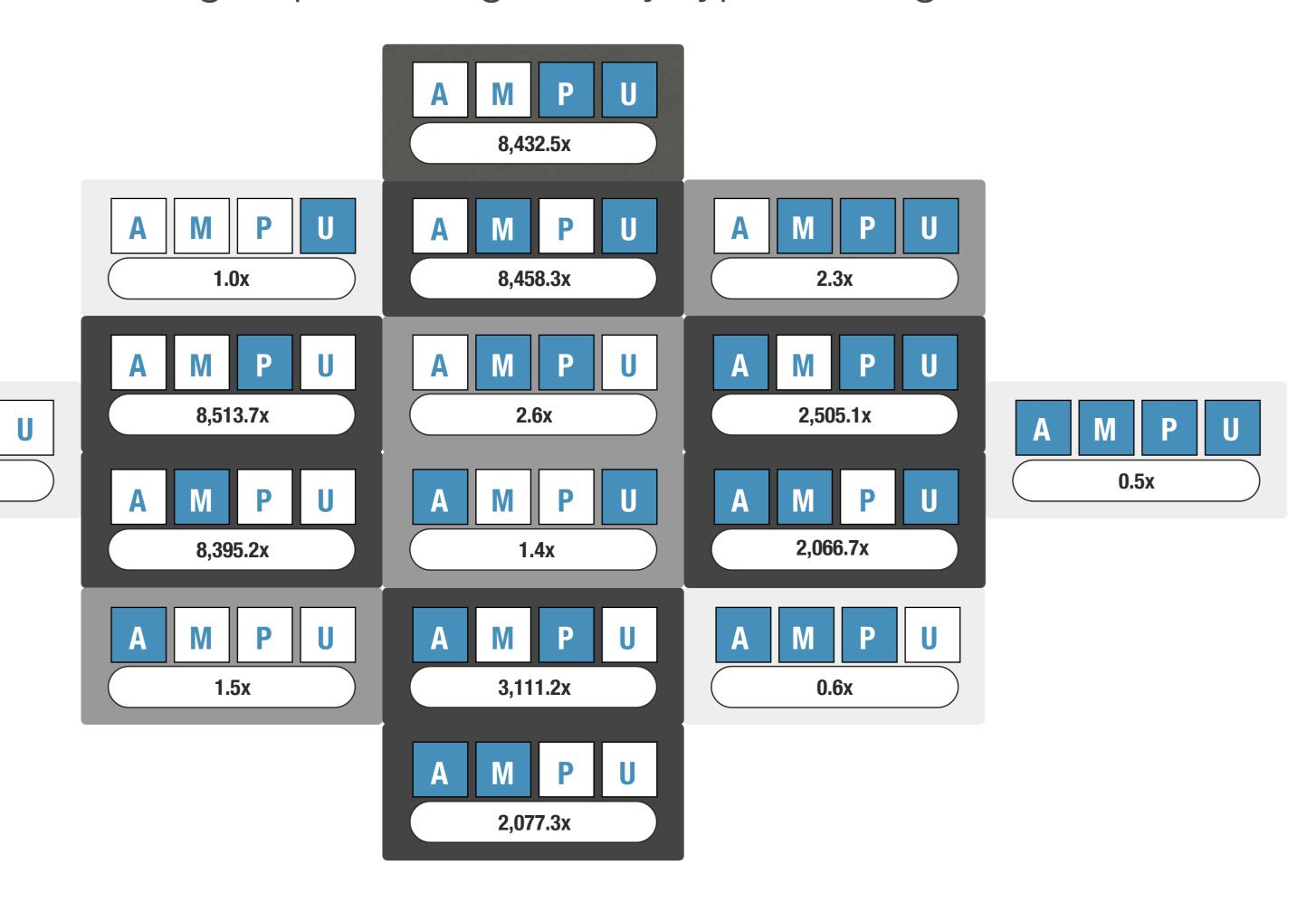
P. population.rkt

Models groups of automata

U. utilities.rkt

Helper functions

Untyped runtime: 182ms



Is this "good" performance?

Yes

- + Fully typed is 2x faster
- + 50% of all configurations have < 3x overhead
- + Can avoid worst-cases by typing 1 more module

No

- Maximum overhead: 8,500x (26 hours to run)
- Average overhead: 2,700x
- Median overhead: 470x
- No smooth migration paths: impossible to convert module-by-module and avoid bad (> 2,000x) configurations

Open Question

How to help developers avoid performance valleys (without exploring the whole lattice)?

Configuration A M P U in depth

- Type boundaries are checked at runtime
- Key boundary: main.rkt and population.rkt

main.rkt

population.rkt require/typed "automata.rkt" require "automata.rkt" require "population.rkt" [#:opaque Automaton automaton?] require "utilities.rkt" require/typed "utilities.rkt" define (evolve pop count) define-type Population if (zero? count) (Vectorof (Vectorof Automaton)) null evolve (step pop) provide: (count - 1) (-> Population Population) create (-> Natural Population) evolve (create 100) 5

Each call to step wraps pop with a higher-order contract After **N** calls, each vector operation suffers **N** indirections

EVALUATION METHOD

Report the relative performance of the untyped and fully-typed configurations Report the proportion of typed/untyped configurations:

- with "deliverable" overhead (at most Nx slowdown)
- with "usable" overhead (at most Mx slowdown)
- within L conversion steps from an Nx or Mx configuration

L-N/M FIGURES Summarizing performance lattices

