Git Terminal Basics

Common Commands

- git init Initialize a repository) AVOID NESTED REPO
- git status See which files need to be added or have been added
- git add Add files to the stsaging area to be committed
- git diff --cached See the changes of the files that will be committed
- git commit Commit the changes to Git
- git log View all previous commits
- git rm --cached Remove files from staging by adding the file name
- git commit -m "" To add commit message without an editor
- git commit Write the commit message and save it in whatever text editor is set as the default

To change your default editor:

default-git-editor

GitHub Set Up

Assuming you have an account and a local repo with committed changes:

- 1. Create a repository (click plus button at the top of the GitHub nav bar)
- 2. Paste the commands on GitHub of the second option in your terminal to push initially up to GitHub

Best Practice

Add and commit frequently any time you complete a small piece of functionality Write descriptive commit messages Push commits regularly (at least twice a day)