SIT221 -DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS

LAB10: TRAVERSING TREES

LAB OBJECTIVE:

The objective of this lab is to develop your skills in solving tree & graph based problems

SUBMISSION INSTRUCTIONS

Please submit your work to Week10 assignment folder

PREPARATION

- 1. Download the template project available in week10 resources folder. The solution has two projects: **DataStructures_Algorithms & Runner** projects.
- 2. Check the QuickGraph library here: https://quickgraph.codeplex.com/documentation

LAB TASKS

TRAVERSING BINARY SEARCH TREES

In this task we want to extend the **BinarySearchTree** class implemented in week 8 to support Breadth First Search (BFS) and Depth First Search (DFS).

- 1. We do not want to copy the BinarySearchTree class in week08 again into this week's folder, but still want to extend it. How to do so? You can do so by using partial classes a very useful concept in C# that enables splitting your class over multiple files with so many useful applications including code generation more benefits: http://stackoverflow.com/questions/3601901/why-use-partial-classes
- 2. Modify the **BinarySearchTree** class in week08 by adding **partial** keyword to it it should look like: **public partial class BinarySearchTree<T>**
- Now add a new class into your week10 project. Call it BinarySearchTree and modify its declaration to be a partial class. You will have two identical class declarations (one in week08 & the other in week10) and both declarations have partial keyword
- 4. In week10 file implement the following methods:
 - a. public void BFS(TextWriter tw) This method should traverse tree nodes from the root node until the leaf nodes level by level. See lecture slides for steps & instructions in the class template given.

- b. **public void DFS(**TextWriter tw**)** This method should traverse tree nodes from the root node going depth first. See lecture slides for steps & instruction in the class template.
- 5. Test your implementation using the supplied Runner class (Runner10_Task1.cs)