Micro-services Here we go!

Assumptions

We are looking to migrate BEEP to a microservices architecture.

The specifications are the same as described during all previous iterations of beep.

You will need to answer 10 questions:

- Via the redaction of the TAD (components architecture, sequences diagram, deployment architecture, etc.)
- Via the production of POCs (when mentioned)
- For your schema, use draw.io
- Redact your report using asciidoc

You are forbidden to propose or consider the following technologies:

- Messages queue
- CQRS
- Event Sourcing

Q1: Starting with the prerequisites, what do you propose to separate your application into functional neighborhoods and microservices?

Redefine all functionalities in the form:

- "As [guest user / server admin / ...], I want to [create a channel / ...] so that [the user can self-assess his channel / ...]"
- Organize these proposals into coherent functional neighborhoods
- Propose an architecture diagram for the breakdown of your application into (functional) microservices.

Help resources:

- https://martinfowler.com/bliki/BoundedContext.html
- https://martinfowler.com/articles/break-monolith-into-microservices.html
- https://leofvo.me/articles/microservices-for-the-win

Q2: How do I manage the authentication system with an OIDC?

Draw an architecture diagram of your application Present the deployment diagram for your Beep application and the OIDC Present sequence diagrams of the following actions:

- User creates Beep account (vanilla)
- User creates Beep account (via Polytech account)
- User creates Beep account (via Google account)
- User logs in (vanilla)
- User logs in (Polytech)
- User associates their Google account with their Beep account

Constraints:

- OIDC will be Kevcloak
- A user can log in with his Polytech account (=> Polytech LDAP access via OIDC to be taken into account in your deployment scheme) A user can associate his user account with a Google account
- Make a POC by modifying the current Beep, and implementing the following cases: vanilla account creation, Google account creation, vanilla connection, Google connection.
- POC delivery: deployment guide, source code + functional deployment on your server (give login url)

Q3. Inter microservices communication

How will you orchestrate inter-microservice communication? API systems? Protocols used, etc.

- Explain your approach
- Make a sequence diagram of the communication between some of your services to present your approach.
- Make a POC of communication between two microservices (helloworld) using the system you intend to implement.

Q4: How would you implement an authorization system?

Define what is a authorization service.

Define the technical and functional architecture and the technologies you recommend.

Present different sequence diagrams for the application's main actions.

Note: Your solution should enable you to manage permissions by server, category and channel.

You'll also need to set global permissions for platform administrators.

Q5. How can I trace logs and queries?

We want to be able to observe the system's behavior in response to a user request.

- Define the system and the technical components to be implemented.
- Draw a deployment diagram of the various elements
- Draw a sequence diagram of a query (of your choice) to illustrate how your system works.
- Describe the needs of "security based logs", to plug your system into a managed SOC

Q6: Production ready system

Describe in a detailed matter how do you manage :

- Data security, data backup and restore
- Observability, and services supervision integrated to an existing enterprise system
- Infrastructure high disponibility, continuity plans

Draw up diagrams, in each of the cases

Draw up a target diagram

Q7: Infrastructure security

> How to add a mobile application to the system

Draw a sequence diagram of the mobile application's authentication process.

- > How do you implement the physical architecture and the network to meet state of the art separation between security zones (DMZ ...)
- > How are managed cryptography, certificates, which protocols do you choose and why

Q8: How do I add a search engine?

Make a functional and technical proposal for the search engine.

We want the user to have a full-text indexing engine.

For example, a user typing the keyword "rabbit" (but this could be a string of words) should have all messages, etc. containing this keyword brought up in a user interface.

Make a UI mockup (sketch) of the different phases of the use case.

Propose a technical stack and the indexing and search sequence diagram.

Q9. How to manage platform security issues

Analyze how you secure the various components of your architecture (network, microservices, etc.).

How do you secure communications between microservices? Present your security proposal, using sequence diagrams to show how your system will work.

Make a Poc of securing helloworld microservices with each other and with the outside world.

Q10. How to integrate UI applications?

How do you integrate your microservices together to present a good user experience?

Take the case of video streaming (conferences) and show how to integrate it correctly without the user thinking it's a separate application.

Make proposals with the necessary diagrams,

Your POC must be able to show that this has not changed the user experience.

TimeLine

3 february: Goals announcement

30 May 23h42: send git repo containing

- The asciidoc file + pdf version
- Images (png + drawio source)
- The folder contains the production urls for your pocs and the related branches or repositories

Intermediate date:

5 march: presentation of a draft of your report

- Show asciidoc template in place,
- drafts of answers to questions (30-50%), images, etc.

30 march: complete V0 file

- answers to all questions (100%)
- Diagrams available (80%)
- POCs available (50-70%)

Goals announcement

The aim of this iteration is to prepare the implementation of the microservice architecture for your application.

Now that the monolith is getting too big, it's time to slice up the application. However, the change of architecture requires the addition of technical layers to ensure maintenance and smooth operation.

- > 1 Technical Architecture Document per person. (English or French)
- > Use github for deliveries. (add leofvo & MonstyFred)

Of the 10 questions, you'll have to choose 8. (bonus if all covered)

Questions 1,2,3,4,5,6 are mandatory.

Resources

Exemple de DAT niveau "light" (premier jet)

<u>1</u> PRE	SENTATION DU SOCLE TECHNIQUE CIBLE
2 <u>ARC</u>	CHITECTURE TECHNIQUE
<u>2.1</u>	Principes généraux 2
2.2	Cartographie et documentation
2.3	Spécificités OSHIMAE
2.4	Zones logiques des fonctions du paysage système
2.5	Paysages systèmes par projet 4
2.6	Cloisonnement et segmentation des réseaux
<u>2.7</u>	<u>Stockage</u>
2.8	Supervision
2.9	Sauvegarde7
2.10	Plan de reprise informatique
2.11	Evolutivité 8
2.12	<u>Élasticité</u>
2.13	Volumétrie initiale
<u>3</u> <u>INFI</u>	RASTRUCTURE
<u>3.1</u>	Services8
<u>3.2</u>	Réseau WAN 9
<u>3.3</u>	Système d'exploitation et centriciels (Middleware)
<u>3.4</u>	Principes 9
<u>3.5</u>	Passerelles10

Grosso modo ca fait 15 Pages grand max

Exemple de DAT niveau " avancé" (premier jet)

Objectif du document1
Lexique2
Contexte
Rappel du contexte5
Rappel du périmètre5
Historique des versions5
Documents de références5
Architecture Technique Générale6
Présentation
Schéma global de l'architecture
Mise en haute disponibilité de la passerelle RadosGW8
Plate-forme matérielle9
Plate-forme technique
Flux réseau
Tableau des flux
Cartographie des flux
Authentification et autorisation
Implémentation de la solution14
Implantation physique
Implémentation du réseau
Configuration des VLANs
Implémentation des services
Intégration avec « Kubernete»
Composant 1
Configuration d'apache2 / FastCGI avec Openssl
Configuration de Ceph objet Gateway24
Mise en haute disponibilité des 3 nœuds RadosGW25
Configuration de RadosGW avec Openstack « Keystone »
Composant 227
Configuration des pools pour les services « Openstack »
Configuration de l'authentification avec « Cephx»
Configuration des services Openstack pour « Ceph »
Sauvegarde de la solution
Copie de récupération rapide28
Copie d'archive
journalisation de la solution
Monitoring de la solution

Grosso modo ca fait 30 pages et on est sur des règles complexes de mise en oeuvre

Exemple de DAT niveau "très (trop complet) "

1 Contexte	
1.1 Objet du document	
1.2 Périmètre	
1.3 Documents applicables et de références	
1.3.1 Documents applicables	
1.3.2 Documents de références	
2 Exigences et contraintes	
2.1 Performances et ergonomie	
2.1.1 Connecteurs	
2.1.2 Intranet Agricoll	
2.1.3 Annuaire	
2.2 Haute disponibilité	1
2.3 Mutualisation et banalisation des plates-formes	1
2.4 Sécurité	
2.4.1 Sécurité du système d'exploitation	
2.4.2 Chiffrement des flux	
2.4.3 Certificats serveurs	
3 Les principes d'architecture	1
3.1 Fonctionnement de la réplication LDAP	1
3.2 Stratégie de haute-disponibilité	1
3.2.1 Rappels sur le protocole LDAP	
3.2.2 Utilisation d'annuaires LDAP en mode multi-maîtres	
3.2.3 Tolérance de panne	
3.2.4 Équilibrage de charge	
3.2.5 Fonctionnement de HeartBeat et HAProxy	
3.3 Synthèse des principes retenus	
3.3.1 Haute-disponibilité des machines	2
3.3.2 Haute-disponibilité des services	
3.3.3 Périmètre d'utilisation de <u>HAProxy</u> et <u>de Apache</u>	
3.3.4 Partage de la session sur le proxy d'authentification	
3.3.5 En synthèse	
3.4 Organisation réseau	
3.5 Organisation des données	
3.6 Organisation des utilisateurs systèmes	
4 Architecture générale	
4.1 Liste des composants	
4.1.1 Nœud Annuaire Maître	
4.1.2 Nœud Annuaire Esclave	
4.1.3 Nœud Administration	
4.2 Descriptif des composants	
4.2.1 LinID Directory Manager (DM)	
4.2.2 OpenLDAP	
4.2.3 LinID OpenLDAP Manager (OM)	
4.2.4 LDAP Synchronization Connector (LSC)	
4.2.5 Caractéristiques de LemonLDAP::NG	
4.3 Dimensionnement physique des plates-formes	
4.4 Dimensionnement des serveurs Tonicat	د

4.5 Les flux de la solution d'annuaire
4.5.1 Réseau d'accès au Datacenter
4.5.2 Au sein de la solution
4.5.3 En interface avec la solution
5 Sauvegarde / Restauration
5.1 Bonnes pratiques
5.2 Synthèse
6 Supervision et logs
6.1 Sondes à activer sur le serveur Centreon
6.2 Détails des sondes d'un serveur LDAP maître
6.2.1 Réseau
6.2.2 Système
6.2.3 SSH
6.2.4 Apache/httpd
6.2.5 Tomcat
6.2.6 OpenLDAP/slapd
6.3 Détails des sondes d'un serveur LDAP esclave
6.3.1 Réseau
6.3.2 Système
6.3.3 SSH
6.3.4 OpenLDAP/slapd
6.4 Détails des sondes d'un serveur LDAP maître
6.4.1 Réseau
6.4.2 Système
6.4.3 SSH
6.4.4 Apache/httpd
6.4.5 Tomcat
6.4.6 LSC
6.5 Gestion des logs 50
6.5 Gestion des togs 50

l'idée sera de complexifier l'environnem ent sur la 3em itération