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function sub3
tol = 10^-5;
```

## Question1Ai)

```
f = @(x) (exp(x) + 2.^-x + 2*cos(x) -6);
I0 = [1,2];
[rootB1,iterationcountB1] = bisectionSearch(f,tol,I0);
[rootF1,iterationcountF1] = RegularfalsiSearch(f,tol,I0);
F=@(x)(exp(x) + 2.^-x + 2*cos(x) -6);
Fprime = @(x)(exp(x) - 2.^-x - 2*sin(x));
x0 = 1;
[rootN1,iterationcountN1] = Newtonmethodscalar(F,Fprime,x0,tol);
disp('Question1ai)')
disp('
      ')
fprintf('%5s %5s %15s\n', ' Method ',' root ','
Iteration count')
fprintf('%50s\n','
                                                         ') %after
decimal point is how many decimal to include, letter is type, before
decimal is field width
fprintf('%50s\n','
                                                          ')
fprintf('%15s %6.5f %4s %2i\n' , '
                                     Bisection
 ',iterationcountB1)
fprintf('%15s %6.5f %4s %2i\n' , ' False position',rootF1,'
 ',iterationcountF1)
fprintf('%15s %6.5f %4s %2i\n' , '
                                     Newton ',rootN1,'
 ',iterationcountN1)
Question1ai)
```

Method root Iteration count

Bisection 1.82938 15
False position 1.82938 5

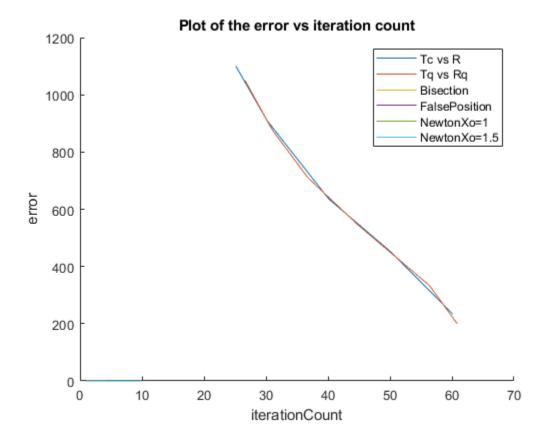
Newton 1.82938 8

### Question1Aii)

```
f = @(x) (1-(2/(x.^2 -2*x +2)));
I0 = [-1,1];
[rootB2,iterationcountB2] = bisectionSearch(f,tol,I0);
[rootF2,iterationcountF2] = RegularfalsiSearch(f,tol,I0);
F=@(x) (1-(2/(x.^2 -2*x +2)));
Fprime = @(x)((2/((x.^2 -2*x +2).^2))*(2*x -2));
x0 = 0.5;
[rootN2,iterationcountN2] = Newtonmethodscalar(F,Fprime,x0,tol);
 disp(' ')
disp('Question1aii)')
disp(' ')
Iteration count')
fprintf('%50s\n','_
fprintf('%50s\n',')
                                                     ')
fprintf('%15s %6.5f %4s %2i\n' , '
                                    Bisection
                                                ',rootB2,'
',iterationcountB2)
fprintf('%15s %6.5f %4s %2i\n' , ' False position',rootF2,'
 ',iterationcountF2)
fprintf('%15s %6.5f %4s %2i\n' , '
                                     Newton ',rootN2,'
',iterationcountN2)
Ouestion1aii)
        Method
                  root
                             Iteration count
       Bisection
                  -0.00001
                               16
      False position -0.00000
                               6
       Newton
                 0.00000
                              3
```

# Question1aiii)

```
f = @(x) (exp(x) + 2.^-x + 2*cos(x) -6);
F=@(x)(exp(x) + 2.^-x + 2*cos(x) -6);
Fprime = @(x)(exp(x) - 2.^-x - 2*sin(x));
x0=1;
I0 = [1,2];
disp(' ')
disp('Question1aiii) (graph on next page)')
disp(' ')
plotting(f,tol,I0,F,Fprime,x0)
Question1aiii) (graph on next page)
```



# Question1b)

```
disp('
disp('Question1b)')
disp('
        ')
f = @(x) (x - (tan(x)));
I0 = [0,2];
[rootB1,iterationcountB1] = bisectionSearch(f,tol,I0);
I0 = [2,5];
[rootB2,iterationcountB1] = bisectionSearch(f,tol,I0);
I0 = [5,8];
[rootB3,iterationcountB1] = bisectionSearch(f,tol,I0);
I0 = [7,10];
[rootB4,iterationcountB1] = bisectionSearch(f,tol,I0);
disp('Using the Bisection method, the roots are ')
disp(rootB1); disp( rootB2); disp( rootB3);
Question1b)
Using the Bisection method, the roots are
   7.6294e-06
```

4.4934 7.7253

### Question2a)

```
disp(' ')
disp('%%Question2a)')
disp(' ')
tol = 10^-5;
x0 = [1;1;1];
F =@(x,y,z)[(sin(x)+y.^2+log(z)-7);(3*x+2.^y-z.^3+1);(x+y+z-5)];
J = @(x,y,z)[cos(x), 2*y , 1/z; 3, log(2)*2.^y, -3*z.^2; 1, 1, 1];
root= Newtonmethodsystem(F,J,x0,tol);
disp('The root is ')
disp(root)

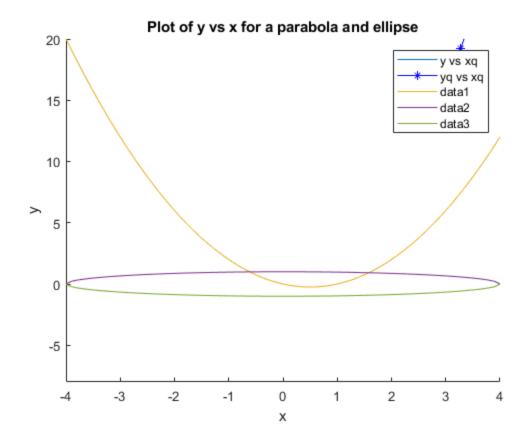
%%Question2a)

The root is
    0.5991
    2.3959
```

## Question2b)

```
')
disp('
disp('%%Question2b)')
disp(' ')
F = @(x,y)[(x.^3 - 3*x*y.^2 -1); (3*x.^2*y - y.^3)];
J = @(x,y)[(3*x.^2 - 3*y.^2), -6*x*y; 6*x*y, (3*x.^2 - 3*y.^2)];
x0 = [-0.6; 0.6];
root= Newtonmethodsystem(F,J,x0,tol);
disp('The root is ')
disp(root)
%%Question2c)
disp(' ')
disp('%%Question2c)')
disp('
       ')
F = @(x,y)[(y - x.^2 +x); (x.^2/16 + y.^2 -1)];
J = @(x,y)[(-2*x +1), 1; x/8, 2*y];
x0 = [-2;4]
root1 = Newtonmethodsystem(F,J,x0,tol);
x0 = [2;3]
root2 = Newtonmethodsystem(F,J,x0,tol);
disp('The roots are ')
```

```
disp(root1)
disp ('and')
disp(root2)
x = -4:0.1:4;
y = x.^2 - xi
figure(2); hold on
xlabel('x')
ylabel('y')
title('Plot of y vs x for a parabola and ellipse')
plot(x,y);
y1 = sqrt(1 - (x.^2/16));
y2 = -sqrt(1 - (x.^2/16));
figure(2);
plot(x,y1); hold on
figure(2);
plot(x,y2);
axis([-4 \ 4 \ -8 \ 20])
%%Question2b)
The root is
   -0.5000
    0.8660
%%Question2c)
x0 =
    -2
x0 =
     2
     3
The roots are
   -0.6127
    0.9882
and
    1.5810
    0.9186
```



end

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