Setting up a wireguard VPN

Followed these directions as a general guide:

https://technofaq.org/posts/2017/10/how-to-setup-wireguard-vpn-on-your-debiangnulinux-server-with-ipv6-support/

Install wireguard software

```
Installation on the server and client is the same. You might not need to
install linux-headers. dpkg --get-selections|grep linux-headers-$(uname -r)
to see if you already have it - look for 'install' in the output.
    sudo add-apt-repository ppa:wireguard/wireguard
    sudo apt update
    sudo apt install wireguard-dkms wireguard-tools linux-headers-$(uname -r)

Generate keys:
    sudo umask 077
    sudo wg genkey | tee server_private_key | wg pubkey > server_public_key
    sudo wg genkey | tee client_private_key | wg pubkey > client_public_key
    Repeat the last command for each new client, using different key file names.
The single-line contents of these key files will be used for configuration.
```

Configure the server

Create /etc/wireguard/wg0.conf (in the PostUp/PostDown rules, eth0 is the internet-facing interface. Yours might be different, like enp3s0, e.g.)

```
$ cat wg0.conf
[Interface]
Address = 10.200.200.1/24
SaveConfig = true
PostUp = iptables -A FORWARD -i wg0 -j ACCEPT; iptables -t nat -A POSTROUTING -o eth0 -j MASQUERADE
PostDown = iptables -D FORWARD -i wg0 -j ACCEPT; iptables -t nat -D POSTROUTING -o eth0 -j MASQUERADE
ListenPort = 51820
PrivateKey = <server_private_key>
```

Did not add a [Peer] section to the server's wg0.conf as shown in the Debian guide. The server does that when we add clients to the server's configuration using the command line (see below).

```
On the server (may have to 'apt install ufw' and 'ufw enable'): sudo ufw allow 51820/udp
```

Bring up the wg0 interface on the server and check its status: sudo wg-quick up wg0 && ifconfig wg0

Add a client to the server's configuration

sudo wg set wg0 peer <client_public_key> allowed-ips 10.200.200.2

Configure the client

The IP address (10.200.200.2) in the command above must be entered on the 'Address =' line in the client's /etc/wireguard/wg0-client.conf file (named mine wg0-client.conf, not client.conf as shown in the guide):

```
$ cat wg0-client.conf
[Interface]
Address = 10.200.200.2/24
PrivateKey = <client_private_key>
[Peer]
PublicKey = <server_public_key>
Endpoint = <public IP address of server>:51820
AllowedIPs = 0.0.0.0/0
PersistentKeepalive = 21
```

Bring up the client's wg0-client interface and check its status: sudo wg-quick up wg0-client && ifconfig wg0-client

Should see:

Test connectivity (might need to install lynx → sudo apt install lynx): ping 1.1.1.1 ping www.google.com lynx https://www.wireguard.com

Run this command to ensure that your public facing IP address is correct: curl ipv4.icanhazip.com

Enable autostart of the wireguard VPN

```
On the server:
```

```
sudo systemctl enable wg-quick@wg0.service
On the client(s):
  sudo systemctl enable wg-quick@wg0-client.service
```

** The configuration files in /etc/wireguard should be mode 0600. **

Use 'sudo wg show' to get configuration info (server or client).

Wireguard website: https://www.wireguard.com/
Wireguard git repository: https://git.zx2c4.com/

Android App:

https://bit.ly/2PDCVRL

Copy a file containing a wg0-client.conf (like the one above) configuration to your phone, start the app, click the big '+' to create a tunnel and import the file. Switch the slider to the 'On' position. It should connect immediately.

Apparently there's also an iOS app: https://git.zx2c4.com/wireguard-ios/about/ but have no idea how to install this.

There is currently no wireguard client for Windows, but who cares. Rumor has it that one will be available soon, however.