

SHARP SERVICE MANUAL

CODE: 00ZPC1251///E



PC-1251
MODEL PC-1250

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★ Difference between PC1250 and PC1251:

Program data area of the PC-1251 is larger by 2048 bytes.

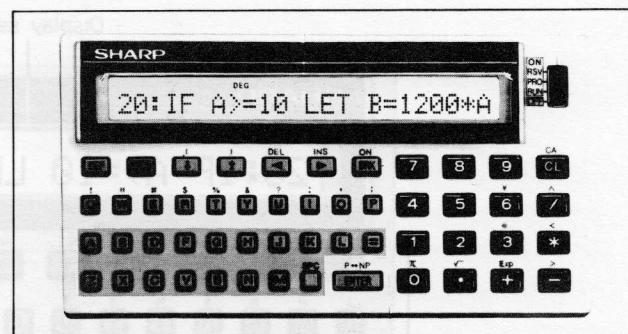
★ CE-125 option:

Microcassette tape recorder is available as an external memory device and 24-digit thermal dot printer is incorporated as the output device.

1. INTRODUCTION TO THE PC-1251

The SHARP PC-1251 system consists of:

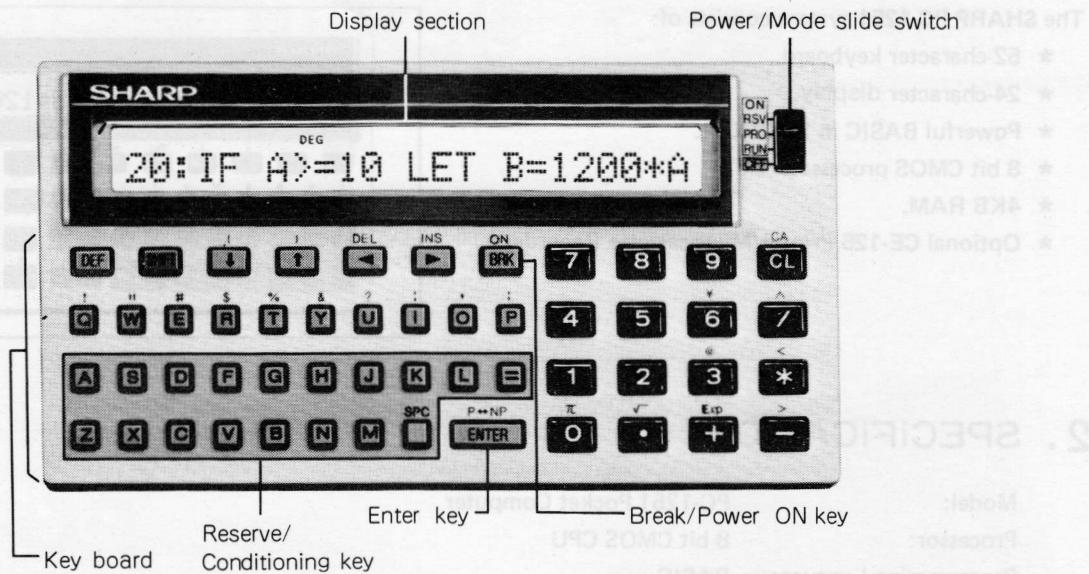
- ★ 52-character keyboard.
- ★ 24-character display.
- ★ Powerful BASIC in 24K ROM.
- ★ 8 bit CMOS processor.
- ★ 4KB RAM.
- ★ Optional CE-125 Printer/Microcassette Recorder.



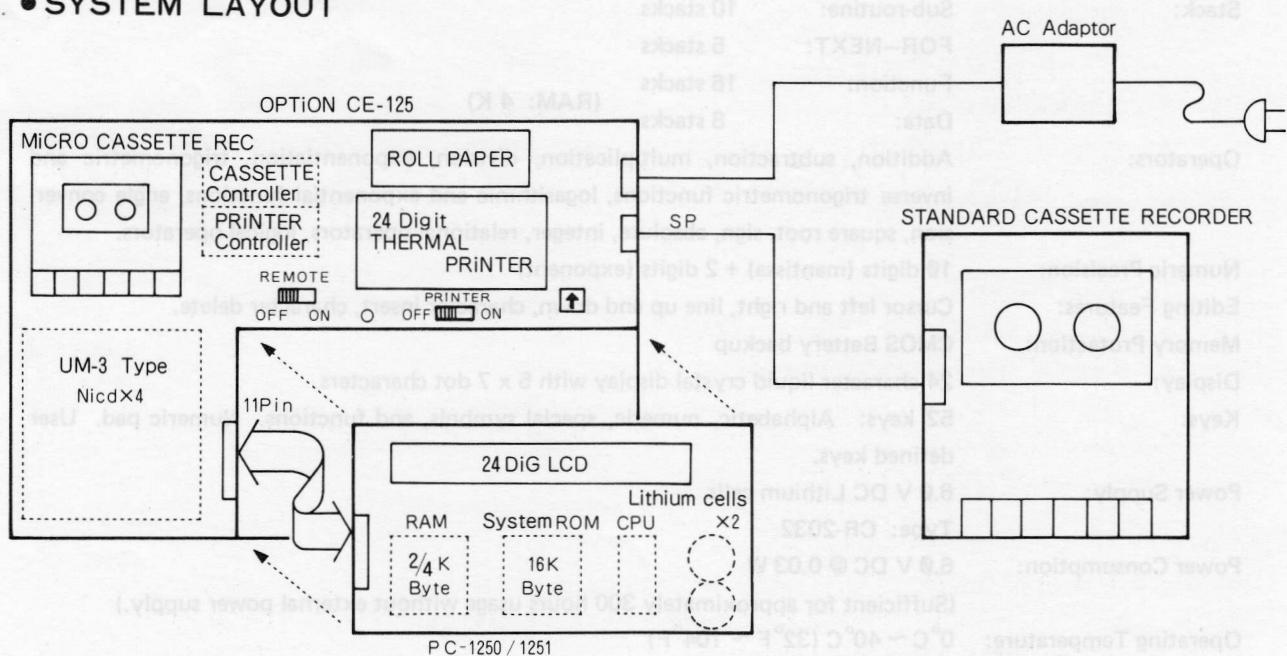
2. SPECIFICATION

Model:	PC-1251 Pocket Computer	
Processor:	8 bit CMOS CPU	
Programming Language:	BASIC	
Memory Capacity:	System ROM:	24 K Bytes
	RAM	
	System	About 500 Bytes
	User	
	Fixed Memory Area (A ~ Z, A\$ ~ Z\$)	208 Bytes
	Reserve Area	48 Bytes
	Program/Data Area	3486 Bytes
Stack:	Sub-routine:	10 stacks
	FOR-NEXT:	5 stacks
	Function:	16 stacks
	Data:	8 stacks (RAM: 4 K)
Operators:	Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, exponentiation, trigonometric and inverse trigonometric functions, logarithmic and exponential functions, angle conversion, square root, sign, absolute, integer, relational operators, logical operators.	
Numeric Precision:	10 digits (mantissa) + 2 digits (exponent)	
Editing Features:	Cursor left and right, line up and down, character insert, character delete.	
Memory Protection:	CMOS Battery backup	
Display:	24 character liquid crystal display with 5 x 7 dot characters	
Keys:	52 keys: Alphabetic, numeric, special symbols, and functions. Numeric pad. User defined keys.	
Power Supply:	6.0 V DC Lithium cells Type: CR-2032	
Power Consumption:	6.0 V DC @ 0.03 W (Sufficient for approximately 300 hours usage without external power supply.)	
Operating Temperature:	0°C ~ 40°C (32°F ~ 104°F)	
Dimensions:	135 (W) x 70 (D) x 9.5 (H) mm 5-5/16" (W) x 2-3/4" (D) x 3/8" (H)	
Weight:	Approximately 115 g (0.25 lbs) (with cells)	
Accessories:	Wallet, two lithium cells (built-in), two keyboard templates and instruction manual	
Options:	Printer/Microcassette Recorder (CE-125)	

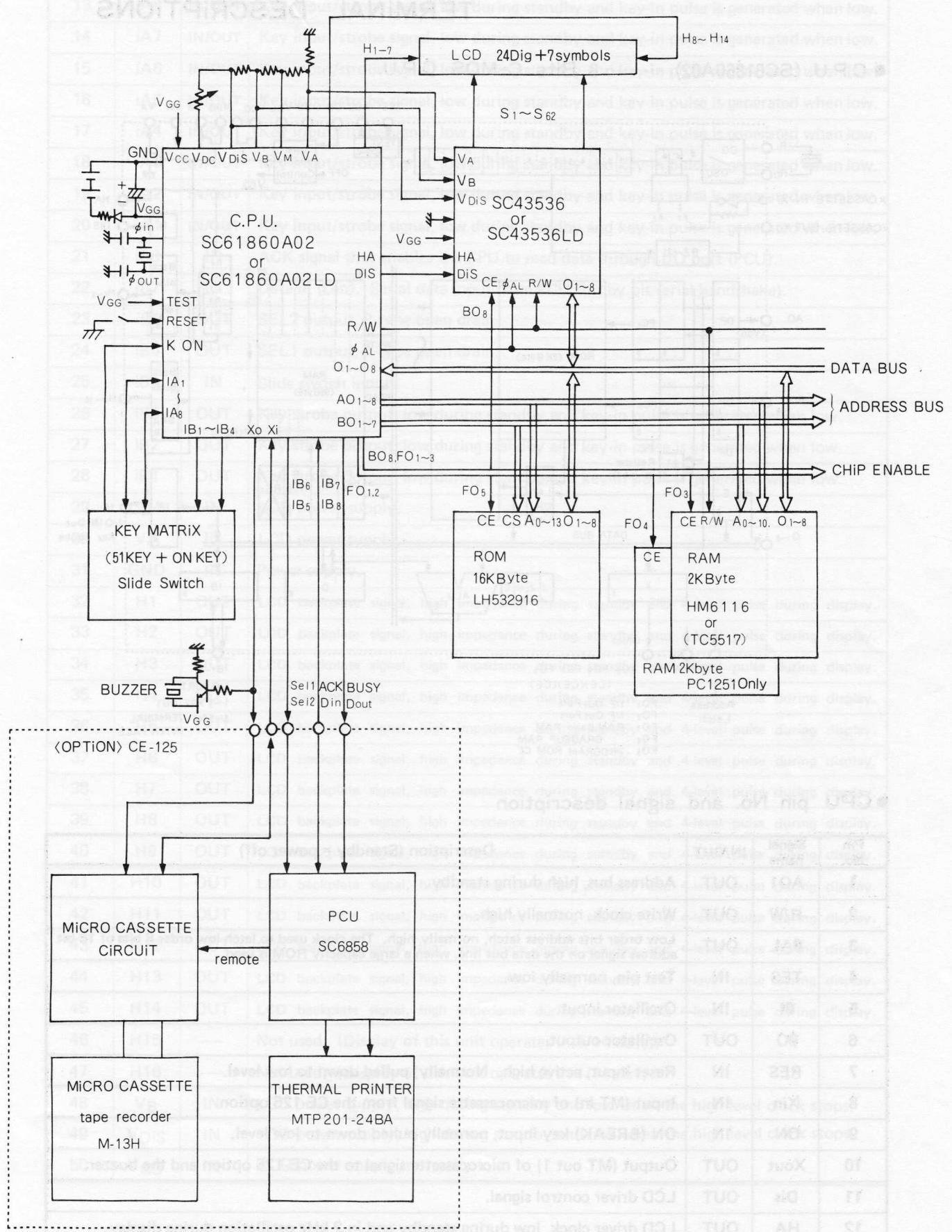
• KEY LAYOUT



• SYSTEM LAYOUT

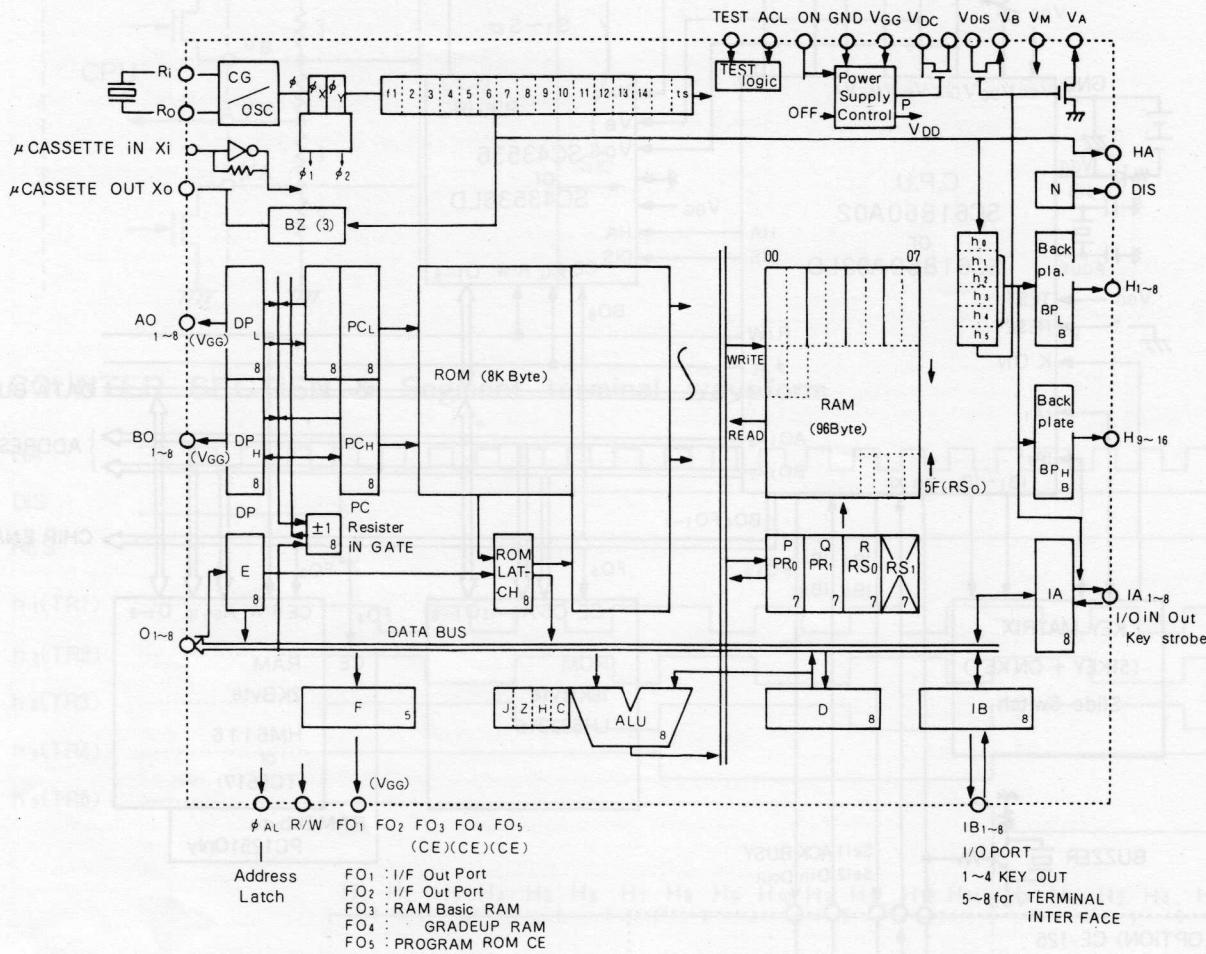


3. PC-1250 / PC-1251 SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



4. C.P.U. INTERNAL BLOCK DIAGRAM & TERMiNAL DESCRIPTiONS

- C.P.U. (SC61860A02) 8 Bits C-MOS C.P.U.



- CPU pin No. and signal description

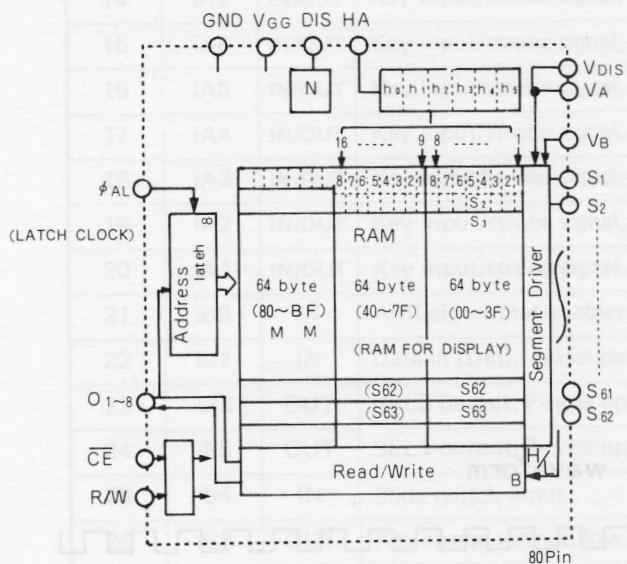
Pin No.	Signal name	IN/OUT	Description (Standby = power off)
1	AO1	OUT	Address bus, high during standby.
2	R/W	OUT	Write clock, normally high.
3	ØAL	OUT	Low order bits address latch, normally high. The clock used to latch low order 8 bits of 16-bit address signal on the data bus line, when a large capacity ROM is used.
4	TES	IN	Test pin, normally low.
5	ØI	IN	Oscillator input.
6	ØO	OUT	Oscillator output.
7	RES	IN	Reset input, active high. Normally, pulled down to low level.
8	Xin	IN	Input (MT in) of microcassette signal from the CE-125 option.
9	ON	IN	ON (BREAK) key input, normally pulled down to low level.
10	Xout	OUT	Output (MT out 1) of microcassette signal to the CE-125 option and the buzzer.
11	Dis	OUT	LCD driver control signal.
12	HA	OUT	LCD driver clock, low during standby and in 2 kHz oscillation during display.

Pin No.	Signal name	IN/OUT	Description (Standby = power off)
13	iA8	IN/OUT	Key input/strobe signal, low during standby and key-in pulse is generated when low.
14	iA7	IN/OUT	Key input/strobe signal, low during standby and key-in pulse is generated when low.
15	iA6	IN/OUT	Key input/strobe signal, low during standby and key-in pulse is generated when low.
16	iA5	IN/OUT	Key input/strobe signal, low during standby and key-in pulse is generated when low.
17	iA4	IN/OUT	Key input/strobe signal, low during standby and key-in pulse is generated when low.
18	iA3	IN/OUT	Key input/strobe signal, low during standby and key-in pulse is generated when low.
19	iA2	IN/OUT	Key input/strobe signal, low during standby and key-in pulse is generated when low.
20	iA1	IN/OUT	Key input/strobe signal, low during standby and key-in pulse is generated when low.
21	iB8	IN	ACK signal that enables the CPU to read data through I/O port (PCU).
22	iB7	IN	Data in (Din). Serial data input from PCU (bit by bit serial handshake).
23	iB6	OUT	SEL2 output, P-type open drain.
24	iB5	OUT	SEL1 output, P-type open drain.
25	iB4	IN	Slide switch input.
26	iB3	OUT	Key strobe output, low during standby and key-in pulse is generated when low.
27	iB2	OUT	Key strobe output, low during standby and key-in pulse is generated when low.
28	iB1	OUT	Key strobe output, low during standby and key-in pulse is generated when low.
29	VM	IN	LCD power supply.
30	VA	IN	LCD power supply.
31	GND	IN	Power supply.
32	H1	OUT	LCD backplate signal, high impedance during standby and 4-level pulse during display.
33	H2	OUT	LCD backplate signal, high impedance during standby and 4-level pulse during display.
34	H3	OUT	LCD backplate signal, high impedance during standby and 4-level pulse during display.
35	H4	OUT	LCD backplate signal, high impedance during standby and 4-level pulse during display.
36	H5	OUT	LCD backplate signal, high impedance during standby and 4-level pulse during display.
37	H6	OUT	LCD backplate signal, high impedance during standby and 4-level pulse during display.
38	H7	OUT	LCD backplate signal, high impedance during standby and 4-level pulse during display.
39	H8	OUT	LCD backplate signal, high impedance during standby and 4-level pulse during display.
40	H9	OUT	LCD backplate signal, high impedance during standby and 4-level pulse during display.
41	H10	OUT	LCD backplate signal, high impedance during standby and 4-level pulse during display.
42	H11	OUT	LCD backplate signal, high impedance during standby and 4-level pulse during display.
43	H12	OUT	LCD backplate signal, high impedance during standby and 4-level pulse during display.
44	H13	OUT	LCD backplate signal, high impedance during standby and 4-level pulse during display.
45	H14	OUT	LCD backplate signal, high impedance during standby and 4-level pulse during display.
46	H15	--	Not used. (Display of this unit operates in 1/14 duty.)
47	H16	--	Not used. (Display of this unit operates in 1/14 duty.)
48	VB	IN	LCD power supply, high during standby and low when the high level clock stops.
49	VDiS	IN	LCD power supply, high during standby and low when the high level clock stops.
50	VCC	IN	LCD power supply, normally low.

Pin No.	Signal name	IN/OUT	Description (Standby = power off)
51	V _{DC}	OUT	LCD power supply, high during standby and low when the high level clock stops.
52	V _{GG}	IN	Power supply normally low.
53	O8	IN/OUT	Data bus, normally high impedance.
54	O7	IN/OUT	Data bus, normally high impedance.
55	O6	IN/OUT	Data bus, normally high impedance.
56	O5	IN/OUT	Data bus, normally high impedance.
57	O4	IN/OUT	Data bus, normally high impedance.
58	O3	IN/OUT	Data bus, normally high impedance.
59	O2	IN/OUT	Data bus, normally high impedance.
60	O1	IN/OUT	Data bus, normally high impedance.
61	Fo5	OUT	External system ROM chip enable (CE1).
62	Fo4	OUT	Expansion RAM (PC-1251 RAM) chip enable (CE2).
63	Fo3	OUT	Basic RAM (PC-1250, PC-1251) chip enable (CE3).
64	Fo2	OUT	Data out (Dout), data output port to peripheral.
65	Fo1	OUT	BUSH I/F output port output.
66	Bo8	OUT	LCD driver LSI chip enable (CE4).
67	Bo7	OUT	A14. Address bus, high during standby.
68	Bo6	OUT	A13. Address bus, high during standby.
69	Bo5	OUT	A12. Address bus, high during standby.
70	Bo4	OUT	A11. Address bus, high during standby.
71	Bo3	OUT	A10. Address bus, high during standby.
72	Bo2	OUT	A9. Address bus, high during standby.
73	Bo1	OUT	A8. Address bus, high during standby.
74	Ao8	OUT	A7. Address bus, high during standby.
75	Ao7	OUT	A6. Address bus, high during standby.
76	Ao6	OUT	A5. Address bus, high during standby.
77	Ao5	OUT	A4. Address bus, high during standby.
78	Ao4	OUT	A3. Address bus, high during standby.
79	Ao3	OUT	A2. Address bus, high during standby.
80	Ao2	OUT	A1. Address bus, high during standby.

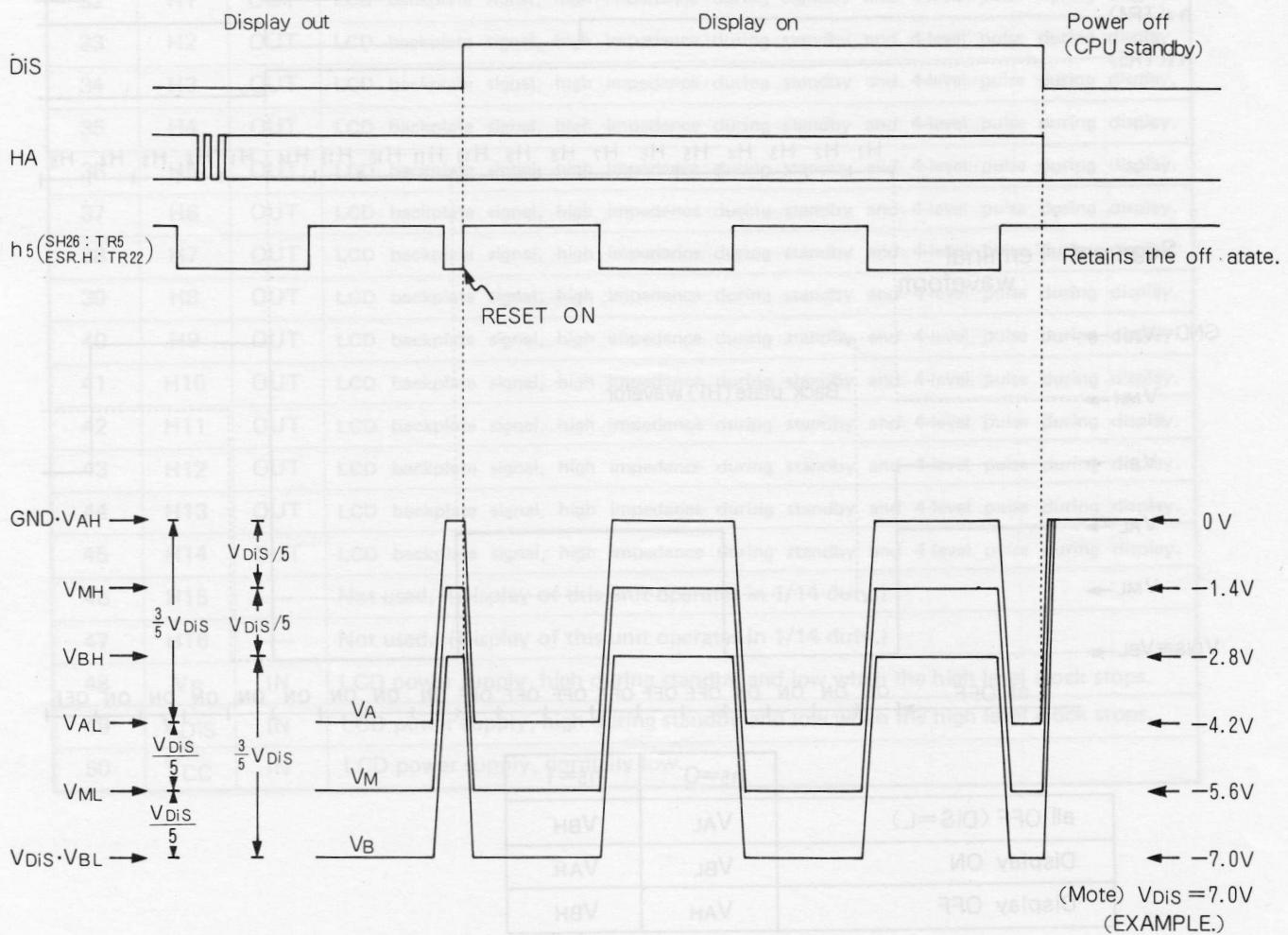
5. LCD DRIVE CIRCUIT AND TIMINGS

• LCD Driver LSi (SC43536)

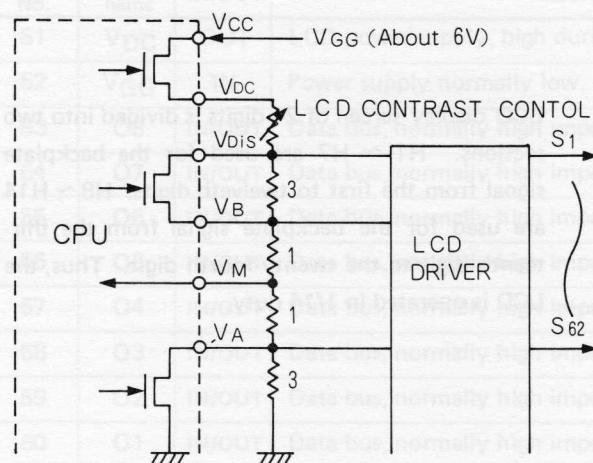


LCD display screen of 24 digits is divided into two sections. H1 ~ H7 are used for the backplate signal from the first to twelfth digits. H8 ~ H14 are used for the backplate signal from the thirteenth digit to the twenty-fourth digit. Thus, the LCD is operated in 1/14 duty.

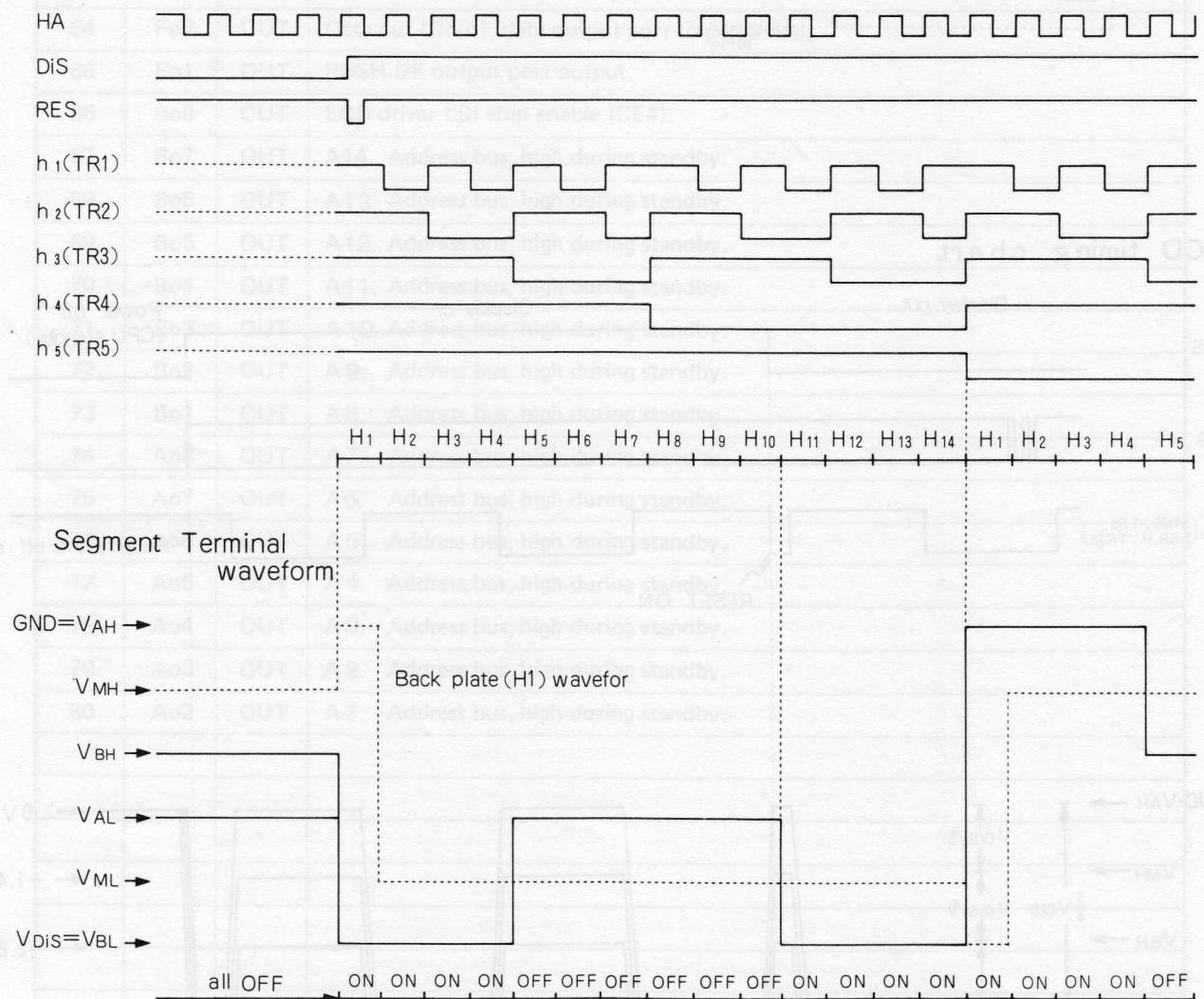
• LCD timing chart



• LCD POWER SUPPLY



• COUNTER SECTION & Segment terminal waveform

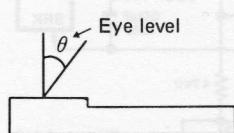


	$h_5=0$	$h_5=1$
all OFF ($DiS=L$)	V_{AL}	V_{BH}
Display ON	V_{BL}	V_{AH}
Display OFF	V_{AH}	V_{BH}

6. SERVICE PRECAUTIONS

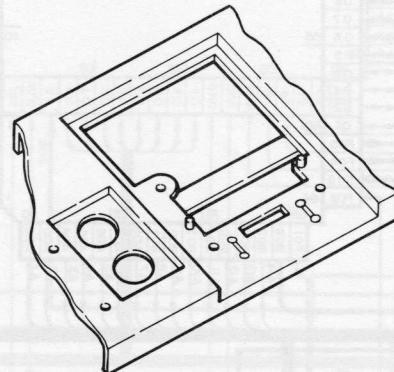
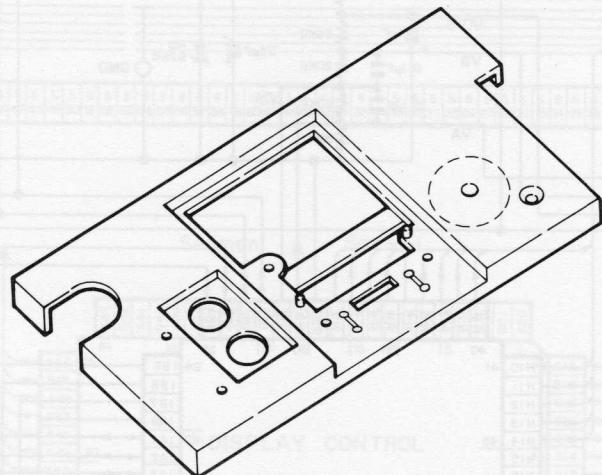
1. Since it is difficult to troubleshoot the main PWB because of chassis mounted on top of it, it is suggested that you use the service tool chassis (LCHSS1134CCZZ) which is smaller in size. Install this chassis for troubleshooting purposes only. When unit is repaired, replace with original chassis.
2. When the memory module PWB is replaced it could be installed slightly out of alignment due to the play in the screw holes. Since this could lead to improper operation, replace the PWB again and press the ALL RESET switch before resuming operation.
3. If the lithium battery is not installed properly and with good electrical contact problems such as flickering display or damage to other parts could result. Be sure the battery is properly installed.
4. Consumption current measurement
 - Supply voltage: 5.8 V
 - Consumption current:
 - 400 μ A max. when ON (after pushing of the ON key).
 - 45 μ A max. when OFF (after pushing of the OFF key).

Be sure to press the ALL RESET switch before the measurement.
5. Checking display quality and adjusting potentiometer.



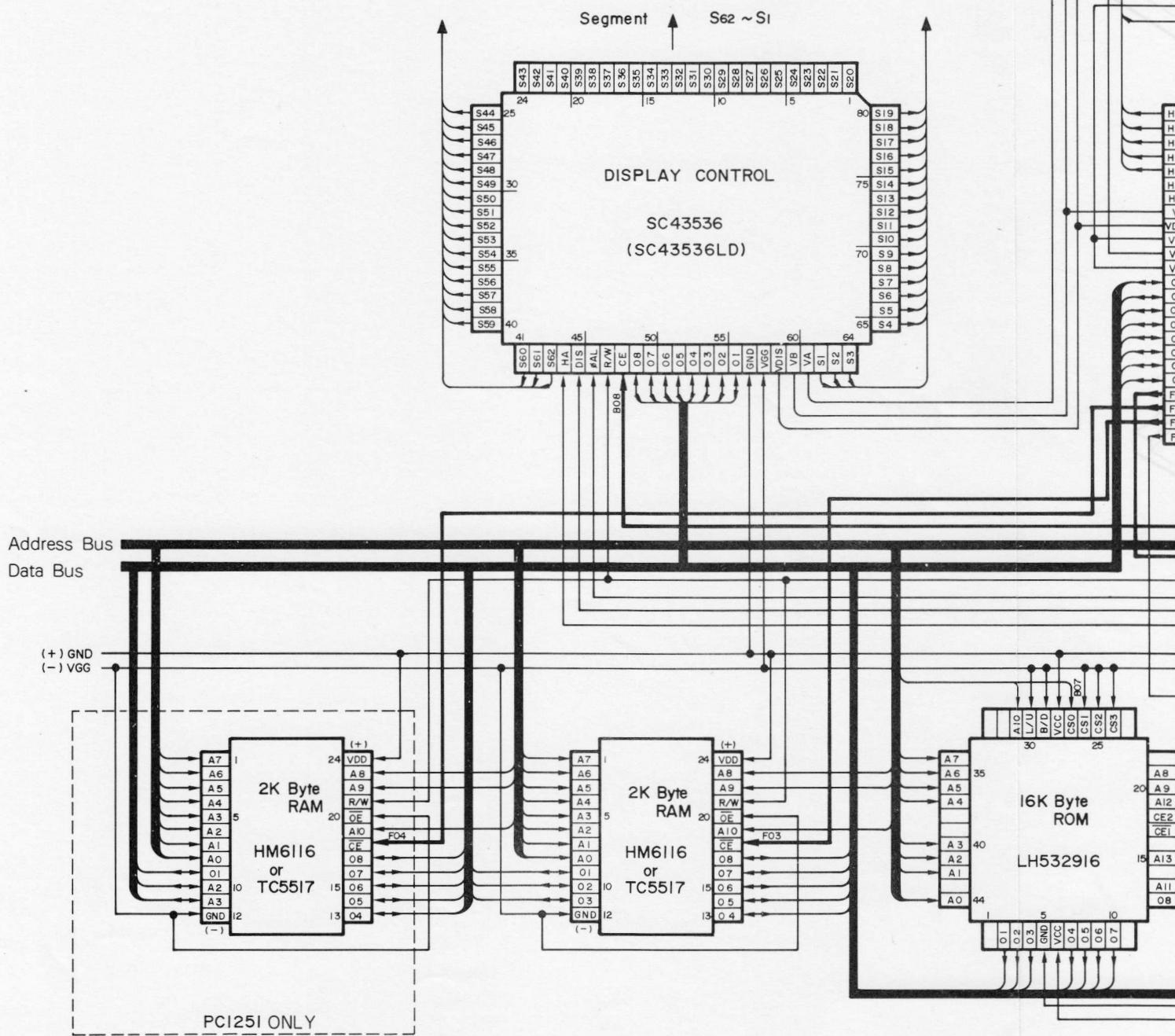
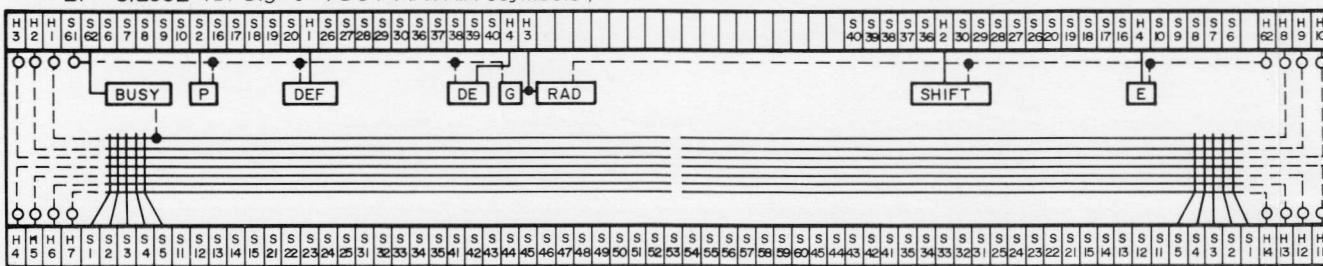
θ : Not to blur at 30°.

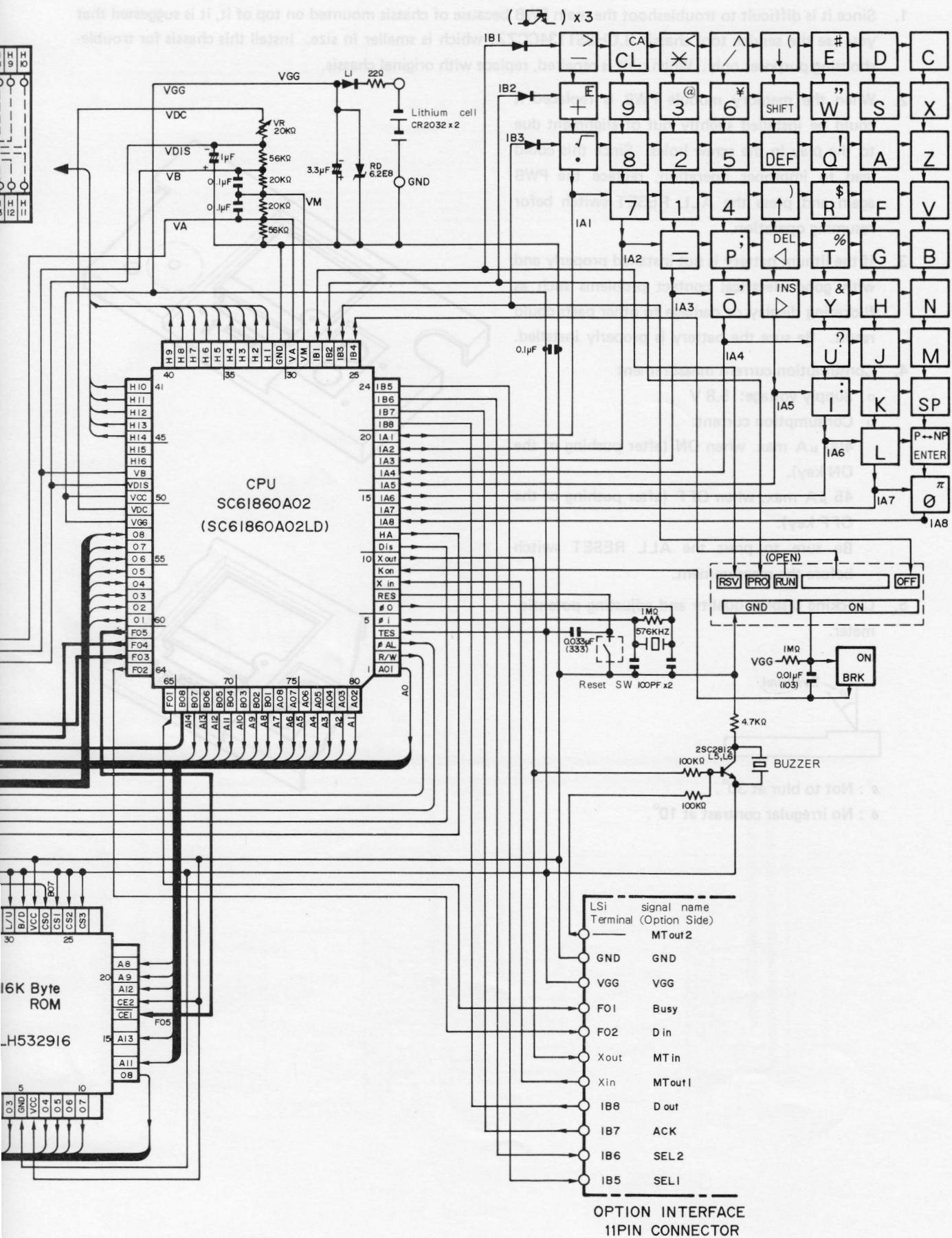
θ : No irregular contrast at 10°.



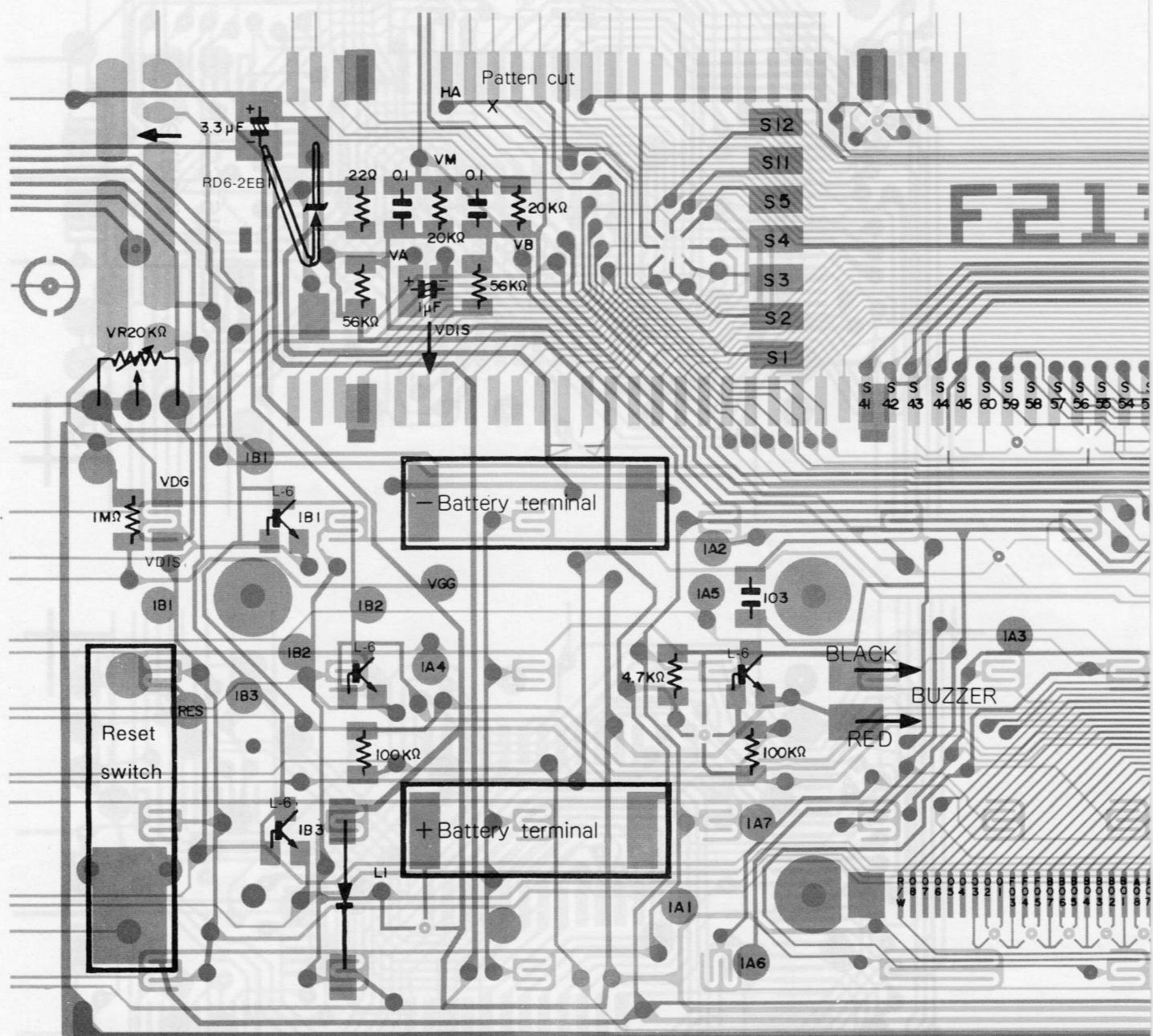
7. CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

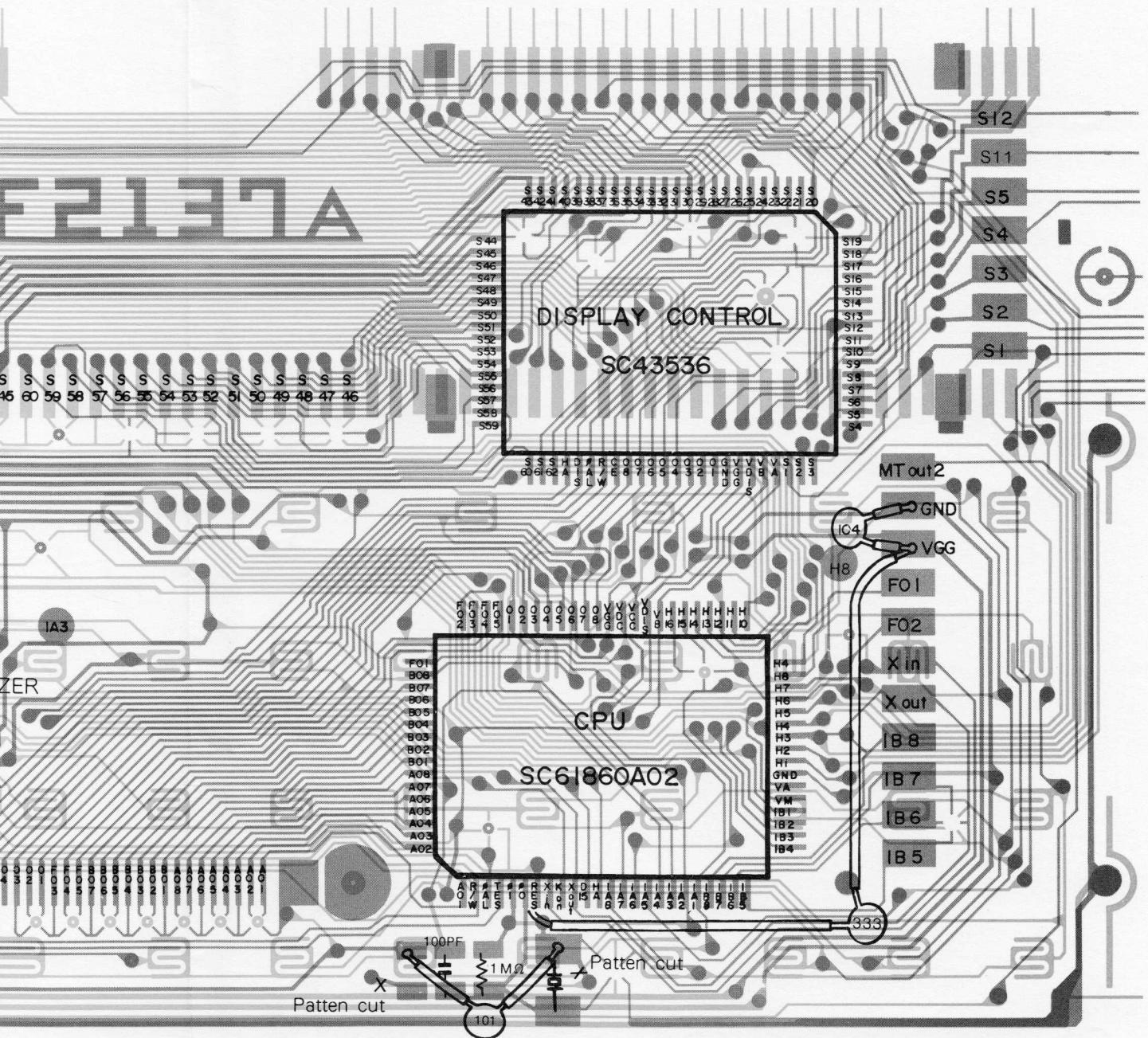
LF - 8I256E (24 Dig 5x7 DOT MATRiX 8symbols)

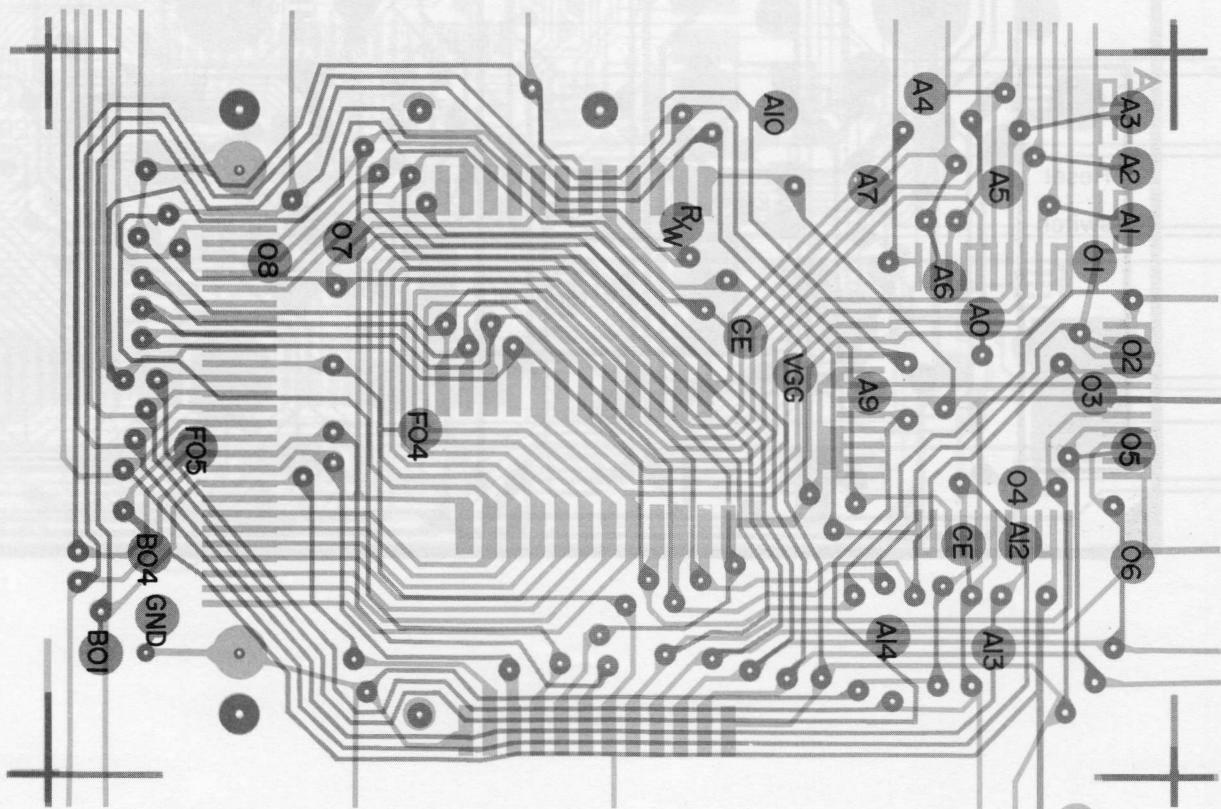
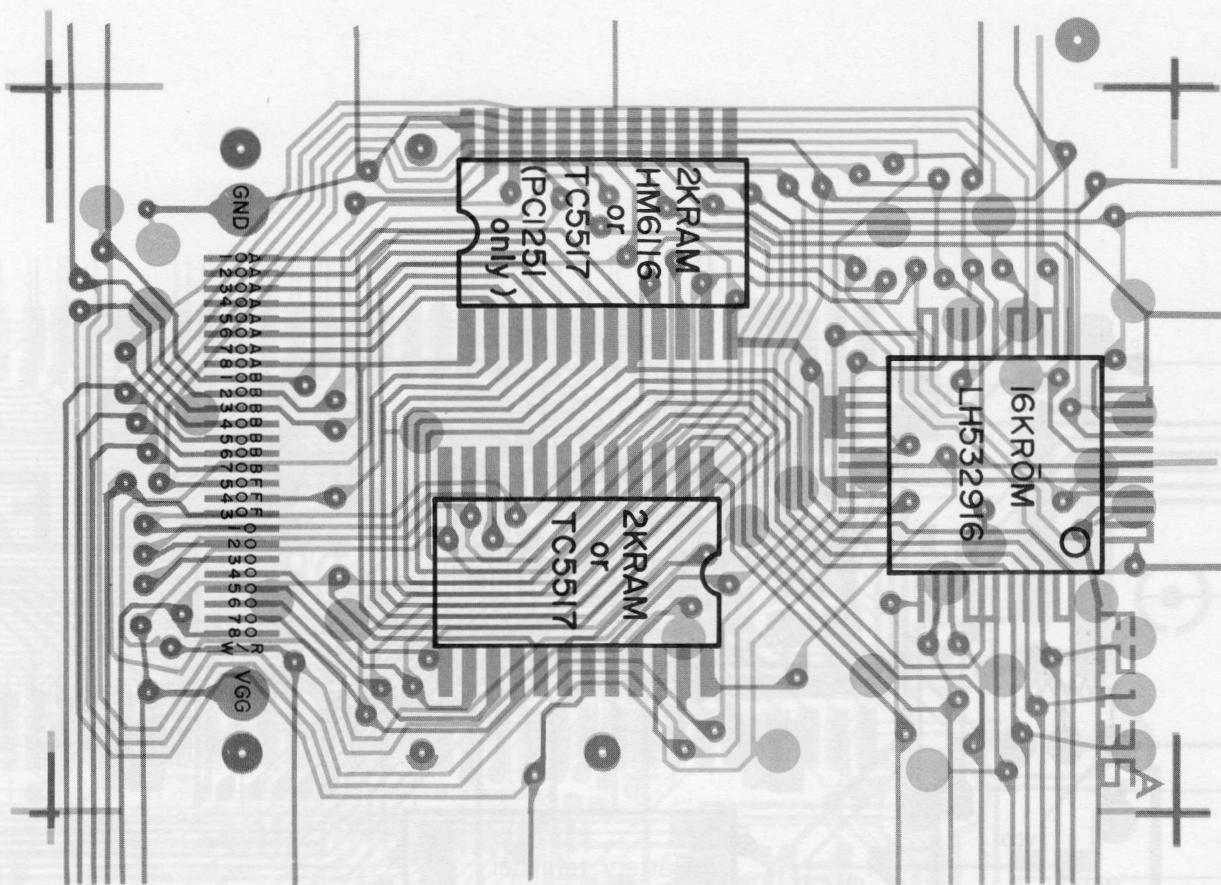


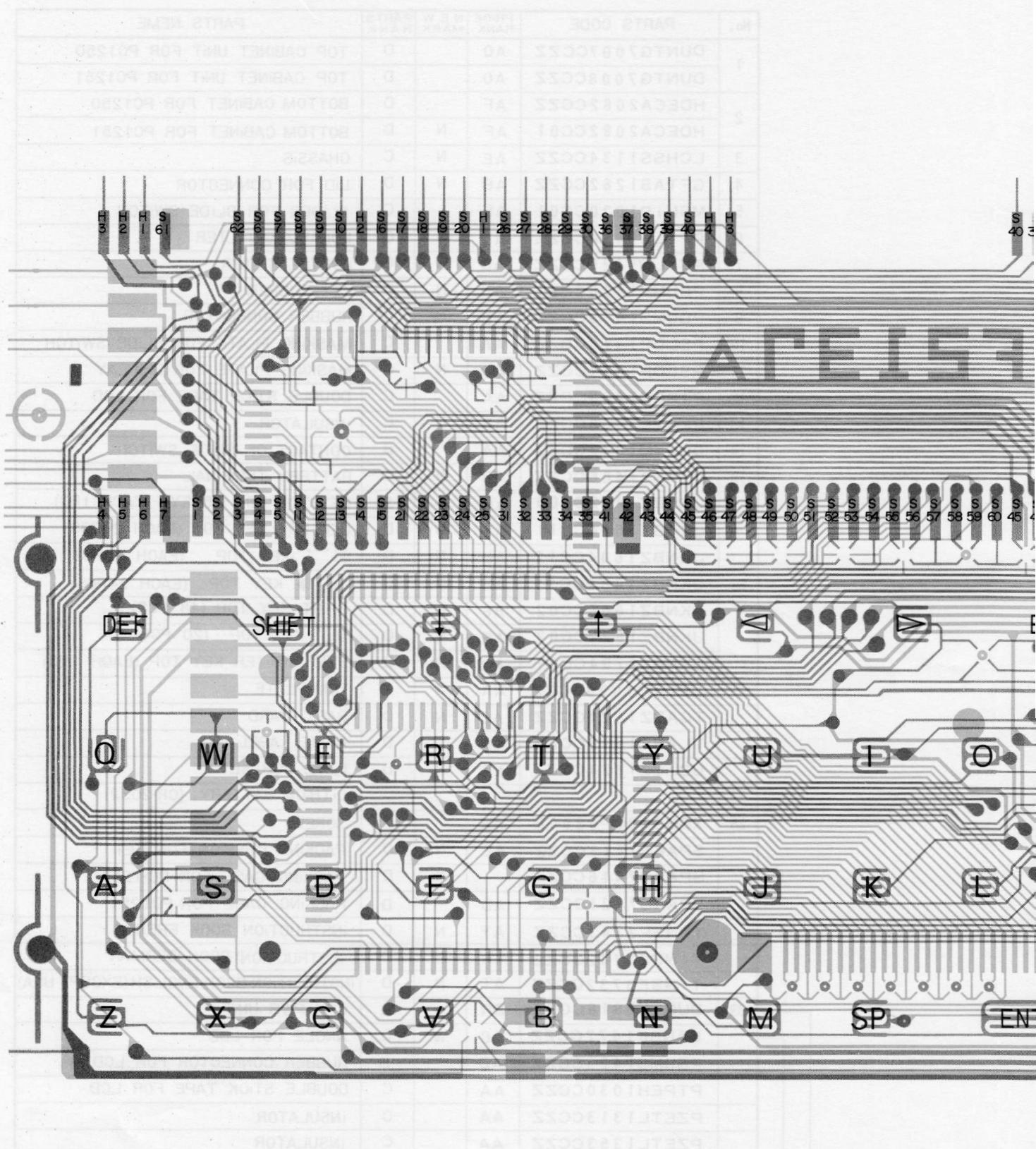


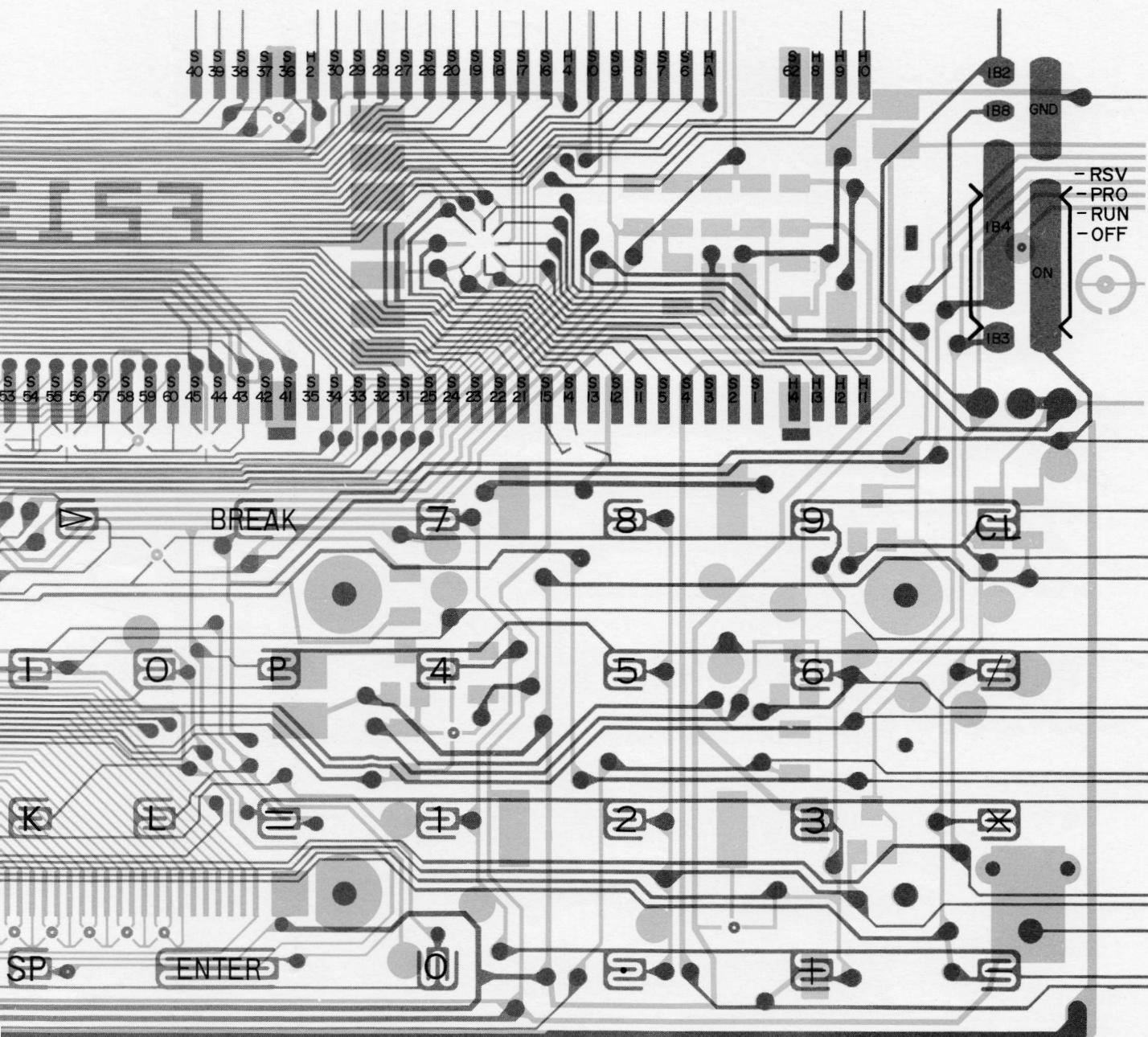
8. PARTS & SIGNAL POSITION









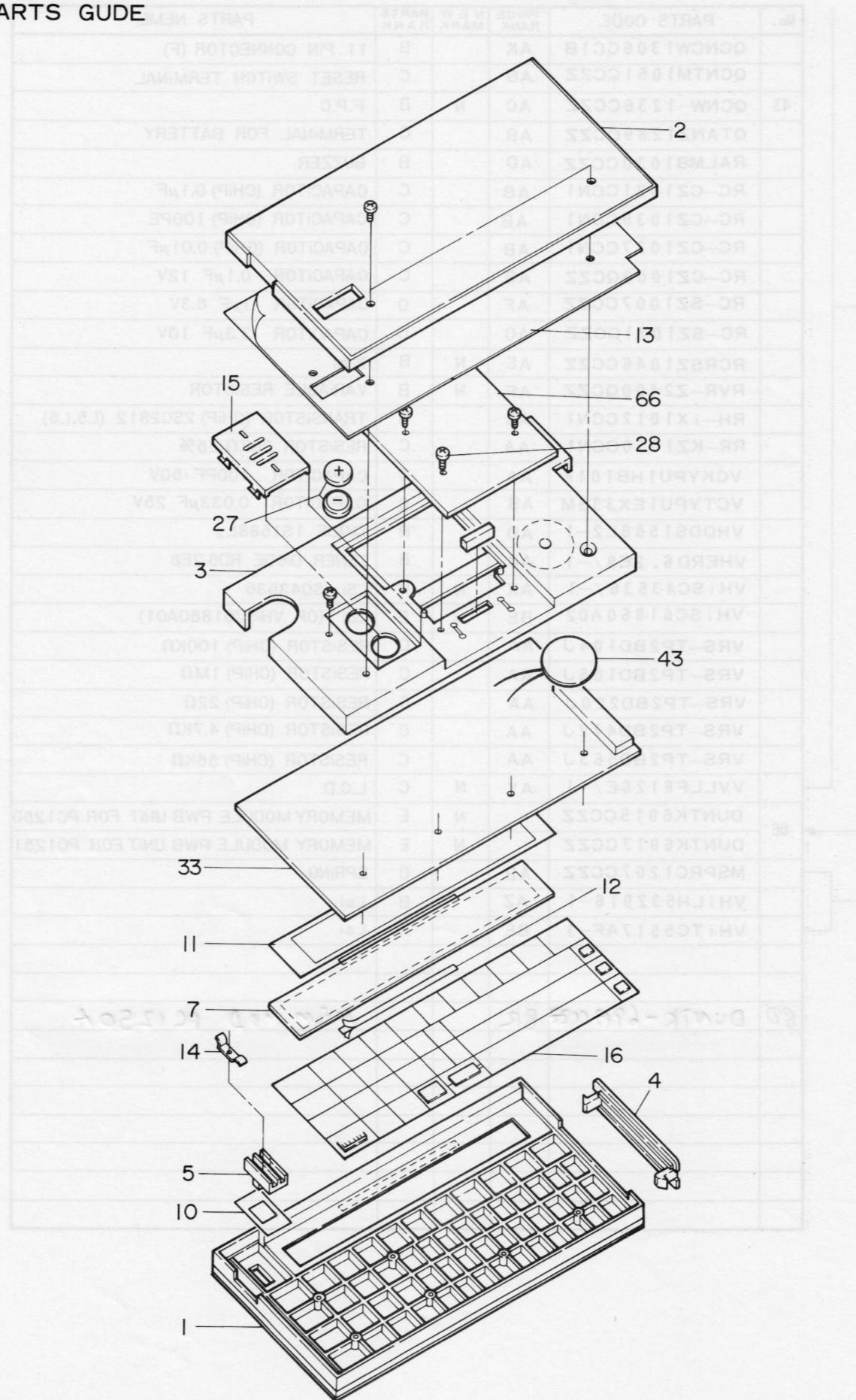


No.	PARTS CODE	PRICE RANK	NEW MARK	PARTS RANK	PARTS NEME
	QCNCW1306CC1B	AK		B	11 PiN CONNECTOR (F)
	QCNTM1051CCZZ	AB		C	RESET SWITCH TERMINAL
43	QCNW-1236CCZZ	AC	N	B	F.P.C
	QTANZ1289CCZZ	AB		C	TERMiNAL FOR BATTERY
	RALMB1030CCZZ	AD		B	BUZZER
	RC-CZ1021CCN1	AB		C	CAPACiTOr (CHiP) 0.1μF
	RC-CZ1035CCN1	AB		C	CAPACiTOr (CHiP) 100PE
	RC-CZ1037CCN1	AB		C	CAPACiTOr (CHiP) 0.01μF
	RC-CZ1000QCZZ	AB		C	CAPACiTOr 0.1μF 12V
	RC-SZ1007CCZZ	AF		C	CAPACiTOr 1μF 6.3V
	RC-SZ1021CCZZ	AC		C	CAPACiTOr 3.3μF 10V
	RCRSZ1046CCZZ	AE	N	B	X'tal
	RVR-Z2400QCZZ	AF	N	B	VARIABLE RESiSTOR
	RH-iX1012CCN1	AC		B	TRANSiSTOR (CHiP) 2SC2812 (L5,L6)
	RR-KZ1050CCN1	AA		C	RESiSTOR 20KΩ±5%
	VCKYPU1HB101K	AA		C	CAPACiTOr 100PF 50V
	VCTYPU1EX333M	AB		C	CAPACiTOr 0.033μF 25V
	VHDDS1588L2-1	AD		B	DiODE 1S1588L2
	VHERD6.2E8/-1	AC		B	ZENER DiODE RD6.2E8
	VHiSC43536/-1	AX	N	B	LSi SC43536
	VHiSC61860A02	BE	N	B	LSi (OR VHiSC61860A01)
	VRS-TP2BD104J	AA		C	RESiSTOR (CHiP) 100KΩ
	VRS-TP2BD105J	AA		C	RESiSTOR (CHiP) 1MΩ
	VRS-TP2BD220J	AA		C	RESiSTOR (CHiP) 22Ω
	VRS-TP2BD472J	AA		C	RESiSTOR (CHiP) 4.7KΩ
	VRS-TP2BD563J	AA		C	RESiSTOR (CHiP) 56KΩ
	VVLLF8126E/-1	AY	N	C	L.C.D.
66	DUNTK6915CCZZ		N	E	MEMORY MODULE PWB UNIT FOR PC1250
	DUNTK6917CCZZ		N	E	MEMORY MODULE PWB UNIT FOR PC1251
	MSPRC1207CCZZ	AB		C	SPRING
	VHiLH532916-1	AZ		B	Lsi
	VHiTC5517AF-1	BE		B	Lsi
80	DUNTK-6917CCZZ BR				MEM MOD PC1250A

80 DUNTK-6917CCZ BR

MBM MOD PC1250A

•PARTS GUIDE





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