

Zephyr Workshop – Kconfig + DeviceTree

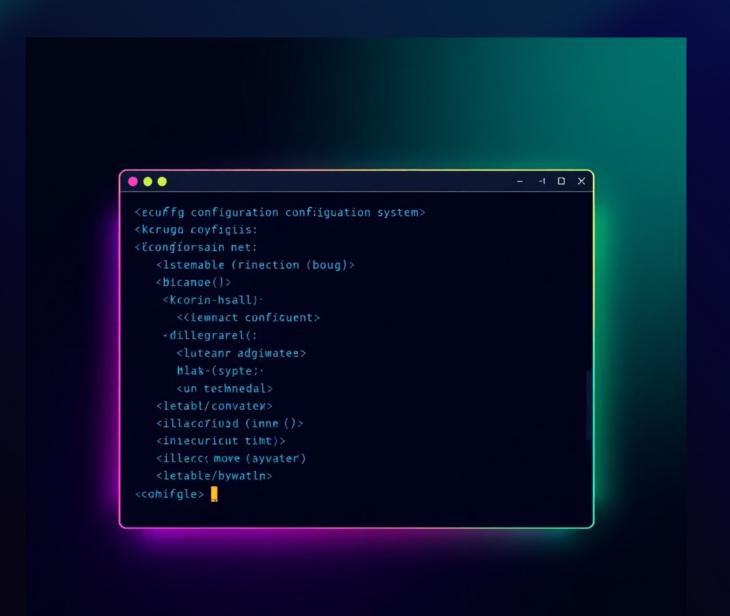
Understanding how Zephyr RTOS configures features and hardware

What is Kconfig?

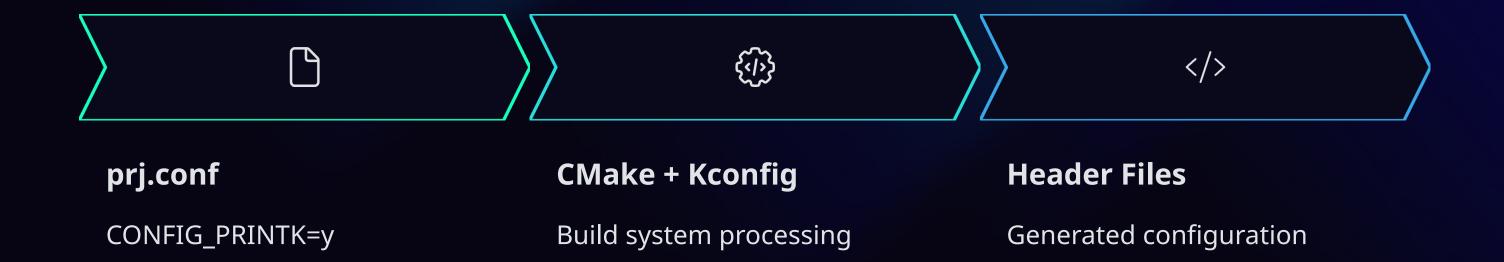
Configuration system for:

- System features
- Drivers
- RTOS options

Options start with 'CONFIG_'



Kconfig – How it Works

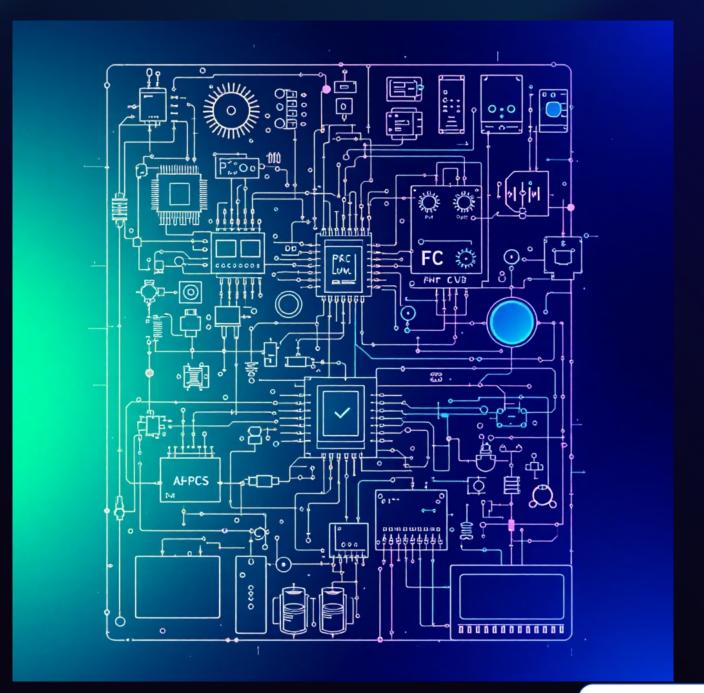


Use 'west build -t menuconfig' to explore

What is DeviceTree?

Hardware description language that:

- Describes hardware layout and connections
- Used by Zephyr at build time to generate hardware abstraction code.
- Files: *.dts (base), *.overlay (app-level override)



DeviceTree

Nodes

Hardware blocks (e.g.,

&gpio0)

Properties

Configuration data (pins, levels)

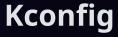
Labels & Aliases

Simplified code access

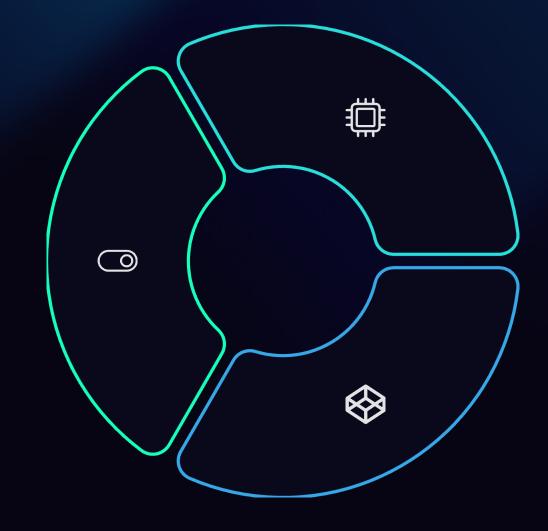


How Kconfig & DeviceTree Work

Together



Enables drivers (CONFIG_GPIO=y)



DeviceTree

Defines hardware (LED on GPIO0, pin 13)

Application

Uses enabled, defined hardware



Live Example – LED

link Start with Hello

> **World** Base project structure

> > **Edit Files**

prj.conf and main.c

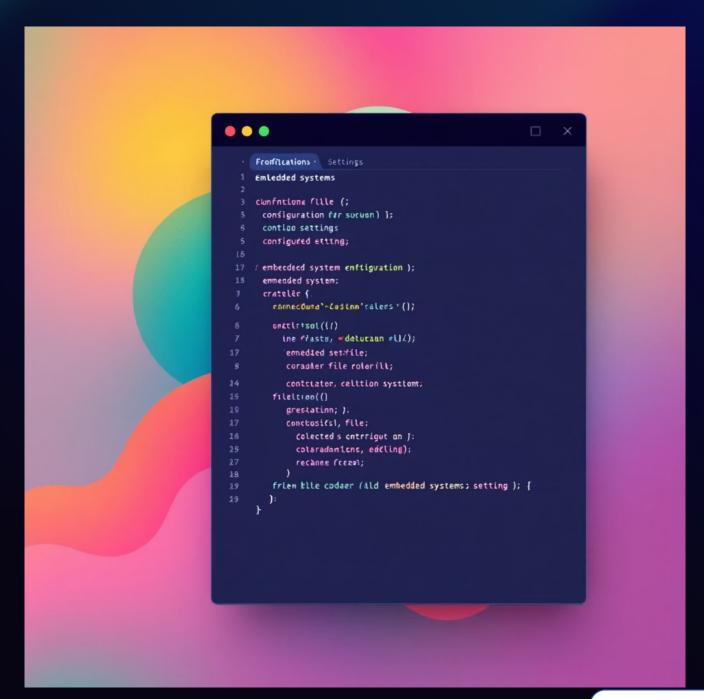
Add app.overlay

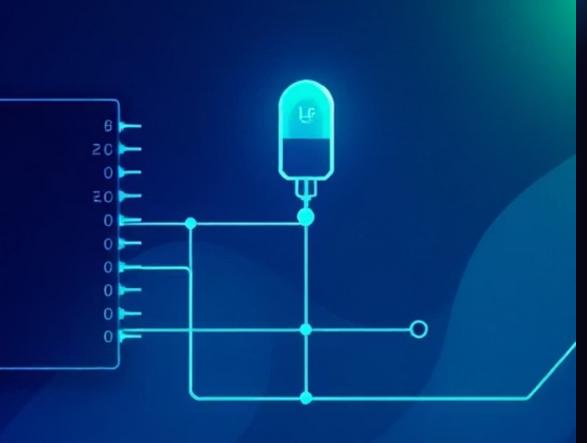
Define LED alias

prj.conf – Example

CONFIG_GPIO=y

Enables the GPIO driver subsystem





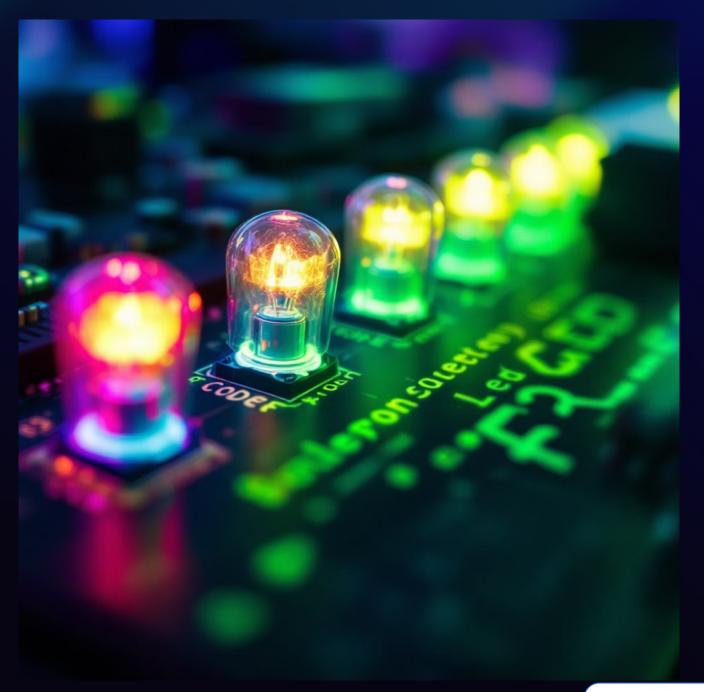
app.overlay -

```
/ {
  aliases {
     led0 = &led0;
  };
```

Defines hardware reference for LED

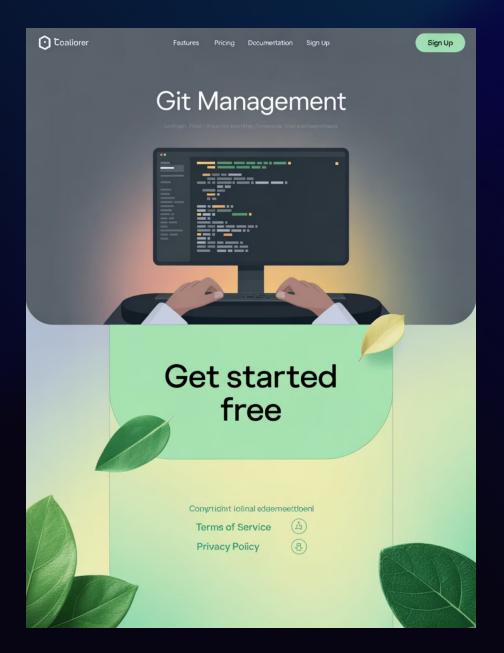
main.c - DeviceTree Usage

Add the code from blinky led sample to main.c



Run the sample

- build and flash on nrf52dk
 files .dts and _defconfig from the folder
 boards/nrf52dk generates the configuration
- Check the file build/zephyr/.config
- Check the file build/zephyr/zephyr.dts



Explore menuconfig

Run: west build -t menuconfig

Enable or disable options

Compare output with build/zephyr/.config now