Contestant Number_
Total Work Time
Rank

COMPUTER SECURITY (54)

—OPEN EVENT—

Regional—2007

TOTAL POINTS	(500)

Failure to adhere to any of the following rules will result in disqualification:

- 1. Contestant must hand in this test booklet and all printouts. Failure to do so will result in disqualification.
- 2. No equipment, supplies, or materials other than those specified for this event are allowed in the testing area. No previous BPA tests and/or sample tests or facsimile (handwritten, photocopied, or keyed) are allowed in the testing area.
- 3. Electronic devices will be monitored according to ACT standards.

Do **NOT** open test booklet until instructed to do so.

Property of Business Professionals of America.

May be reproduced only for use in the Business Professionals of America

Workplace Skills Assessment Program competition.

COMPUTER SECURITY—OPEN EVENT REGIONAL 2007 PAGE 2 of 7

1. Web browsers use TCP/IP to communicate with Web servers.

T		\mathbf{T}_{-1}	۱
True	Or	га	ıse:

	a. True	b. False
2.	You should change you a. True	ur password no more than once a year. b. False
3.	Spoofing is the process legitimate source. a. True	s of fooling another computer by pretending to send packets from a b. False
4.	WEP stands for Wirele a. True	ess Execution Privacy. b. False
5.	Stealth viruses hide ins	side another legitimate program or data file. b. False
6.	Encoding data convert a. True	s <i>ciphertext</i> into <i>plaintext</i> . b. False
7.	Articulation is the product. True	teess of identifying an individual based on user name and password. b. False
8.	Boot sector viruses attaused. a. True	ach themselves to a file or program and activate anytime the file is b. False
9.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	rvice Provider, is a company that has the servers, routers, nd other equipment necessary to establish a presence on the Internet. b. False
10.	EULA stands for End Ua. True	Jser Language Administrator. b. False
11.	In order to communica a. True	te using TCP/IP each Host must have a unique IP address. b. False
12. devie	Certificates may be sto ces attached to your con a. True	ored on your computer's hard disk or on smart cards or other security aputer. b. False
13.	If the URL for a web s a. True	ite begins with https://, the web site does not have a certificate. b. False
14.	The presence of a CA c trusted.	ertificate in this list guarantees that the certificates it issues can be

REC	MPUTER SECURITY—O SIONAL 2007 SE 3 of 7	PEN EVENT
	a. True	b. False
15.	Unauthorized users c a. True	an originate from inside or outside an organization. b. False
16.	Single-user computer a. True	b. False
17.	A software worm is t a. True	he same thing as a virus. b. False
18.	Junk mail or unsolicit a. True	ed e-mail messages sent to computer users are known as <i>turkeys</i> . b. False
19.	A proxy can be set up limits Web sites. a. True	to make a URL check, which will disallow packets to and from off- b. False
20.	Small files stored on y a. True	your hard drive by Web sites that are visited are called <i>cookies</i> . b. False
	Itiple Choice pose the best answer a	nd mark the appropriate letter on your Scantron form.
21.	a. use a firewallb. keep all applicationc. disable scripting f	OT a method to ensure Internet security: n, including your operating system, patched eatures in e-mail programs thods to ensure Internet security
22.	a. firefall b. firewall c. wildfire d. firestarter	re acts as a guard against unwanted network packets.
23.	The IP address is maa. 2 b. 3 c. 4	de up of blocks of three numbers between 0 and 255.

d. 5

REGIONAL 2007 PAGE 4 of 7 act as an intermediary between internal computers and external networks 24. by receiving and selectively blocking data packets. a. Broadband routers b. Proxy servers c. Wireless connectors d. None of the above 25. To deploy both firewalls and proxy servers to work in tandem, both softwares must installed on a(n) a. server gateway b. connectivity gateway c. broadband router d. HTTP download 26. TCP/IP stands for: a. Transmission Communication Procedure/Internet Procedure b. Transmission Connection Procedure/Internet Procedure c. Transmission Communication Protection/Internet Protection d. Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol 27. is encoding text or data so that those who should not see or hear it cannot do a. Encryption b. Enlisting c. Erasure d. Extraction Which of the following is **NOT** a type of computer virus: a. Nuisance Virus b. Data-Destructive Virus c. Espionage Virus d. Epstein-Barr Virus 29. Which of the following are one of the three main functions of a proxy server? a. firewalling and filtering b. connection sharing c. caching d. all of the above 30. A(n) _____ is a user ID and password that provide the highest level of authorization. a. system key b. ultimate code c. system backdoor

COMPUTER SECURITY—OPEN EVENT

d. security keyhole

COMPUTER SECURITY—OPEN EVENT REGIONAL 2007

PAGE 5	5 of 7
--------	--------

31.	A sudden rise or fall in power levels that can permanently damage hardware is called a
	a. surge protector b. power spike
	c. uninterruptible power supply d. none of the above
32.	Which of the following is an element of an effective Disaster Recovery Plan? a. on-system back-up documents b. passwords c. ethical computer use d. redundant systems
33.	Which of the following identifiers can be used with biometric authentication? a. fingerprint b. retinal patterns c. both a and b d. neither a nor be
34.	A(n) is a computer code that can damage or destroy valuable programs and data. a. disease file b. umbrella file c. cyber key d. virus
35.	Which of the following is a common type of encryption: a. secret key b. public key c. neither a nor b d. both a and b
36.	A works by isolating OS functions into separate compartments and restricting the ability of unauthorized users to access key areas of the system. a. MOS b. TOS c. BOS d. POS
37.	Which of these actions will NOT increase the security of your web browsing? a. learn to recognize common scams b. manage user names and passwords c. only browse secure Web sites d. save documents in Desktop folders only

COMPUTER SECURITY—OPEN EVENT REGIONAL 2007

38.	Three common types of permissions within password-protected shares are: (select three)
	a.read-only
	b.full
	c. depends on password
	d.security enhancement
39.	<i>NAT</i> stands for:
	a. Network Access Transcription
	b. Network Address Translation
	c. Network Administrator Transmission
	d. Network Activity Transcript
40.	protect a network by shielding the internal IP addresses from the outside world.
	a. POS
	b. read-only files
	c. NAT
	d. logon attempts
41.	grant access to view, edit, add or delete documents to certain users or groups.
	a. Directory elements
	b. Utilities
	c. Shareware
	d. Permissions
42.	The of the Internet is the collection of major communications pipelines
	that transfer the data from one end of the world to the other.
	a. backbone
	b. skeleton
	c. scaffolding
	d. support
43.	is a programming error which may result in a memory access
	exception, program termination or a breach of system security.
	a. Buffer overflow
	b. Network disconnect
	c. System overflow
	d. none of the above
44.	The process of is identifying exactly what a specific machine will be used for
	and removing or disabling all system components not necessary for that function.
	a. streamlining
	b. focusing
	c. hardening
	d. coaching

COMPUTER SECURITY—OPEN EVENT REGIONAL 2007 PAGE 7 of 7

45.	A	is a distributed system consisting of loosely coupled computers and other
	devices.	
	a. computer	link
	b. network	
	c. chain	
	d. none of th	ne above
46.	A storage ar	ea in computer memory is called a(n)
	a. cell	
	b. cache	
	c. analog	
	d. brouter	
47.		at measures a feature of the human anatomy or a human behavioral trait in atify individuals is called a
	 a. certificate 	program
	b. button	
	c. biometric	device
	d. beta test	
48.	Data that ha	s become unreadable, incomplete or damaged is
	a. corrupt	
	b. compress	ed
	c. customize	ed
	d. collective	
40	T	
49.		zed computer network model, those computers dependent on the master e called
	a. subjects	c cancu
	b. partners	
	-	
	c. surrogates	
	d. elements	
50.	A set of rule	s and procedures for exchanging information between network devices and
	computers is	scalled
	a. prototype	
	b. protocol	
	c. project pla	an
	d. processor	