Question 1

- 20000 tuples
- 600 data pages
- Prefix: 20 bytes
- Full: 30 bytes
- 200 different types
- 50 producers
- Rid has 10 bytes
- Pointer has 6 bytes
- Leaf pages are filled about 70%
- Index page has 4000 Bytes
- 1) We have 200 * 50 = 10000 possible different values. Then as its uniformly distributed we have 10000 data entries

The number of rids per data entry is $\left(\frac{number\ of\ tuples}{diff\ values}\right) = \frac{20000}{10000} = 2$

The average length of a data entry is $size\ of\ key + nb)(rids * size(rids) = 30 * 2 + 2 * 10 = 80$

2) The average number of data entry per intermediate page Is $\frac{4000*0.7}{46} = 107$ Average nb of data entry per page is $\frac{0.7*4000}{98} = 28$

Number of leaf pages is $\frac{10000}{28} = 357$

- Entry size in leaf pages = size of key + size of rid = 30 + 10 = 40
- Size of tuples = 4 + 30 * 3 + 4 = 98
- Index entry size in root and intermediate pages = size of key + size of pointer = 20 * 2 + 6 = 46