

Worksheet 0: Building a Simple ADT Using an Array

In Preparation: Read about basic ADTs.

In this worksheet we will construct a simple BAG and STACK abstraction on top of an array. Assume we have the following interface file (arrayBagStack.h) :

```
# ifndef ArrayBagStack
# define ArrayBagStack

# define TYPE int
# define EQ(a, b) (a == b)

struct arrayBagStack {
    TYPE data [100];
    int count;
};

void initArray(struct arrayBagStack * b);
void addArray (struct arrayBagStack * b, TYPE v);
int containsArray (struct arrayBagStack * b, TYPE v);
void removeArray (struct arrayBagStack * b, TYPE v);
int sizeArray (struct arrayBagStack * b);

void pushArray (struct arrayBagStack * b, TYPE v);
TYPE topArray (struct arrayBagStack * b);
void popArray (struct arrayBagStack * b);
int isEmptyArray (struct arrayBagStack * b);
# endif
```

Your job, for this worksheet, is to provide implementations for all these operations.

```
void initArray (struct arrayBagStack * b){

    b->count = 0;

}
```

```
/* Bag Interface Functions */
```

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```
void addArray (struct arrayBagStack * b, TYPE v) {
    if (b->count < 100){
        b->data[b->count++] = v;
    }
}

int containsArray (struct arrayBagStack * b, TYPE v){
    int i;

    for (i = 0; i < b->count; i++){
        if(b->data[i] == v){
            return 1;
        }
    }
    return 0;
}

void removeArray (struct arrayBagStack * b, TYPE v) {
    int i;

    for (i = 0; i < b->count; i++){
        if (b->data[i] == v){
            // found it, now remove and shift
            while (i < b->count){
                b->data[i] = b->data[i+1];
                i++;
            }
            b->count--;
            return;
        }
    }
}

int sizeArray (struct arrayBagStack * b) {
```

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```
        return b->count;

    }

/* Stack Interterface Functions */

void pushArray (struct arrayBagStack * b, TYPE v)
{ if (b->count < 100){
    b->data[b->count++] = v;
    }

}

TYPE topArray (struct arrayBagStack * b)
{ Assert(b->count == 0){
    return b->data[b->count-1];
}

}

void popArray (struct arrayBagStack * b)
{ if (b->count > 0){
    b->count--;
    }

}

int isEmptyArray (struct arrayBagStack * b)
{
    if (b->count == 0)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

A Better Solution...

This solution has one problem. The `arrayBagStack` structure is in the `.h` file and therefore exposed to the users of the data structure. How can we get around this problem? Think about it...we'll return to this question soon.