

APACHE HIVE





A Petabyte Scale Data Warehouse Using Hadoop

Hive is developed by Facebook, designed to enable easy data summarization, ad-hoc querying and analysis of large volumes of data. It provides a simple query language called Hive QL, which is based on SQL



What Hive is NOT



Hive is not designed for online transaction processing and does not offer real-time queries and row level updates. It is best used for batch jobs over large sets of immutable data (like web logs, etc.).

Sample HiveQL

The Query compiler uses the information stored in the metastore to convert SQL queries into a sequence of map/reduce jobs, e.g. the following query

SELECT * FROM t where t.c = 'xyz'

SELECT t1.c2 FROM t1 JOIN t2 ON (t1.c1 = t2.c1)

SELECT t1.c1, count(1) from t1 group by t1.c1

Hive Built in Functions



Return Type	Function Name (Signature)	Description
BIGINT BIGINT BIGINT double	round(double a) floor(double a) ceil(double a) rand(), rand(int seed)	returns the rounded BIGINT value of the double returns the maximum BIGINT value that is equal or less than the double returns the minimum BIGINT value that is equal or greater than the double returns a random number (that changes from row to row). Specifiying the seed will make sure the generated
string	concat(string A, string B,)	random number sequence is deterministic. returns the string resulting from concatenating B after A. For example, concat('foo', 'bar') results in 'foobar'. This function accepts arbitrary number of arguments and return the concatenation of all of them.
string	substr(string A, int start)	returns the substring of A starting from start position till the end of string A. For example, substr('foobar', 4) results in 'bar'
string	substr(string A, int start, int length)	returns the substring of A starting from start position with the given length e.g. substr('foobar', 4, 2) results in 'ba'
string	upper(string A)	returns the string resulting from converting all characters of A to upper case e.g. upper('fOoBaR') results in 'FOOBAR'
string	ucase(string A)	Same as upper
string	lower(string A)	returns the string resulting from converting all characters of B to lower case e.g. lower('fOoBaR') results in 'foobar'
string	Icase(string A)	Same as lower
string	trim(string A)	returns the string resulting from trimming spaces from both ends of A e.g. trim(' foobar') results in 'foobar'
string	Itrim(string A)	returns the string resulting from trimming spaces from the beginning(left hand side) of A. For example, ltrim(' foobar ') results in 'foobar '
string	rtrim(string A)	returns the string resulting from trimming spaces from the end(right hand side) of A. For example, rtrim(' foobar') results in ' foobar'
string	regexp_replace(string A, string B, string C)	returns the string resulting from replacing all substrings in B that match the Java regular expression syntax(See Java regular expressions syntax) with C. For example, regexp_replace('foobar', 'oo ar',) returns 'fb'
string	from_unixtime(int unixtime)	convert the number of seconds from unix epoch (1970-01-01 00:00:00 UTC) to a string representing the timestamp of that moment in the current system time zone in the format of "1970-01-01 00:00:00"
string	to_date(string timestamp)	Return the date part of a timestamp string: to_date("1970-01-01 00:00:00") = "1970-01-01"
int	year(string date)	Return the year part of a date or a timestamp string: year("1970-01-01 00:00:00") = 1970, year("1970-01-01") = 1970
int	month(string date)	Return the month part of a date or a timestamp string: month("1970-11-01 00:00:00") = 11, month("1970-11-01") = 11
int	day(string date)	Return the day part of a date or a timestamp string: day("1970-11-01 00:00:00") = 1, day("1970-11-01") = 1
string	get_json_object(string json_string, string path)	Extract json object from a json string based on json path specified, and return json string of the extracted json object. It will return null if the input json string is invalid

Hive Commands



Command Line

Function	Hive	
Run query	hive -e 'select a.col from tab1 a'	
Run query silent mode	hive -S -e 'select a.col from tab1 a'	
Set hive config variables	hive -e 'select a.col from tab1 a' -hiveconf hive.root.logger=DEBUG,console	
Use initialization script	hive -i initialize.sql	
Run non-interactive script	hive -f script.sql	

Hive Shell

Function	Hive
Run script inside shell	source file_name
Run Is (dfs) commands	dfs -ls /user
Run Is (bash command) from shell	!1s
Set configuration variables	set mapred.reduce.tasks=32
TAB auto completion	set hive. <tab></tab>
Show all variables starting with hive	set
Revert all variables	reset
Add jar to distributed cache	add jar jar_path
Show all jars in distributed cache	list jars
Delete jar from distributed cache	delete jar jar_name

Hive Tables



Managed-CREATE TABLE

LOAD- File moved into Hive's data warehouse directory

DROP- Both data and metadata are deleted.

External- CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE

LOAD- No file moved

DROP- Only metadata deleted

Use when sharing data between Hive and Hadoop applications or you want to use multiple schema on the same data

Hive External Table



- CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE external_Table (dummy STRING)
- LOCATION '/user/notroot/external_table';

Dropping External Table using Hive Hive will delete metadata from metastore Hive will NOT delete the HDFS file You need to manually delete the HDFS file

HiveQL and MySQL Comparison



Metadata

Function	MySQL	HiveQL
Selecting a database	USE database;	USE database;
Listing databases	SHOW DATABASES;	SHOW DATABASES;
Listing tables in a database	SHOW TABLES;	SHOW TABLES;
Describing the format of a table	DESCRIBE table;	DESCRIBE (FORMATTED EXTENDED) table;
Creating a database	CREATE DATABASE db_name;	CREATE DATABASE db_name;
Dropping a database	DROP DATABASE db_name;	DROP DATABASE db_name (CASCADE);

HiveQL and MySQL Query Comparison



Query

Function	MySQL	HiveQL
Retrieving information	SELECT from_columns FROM table WHERE conditions;	SELECT from_columns FROM table WHERE conditions;
All values	SELECT * FROM table;	SELECT * FROM table;
Some values	SELECT * FROM table WHERE rec_name = "value";	SELECT * FROM table WHERE rec_name = "value";
Multiple criteria	SELECT * FROM table WHERE rec1="value1" AND rec2="value2";	SELECT * FROM TABLE WHERE rec1 = "value1" AND rec2 = "value2";
Selecting specific columns	SELECT column_name FROM table;	SELECT column_name FROM table;
Retrieving unique output records	SELECT DISTINCT column_name FROM table;	SELECT DISTINCT column_name FROM table;
Sorting	SELECT col1, col2 FROM table ORDER BY col2;	SELECT col1, col2 FROM table ORDER BY col2;
Sorting backward	SELECT col1, col2 FROM table ORDER BY col2 DESC;	SELECT col1, col2 FROM table ORDER BY col2 DESC;
Counting rows	SELECT COUNT(*) FROM table;	SELECT COUNT(*) FROM table;
Grouping with counting	SELECT owner, COUNT(*) FROM table GROUP BY owner;	SELECT owner, COUNT(*) FROM table GROUP BY owner;
Maximum value	SELECT MAX(col_name) AS label FROM table;	SELECT MAX(col_name) AS label FROM table;
Selecting from multiple tables (Join same table using alias w/"AS")	SELECT pet.name, comment FROM pet, event WHERE pet.name = event.name;	SELECT pet.name, comment FROM pet JOIN event ON (pet.name = event.name);

Loading Data using Hive



Start Hive

\$ hive

Quit from Hive

hive> quit;

[cloudera@quickstart guest1]\$ hive

2016-10-13 02:08:13,500 WARN [main] mapreduce.TableMapReduceUtil: The hbase-prefix-tree module jar containing PrefixTreeCodec is not present. Continuing without it.

Logging initialized using configuration in file:/etc/hive/conf.dist/hive-log4j.properties WARNING: Hive CLI is deprecated and migration to Beeline is recommended. hive> ■

Create Hive Table



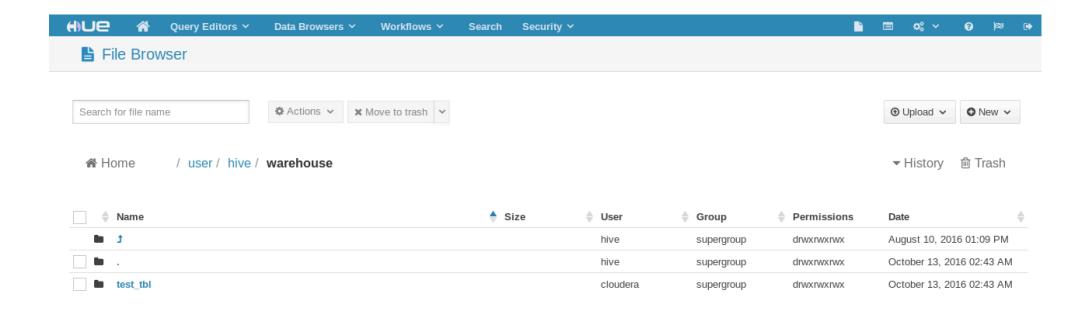
hive> CREATE TABLE TEST_TBL(ID INT,COUNTRY STRING) ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',' STORED AS TEXTFILE;

hive> SHOW TABLES;

hive > describe test_tbl;

Reviewing Hive Table in HDFS





Alter and Drop Hive Table



```
Hive > alter table test_tbl add columns (remarks STRING);
```

hive > describe test_tbl;

OK

id int

country string

remarks string

Time taken: 0.077 seconds

hive > drop table test_tbl;

OK

Time taken: 0.9 seconds

Preparing Large Dataset



http://grouplens.org/datasets/movielens/

grouplens

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MovieLens

GroupLens Research has collected and made available rating data sets from the MovieLens web site (http://movielens.org). The data sets were collected over various periods of time, depending on the size of the set. Before using these data sets, please review their README files for the usage licenses and other details.

Help our research lab: Please take a short survey about the MovieLens datasets

MovieLens 100k

100,000 ratings from 1000 users on 1700 movies.

- README.txt
- ml-100k.zip
- Index of unzipped files

MovieLens 1M

1 million ratings from 6000 users on 4000 movies.

README.txt

Datasets

MovieLens

HetRec 2011

WikiLens

Book-Crossing

Jester

EachMovie

MovieLens Dataset



- 1)Open Terminal
- 2)Type command > mkdir movielens_dataset
- 3)Type command >cd movielens_dataset
- 4)Type command > wget http://files.grouplens.org/datasets/movielens/ ml-100k.zip
- 5)Type command > unzip ml-100k.zip
- 6)Type command > more ml-100k/u.user

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ mkdir movielens dataset
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ cd movielens dataset/
[cloudera@quickstart movielens dataset] wget http://files.grouplens.org/dat
s/movielens/ml-100k.zip
--2016-10-13 03:07:20-- http://files.grouplens.org/datasets/movielens/ml-16
Resolving files.grouplens.org... 128.101.34.146
Connecting to files.grouplens.org | 128.101.34.146 | :80... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 4924029 (4.7M) [application/zip]
Saving to: "ml-100k.zip"
100%[=======] 4.924.029
2016-10-13 03:08:02 (135 KB/s) - "ml-100k.zip" saved [4924029/4924029]
[cloudera@quickstart movielens dataset]$ unzip ml-100k.zip
Archive: ml-100k.zip
  creating: ml-100k/
 inflating: ml-100k/allbut.pl
 inflating: ml-100k/mku.sh
 inflating: ml-100k/README
 inflating: ml-100k/u.data
```

```
[cloudera@quickstart movielens dataset]$ more ml-100k/u.user
1|24|M|technician|85711
2|53|F|other|94043
3|23|M|writer|32067
4|24|M|technician|43537
5|33|F|other|15213
6|42|M|executive|98101
7|57|M|administrator|91344
8|36|M|administrator|05201
9|29|M|student|01002
10|53|M|lawyer|90703
11|39|F|other|30329
12|28|F|other|06405
13|47|M|educator|29206
14|45|M|scientist|55106
15|49|F|educator|97301
16|21|M|entertainment|10309
17|30|M|programmer|06355
```

Moving dataset to HDFS



- 1)Type command > cd ml-100k
- 2)Type command > hadoop fs -mkdir /user/cloudera/movielens
- 3)Type command > hadoop fs -put u.user /user/cloudera/movielens
- 4)Type command > hadoop fs -ls /user/cloudera/movielens

```
[cloudera@quickstart movielens_dataset]$ cd ml-100k
[cloudera@quickstart ml-100k]$ hadoop fs -mkdir /user/cloudera/movielens
[cloudera@quickstart ml-100k]$ hadoop fs -put u.user /user/cloudera/movielens
[cloudera@quickstart ml-100k]$ hadoop fs -ls /user/cloudera/movielens
Found 1 items
-rw-r--r-- 1 cloudera cloudera 22628 2016-10-13 03:16 /user/cloudera/movielens/u.user
[cloudera@quickstart ml-100k]$
```

CREATE & SELECT TABLE



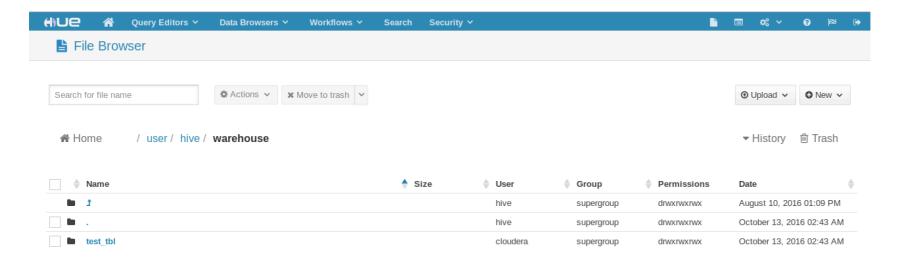
Type command > hive

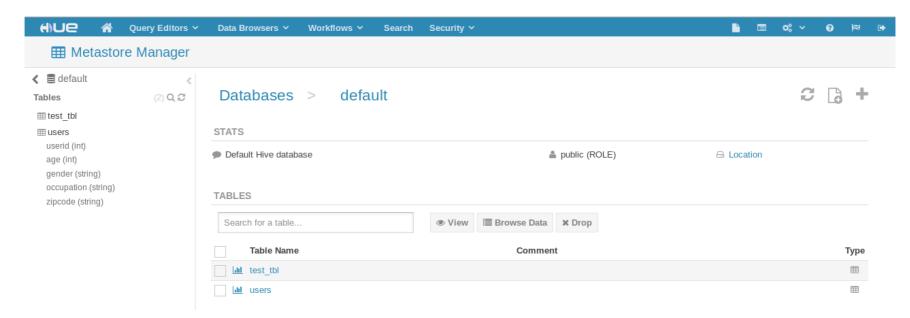
hive> create external table users (userid int,age int, gender string,occupation string ,zipcode string) row format delimited fields terminated by '|' stored as textfile location '/user/cloudera/movielens'; hive > select * from users;

```
hive> CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE users (userid INT, age INT,
        gender STRING, occupation STRING, zipcode STRING) ROW FORMAT
    > DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY '|' STORED AS TEXTFILE
    > LOCATION '/user/cloudera/movielens';
0K
Time taken: 0.646 seconds
hive> SELECT * FROM users;
0K
                                         85711
        24
                        technician
        53
                                94043
                        other
        23
                        writer 32067
        24
                                         43537
                        technician
5
        33
                        other
                                15213
        42
                                         98101
                        executive
        57
                        administrator
                                         91344
                        administrator
                                         05201
```

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE Not File Moved







Starting Hive Editor on HUE



