EXHIBIT 1.5

Intellectual Capital Components

Human

Attitude

Competencies

Education

Knowledge

Skills

Customer

Brand

Company name

Customers

Distribution channels

Franchise agreements

License agreements

Loyalty

Structural

Copyright

Corporate culture

Design rights

Financial relations

Information technology infrastructure

Management processes

Service marks

Trade secrets

Trademarks

Since management in every organization manipulates human, structural, and customer capital, every organization uses Knowledge Management to some degree, though not necessarily in a sophisticated, formalized way. Not only does the relative percentage of the three types of intellectual capital vary from one company to the next, but the percent of human, customer, and structural capital varies from company to company, as well.