

# Problem 1

$$\arg \min \frac{1}{2} \|w\|^2 + \frac{c}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i^2 \quad \text{s.t. } y_i(w^T x_i + b) \geq 1 - \xi_i \quad \forall i \in [n]$$

①

- Lagrangian Primal Function:

- Use Lagrangian Multiplier

to make in terms of  $\alpha$

$$L_p = \frac{1}{2} \|w\|^2 + \frac{c}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i^2 - \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i [y_i(w^T x_i + b) - 1 + \xi_i]$$

②

Minimize w.r.t  $w, b$ , and  $\xi$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w} = w + 0 - \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i x_i + 0 \rightarrow w = \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i x_i \quad \text{solve for } w$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial b} = 0 + 0 + \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i + 0 \rightarrow \frac{\partial L}{\partial b} = \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i = 0 \quad \text{New constraint}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \xi_i} = 0 + c \xi_i - 0 - \alpha_i \rightarrow \frac{\partial L}{\partial \xi_i} = c \xi_i - \alpha_i = 0 \rightarrow \xi_i = \frac{\alpha_i}{c}$$

"b" gets canceled out since

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i = 0$$

③

- Re-work to Lagrangian Dual Function:

$$\|w\|_2^2 = w^T w = \left( \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i x_i \right)^T \left( \sum_{j=1}^n \alpha_j y_j x_j \right) = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j \quad \text{From Lecture (2/7-2/9)}$$

$$L_D = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j - \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i [y_i (\sum_{j=1}^n \alpha_j y_j x_j^T x_i + b) - 1 + \frac{\alpha_i}{c}]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j - \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j - b \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i + \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i - \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\alpha_i^2}{c}$$

$$+ \frac{c}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\alpha_i^2}{c^2} = -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j + \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i + \frac{1}{c} \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i^2 - \frac{1}{2c} \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i^2$$

$$\arg \max_{\alpha} = \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j - \frac{1}{2c} \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i^2$$

$$\text{s.t. } \alpha_i \geq 0 \quad \forall i \in [n] \quad \text{and} \quad \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i = 0$$

## Problem 2

### Problem 2 Domain Adaptation SVM

Primal optimisation problem:  $\arg \min \frac{1}{2} \|w\|_2^2 + C \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i - B w^T w_s$

$\xi_i$ : Slack variable

s.t.

$w_s$ : h.p. target

Constraints: ①  $y_i (w^T x_i + b) \geq 1 - \xi_i \quad \forall i \in \{1, \dots, n\}$

$w_t$ : h.p. source

②  $\xi_i \geq 0$

$\forall i \in \{1, \dots, n\}$

$C, B$ : regularization params.

Find h.p.  $w_t$  to minimize the opt problem s.t constraints.

Find the dual form.

i) Using Lagrangian multipliers ( $\alpha_i, \mu_i$ ) in Primal form:

$$L_P = \frac{1}{2} \|w\|_2^2 + C \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i - B w^T w_s - \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i [y_i (w^T x_i + b) - 1 + \xi_i] - \sum_{i=1}^n \mu_i \xi_i$$

ii) Minimise find  $\frac{\partial L_P}{\partial w_t}, \frac{\partial L_P}{\partial b}, \frac{\partial L_P}{\partial \xi_i}$ :

$$\frac{\partial L_P}{\partial w_t} = w_t + 0 - B w_s - \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i x_i - 0 = 0$$

$$= w_t - B w_s - \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i x_i = 0 \rightarrow w_t = B w_s + \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i x_i$$

$$\frac{\partial L_P}{\partial b} = 0 + 0 - 0 + \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i - 0 = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial L_P}{\partial \xi_i} = 0 + C - 0 - \alpha_i - \mu_i = 0$$

new constraint:

$$= C - \alpha_i - \mu_i = 0 \rightarrow C = \alpha_i + \mu_i \quad 0 \leq \alpha_i \leq C$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{NOTE: } \|w\|_2^2 &= w^T w = (B w_s + \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i x_i)^T (B w_s + \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i x_i) \\ &= B^T w_s^T w_s + B w_s^T \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i x_i + B w_s \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i x_i^T + \sum_{i,j=1}^n \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i x_j^T \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ B w_s^T w_s + B w_s^T \sum_i \alpha_i y_i x + B w_s \sum_i \alpha_i y_i x^T + \sum_i \sum_j \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j \right] \\
 &\quad + C \sum_i \xi_i - B \left[ B w_s + \sum_i \alpha_i y_i x \right]^T w_s \\
 &\quad - \sum_i \alpha_i \left[ y_i \left( B w_s + \sum_i \alpha_i y_i x \right)^T x_i - b \right] - 1 + \xi_i - \sum_i \xi_i \mu_i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{1}{2} Q + C \sum_i \xi_i - B^T w_s^T w_s - B w_s \sum_i \alpha_i y_i x^T \\
 &\quad - \sum_i \alpha_i \left[ B w_s^T y_i x_i + \sum_i \sum_j \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j - b y_i - 1 + \xi_i \right] - \sum_i \xi_i \mu_i \\
 &\quad - B w_s^T \sum_i \alpha_i y_i x_i - \sum_i \sum_j \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j + b \sum_i \alpha_i y_i + \sum_i \alpha_i - \sum_i \alpha_i \xi_i \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} B^T w_s^T w_s + \frac{1}{2} B w_s^T \sum_i \alpha_i y_i x + \frac{1}{2} B w_s \sum_i \alpha_i y_i x^T + \frac{1}{2} \sum_i \sum_j \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j \\
 &\quad + C \sum_i \xi_i - B^T w_s^T w_s - B w_s \sum_i \alpha_i y_i x^T \\
 &\quad - B w_s^T \sum_i \alpha_i y_i x - \sum_i \sum_j \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j + b \sum_i \alpha_i y_i + \sum_i \alpha_i - \sum_i \alpha_i \xi_i - \sum_i \xi_i \mu_i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= -\frac{1}{2} B^T w_s^T w_s - \frac{1}{2} B w_s^T \sum_i \alpha_i y_i x_i - \frac{1}{2} B w_s \sum_i \alpha_i y_i x_i^T \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{2} \sum_i \sum_j \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j + C \sum_i \xi_i + \sum_i \alpha_i - \sum_i \alpha_i \xi_i - \sum_i \xi_i \mu_i \\
 &\quad \underbrace{\sum_i \xi_i (C - \alpha_i - \mu_i)}_{\substack{\text{Fall out} \\ \sum \xi_i}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= -\frac{1}{2} B^T w_s^T w_s + \sum_i \alpha_i - B w_s \sum_i \alpha_i y_i x_i \\
 &\quad - \frac{1}{2} \sum_i \sum_j \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= -\frac{B^T}{2} w_s^T w_s + \sum_i \alpha_i (1 - B y_i x_i^T w_s) - \frac{1}{2} \sum_i \sum_j \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j$$

Since we are optimizing alpha, the front term is constant and can be dropped

$$-\frac{B^2}{2} W_s^T W_s +$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{argmax}_{\alpha} \quad \sum \alpha_i (1 - B y_i x_i^T W_s) - \frac{1}{2} \sum \sum \alpha_i \alpha_j y_i y_j x_i^T x_j \\ & \text{s.t.} \quad 0 \leq \alpha_i \leq C \\ & \quad \sum_{i=1}^n \alpha_i y_i = 0 \end{aligned}$$