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# Veeam Backup: Secure Restore at scale



Ton Huynh

Principle Systems Engineer  
Veeam Software



Johan Huttenga

Staff Solutions Architect  
Veeam Software

# About Ton



## Principal Systems Engineer at Veeam®

A background in enterprise solutions design, architecture and integration involving both on-premises and cloud technology stacks.

In my free time you can find me at Disneyland with my family or watching my kids play sports.



# About Johan



## Staff Solutions Architect at Veeam

A background in operations, solutions architecture, automation, development and cloud and is responsible for joint Microsoft and Microsoft Azure technical initiatives.

In my free time, you can find me coding, hiking, paddle boarding or building something out of Legos with my three-year-old.



# Agenda

- Ransomware is a key reason for backup
- As a customer I want to ensure that my backup data is clean
- How can perform data security scanning and integrate this with monitoring or a SIEM solution at scale in the real world?

| We'll be discussing a real customer scenario, with real code and a real demo



# The use case for "Secure Restore" at scale



# Customer profile

## Environment

**3100** VMs

(Windows and Linux)

**150**

Veeam Agents

**500** TB

NAS Backup

Veeam Backup and Replication™ v11a

Veeam ONE™ v11a

10 proxy servers:

- Virtual
- Physical

Seven Scale-Out Backup Repositories™:

- Mix of two to six extents

Five standalone repositories

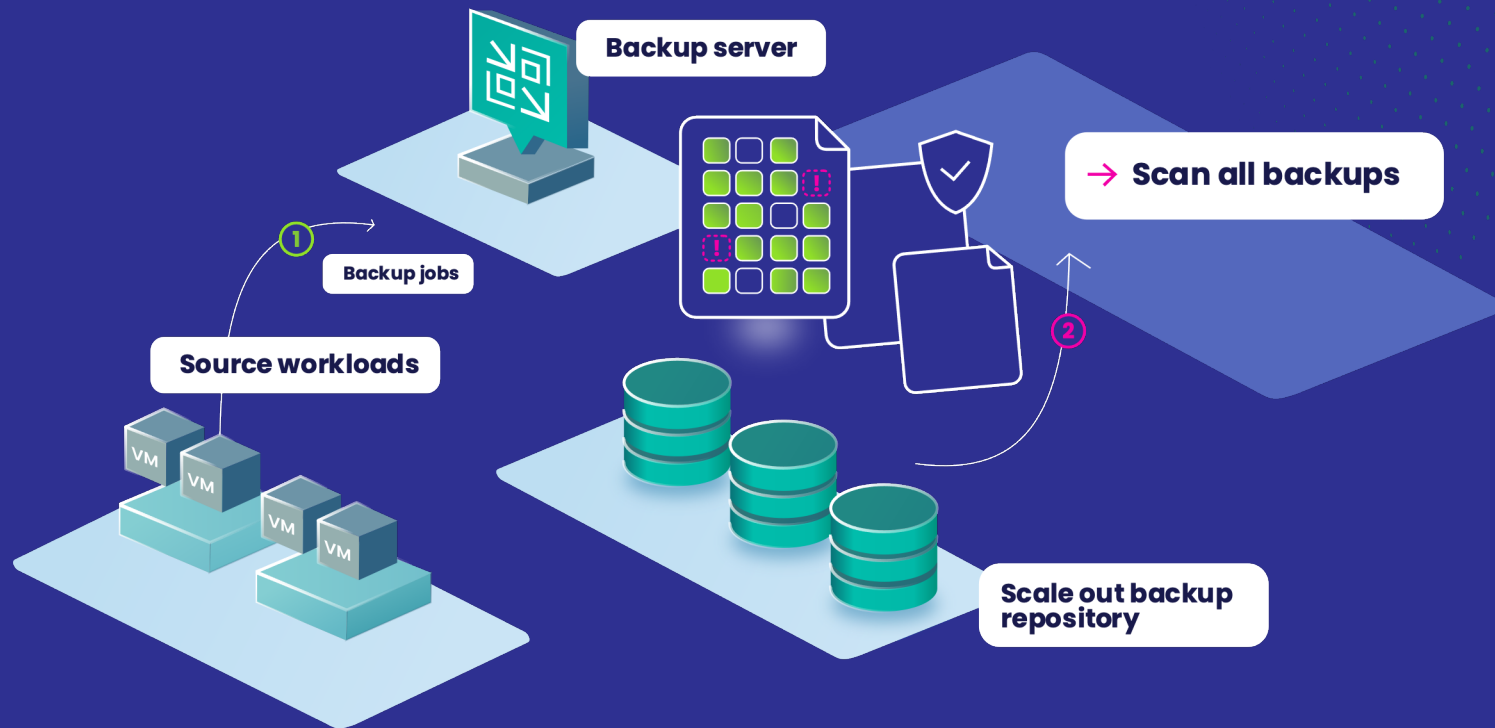
Linux hardened repositories

S3 object storage

Tape



# Customer request



# Secure Restore vs. data integration API





# Secure Restore



Helps prevent malware and other security threats from compromising backups



Scans backup files for malware and other security threats before allowing them to be used in production



Verifies files are clean and safe before recovery into production



Helps protect against the risk of data loss due to security threats

# Secure Restore with SureBackup®



Allows testing and validation of backups and replicas without affecting production



Creates an isolated environment for testing



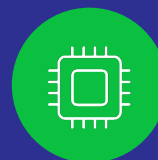
Runs security and compliance scans in the isolated environment



Helps identify and mitigate security risks before they impact production



Helps ensure compliance with data protection regulations and industry standards



Can be used for testing patches, upgrades and other changes before deploying them in production

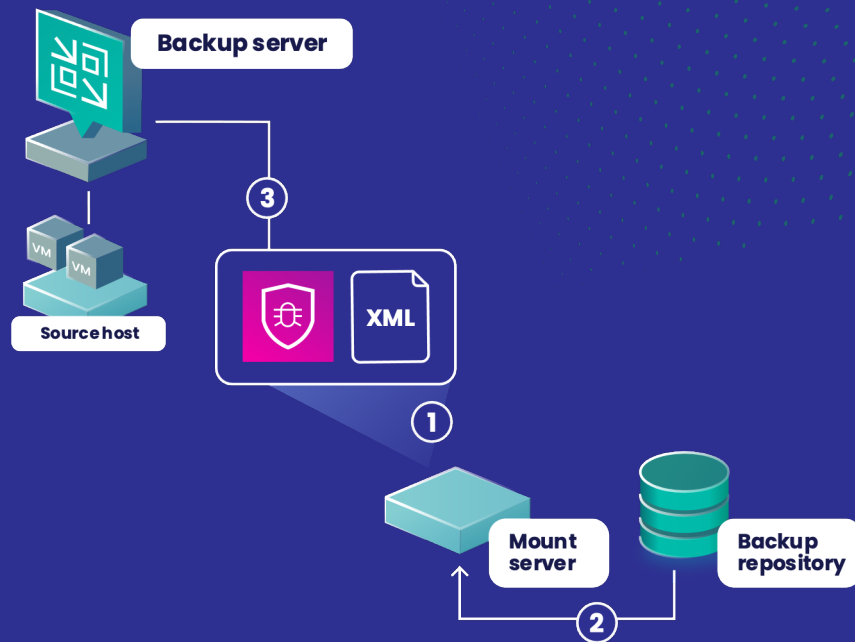
# Secure Restore considerations

You can perform secure restore only for machines that run Microsoft Windows.

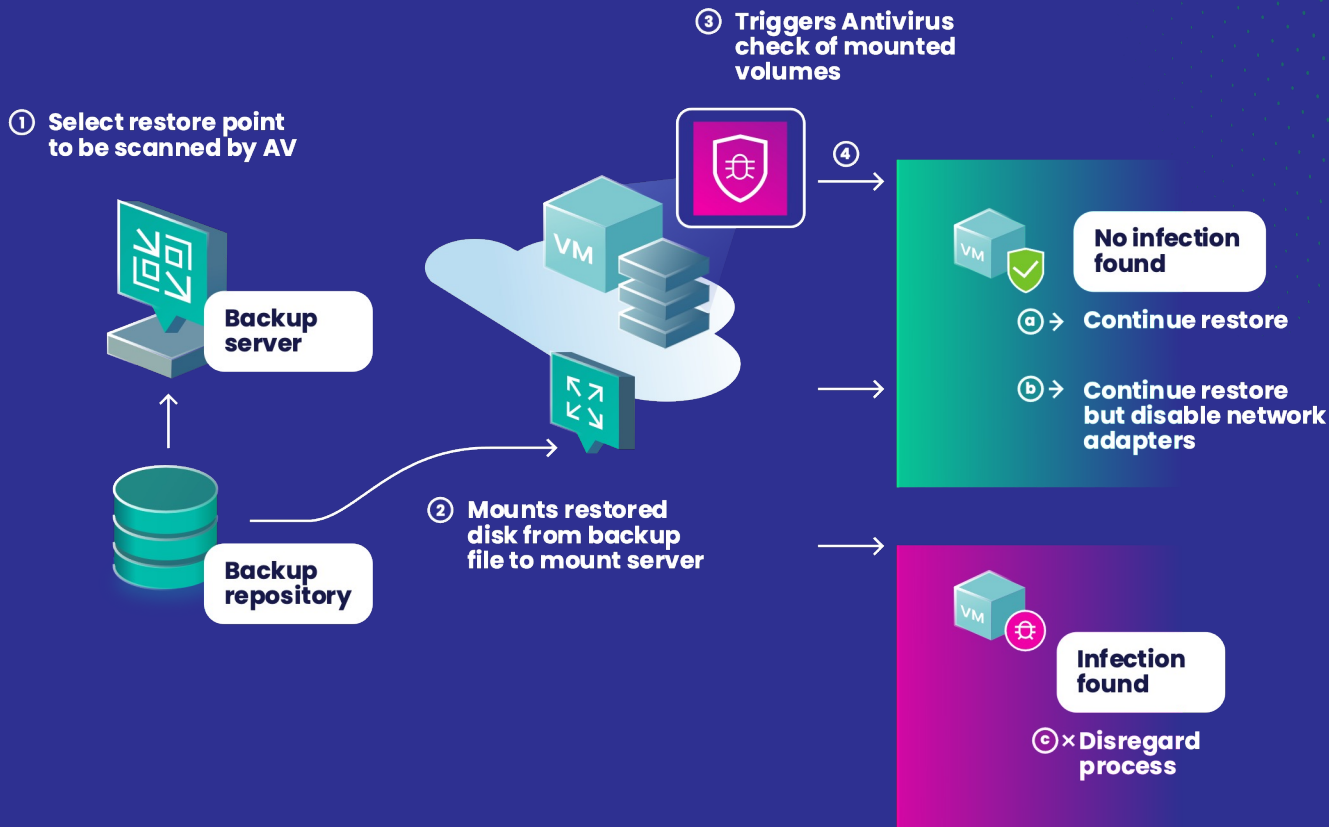
The antivirus software must be installed on the mount server and support the command line interface (CLI).

## Predefined antivirus software

- Symantec protection engine
- ESET
- Windows Defender
- Kaspersky security 10 and 11
- Bitdefender endpoint security tools



# Secure Restore process



# Where is Secure Restore enabled

- Instant Recovery
- Entire VM restore
- Virtual disks restore
- Restore to Microsoft Azure
- Restore to Amazon EC2
- Restore to Google compute engine
- Disk export
- SureBackup



# Veeam data integration API

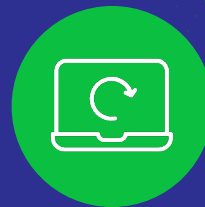
Mount backed-up data via either iSCSI on Windows or FUSE on Linux:



**VM backups**



**VM replicas**



**Computer backups**

## Operation

Mounts the content of backup files using the iSCSI protocol  
Returns sessions that are running to mount the backup content to iSCSI target servers

Returns details on the mounted content of backup files  
Unmounts content of backup files from iSCSI target servers

## Cmdlet

[Publish-VBRBackupContent](#)  
[Get-VBRPublishedBackupContentSession](#)

[Get-VBRPublishedBackupContentInfo](#)  
[Unpublish-VBRBackupContent](#)

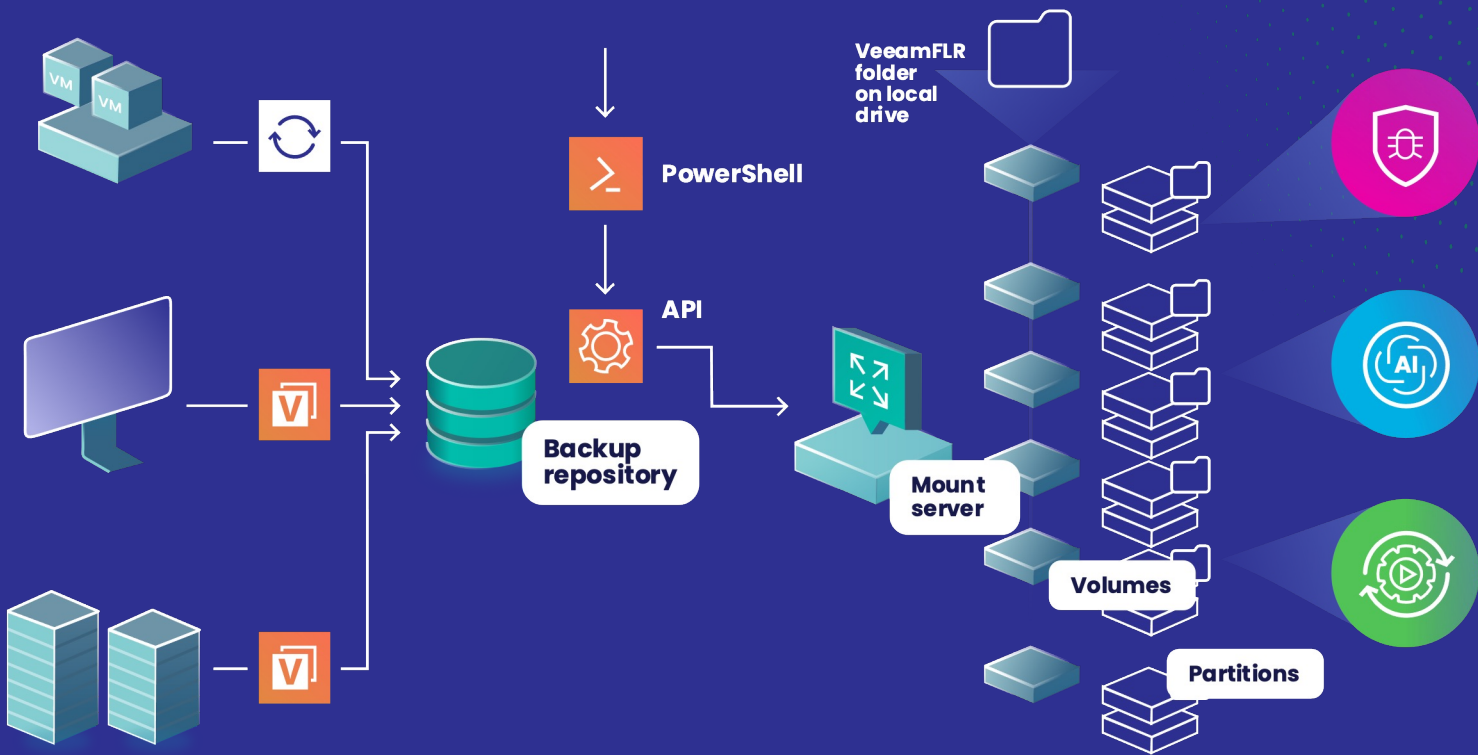


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# Building on data integration API at scale



# Veeam data integration API



# Data integration API PowerShell

## Get restore point

```
$RestorePoint = Get-VBRRestorePoint -Backup $(Get-VBRBackup -Name $JobName) -Name $MachineName |  
Sort-Object -Property CreationTime | Select -Last 1
```

## Publish via iSCSI

```
Publish-VBRBackupContent -RestorePoint $RestorePoint -AllowedIPs "x.x.x.x" -RunAsync
```

## Publish automatically

```
$Credential = Add-VBRCredentials -User "server\Administrator" -Password "Pa$$w0rd"  
Publish-VBRBackupContent -RestorePoint $RestorePoint -TargetServerName "server"  
-TargetServerCredentials $Credential
```

## Publish via Fuse

```
$Credential = Get-VBRCredentials -Name "linuxadmin"  
Publish-VBRBackupContent -RestorePoint $RestorePoint -TargetServerName 192.0.1.100  
-TargetServerCredentials $Credential -EnableFUSEProtocol
```

# PowerShell integration with Defender

## Import libraries

```
Import-Module -Name Defender.psd1
Import-Module -Name Veeam.Backup.PowerShell
Import-module -name "C:\Program Files\Veeam\Backup and
Replication\Console\Veeam.Backup.PowerShell\Veeam.Backup.PowerShell.psd1"
```

## Get restore point

```
$DefenderLatest = Get-Childitem 'C:\ProgramData\Microsoft\Windows Defender\Platform' |
? { $_.PSIsContainer } | sort CreationTime -desc | select -f 1
$DefenderProg = "C:\ProgramData\Microsoft\Windows Defender\Platform\$DefenderLatest\MpCmdRun.exe"
```

# How it works

Get **BR-DataIntegrationAPIAtScale** from  
<https://github.com/VeeamHub/powershell>



- Orchestrates tasks per node
- Mounts content of backup files
- Starts AV scanning process
- Handles logging and reporting
- Aggregates results



# Scaling and best practices

## Mounting and scanning is easy, orchestrating and scaling is harder

- Use all available Windows or Linux servers
- Some PowerShell command-lets are slow, for example, you can optimize and or cache operations that retrieve Veeam restore point information
- One scan per 'mount server', once a scan is finished, setup the next mount
- Results are the most important part, aggregate via centralized logging, a database or a solution of your choice (maybe a SIEM like Azure Sentinel)
- Scanning through mount points takes CPU and RAM from the AV product
- Generate a pretty report afterwards





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Demo





Thank you!

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