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There's a hole in my bucket!



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Same as the other guy

Agenda

- AWS S3 Security Best Practices
- What does a hole in your bucket look like?
- Are all your eggs in the same basket?
- Setting up the S3 Bucket in AWS, Object Lock
- Bucket Policies, SCPs
 - Ports, Security Groups and Network ACLs, Gateways
- IAM Policies Apply Least Privileges

AWS S3 Security Best Practices

Security best practices for Amazon S3 - Amazon Simple Storage Service

- Disable ACLs
- Ensure that your Amazon S3 buckets use the correct policies and are not publicly accessible
- Implement least privilege access
- Encryption of data at rest SSE-S3.
- Consider S3 Object Lock
- Consider VPC endpoints for Amazon S3 access.



What does a hole in your bucket look like?

- How many people/entities can list, write, read, and delete from your bucket
- How many IPs can read and write and delete from your bucket?
- Are all your Tier 1 app eggs in 1 basket?
 3-2-1 rule, backup copy, archiving
 to a separate bucket...
- Is your bucket safe from unauthorized access or encryption and deletes?



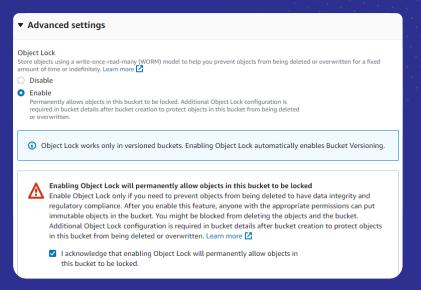
Are all your eggs in the same basket?





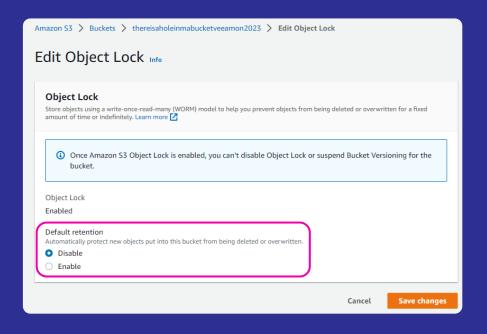
Setting up the S3 Bucket in AWS

- ACLs disabled (no external account access)
- Block public access
- Enable SSE-S3
- Enable Object-Lock (Immutability)





Object-Lock behind the scene

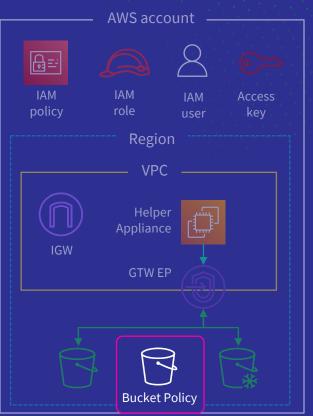


- Veeam sets immutability per object
- Each object is locked with compliance mode
- Block-generation optimizes object re-use (i.e. lowers costs of unnecessary PUTs) (only applies to capacity tier)
- Do not use "default retention"

SCPs to protect bucket policy

- Deny access
- To this bucket
- Except for the specified aws:userid
- And only from this Source IP





S3 Bucket Policy

Service Control Policy

Defined at the AWS Organization level

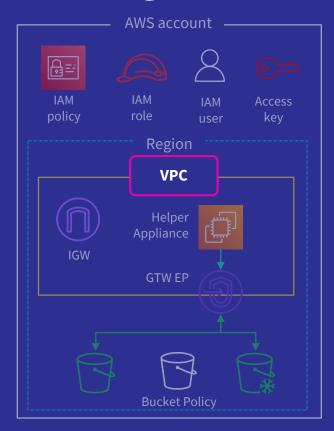
Defines a guardrail, or sets limits to the IAM users and roles in the affected accounts

Deny s3:*bucketpolicy

Don't have AWS Org? Use permission boundaries

```
"Version": "2012-10-17",
"Statement": [
    "Sid": "DenyBucketPolicyModification",
    "Effect": "Deny",
    'Action": [
      "s3:PutBucketPolicy".
      "s3:DeleteBucketPolicy"
    "Resource": [
      "arn:aws:s3:::your-bucket-name"
```

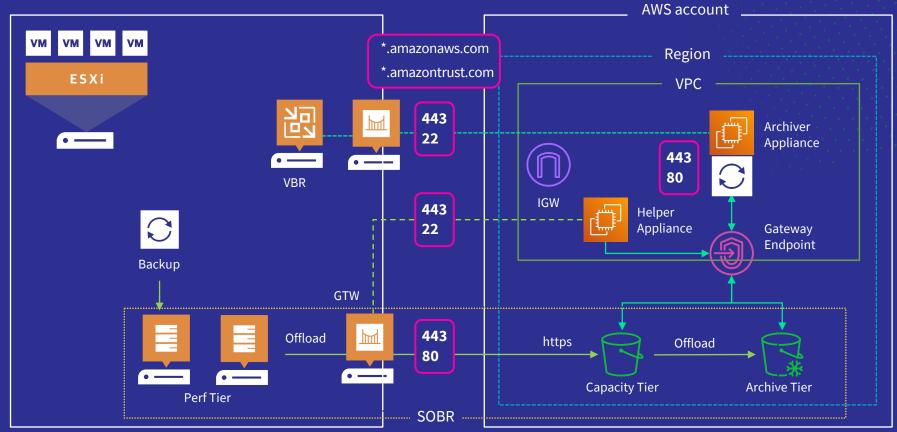
Setting up the VPC



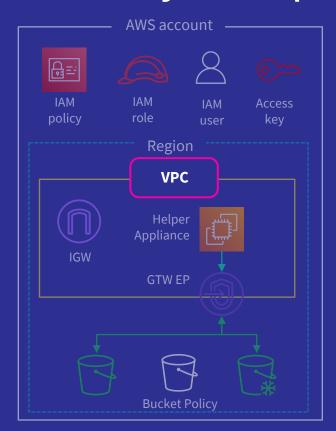
- Setup the VPC upfront (no Veeam® auto-create)
- Use a private subnet
- Don't auto assign public IPs
- Use an S3 Gateway Endpoint to keep S3 traffic internal
- Lock down the Gateway endpoint with a policy
- Restrict port access at the Security Group and Network ACL levels
- Internet access VPN, Direct Connect + Private Links –
 Interface Endpoint



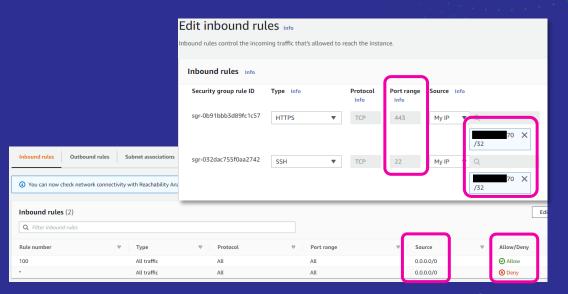
Ports: VBR S3 access



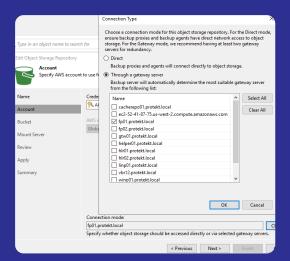
Security Group and Network ACLs



- Only setup required ports
- Specify source IP
- Deny All Only allow source IP



Use gateway(s)



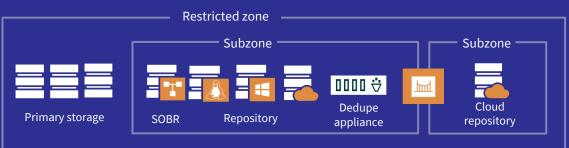
443,80

- *.amazonaws.com
- *.amazontrust.com

Direct to S3

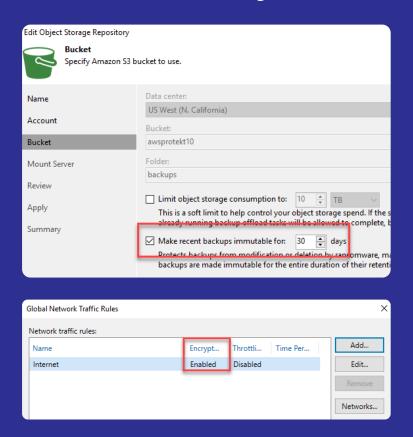
External Repositories

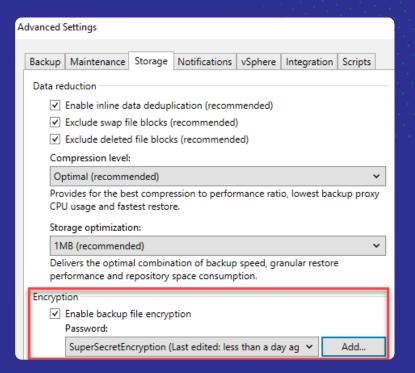
Getting started with direct to AWS



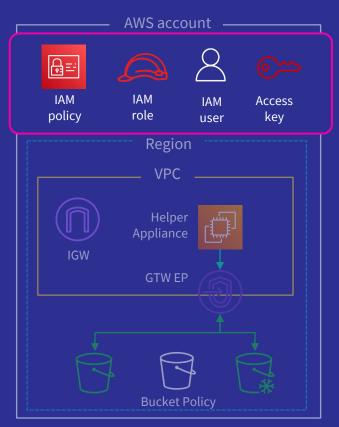


Immutability & Encryption





IAM Policies – Apply Least Privileges



Only apply what is required

Pre-created resources

Veeam Backup & Replication™:

- Read/Write to S3
- Launch EC2 Helper/Archiver Appliances

Veeam Backup for AWS:

- Launch EC2 Worker Appliances
- Read/Write to S3
- Backup/Restore (EC2, RDS, EFS, VPC)

IAM Policies – Apply Least Privileges



```
pol-usr-awsprotekt10
 1 - {
        "Version": "2012-10-17",
        "Statement": [
                 "Sid": "SecureBucketPolicy0",
                "Effect": "Allow",
                 "Action": [
                    "s3:PutObject",
                    "s3:GetObject",
                    "s3:DeleteObject",
10
                    "s3:GetBucketLocation",
11
                    "s3:GetBucketVersioning",
12
                    "s3:GetBucketObjectLockConfiguration"
13
14
15 -
                 'Resource": [
16
                     "arn:aws:s3:::awsprotekt10/*",
17
                     "arn:aws:s3:::awsprotekt10"
12
```

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