

100 Years of Social Work Research: A Data Science Perspective

Overview of data

The original data were from a search of PsychInfo using Ebsco Host platform (December 23, 2014). The following search operators and limiters were used:

- SO “social work” OR SO “social welfare” OR SO “social casework” OR SO “social services”
- Limiters - Document Type: Journal Article
- Search modes - Boolean/Phrase Interface - EBSCOhost Research Databases
- Search Screen - Advanced Search
- Database - PsycINFO

The search results were exported in the *Generic bibliographic format*. This format is a text (*.txt) file that is processed with the `BibWrangleR` functions.

Initialize workspace and functions for data wrangling

This section processes raw data. This section of code is executed only one time to transform the raw data into an analyzable format. When new data are obtained for this study (i.e., updated search results), this section should be re-run by changing `echo=FALSE` to `echo=TRUE` in the knitr markdown argument.

```
# Clear workspace
rm(list=ls())

# Read BWR functions
source("/Users/beperron/Git/BibWrangleR/functions/piWrangleR.R")
source("/Users/beperron/Git/BibWrangleR/functions/packages.R")

# Set the path where original raw data are stored
setwd("/Users/beperron/Git/SocialWorkResearch")

# Set the working directory to store files created by BWR functions
my.path <- "/Users/beperron/Git/SocialWorkResearch"

# Wrangle the data with the BWR function suite
#piBWR.f(csv=FALSE, path=my.path)
#save(pi.df, file = "piArticles.R")
```

Initialize workspace and functions for analysis

All the analyses performed involve the data that have been processed with the `BibWrangleR` functions. This section reads the processed data, loads the required packages, and does a quick quality check to ensure that

the same number of articles (i.e., records) contained in the original search match the number of articles in the transformed data.

```
rm(list=ls())
load("piArticles.R")
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(gridExtra)

# Dimensions of the data file (Rows X Columns)
dim(pi.df)
```

```
[1] 495415      3
```

```
#Variables of the data file
names(pi.df)
```

```
[1] "attributes" "articleID"  "record"
```

```
# How many unique article titles? Ebsco Results of most current search is $n=24,314$. Do not proceed w
length(which(pi.df$attributes == "TI"))
```

```
[1] 24314
```

Overall number and name of unique journal titles?

```
unique.titles <- filter(pi.df, attributes == "S0")
```

```
#Number of unique titles
length(unique(unique.titles$record))
```

```
## [1] 89
```

```
#Unique titles
unique(unique.titles$record)
```

```
## [1] "Journal of Ethnic & Cultural Diversity in Social Work: Innovation in Theory, Research & Practi
## [2] "Journal of Sociology and Social Welfare"
## [3] "Social Work & Christianity"
## [4] "Journal of Gerontological Social Work"
## [5] "Research on Social Work Practice"
## [6] "Child & Family Social Work"
## [7] "Australian Social Work"
## [8] "Social Work with Groups: A Journal of Community and Clinical Practice"
## [9] "Practice: Social Work in Action"
## [10] "Journal of Gay & Lesbian Social Services: The Quarterly Journal of Community & Clinical Practi
## [11] "Smith College Studies in Social Work"
## [12] "Journal of Social Work Practice"
```

[13] "Social Work in Health Care"
 ## [14] "Journal of Social Work Education"
 ## [15] "Children & Schools"
 ## [16] "Social Work"
 ## [17] "Child & Adolescent Social Work Journal"
 ## [18] "Clinical Social Work Journal"
 ## [19] "International Social Work"
 ## [20] "Journal of Social Work"
 ## [21] "Social Work Research"
 ## [22] "Social Work Education"
 ## [23] "Journal of Evidence-Based Social Work"
 ## [24] "Health & Social Work"
 ## [25] "Affilia: Journal of Women & Social Work"
 ## [26] "Qualitative Social Work: Research and Practice"
 ## [27] "Families in Society"
 ## [28] "Social Work in Mental Health"
 ## [29] "Ethics and Social Welfare"
 ## [30] "Journal of Religion & Spirituality in Social Work: Social Thought"
 ## [31] "Journal of HIV/AIDS & Social Services"
 ## [32] "Journal of Social Work Practice in the Addictions"
 ## [33] "British Journal of Social Work"
 ## [34] "School Social Work Journal"
 ## [35] "Journal of the Society for Social Work and Research"
 ## [36] "Journal of Social Work in End-of-Life & Palliative Care"
 ## [37] "International Journal of Social Welfare"
 ## [38] "Psychoanalytic Social Work"
 ## [39] "Administration in Social Work"
 ## [40] "The Journal of Baccalaureate Social Work"
 ## [41] "The Scientific Review of Mental Health Practice: Objective Investigations of Controversial and
 ## [42] "Social Work and Social Sciences Review"
 ## [43] "Journal of Gay & Lesbian Social Services: Issues in Practice, Policy & Research"
 ## [44] "Practice"
 ## [45] "Journal of Educational & Psychological Consultation"
 ## [46] "Rural Social Work"
 ## [47] "Journal of Technology in Human Services"
 ## [48] "Journal of Social Service Research"
 ## [49] "Journal of Applied Social Sciences"
 ## [50] "Early Child Development and Care"
 ## [51] "Computers in Human Services"
 ## [52] "The Clinical Supervisor"
 ## [53] "Children and Youth Services Review"
 ## [54] "Journal of Social Work Research and Evaluation"
 ## [55] "General Hospital Psychiatry"
 ## [56] "Canadian Journal on Aging"
 ## [57] "Social Casework"
 ## [58] "Journal of Multicultural Social Work"
 ## [59] "Journal of Analytic Social Work"
 ## [60] "Maatskaplike Werk/Social Work"
 ## [61] "Issues in Social Work Education"
 ## [62] "Journal of Teaching in Social Work"
 ## [63] "Social Work Research & Abstracts"
 ## [64] "Journal of Social Work & Human Sexuality"
 ## [65] "Journal of Independent Social Work"
 ## [66] "Employee Assistance Quarterly"

```

## [67] "Behavior Modification"
## [68] "Indian Journal of Social Work"
## [69] "Indian Journal of Psychiatric Social Work"
## [70] "British Journal of Psychiatric Social Work"
## [71] "Social Work in Education"
## [72] "Pediatric Social Work"
## [73] "Journal of Social Welfare"
## [74] "School Social Work Quarterly"
## [75] "Social Work Today"
## [76] "Journal of Psychiatric Social Work"
## [77] "Medical Social Work"
## [78] "Jewish Social Services Quarterly"
## [79] "Proceedings of the National Conference of Social Work"
## [80] "Journal of Social Casework"
## [81] "Social Work Yearbook"
## [82] "Social Work Technique"
## [83] "Journal of Social Work Process"
## [84] "Pennsylvania Social Work"
## [85] "International Conference of Social Work"
## [86] "Eugenics & Social Welfare Bull."
## [87] "New York State Department of Social Welfare, Division Publication"
## [88] "University of Washington Publications: Social Services"
## [89] "Eugenics and Social Welfare Bulletin"

```

Number of unique journal titles by year

```

journals.year <- tbl_df(pi.df)
year <- journals.year %>%
  filter(attributes == "YR") %>%
  select(id = articleID, year = record)

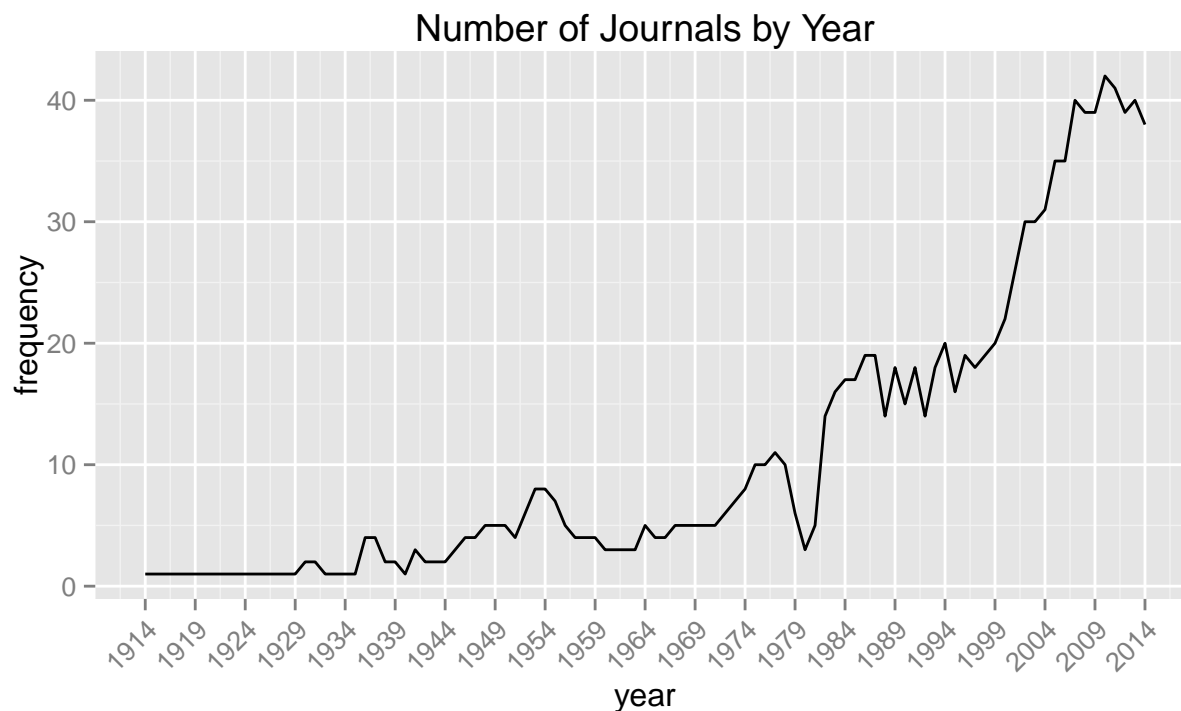
journals <- journals.year %>%
  filter(attributes == "SO") %>%
  select(id = articleID, journal.title = record)

n.journals.year <- journals %>%
  left_join(year) %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  distinct(journal.title) %>%
  summarise(n = n())

journal.count <- ggplot(n.journals.year, aes(as.numeric(year), y=n, group=1)) +
  geom_line(colour="black") +
  #geom_point(colour="red") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1)) +
  xlab("year") +
  ylab("frequency") +
  ggtitle("Number of Journals by Year") +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks=seq(1914, 2014, 5))

journal.count

```



What journals published the most number of articles

```
n.so.yr <- filter(pi.df, attributes == "SO" | attributes == "YR")
n.so <- filter(pi.df, attributes == "SO") %>% mutate(title = record) %>% select(-attributes, -record)
n.yr <- filter(pi.df, attributes == "YR") %>% mutate(year = record) %>% select(-attributes, -record)
n.so.yr <- left_join(n.so, n.yr) %>%
  group_by(title) %>%
  summarise(
    first = min(year),
    last = max(year),
    n.to.date = n()
  ) %>%
  arrange(desc(n.to.date))
```

```
## Joining by: "articleID"
```

```
#10 highest number of publications
head(n.so.yr, 10)
```

```
## Source: local data frame [10 x 4]
##
##               title first last n.to.date
## 1          Social Work  1948 2014    1866
## 2 British Journal of Social Work  1971 2014    1456
## 3      Families in Society  1990 2014    1211
```

## 4	Journal of Gerontological Social Work	1981	2014	1188
## 5	Social Work in Health Care	1975	2014	1171
## 6	Social Casework	1950	1989	1095
## 7	Smith College Studies in Social Work	1930	2014	1075
## 8	Clinical Social Work Journal	1973	2014	1068
## 9	Research on Social Work Practice	1991	2014	986
## 10	Health & Social Work	1976	2014	901

What is the lifespan of journals?

```
#10 longest running journals
longest.running <- n.so.yr %>%
  mutate(last = as.numeric(last), first = as.numeric(first), year.diff = last - first) %>%
  arrange(desc(year.diff)) %>%
  select(title, first, last, year.diff)
head(longest.running, 10)
```

```
## Source: local data frame [10 x 4]
##
##           title first last year.diff
## 1  Smith College Studies in Social Work 1930 2014      84
## 2           Social Work 1948 2014      66
## 3   Journal of Social Work 1964 2014      50
## 4   Indian Journal of Social Work 1941 1986      45
## 5   British Journal of Social Work 1971 2014      43
## 6   Clinical Social Work Journal 1973 2014      41
## 7 Journal of Sociology and Social Welfare 1974 2014      40
## 8   Social Work in Health Care 1975 2014      39
## 9   Social Casework 1950 1989      39
## 10  Health & Social Work 1976 2014      38
```

```
#10 shortest running journals
shortest.running <- longest.running %>% arrange(year.diff, first, last)
head(shortest.running, 20)
```

```
## Source: local data frame [20 x 4]
##
##           title first
## 1   Eugenics and Social Welfare Bulletin 1918
## 2   International Conference of Social Work 1928
## 3   University of Washington Publications: Social Services 1929
## 4   Pennsylvania Social Work 1936
## 5   Journal of Social Work Process 1937
## 6   New York State Department of Social Welfare, Division Publication 1937
## 7   Social Work Yearbook 1947
## 8   Social Work Today 1978
## 9   School Social Work Quarterly 1979
## 10  Pediatric Social Work 1984
## 11  Canadian Journal on Aging 1987
## 12  Behavior Modification 1989
```

```
## 13 Employee Assistance Quarterly 1989
## 14 Children and Youth Services Review 1991
## 15 General Hospital Psychiatry 1991
## 16 Computers in Human Services 1994
## 17 The Clinical Supervisor 1994
## 18 Journal of Applied Social Sciences 1994
## 19 Journal of Teaching in Social Work 1994
## 20 Early Child Development and Care 1995
## Variables not shown: last (dbl), year.diff (dbl)
```

Number of articles per year

```
n.articles.year <- filter(pi.df, attributes == "YR")
year.split <- split(n.articles.year, n.articles.year$record)
year.count <- unlist(lapply(year.split, nrow))
year.count <- year.count[order(names(year.count))]
years <- names(year.count)

df <- data.frame(years, year.count)
rownames(df) <- NULL

head(df, 10)
```

```
##   years year.count
## 1  1914          1
## 2  1915          1
## 3  1918          1
## 4  1928          2
## 5  1929          1
## 6  1930         16
## 7  1931         15
## 8  1932         13
## 9  1933         15
## 10 1934          7
```

```
tail(df, 10)
```

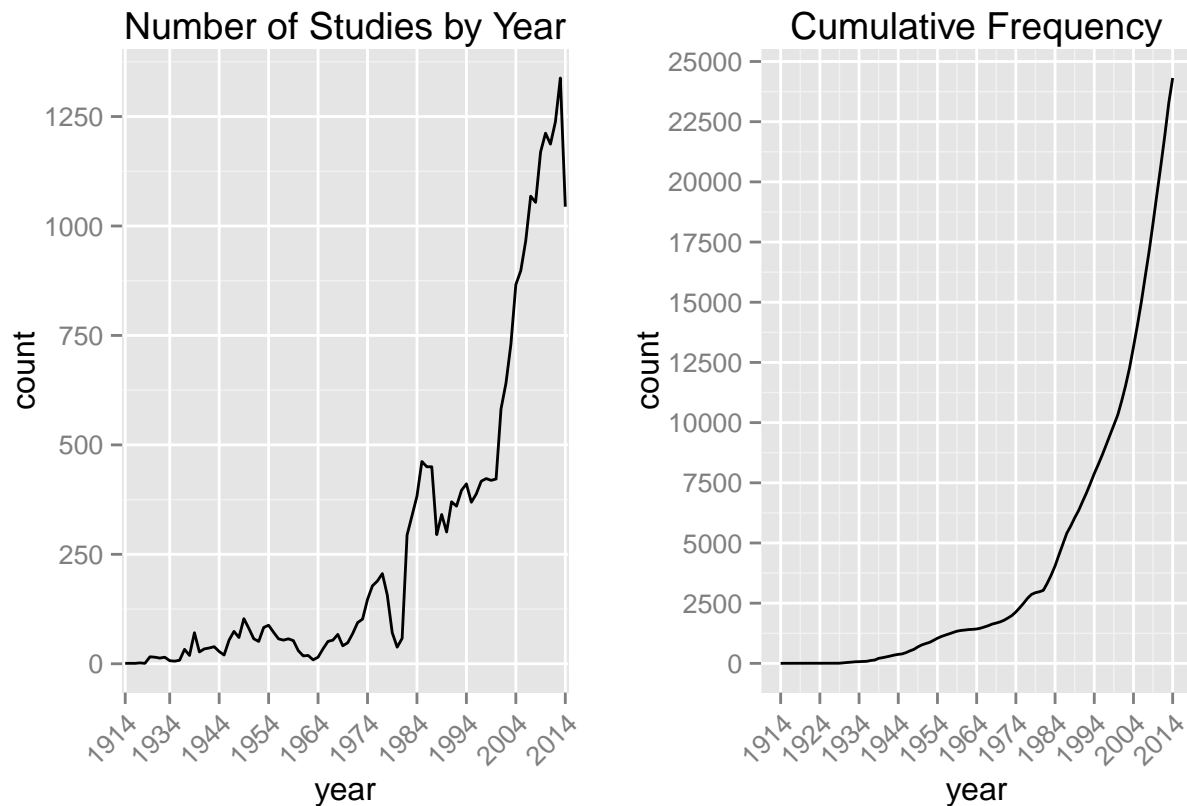
```
##   years year.count
## 81  2005         898
## 82  2006         966
## 83  2007        1068
## 84  2008        1054
## 85  2009        1169
## 86  2010        1212
## 87  2011        1187
## 88  2012        1238
## 89  2013        1338
## 90  2014        1044
```

```
plot.article.count <- ggplot(df, aes(as.factor(years), y= year.count, group=1)) +
  geom_line(colour="black") +
  #geom_point(colour="red") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1)) +
  xlab("year") +
  ylab("count") +
  ggtitle("Number of Studies by Year") +
  scale_x_discrete(breaks=c(seq(1914, 2014, 10))) +
  scale_y_continuous(breaks = c(seq(0, 2000, 250)))
```

```
df$years <- as.numeric(as.character(df$years))
plot.article.cumulative <- ggplot(df, aes(x = years, y = cumsum(year.count))) +
  geom_line() +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle=45, hjust=1)) +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks=pretty(df$years)) +
  xlab("year") +
  ylab("count") +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = c(seq(1914,2014,10))) +
  scale_y_continuous(breaks = c(seq(0, 25000, 2500))) +
  ggtitle("Cumulative Frequency")
```

Scale for 'x' is already present. Adding another scale for 'x', which will replace the existing scale

```
grid.arrange(plot.article.count, plot.article.cumulative, ncol=2)
```



Topic areas (by Subject Terms)

It is easy to explore some of the different fields within the PsychInfo data frame. For example, each record has one or more subject terms (from the article keywords). The total number, unique number, and most frequently occurring key words can be easily computed.

```
df.2 <- filter(pi.df, attributes == "SU")

subject.terms <- stringr::str_split(df.2$record, pattern = ";")
subject.terms <- unlist(lapply(subject.terms, function(x) gsub(" ", "", x)))
subject.terms.total <- length(unlist(lapply(subject.terms, function(x) gsub(" ", "", x))))
subject.terms.unique <- length(unique(subject.terms))

subject.terms.l <- list(subject.terms.total = subject.terms.total,
                        subject.terms.unique = subject.terms.unique)

most.frequent <- as.data.frame(table(subject.terms))

most.frequent <- arrange(most.frequent, desc(Freq))
most.frequent.t <- head(most.frequent, 50)

print(subject.terms.l)
```

```
$subject.terms.total
[1] 92161
```

```
$subject.terms.unique
[1] 3037
```

```
print(most.frequent.t)
```

	subject.terms	Freq
1	SocialCasework	5794
2	SocialWorkers	2933
3	SocialWorkEducation	1696
4	SocialServices	1139
5	ChildWelfare	811
6	SocialSupport	602
7	CommunityServices	572
8	Family	572
9	Caregivers	571
10	ChildAbuse	571
11	MentalDisorders	500
12	HumanFemales	493
13	DrugAbuse	488
14	FamilyRelations	478
15	Aging	474
16	HIV	471
17	FosterCare	470

18	Blacks	445
19	MentalHealthServices	441
20	HealthCareServices	440
21	MentalHealth	438
22	CopingBehavior	403
23	Intervention	400
24	GroupPsychotherapy	393
25	PsychotherapeuticProcesses	390
26	Treatment	359
27	GroupCounseling	357
28	DomesticViolence	345
29	ProfessionalEthics	343
30	DecisionMaking	335
31	HealthCareDelivery	333
32	EvidenceBasedPractice	327
33	AIDS	325
34	FamilyTherapy	324
35	Experimentation	315
36	MaleHomosexuality	315
37	Parents	315
38	Psychotherapy	315
39	GovernmentPolicyMaking	314
40	Immigration	311
41	Spirituality	303
42	DrugRehabilitation	302
43	WelfareServices(Government)	297
44	Mothers	287
45	ProtectiveServices	287
46	HealthPersonnelAttitudes	284
47	SexualAbuse	280
48	AtRiskPopulations	279
49	MajorDepression	276
50	Lesbianism	272

Most Frequent Subject Terms Over Time (by 5 years)

```
decade <- filter(pi.df, attributes == "YR") %>%
  mutate(year = as.numeric(record)) %>% select(-record, -attributes)

decade$year <- cut(decade$year, breaks = 20, labels = c(1:20))

keywords <- pi.df %>%
  filter(attributes == "SU") %>%
  select(articleID = articleID, keywords = record)

keywords.decade <- keywords %>%
  left_join(decade)
```

```
## Joining by: "articleID"
```

```
library(plyr)
```

```
## -----  
## You have loaded plyr after dplyr - this is likely to cause problems.  
## If you need functions from both plyr and dplyr, please load plyr first, then dplyr:  
## library(plyr); library(dplyr)  
## -----  
##  
## Attaching package: 'plyr'  
##  
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':  
##  
##   arrange, count, desc, failwith, id, mutate, rename, summarise,  
##   summarize
```

```
keywords.data.split <- dplyr(keywords.decade, .(year))  
detach(package:plyr)
```

```
terms.f <- function(x){  
  split.terms <- stringr::str_split(x, "keywords"), pattern = ";")  
  clean.terms <- lapply(split.terms, function(x) gsub(" ", "", x))  
}
```

```
keywords.decade <- lapply(keywords.data.split, terms.f)  
keywords.decade <- lapply(keywords.decade, unlist)  
lapply(keywords.decade, function(x) length(unique(x)))
```

```
## $`5`  
## [1] 2  
##  
## $`6`  
## [1] 2  
##  
## $`7`  
## [1] 2  
##  
## $`8`  
## [1] 3  
##  
## $`9`  
## [1] 4  
##  
## $`10`  
## [1] 44  
##  
## $`11`  
## [1] 337  
##  
## $`12`  
## [1] 512  
##  
## $`13`
```

```
## [1] 796
##
## $`14`
## [1] 902
##
## $`15`
## [1] 1179
##
## $`16`
## [1] 1190
##
## $`17`
## [1] 1384
##
## $`18`
## [1] 1708
##
## $`19`
## [1] 1941
##
## $`20`
## [1] 2003
```

```
temp <- lapply(keywords.decade, function(x) data.frame(table(x)))
temp <- lapply(temp, function(x) arrange(x, desc(Freq)))
lapply(temp, function(x) head(x,10))
```

```
## $`5`
##           x Freq
## 1 ChildGuidance  2
## 2      Agency    1
##
## $`6`
##           x Freq
## 1      Agency    1
## 2 ChildGuidance  1
##
## $`7`
##           x Freq
## 1      Agency   11
## 2 ChildGuidance  2
##
## $`8`
##           x Freq
## 1      Agency    9
## 2 ChildGuidance  5
## 3 SmallBusinesses 1
##
## $`9`
##           x Freq
## 1      Agency    9
## 2 ChildGuidance  2
## 3 EmotionalDisturbances 1
## 4 SocialGroupWork  1
```

```

##
## $`10`
##           x Freq
## 1      Clients      3
## 2 EmotionalDisturbances  3
## 3      FamilyRelations  2
## 4      FamilyTherapy    2
## 5      Infidelity      2
## 6      SocialWorkers    2
## 7      AntisocialBehavior 1
## 8      ChildAbuse      1
## 9      ChildGuidance    1
## 10     ChildPsychiatry  1
##
## $`11`
##           x Freq
## 1      SocialCasework  99
## 2      Treatment      25
## 3      CommunityServices 20
## 4      FamilyTherapy   15
## 5      Family         14
## 6      InterpersonalInteraction 12
## 7      FamilyRelations 11
## 8      PsychiatricPatients 11
## 9      ChildPsychotherapy 10
## 10     Clinics        10
##
## $`12`
##           x Freq
## 1      SocialCasework  145
## 2      SocialWorkers   39
## 3      FamilyRelations  30
## 4      CommunityServices 25
## 5      FamilyTherapy   25
## 6      PsychiatricPatients 19
## 7      GroupPsychotherapy 17
## 8      ParentChildRelations 16
## 9      PsychotherapeuticProcesses 15
## 10     SocioeconomicStatus 14
##
## $`13`
##           x Freq
## 1      SocialCasework  212
## 2      SocialWorkers   99
## 3      FamilyRelations  37
## 4      FamilyTherapy   35
## 5      HumanFemales    34
## 6      PsychotherapeuticProcesses 34
## 7      SocialWorkEducation 34
## 8      Parents         30
## 9      PsychotherapeuticTechniques 30
## 10     Counseling      28
##
## $`14`

```

```

##          x Freq
## 1   SocialCasework  315
## 2   SocialWorkers  129
## 3   GroupCounseling  76
## 4   SocialServices  48
## 5   HumanFemales   45
## 6   SocialSupport   44
## 7   LiteratureReview 43
## 8   ChildAbuse      37
## 9   FamilyTherapy   37
## 10  FamilyRelations 34
##
## $`15`
##          x Freq
## 1   SocialCasework  566
## 2   SocialWorkers  203
## 3   SocialServices  111
## 4   GroupCounseling 105
## 5   SocialSupport   87
## 6   GroupPsychotherapy 81
## 7   FamilyTherapy   74
## 8   ChildAbuse      68
## 9   CopingBehavior   62
## 10  HumanFemales    59
##
## $`16`
##          x Freq
## 1   SocialCasework  411
## 2   SocialWorkers  174
## 3   SocialServices   83
## 4   FamilyRelations  78
## 5   Caregivers       75
## 6   MentalDisorders  74
## 7   ChildAbuse       72
## 8   SocialSupport    61
## 9   AIDS             60
## 10  GroupCounseling  55
##
## $`17`
##          x Freq
## 1   SocialCasework  419
## 2   SocialWorkers  151
## 3   SocialServices   91
## 4   ChildAbuse      89
## 5   SocialWorkEducation 81
## 6   SocialSupport    70
## 7   FamilyRelations  65
## 8   Blacks          64
## 9   HIV             62
## 10  ChildWelfare    58
##
## $`18`
##          x Freq
## 1   SocialCasework  699

```

```
## 2      SocialWorkers 399
## 3 SocialWorkEducation 198
## 4      SocialServices 186
## 5      ChildWelfare 140
## 6      DrugAbuse 107
## 7      MaleHomosexuality 103
## 8      Caregivers 102
## 9      SocialSupport 93
## 10     FosterCare 88
##
## $`19`
##           x Freq
## 1      SocialCasework 1377
## 2      SocialWorkers 824
## 3 SocialWorkEducation 566
## 4      ChildWelfare 291
## 5      SocialServices 281
## 6      Aging 180
## 7      HIV 169
## 8      Family 164
## 9      Caregivers 163
## 10     Intervention 162
##
## $`20`
##           x Freq
## 1      SocialCasework 1550
## 2      SocialWorkers 907
## 3 SocialWorkEducation 676
## 4      SocialServices 339
## 5      ChildWelfare 282
## 6      Intervention 201
## 7      Aging 189
## 8      MentalHealth 183
## 9      Family 179
## 10     Caregivers 154
```

Author defined keywords

It is easy to explore some of the different fields within the PsychInfo data frame. For example, each record has one or more subject terms (from the article keywords). The total number, unique number, and most frequently occurring key words can be easily computed.

```
kp.df <- filter(pi.df, attributes == "KP")

subject.terms <- stringr::str_split(kp.df$record, pattern = ";")
subject.terms <- unlist(lapply(subject.terms, function(x) gsub(" ", "", x)))
subject.terms.total <- length(unlist(lapply(subject.terms, function(x) gsub(" ", "", x))))
subject.terms.unique <- length(unique(subject.terms))

subject.terms.l <- list(subject.terms.total = subject.terms.total,
                        subject.terms.unique = subject.terms.unique)
```

```
most.frequent <- as.data.frame(table(subject.terms))
```

```
most.frequent <- arrange(most.frequent, desc(Freq))  
most.frequent.t <- head(most.frequent, 50)
```

```
print(subject.terms.l)
```

```
$subject.terms.total  
[1] 102493
```

```
$subject.terms.unique  
[1] 46899
```

```
print(most.frequent.t)
```

	subject.terms	Freq
1	socialworkers	1766
2	socialwork	1757
3	socialworkeducation	756
4	socialworkpractice	538
5	socialservices	340
6	socialworkstudents	314
7	mentalhealth	304
8	children	283
9	childwelfare	255
10	CHILDHOODANDADOLESCENCE	236
11	HIV	231
12	socialsupport	226
13	riskfactors	200
14	spirituality	199
15	decisionmaking	188
16	fostercare	187
17	aging	179
18	domesticviolence	176
19	socialjustice	176
20	TECHNIQUES	175
21	intervention	174
22	adolescents	173
23	METHODOLOGY	173
24	SOCIALWORK	173
25	CHILDGUIDANCE	167
26	conferencepresentation	165
27	India	163
28	depression	161
29	childprotection	157
30	poverty	154
31	AIDS	152
32	CHILD	149
33	evidencebasedpractice	149
34	substanceabuse	149

35	olderadults	148
36	families	147
37	family	147
38	caregivers	145
39	mentalhealthservices	144
40	literaturereview	143
41	Israel	142
42	SOCIALCASEWORK	140
43	wellbeing	138
44	GUIDANCE	136
45	parents	135
46	implicationsforsocialwork	133
47	testvalidity	130
48	women	125
49	psychometrics	124
50	psychotherapy	124

Most Frequent Author Keywords

```
decade <- filter(pi.df, attributes == "YR") %>%
  mutate(year = as.numeric(record)) %>% select(-record, -attributes)

decade$year <- cut(decade$year, breaks = 20, labels = c(1:20))

keywords <- pi.df %>%
  filter(attributes == "KP") %>%
  select(articleID = articleID, keywords = record)

keywords.decade <- keywords %>%
  left_join(decade)
```

```
## Joining by: "articleID"
```

```
library(plyr)
```

```
## -----
## You have loaded plyr after dplyr - this is likely to cause problems.
## If you need functions from both plyr and dplyr, please load plyr first, then dplyr:
## library(plyr); library(dplyr)
## -----
##
## Attaching package: 'plyr'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##   arrange, count, desc, failwith, id, mutate, rename, summarise,
##   summarize
```

```
keywords.data.split <- dplyr(keywords.decade, .(year))
detach(package:plyr)
```

```

terms.f <- function(x){
  split.terms <- stringr::str_split(x[, "keywords"], pattern = ";")
  clean.terms <- lapply(split.terms, function(x) gsub(" ", "", x))
}

keywords.decade <- lapply(keywords.data.split, terms.f)
keywords.decade <- lapply(keywords.decade, unlist)
lapply(keywords.decade, function(x) length(unique(x)))

```

```

## $`3`
## [1] 8
##
## $`4`
## [1] 171
##
## $`5`
## [1] 285
##
## $`6`
## [1] 278
##
## $`7`
## [1] 714
##
## $`8`
## [1] 711
##
## $`9`
## [1] 835
##
## $`10`
## [1] 383
##
## $`11`
## [1] 573
##
## $`12`
## [1] 988
##
## $`13`
## [1] 1705
##
## $`14`
## [1] 2222
##
## $`15`
## [1] 4033
##
## $`16`
## [1] 3702
##
## $`17`
## [1] 4068

```

```
##
## $`18`
## [1] 9760
##
## $`19`
## [1] 13125
##
## $`20`
## [1] 13587
```

```
temp <- lapply(keywords.decade, function(x) data.frame(table(x)))
temp <- lapply(temp, function(x) arrange(x, desc(Freq)))
lapply(temp, function(x) head(x,10))
```

```
## $`3`
##
## x Freq
## 1 SOCIALFUNCTIONSOFTHEINDIVIDUAL 2
## 2 COMMUNITY 1
## 3 COMMUNITYSPIRIT 1
## 4 COUNTRY 1
## 5 LIMITATIONS 1
## 6 SOCIALADJUSTMENT 1
## 7 SPIRIT 1
## 8 WORK 1
##
## $`4`
##
## x Freq
## 1 CHILDHOODANDADOLESCENCE 38
## 2 SOCIALFUNCTIONSOFTHEINDIVIDUAL 25
## 3 CHILD 19
## 4 NERVOUSANDMENTALDISORDERS 12
## 5 DELINQUENCY 8
## 6 FAMILY 8
## 7 CHILDABILITIES 6
## 8 MOTHERATTITUDEANDBREASTFEEDING 6
## 9 PERSONALITY 5
## 10 ADJUSTMENT 4
##
## $`5`
##
## x Freq
## 1 CHILDHOODANDADOLESCENCE 56
## 2 GENERALSOCIALPROCESSES(INCL.ESTHETICS) 53
## 3 CHILD 33
## 4 FUNCTIONALDISORDERS 30
## 5 SOCIALABILITY 29
## 6 WORK 27
## 7 GUIDANCE 20
## 8 CASEWORK 16
## 9 CHILD(MALADJUSTMENTANDTHERAPY) 16
## 10 ATTITUDE 15
##
## $`6`
##
## x Freq
## 1 CHILDHOODANDADOLESCENCE 99
```

## 2	CHILD(IV.MALADJUSTMENT	51
## 3	THERAPY)	51
## 4	GUIDANCE	43
## 5	FUNCTIONALDISORDERS	40
## 6	CHILD	30
## 7	CHILD(MALADJUSTMENTANDTHERAPY)	28
## 8	SOCIAL	24
## 9	ADJUSTMENT	22
## 10	GENERALSOCIALPROCESSES(INCL.ESTHETICS)	21

##

\$`7`

##		x Freq
## 1	SOCIALCASEWORK	78
## 2	CHILDGUIDANCE	63
## 3	CHILDHOODANDADOLESCENCE	43
## 4	SOCIAL	30
## 5	TREATMENTMETHODS	30
## 6	CHILD	29
## 7	GUIDANCE	23
## 8	FUNCTIONALDISORDERS	22
## 9	COUNSELING	21
## 10	PSYCHOTHERAPY	21

##

\$`8`

##		x Freq
## 1	SOCIALWORK	111
## 2	METHODOLOGY	76
## 3	TECHNIQUES	76
## 4	CASE	61
## 5	CHILDGUIDANCE	53
## 6	TREATMENTMETHODS	50
## 7	COUNSELING	41
## 8	SOCIALCASEWORK	35
## 9	GUIDANCE	32
## 10	FAMILY	30

##

\$`9`

##		x Freq
## 1	TECHNIQUES	78
## 2	METHODOLOGY	77
## 3	SOCIALWELFARE	58
## 4	TREATMENTMETHODS	42
## 5	SOCIALWORK	39
## 6	CHILDGUIDANCE	37
## 7	FAMILY	34
## 8	COUNSELING	31
## 9	CRIME&DELINQUENCY	25
## 10	SOCIALINSTITUTIONS	25

##

\$`10`

##		x Freq
## 1	CASESTUDIES&CASEWORK	14
## 2	SOCIALWELFARE	14
## 3	PSYCHOTHERAPY	11

```

## 4          BEHAVIORPROBLEMS    10
## 5              CHILDHOOD        6
## 6  MARRIAGE&FAMILYPROBLEMS    6
## 7              SOCIALCASEWORK   6
## 8              ALCOHOLISM        5
## 9          CRIME&DELINQUENCY    5
## 10             FAMILY           5
##
## $`11`
##              x Freq
## 1          clients             7
## 2      socialcasework           6
## 3              India           5
## 4          SOCIALCASEWORK       5
## 5          socialwork           5
## 6  COUNSELING&GUIDANCE          4
## 7          socialworkers         4
## 8  CHILDGUIDANCECLINIC          3
## 9              ego              3
## 10             INDIA            3
##
## $`12`
##              x Freq
## 1          socialworkers        19
## 2              India            18
## 3          socialwork           8
## 4          casereport           4
## 5          drugaddicts          3
## 6  graduatesocialworkstudents   3
## 7          grouptherapy         3
## 8              Israel           3
## 9          literaturereview      3
## 10             racism           3
##
## $`13`
##              x Freq
## 1              India            24
## 2          socialworkers        22
## 3          literaturereview      9
## 4              aged             8
## 5          socialworkstudents    8
## 6              children         5
## 7  implicationsforsocialwork    5
## 8          socialcasework        5
## 9  implicationsforsocialworkers  4
## 10  malevsfemalesocialworkers   4
##
## $`14`
##              x Freq
## 1          socialworkers        63
## 2              India            59
## 3          literaturereview      41
## 4  implicationsforsocialwork    19
## 5              children         17

```

```

## 6          elderly 15
## 7          aged 13
## 8          socialwork 11
## 9      socialworkpractice 9
## 10         adolescents 7
##
## $`15`
##              x Freq
## 1      socialworkers 113
## 2      conferencepresentation 57
## 3      implicationsforsocialwork 44
## 4              India 35
## 5              casereport 32
## 6              literaturereview 28
## 7              elderly 27
## 8      socialworkimplications 25
## 9      implicationsforsocialworkers 24
## 10         adolescents 22
##
## $`16`
##              x Freq
## 1      socialworkers 65
## 2      conferencepresentation 47
## 3      literaturereview 34
## 4      implicationsforsocialwork 31
## 5              Israel 31
## 6              England 27
## 7              Canada 17
## 8              elderly 17
## 9              clients 16
## 10      socialworkimplications 16
##
## $`17`
##              x Freq
## 1      socialworkers 73
## 2      conferencepresentation 55
## 3              Israel 38
## 4      implicationsforsocialworkpractice 25
## 5              literaturereview 25
## 6      implicationsforsocialwork 24
## 7              England 23
## 8              casereport 22
## 9      implicationsforsocialworkers 15
## 10         socialworkstudents 14
##
## $`18`
##              x Freq
## 1      socialwork 312
## 2      socialworkers 282
## 3      socialworkpractice 116
## 4      socialworkeducation 87
## 5              children 66
## 6      mentalhealth 59
## 7      socialservices 53

```

```
## 8          gaymen 48
## 9      socialsupport 47
## 10      depression 46
##
## $`19`
##           x Freq
## 1      socialwork 611
## 2      socialworkers 486
## 3 socialworkeducation 276
## 4  socialworkpractice 195
## 5  socialworkstudents 109
## 6      socialservices 107
## 7          HIV 100
## 8      childwelfare 93
## 9          children 87
## 10      mentalhealth 80
##
## $`20`
##           x Freq
## 1      socialwork 800
## 2      socialworkers 638
## 3 socialworkeducation 385
## 4  socialworkpractice 206
## 5      socialservices 176
## 6      mentalhealth 156
## 7  socialworkstudents 123
## 8      childwelfare 121
## 9          HIV 110
## 10      riskfactors 110
```

Location

It is easy to explore some of the different fields within the PsychInfo data frame. For example, each record has one or more subject terms (from the article keywords). The total number, unique number, and most frequently occurring key words can be easily computed.

```
L0.df <- filter(pi.df, attributes == "L0")

subject.terms <- stringr::str_split(L0.df$record, pattern = ";")
subject.terms <- unlist(lapply(subject.terms, function(x) gsub(" ", "", x)))
subject.terms.total <- length(unlist(lapply(subject.terms, function(x) gsub(" ", "", x))))
subject.terms.unique <- length(unique(subject.terms))

subject.terms.l <- list(subject.terms.total = subject.terms.total,
                        subject.terms.unique = subject.terms.unique)

most.frequent <- as.data.frame(table(subject.terms))

most.frequent <- arrange(most.frequent, desc(Freq))
```

```
most.frequent.t <- head(most.frequent, 50)
```

```
print(subject.terms.1)
```

```
$subject.terms.total
```

```
[1] 11076
```

```
$subject.terms.unique
```

```
[1] 204
```

```
print(most.frequent.t)
```

	subject.terms	Freq
1	US	5308
2	UnitedKingdom	696
3	Australia	558
4	Canada	542
5	Israel	448
6	England	388
7	India	232
8	Sweden	227
9	HongKong	216
10	China	158
11	SouthAfrica	115
12	Norway	101
13	NewZealand	97
14	Scotland	85
15	Wales	84
16	Ireland	83
17	Germany	72
18	Finland	70
19	Netherlands	61
20	Denmark	52
21	NorthernIreland	52
22	Spain	47
23	GreatBritain	45
24	Italy	44
25	Japan	42
26	Belgium	41
27	Singapore	41
28	Taiwan	41
29	Africa	38
30	Mexico	34
31	Europe	31
32	France	31
33	Greece	27
34	Russia	27
35	Ghana	24
36	Korea	24
37	Portugal	24
38	Romania	23
39	Brazil	22

40	Thailand	22
41	Uganda	22
42	Hungary	21
43	Asia	18
44	Nigeria	18
45	PuertoRico	18
46	SouthKorea	18
47	Vietnam	18
48	Austria	17
49	Switzerland	17
50	Kenya	16

most.frequent

	subject.terms	Freq
1	US	5308
2	UnitedKingdom	696
3	Australia	558
4	Canada	542
5	Israel	448
6	England	388
7	India	232
8	Sweden	227
9	HongKong	216
10	China	158
11	SouthAfrica	115
12	Norway	101
13	NewZealand	97
14	Scotland	85
15	Wales	84
16	Ireland	83
17	Germany	72
18	Finland	70
19	Netherlands	61
20	Denmark	52
21	NorthernIreland	52
22	Spain	47
23	GreatBritain	45
24	Italy	44
25	Japan	42
26	Belgium	41
27	Singapore	41
28	Taiwan	41
29	Africa	38
30	Mexico	34
31	Europe	31
32	France	31
33	Greece	27
34	Russia	27
35	Ghana	24
36	Korea	24
37	Portugal	24
38	Romania	23
39	Brazil	22

40	Thailand	22
41	Uganda	22
42	Hungary	21
43	Asia	18
44	Nigeria	18
45	PuertoRico	18
46	SouthKorea	18
47	Vietnam	18
48	Austria	17
49	Switzerland	17
50	Kenya	16
51	Croatia	15
52	Chile	14
53	Ethiopia	14
54	NorthAmerica	14
55	Poland	14
56	Botswana	13
57	Iran	13
58	Turkey	13
59	Zambia	13
60	Malaysia	12
61	Slovenia	11
62	CzechRepublic	10
63	Zimbabwe	10
64	Bangladesh	9
65	Iceland	9
66	Tanzania	9
67	Guatemala	8
68	Lithuania	8
69	Luxembourg	8
70	Nepal	8
71	Peru	8
72	Philippines	8
73	Argentina	7
74	Bulgaria	7
75	Caribbean	7
76	Colombia	7
77	Cyprus	7
78	Egypt	7
79	ElSalvador	7
80	Georgia	7
81	Jordan	7
82	Pakistan	7
83	Palestine	7
84	Rwanda	7
85	USSR	7
86	Albania	6
87	Estonia	6
88	SaudiArabia	6
89	SriLanka	6
90	TrinidadandTobago	6
91	Ukraine	6
92	UnitedArabEmirates	6
93	Afghanistan	5

94	Cambodia	5
95	Cuba	5
96	DominicanRepublic	5
97	Ecuador	5
98	Indonesia	5
99	Latvia	5
100	Lebanon	5
101	Mongolia	5
102	Slovakia	5
103	Somalia	5
104	Barbados	4
105	Cameroon	4
106	DemocraticRepublicofCongo	4
107	Kuwait	4
108	Lesotho	4
109	Moldova	4
110	Nicaragua	4
111	Oceania/PacificIslands	4
112	SierraLeone	4
113	SouthAmerica	4
114	Azerbaijan	3
115	Bolivia	3
116	Bosnia-Herzegovina	3
117	CentralAmerica	3
118	CostaRica	3
119	Czechoslovakia	3
120	Guyana	3
121	Haiti	3
122	Honduras	3
123	Iraq	3
124	Jamaica	3
125	Kazakhstan	3
126	Liberia	3
127	Malawi	3
128	Malta	3
129	MarshallIslands	3
130	Mauritius	3
131	Tajikistan	3
132	Yugoslavia	3
133	Appalachia	2
134	Bermuda	2
135	Bhutan	2
136	EasternEurope	2
137	Fiji	2
138	Gambia	2
139	Kyrgyzstan	2
140	MiddleEast	2
141	Mozambique	2
142	Myanmar	2
143	NewCaledonia	2
144	Palau	2
145	Panama	2
146	PapuaNewGuinea	2
147	Paraguay	2

148	RepublicofSerbia	2
149	Samoa	2
150	Scandinavia	2
151	Swaziland	2
152	Tonga	2
153	Uruguay	2
154	WesternEurope	2
155	Angola	1
156	Armenia	1
157	Bahamas	1
158	Bahrain	1
159	BalticStates	1
160	Belarus	1
161	Brunei	1
162	Burundi	1
163	ChannellIslands	1
164	CommonwealthofIndependentStates	1
165	Comoros	1
166	CookIslands	1
167	Eritrea	1
168	FrenchPolynesia	1
169	Gabon	1
170	Grenada	1
171	Guinea	1
172	IvoryCoast	1
173	Kiribati	1
174	Laos	1
175	LatinAmerica	1
176	Liechtenstein	1
177	Macau	1
178	Macedonia	1
179	Madagascar	1
180	Maldives	1
181	Micronesia(FederatedStatesof)	1
182	Morocco	1
183	Namibia	1
184	Nauru	1
185	Niue	1
186	NorthKorea	1
187	Oman	1
188	Qatar	1
189	RepublicofCongo	1
190	Senegal	1
191	SerbiaandMontenegro	1
192	SlovakRepublic	1
193	SolomonIslands	1
194	StKitts	1
195	Sudan	1
196	Togo	1
197	Tuvalu	1
198	USVirginIslands	1
199	Uzbekistan	1
200	Vanuatu	1
201	Venezuela	1

202	WestBank	1
203	WestIndies	1
204	Yemen	1

Location over time

```
decade <- filter(pi.df, attributes == "YR") %>%
  mutate(year = as.numeric(record)) %>% select(-record, -attributes)

decade$year <- cut(decade$year, breaks = 20, labels = c(1:20))

keywords <- pi.df %>%
  filter(attributes == "LO") %>%
  select(articleID = articleID, keywords = record)

keywords.decade <- keywords %>%
  left_join(decade)
```

```
## Joining by: "articleID"
```

```
library(plyr)
```

```
## -----
## You have loaded plyr after dplyr - this is likely to cause problems.
## If you need functions from both plyr and dplyr, please load plyr first, then dplyr:
## library(plyr); library(dplyr)
## -----
##
## Attaching package: 'plyr'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##   arrange, count, desc, failwith, id, mutate, rename, summarise,
##   summarize
```

```
keywords.data.split <- dply(keywords.decade, .(year))
detach(package:plyr)
```

```
terms.f <- function(x){
  split.terms <- stringr::str_split(x[, "keywords"], pattern = ";")
  clean.terms <- lapply(split.terms, function(x) gsub(" ", "", x))
}
```

```
keywords.decade <- lapply(keywords.data.split, terms.f)
keywords.decade <- lapply(keywords.decade, unlist)
lapply(keywords.decade, function(x) length(unique(x)))
```

```
## $`10`
## [1] 1
##
```

```
## $`11`
## [1] 4
##
## $`12`
## [1] 8
##
## $`13`
## [1] 12
##
## $`14`
## [1] 19
##
## $`15`
## [1] 28
##
## $`16`
## [1] 37
##
## $`17`
## [1] 44
##
## $`18`
## [1] 94
##
## $`19`
## [1] 118
##
## $`20`
## [1] 179
```

```
temp <- lapply(keywords.decade, function(x) data.frame(table(x)))
temp <- lapply(temp, function(x) arrange(x, desc(Freq)))
lapply(temp, function(x) head(x,10))
```

```
## $`10`
##      x Freq
## 1 US      3
##
## $`11`
##      x Freq
## 1      India  8
## 2         US  4
## 3      Africa  1
## 4 Czechoslovakia  1
##
## $`12`
##      x Freq
## 1      India 26
## 2         US  4
## 3 GreatBritain  3
## 4      Israel  3
## 5  PuertoRico  2
## 6        China  1
## 7      England  1
```

```

## 8    Yugoslavia    1
##
## $`13`
##           x Freq
## 1         India   31
## 2           US     5
## 3         Canada   3
## 4         England   3
## 5          Israel   2
## 6          Africa   1
## 7        Australia   1
## 8    GreatBritain   1
## 9          Mexico   1
## 10        Scotland   1
##
## $`14`
##           x Freq
## 1         India   54
## 2           US     7
## 3          Israel   6
## 4    UnitedKingdom   5
## 5          England   4
## 6          Africa   2
## 7           Asia   2
## 8        Australia   2
## 9    GreatBritain   2
## 10        Appalachia   1
##
## $`15`
##           x Freq
## 1         India   28
## 2           US    16
## 3          England  12
## 4    UnitedKingdom  12
## 5          Israel   8
## 6    GreatBritain   6
## 7          Canada   4
## 8          Mexico   3
## 9        PuertoRico   3
## 10          China    2
##
## $`16`
##           x Freq
## 1          Israel   16
## 2        HongKong   11
## 3           US     11
## 4          England   6
## 5    UnitedKingdom   6
## 6          Canada   4
## 7          India    4
## 8        SouthAfrica  4
## 9           Japan    3
## 10        Scotland   3
##

```

```

## $`17`
##           x Freq
## 1         US  438
## 2       Israel  52
## 3     England  46
## 4       Canada  20
## 5     HongKong  18
## 6     Australia  16
## 7 UnitedKingdom  13
## 8         Wales  10
## 9 GreatBritain   8
## 10        China   7
##
## $`18`
##           x Freq
## 1         US 1151
## 2       Israel  124
## 3       Canada  110
## 4 UnitedKingdom  110
## 5     Australia   80
## 6     England   72
## 7     HongKong   54
## 8       Sweden   36
## 9     Scotland   20
## 10        Wales   19
##
## $`19`
##           x Freq
## 1         US 1645
## 2 UnitedKingdom  281
## 3       Canada  190
## 4     Australia  166
## 5       Israel  123
## 6     England   95
## 7       Sweden   79
## 8     HongKong   63
## 9         China   48
## 10 SouthAfrica   42
##
## $`20`
##           x Freq
## 1         US 2024
## 2     Australia  291
## 3 UnitedKingdom  269
## 4       Canada  210
## 5     England  149
## 6       Israel  114
## 7       Sweden  101
## 8         China   82
## 9     HongKong   68
## 10        Norway   67

```


Methodology

It is easy to explore some of the different fields within the PsychInfo data frame. For example, each record has one or more subject terms (from the article keywords). The total number, unique number, and most frequently occurring key words can be easily computed.

```
MD.df <- filter(pi.df, attributes == "MD")

subject.terms <- stringr::str_split(MD.df$record, pattern = ";")
subject.terms <- unlist(lapply(subject.terms, function(x) gsub(" ", "", x)))
subject.terms.total <- length(unlist(lapply(subject.terms, function(x) gsub(" ", "", x))))
subject.terms.unique <- length(unique(subject.terms))

subject.terms.l <- list(subject.terms.total = subject.terms.total,
                        subject.terms.unique = subject.terms.unique)

most.frequent <- as.data.frame(table(subject.terms))

most.frequent <- arrange(most.frequent, desc(Freq))
most.frequent.t <- head(most.frequent, 50)

print(subject.terms.l)

$subject.terms.total
[1] 25380

$subject.terms.unique
[1] 21

print(most.frequent.t)
```

	subject.terms	Freq
1	EmpiricalStudy	11741
2	QuantitativeStudy	4296
3	QualitativeStudy	3455
4	Interview	2300
5	LiteratureReview	879
6	LongitudinalStudy	584
7	FocusGroup	469
8	ClinicalCaseStudy	423
9	NonclinicalCaseStudy	319
10	FollowupStudy	288
11	FieldStudy	133
12	SystematicReview	109
13	RetrospectiveStudy	100
14	TreatmentOutcome/ClinicalTrial	84
15	ProspectiveStudy	69
16	MetaAnalysis	63
17	MathematicalModel	34

18	ExperimentalReplication	27
19	ScientificSimulation	5
20	BrainImaging	1
21	TwinStudy	1

Methodology

```
decade <- filter(pi.df, attributes == "YR") %>%
  mutate(year = as.numeric(record)) %>% select(-record, -attributes)

decade$year <- cut(decade$year, breaks = 20, labels = c(1:20))

keywords <- pi.df %>%
  filter(attributes == "MD") %>%
  select(articleID = articleID, keywords = record)

keywords.decade <- keywords %>%
  left_join(decade)
```

```
## Joining by: "articleID"
```

```
library(plyr)
```

```
## -----
## You have loaded plyr after dplyr - this is likely to cause problems.
## If you need functions from both plyr and dplyr, please load plyr first, then dplyr:
## library(plyr); library(dplyr)
## -----
##
## Attaching package: 'plyr'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##   arrange, count, desc, failwith, id, mutate, rename, summarise,
##   summarize
```

```
keywords.data.split <- dplyr(keywords.decade, .(year))
detach(package:plyr)
```

```
terms.f <- function(x){
  split.terms <- stringr::str_split(x[, "keywords"], pattern = ";")
  clean.terms <- lapply(split.terms, function(x) gsub(" ", "", x))
}
```

```
keywords.decade <- lapply(keywords.data.split, terms.f)
keywords.decade <- lapply(keywords.decade, unlist)
lapply(keywords.decade, function(x) length(unique(x)))
```

```
## $`4`
## [1] 1
```

```
##
## $`5`
## [1] 1
##
## $`6`
## [1] 1
##
## $`7`
## [1] 1
##
## $`8`
## [1] 1
##
## $`9`
## [1] 1
##
## $`10`
## [1] 5
##
## $`11`
## [1] 6
##
## $`12`
## [1] 6
##
## $`13`
## [1] 5
##
## $`14`
## [1] 8
##
## $`15`
## [1] 10
##
## $`16`
## [1] 8
##
## $`17`
## [1] 16
##
## $`18`
## [1] 16
##
## $`19`
## [1] 18
##
## $`20`
## [1] 21
```

```
temp <- lapply(keywords.decade, function(x) data.frame(table(x)))
temp <- lapply(temp, function(x) arrange(x, desc(Freq)))
lapply(temp, function(x) head(x,10))
```

```
## $`4`
```

```

##          x Freq
## 1 Interview    1
##
## $`5`
##          x Freq
## 1 Interview    5
##
## $`6`
##          x Freq
## 1 Interview    3
##
## $`7`
##          x Freq
## 1 Interview    6
##
## $`8`
##          x Freq
## 1 Interview   10
##
## $`9`
##          x Freq
## 1 Interview    9
##
## $`10`
##          x Freq
## 1 EmpiricalStudy  9
## 2 Interview       5
## 3 QuantitativeStudy 4
## 4 LiteratureReview 1
## 5 QualitativeStudy 1
##
## $`11`
##          x Freq
## 1 EmpiricalStudy  20
## 2 QuantitativeStudy 8
## 3 ClinicalCaseStudy 6
## 4 Interview       5
## 5 FollowupStudy   3
## 6 LiteratureReview 2
##
## $`12`
##          x Freq
## 1 ClinicalCaseStudy 10
## 2 LiteratureReview   8
## 3 Interview         5
## 4 EmpiricalStudy     2
## 5 FollowupStudy      1
## 6 LongitudinalStudy  1
##
## $`13`
##          x Freq
## 1 LiteratureReview  19
## 2 ClinicalCaseStudy 13
## 3 EmpiricalStudy    7

```

```

## 4      FollowupStudy      7
## 5          Interview      2
##
## $`14`
##              x Freq
## 1      EmpiricalStudy 535
## 2      LiteratureReview 49
## 3      ClinicalCaseStudy 22
## 4          FollowupStudy 6
## 5          Interview      6
## 6      LongitudinalStudy 1
## 7          MetaAnalysis 1
## 8      SystematicReview 1
##
## $`15`
##              x Freq
## 1          EmpiricalStudy 960
## 2          ClinicalCaseStudy 47
## 3          LiteratureReview 30
## 4          FollowupStudy 17
## 5          Interview      10
## 6          LongitudinalStudy 7
## 7          ExperimentalReplication 4
## 8          MetaAnalysis 3
## 9      TreatmentOutcome/ClinicalTrial 2
## 10         NonclinicalCaseStudy 1
##
## $`16`
##              x Freq
## 1          EmpiricalStudy 1052
## 2          LiteratureReview 40
## 3          FollowupStudy 24
## 4          ClinicalCaseStudy 21
## 5          LongitudinalStudy 20
## 6          Interview      9
## 7          MetaAnalysis 3
## 8      ExperimentalReplication 1
##
## $`17`
##              x Freq
## 1          EmpiricalStudy 1114
## 2          LiteratureReview 70
## 3          LongitudinalStudy 56
## 4          ClinicalCaseStudy 42
## 5          FollowupStudy 29
## 6          NonclinicalCaseStudy 26
## 7      TreatmentOutcome/ClinicalTrial 15
## 8          Interview      10
## 9          ExperimentalReplication 5
## 10         QualitativeStudy 5
##
## $`18`
##              x Freq
## 1          EmpiricalStudy 1757

```

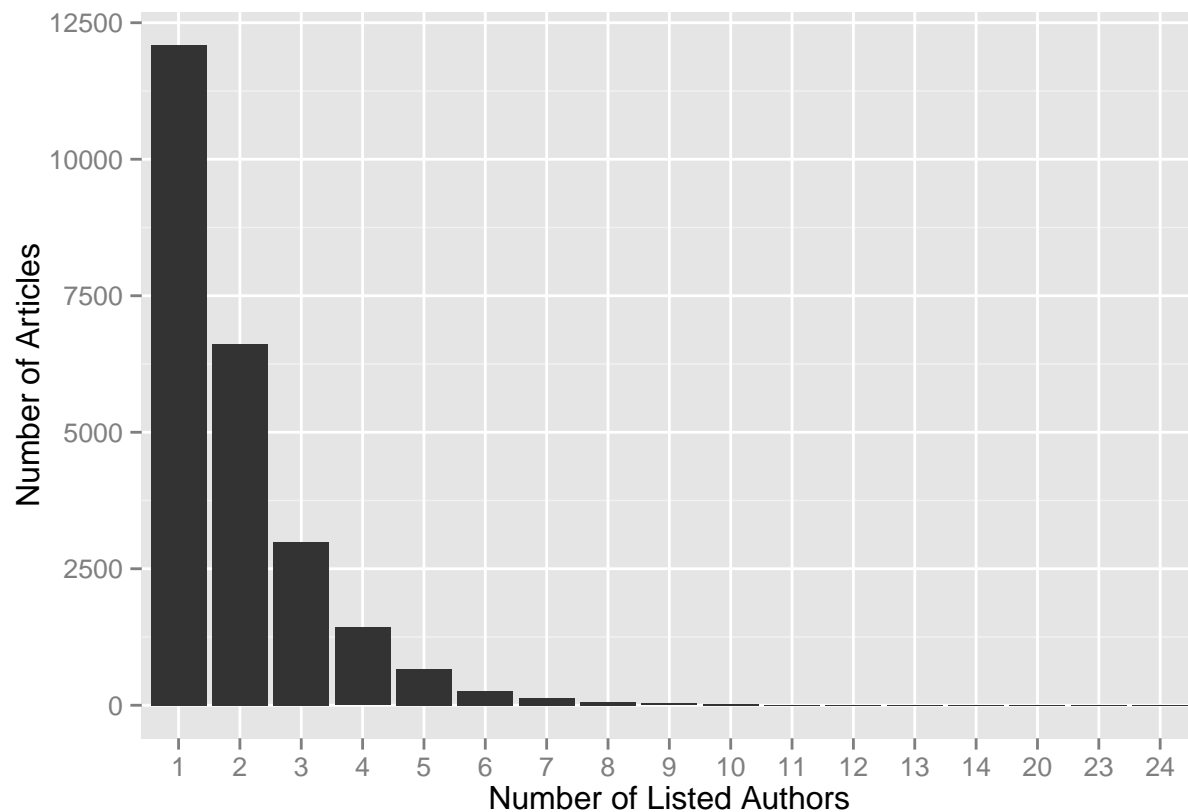
```
## 2      QuantitativeStudy 487
## 3      QualitativeStudy 372
## 4      LiteratureReview 184
## 5      NonclinicalCaseStudy 81
## 6      ClinicalCaseStudy 72
## 7      LongitudinalStudy 72
## 8      FollowupStudy 40
## 9      Interview 28
## 10 TreatmentOutcome/ClinicalTrial 20
##
## $`19`
##           x Freq
## 1      EmpiricalStudy 2682
## 2      QuantitativeStudy 1671
## 3      QualitativeStudy 1220
## 4      LiteratureReview 176
## 5      Interview 158
## 6      LongitudinalStudy 154
## 7      ClinicalCaseStudy 89
## 8      NonclinicalCaseStudy 89
## 9      FollowupStudy 61
## 10     FocusGroup 30
##
## $`20`
##           x Freq
## 1      EmpiricalStudy 3603
## 2      QuantitativeStudy 2122
## 3      Interview 2028
## 4      QualitativeStudy 1857
## 5      FocusGroup 428
## 6      LiteratureReview 300
## 7      LongitudinalStudy 273
## 8      NonclinicalCaseStudy 122
## 9      FieldStudy 116
## 10     ClinicalCaseStudy 101
```

Number of authors

```
n.authors.article <- pi.df %>%
  filter(attributes == "AU") %>%
  select(id = articleID, author= record) %>%
  mutate(id = as.numeric(id))

n_authors <- n.authors.article %>%
  group_by(id) %>%
  summarise(n = n())

ggplot(n_authors, aes(x = factor(n))) +
  geom_bar() +
  stat_bin(binwidth=1) +
  xlab("Number of Listed Authors") +
  ylab("Number of Articles")
```



```
summary(n_authors$n)
```

Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
1.00	1.00	2.00	1.94	2.00	24.00

Number of authors over time

This figure shows the average number of authors, along with the standard deviation as the ribbon around the average. Note that there is a possible problem in these data, with a single article listing a huge number. That can be corrected at a later time.

```
df.2 <- tbl_df(pi.df)
year <- df.2 %>%
  filter(attributes == "YR") %>%
  select(id = articleID, year = record)

authors <- df.2 %>%
  filter(attributes == "AU") %>%
  select(id = articleID, author = record)

n_authors <- authors %>%
  group_by(id) %>%
  summarise(n=n())

n_authors <- n_authors %>%
  left_join(year) %>%
```

```

group_by(year) %>%
  summarise(median.n = median(n),
            average.n = mean(n),
            min.n = min(n),
            max.n = max(n),
            std.dev = sd(n) )

plot.author.count2 <- ggplot(n_authors, aes(as.numeric(year), y=average.n, group=1)) +
  geom_line(colour="black") +
  geom_ribbon(aes(ymin = average.n-std.dev, ymax=average.n+std.dev), alpha=.2)

head(n_authors, 20)

```

Source: local data frame [20 x 6]

	year	median.n	average.n	min.n	max.n	std.dev
1	1914	1	1.000	1	1	NA
2	1915	1	1.000	1	1	NA
3	1918	1	1.000	1	1	NA
4	1928	1	1.000	1	1	0.0000
5	1929	1	1.000	1	1	NA
6	1930	1	1.000	1	1	0.0000
7	1931	1	1.267	1	2	0.4577
8	1932	1	1.077	1	2	0.2774
9	1933	1	2.600	1	23	5.6543
10	1934	1	1.143	1	2	0.3780
11	1935	1	1.167	1	2	0.4082
12	1936	2	1.750	1	3	0.7071
13	1937	1	1.152	1	4	0.5658
14	1938	1	1.632	1	6	1.3000
15	1939	1	1.070	1	3	0.3082
16	1940	1	1.111	1	3	0.4237
17	1941	1	1.118	1	3	0.4093
18	1942	1	1.139	1	5	0.6825
19	1943	1	1.077	1	4	0.4804
20	1944	1	1.000	1	1	0.0000

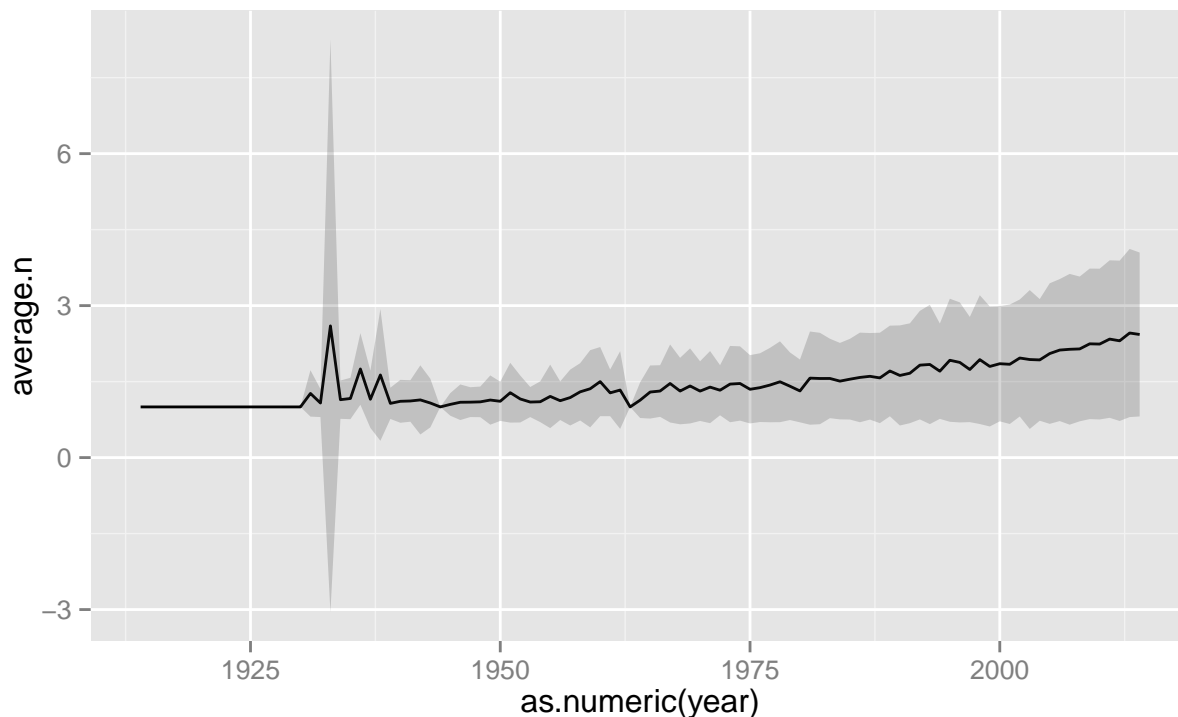
```
tail(n_authors, 20)
```

Source: local data frame [20 x 6]

	year	median.n	average.n	min.n	max.n	std.dev
1	1995	2	1.921	1	8	1.214
2	1996	2	1.879	1	9	1.185
3	1997	1	1.739	1	6	1.038
4	1998	2	1.934	1	9	1.271
5	1999	1	1.800	1	9	1.185
6	2000	2	1.853	1	8	1.138
7	2001	1	1.842	1	8	1.179
8	2002	2	1.966	1	7	1.155
9	2003	2	1.936	1	20	1.371
10	2004	2	1.928	1	8	1.201
11	2005	2	2.053	1	11	1.388

12	2006	2	2.122	1	12	1.402
13	2007	2	2.138	1	14	1.488
14	2008	2	2.145	1	12	1.429
15	2009	2	2.246	1	12	1.486
16	2010	2	2.241	1	12	1.488
17	2011	2	2.340	1	13	1.555
18	2012	2	2.305	1	24	1.583
19	2013	2	2.459	1	14	1.660
20	2014	2	2.430	1	12	1.618

```
plot.author.count2
```



How Many International Contributors?

This section shows a proof of concept – that is, we can potentially extract all the countries from the author affiliation AF tag in the data set. This involves using a set of regular expressions for the extraction. Here I have hard-coded a few countries, but I can obtain a file of all countries and use that to automate the process. We will need to look at the raw data to ensure that the author affiliations have remained in a consistent format throughout the entirety of the study.

```
df.affiliations <- pi.df %>%
  filter(attributes == "AF")

us.aff <- ifelse(grepl("US", df.affiliations$record, perl=TRUE) == TRUE, "US",
  ifelse(grepl("Canada", df.affiliations$record, perl=TRUE) == TRUE, "Canada",
  ifelse(grepl("Kong", df.affiliations$record, perl=TRUE) == TRUE, "Hong Kong",
  ifelse(grepl("China", df.affiliations$record, perl=TRUE) == TRUE, "China",
  ifelse(grepl("Israel", df.affiliations$record, perl=TRUE) == TRUE, "Israel", "Other" )))))
```

```
affiliations <- data.frame(cbind(df.affiliations,us.aff))  
  
ggplot(data=df.affiliations, aes(x = factor(us.aff))) + geom_bar()
```

